The provided document is an Operations Control Language (OCL) program, AP100.ocl36.txt, used in IBM midrange systems (e.g., AS/400 or iSeries) for Accounts Payable (A/P) voucher entry and editing. Below is an explanation of the process steps, followed by a list of external programs called and tables (files) used.

Process Steps of the RPG .OCL Program

The OCL program orchestrates the A/P voucher entry and edit process, handling validation, file management, and user interaction for regular A/P transactions, freight invoices from the LMS system, or other entry methods. Here's a breakdown of the steps:

1. Initial Validation and Inventory Check:

- The program checks if an inventory process (INTSZZ) is in progress by evaluating DATAF1-?9?
 INTSZZ.
- If true, it displays messages indicating that the inventory process is ongoing, instructs the user to try again later, pauses for user input (press 0 to cancel), and branches to the END tag, halting execution.
- This prevents A/P voucher posting during specific inventory processes to avoid data conflicts.

2. Wire Transfer (WT) Handling:

- The program checks if the transaction involves a wire transfer (?3?/WT).
- If true, it sets P20 to 'APWT?WS?' and adds a local data field at offset 198 with 'WT*** WIRE TRANSFER ***'.
- If false, it sets P20 to 'APTR?WS?' and clears the data field at offset 198.
- This distinguishes wire transfer transactions from regular A/P transactions.

3. LMS Freight Invoice vs. Regular A/P Check:

- The program determines whether the process is for freight invoices imported from the LMS system or regular A/P transactions.
- **Rule**: If an A/P transaction file (?9??20?) exists, LMS processing is not allowed.
- If the A/P transaction file does not exist, the program displays a selection screen (AP100S) for the user to choose between LMS automatic processing or regular A/P entry.
- If the LMS file (DATAF1-?9?LMS?WS?) exists, the program deletes the A/P transaction file (APTX?
 WS?) using GSDELETE.

4. User Selection for Entry Method:

- The program loads the AP100S screen to allow the user to select the entry method:
 - **ARGLMS**: Triggers the AP125 program for LMS processing (with parameter N) and branches to END.
 - **PAPER**: Triggers the AP125 program for paper-based A/P entry (with parameter P) and branches to END.
 - **FLEXI**: Triggers the AP106 program for flexible entry and branches to END.
 - CANCEL: If the user cancels (?L'129,6'?/CANCEL), the program branches to END.
- If the A/P transaction file exists (?F'A,?9?APTR?WS?'?/00000000) or DATAF1-?9??20? is true, the program skips to the AROUND tag, bypassing the selection screen.

5. File and Index Creation:

• If the A/P transaction file (?9??20?) does not exist, the program creates it using BLDFILE with 500 records, 404 bytes each, and specific key fields.

- It also builds an index for the A/P transaction file (?9?APTX?WS?) with keys at positions 12, 5, 385, and 20.
- For the inventory transaction holding file (INTZH1), it builds an index if it exists (DATAF1-?9?
 INTZH1).
- If the job cost file (JCCOST) exists, it creates a file with 999,000 records, 256 bytes each.

6. File Definitions for AP100:

- The program defines multiple files for the AP100 program, including APTRAN, APTRANX, APTRNX, APOPEN, APOPENH, APOPNHC, APCONT, APDATE, APVEND, APVENDX, GLMAST, JCCOST, GSTABL, POFILE, POADDR, APINVH, APHSTHC, INFIL1, INTZH1, POPROJ, SA5FIUD, SA5FIUM, SA5MOUD, SA5MOUM, BICONT, GSCTUM, FRCINH, and FRCFBH.
- These files are opened with shared access (DISP-SHR) and extended as needed (e.g., EXTEND-100 for APTRAN).
- The program then runs AP100 for voucher entry.

7. Post-Entry Processing:

- If the A/P transaction file is empty (?F'A,?9??20?'?/00000000), the program branches to END.
- It sets local variables at offsets 135 (?WS?) and 221 (?9??20?).
- It deletes and rebuilds the A/P check transaction file (APCT?WS?) with 500 records, 80 bytes each.

8. Voucher Transaction Edit (AP110):

- The program loads AP110 for editing A/P voucher transactions.
- It defines files like APTRAN, APCONT, APCHKR, APCHKT, APTRNX, GLMAST, APOPNHC, APINVH, GSTABL,
 APSTAT, APVEND, INFIL1, and INTZH1.
- It overrides the printer file (APLIST) to output to QUSRSYS/APEDIT or QUSRSYS/TESTOUTQ based on the ?9?/G condition.
- The program runs AP110 to edit transactions.

