FEWD - LESSON 2

BEFORE WE GET STARTED:

- Register for a GitHub account and download desktop app if you haven't already
- Download and install Sublime Text and Chrome if you haven't already
- Clone or download the lesson 2 repository

https://github.com/Dt1431/FEWD_Lesson_02



RECOMMENDED COURSE MATERIALS:



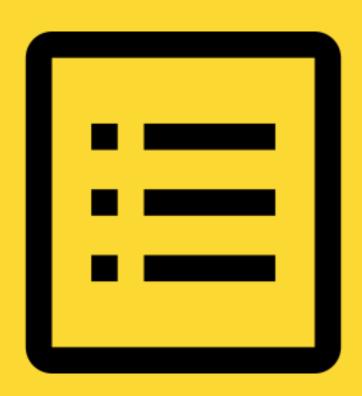
Jon Duckett - Web Design with HTML, CSS, JavaScript and jQuery Set

FEWD - LESSON 2

CSS BASICS

Dave Turner, Co-founder @ Waitbot

AGENDA



- More HTML Basics
- Intro to CSS
- LAB: About me landing page
- Wrap Up

CSS BASICS

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Describe the DOM and draw simple DOM tree.
- Predict image paths and apply relative paths to and <a> tags.
- Differentiate between the various image file types
- Apply and explain CSS "cascade" including: importance, specificity and inheritance.
- Differentiate between basic web color principles: RGB, RGBA, hexadecimal color, HSL.

FEWD - LESSON 2

MORE HIML BASICS

HTML BASICS

TIPS FOR HTML SUCCESS

- Create your opening and closing tags together
- Indent nested elements, i.e. tags within tags
 - In Sublime Text you can reformat automatically!!! Just highlight the text, then select Edit -> Line -> Reindent
- Beware of the
tag
- Friends don't let friends leave text unwrapped
- Google and experiments with tag we don't cover in class



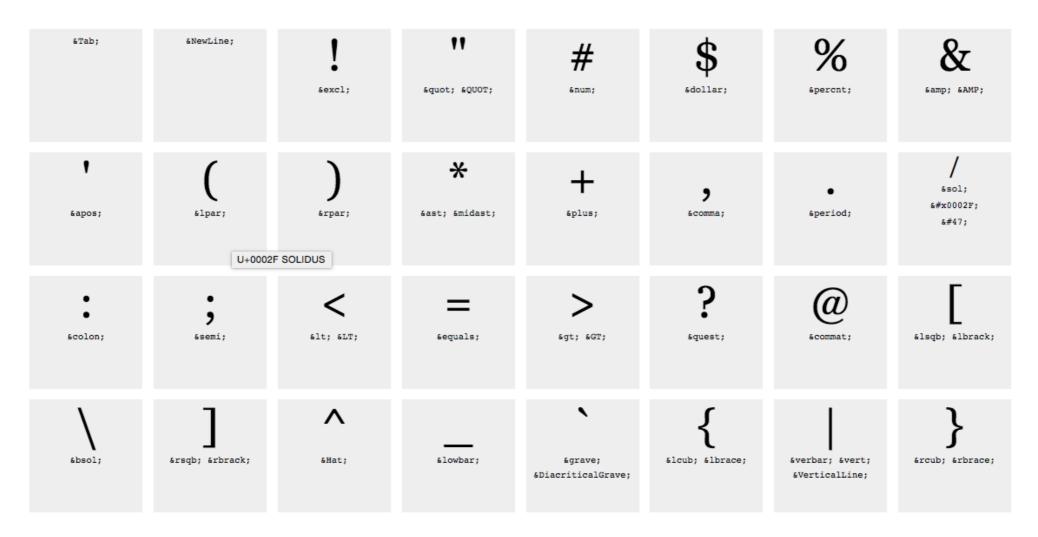
NAVIGATION

- Used to contain a set of navigational links.
- Not all groups of links on a page need to be in a nav element — only sections that consist of major navigational blocks



HTML ENTITY CODES

Use HTML entity codes to add special characters to your HTML.



