Compound & double angle sormulas. Compound angle formula for sin function. First we need a bit of supplementary information.

Consider an arbitrary triangle with two given side lengths a and c and a given angle a between these two sides.

We need to come up with a formula for area using given information, q J  $h = c \cdot sind$   $b = a \Rightarrow S = \frac{1}{2} a \cdot c \cdot sind$ Now let's derive a compound angle formula for the function of sime Consider the following drawing: S = S + S ABC ABC AGC Using formula from above SABC = 1 / AB. A (Sinklys) SABG = 2 AB. AG. SINL SAGC = 2 . A G. AC. Sing Divide both sides by AB:AC Sin(A+B) = MB:AC Sin(A+B) = MB:AC AB:AC SINA + AC:AC SINB SindtBl= AG Sind + AB SinB sin(d+B) = cosp-sind + cosd-sinp