9. Prepaid Check Edit (AP115):

- If the LMS file (DATAF1-?9?LMS?WS?) exists or the A/P check transaction file (APCT?WS?) is empty, the program skips to NOPPD.
- Otherwise, it loads AP115 for prepaid check editing, defining files like APCHKT, APCHKTX, APCHKR, and APCONT.
- It overrides the printer file (APLIST) similarly and runs AP115.

10. Purchase Order Edit (Skipped):

- The program explicitly skips the purchase order edit section by branching to END.
- If executed, it would:
 - Sort the A/P transaction file (?9??20?) into ?9?APPO?WS? using #GSORT with specific sort criteria (company, P/O number, entry sequence).

Load AP120 for A/P and purchase order voucher editing, using files like APTRAN, APTRANH,
 APCONT, and POFILE.

11. **Program Termination**:

The program clears all local variables (LOCAL BLANK-*ALL) and ends execution at the END tag.

External Programs Called

The OCL program invokes the following external programs:

- 1. **AP100S**: Displays the selection screen for choosing the entry method (LMS, paper, or flexible).
- 2. AP100: Handles A/P voucher entry.
- 3. **AP106**: Processes flexible A/P entry (triggered by FLEXI selection).
- 4. AP110: Edits A/P voucher transactions.
- 5. AP115: Edits prepaid checks.
- 6. **AP120**: Handles A/P and purchase order voucher editing (skipped in this execution).
- 7. **AP125**: Processes LMS or paper-based A/P entry (triggered by ARGLMS or PAPER selection).
- 8. **#GSORT**: Sorts the A/P transaction file for purchase order editing (skipped).

Tables (Files) Used

The program references the following files (tables), primarily opened with shared access (DISP-SHR):

- 1. **APTRAN**: A/P transaction file (?9??20?).
- 2. APTRANX: Alternate A/P transaction file (?9??20?).
- 3. APTRNX: A/P transaction index file (?9?APTX?WS?).
- 4. APOPEN: A/P open items file (?9?APOPEN).
- 5. **APOPENH**: A/P open items history file (?9?APOPNH).
- 6. **APOPNHC**: A/P open items history control file (?9?APOPNHC).
- 7. **APCONT**: A/P control file (?9?APCONT).
- 8. **APDATE**: A/P date file (?9?APDATE).
- 9. APVEND: A/P vendor file (?9?APVEND).
- 10. APVENDX: A/P vendor index file (?9?APVENX).
- 11. **GLMAST**: General ledger master file (?9?GLMAST).
- 12. **JCCOST**: Job cost file (?9?JCCOST).
- 13. **GSTABL**: General system table (?9?GSTABL).
- 14. **POFILE**: Purchase order file (?9?POFILE).
- 15. **POADDR**: Purchase order address file (?9?POADDR).
- 16. **APINVH**: A/P invoice history file (?9?APINVH).
- 17. **APHSTHC**: A/P history control file (?9?APHSTHC).
- 18. **INFIL1**: Inventory file 1 (?9?INFIL1).
- 19. **INTZH1**: Inventory transaction holding file (?9?INTZH1).
- 20. **POPROJ**: Purchase order project file (?9?POPROJ).
- 21. **SA5FIUD**: Sales file (unknown purpose, possibly related to financial updates) (?9?SA5FIUD).
- 22. **SA5FIUM**: Sales file (unknown purpose, possibly related to financial updates) (?9?SA5FIUM).
- 23. **SA5MOUD**: Sales file (unknown purpose, possibly related to monthly updates) (?9?SA5MOUD).

- 24. **SA5MOUM**: Sales file (unknown purpose, possibly related to monthly updates) (?9?SA5MOUM).
- 25. **BICONT**: Business intelligence control file (?9?BICONT).
- 26. **GSCTUM**: General system control table (unknown purpose) (?9?GSCTUM).
- 27. **FRCINH**: Freight invoice history file (?9?FRCINH).
- 28. FRCFBH: Freight feedback history file (?9?FRCFBH).
- 29. APCHKR: A/P check register file (?9?APCHKR).
- 30. **APCHKT**: A/P check transaction file (?9?APCT?WS?).
- 31. APCHKTX: Alternate A/P check transaction file (?9?APCT?WS?).
- 32. APSTAT: A/P status file (?9?APSTAT).
- 33. APPO?WS?: Sorted A/P purchase order file (used by #GSORT, temporary).

Summary

The AP100.ocl36.txt OCL program manages the A/P voucher entry and edit process, ensuring no conflicts with inventory processes, handling wire transfers, and allowing user selection between LMS freight invoices, paper-based, or flexible A/P entry. It creates and indexes necessary files, runs appropriate programs (AP100, AP106, AP110, AP115, AP125, #GSORT), and skips purchase order editing. The program uses a comprehensive set of files to store transaction, vendor, inventory, and financial data, ensuring proper integration with the broader A/P system.