

id ✓

name ✓

linkText ✓

partialLinkText ✓

xpath

cssSelector

tagName

className

tag Names \rightarrow 16 \rightarrow 0 - 15

Find Element \rightarrow single

find Elements - multiple tags

Class Name →

Navigation Methods → Assignment

xpath Locator :- HyperText
HTML
↓
tags
↙
preddefined
↓
Web page creation

Xtensible Markuplang
XML
└─
↓
tags
↓
undefined
↓
Data Storage

X path
↓
XML

Absolute path → start from root

Relative path →

specific to element

Absolute path

/html/body/div[1]/div[1]/div[1]/div/div/div/div/div[2]/div/div[1]/form/div[1]/div[1]/input

[// * [@ id = "email"]
↓

} → Relative path

Relative Path: - $\overset{\uparrow \text{TN}}{\text{Input}} \text{ type} = \text{'text' name} = \text{'username'} \overset{\rightarrow \text{A Value}}{\text{}} \overset{\rightarrow \text{A Value}}{\text{'username'}}$
Syntax: - $\overset{\downarrow \text{A}}{\text{Input}} \text{ class} = \text{'abc def'} \overset{\downarrow \text{A}}{\text{'username'}}$

#1:

// tagName[@attr_name = 'attr_val']
// Input[@class = 'abc def']
// input[@type = 'text']
// Input[@name = 'username']

→ value of attribute partially

`//input[contains(@class, 'inputtext')]`
`//input[contains(@attr-name, 'partialvalue')]`
`//input[contains (@ class , 'inputtext')]`

//input [contains (@class, 'inputtext')]

Way 3: - `<h2> Heading </h2>`

`<input type="text" class="inputtext _55r1 _6luy" name="email" id="email" data-testid="royal_email" placeholder="Email address or phone number" autofocus="1" aria-label="Email address or phone number">`

` Meta © 2022` → paired tag → Starting & Closing tags

`<h2 class="_8eso">Facebook helps you connect and share with the people in your life.</h2>`

~~↓~~
A.

↓
Content

 Meta © 2022

↓ exact as it is use

Syntax:-

// tagName [text() = 'exact
value/content'
b/w two tags]

Ex.

// span [text() = 'Meta © 2022']

1. `Logout`

→ Locators: Link Text, partial link Text, class Name, Tag Name,

→ XPath: `//a[text()='logout']` → exact content ^{xpath, cssSelector}

`//a[@href='/web/index.php/auth/logout']` — exact attr value

`//a[contains(@href, 'logout')]` — part attr val.

`//a[contains(text(), 'Log')]` → partial content

TagName A ①
 <h5 class="oxd-text oxd-text--h5 orangehrm-login-title" data-v-7588b244="" data-v-30b9e6c4="" Login</h5>
 A AV A

→ TagName → tagName //h5 [contains('Login')]
 → ClassName
 → XPath → //h5 [text()='Login'] ✓
 → CSS Selector → //h5 [@class='orangehrm-login-title'] ✓
 ✓ ✓ //h5 [contains('@class', 'orangehrm-login-title')]

#Way 4: // tagName[contains (text() , 'value')]
or
partial value
<a> link

 Testing Demo

<h5> Heading5 Value </h5>

- // h5[contains (text() , 'Heading5')]
- // a [text() = ' link . '] → exact
- // a [contains (text() , 'link')]
- // span[contains (text() , 'Testing Demo')]

Css Selector: Locator

`<input type='text' id='abc'>`

Xpath: `//input[@id='abc']`

Class - .

id - #

Css Selector - #abc - id

1. `driver.findElement(By.cssSelector('#abc'))`
2. `input[id='abc']`

1. `input#email` → tagName with 'id' attribute value
2. `input[name='email']` → tagName with 'name' attribute value
3. `#email` → #id attr value
4. `input[type='text']` → CSS Selector with attribute value

Syntax: `tagName[attr-name='attr-val']`

- CSS Selector with class Name
1. ._8eso ^{class} → only class Name
 2. h2._8eso ^{class} → tag Name with class Name
 3. h2[class='_8eso'] → tag Name with class Name attribute