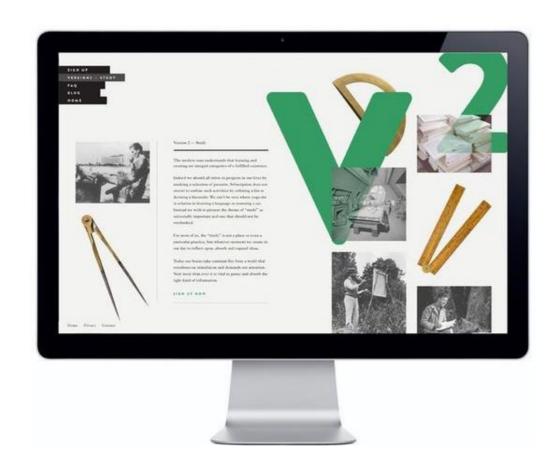
CSS BASICS

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

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WHAT IS THE DOM?

 People often think of web pages as though they are paintings or pages in a book, consisting of static text and images.





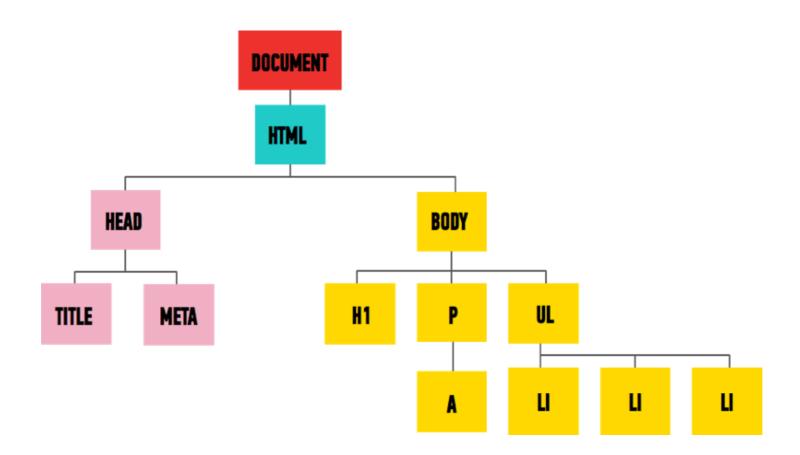
WHAT IS THE DOM?

In fact web pages aren't static "paintings," but are built up of many parts.

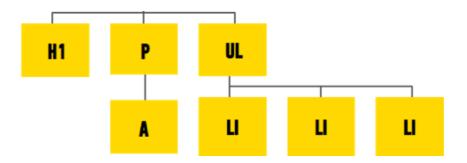


DOM TREE

The Document Object Model (DOM) is the model that describes how all elements in an HTML page, like input fields, images, paragraphs etc., are related to the topmost structure: the document itself.



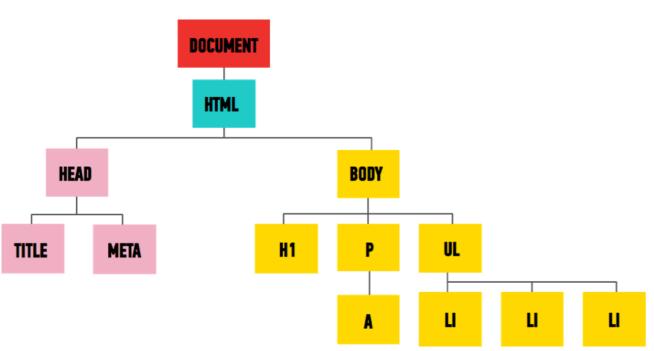
DOM TREE



```
<h1>Site title</h1>
Bacon ipsum dolor amet brisket tail frankfurter cupim pig salami.
Biltong beef ribs ribeye short loin flank corned beef tri-tip beef ball tip
sausage jowl swine. Fatback porchetta strip steak doner chicken <a href="http://www.jamieoliver.com/recipes/pork-recipes/pork-belly-roast/">pork
belly</a>. Rump picanha jowl ground round, pancetta doner boudin landjaeger
prosciutto meatloaf.

Bacon
Chicken
Meatloaf
```

HTML STRUCTURE



```
index.html
                                                 UNREGI
   index.html
   <!DOCTYPE html>
   <html lang="en">
     <head>
       <meta charset="UTF-8">
       <title>Document</title>
 6
     </head>
     <body>
 8
       <h1>Site title</h1>
       Bacon ipsum dolor amet brisket tail
       frankfurter cupim pig salami. Fatback
       porchetta strip steak doner chicken <a href="</pre>
       http://www.jamieoliver.com/recipes/pork-recipes
       /pork-belly-roast/">pork belly</a>
11
       <l
12
         Bacon
13
         Chicken
14
         Meatloaf
15
       16
     </body>
   </html>
```

CSS BASICS

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

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IMAGES

- Images are added to the page using the element.
- This is a void element it does not need a closing tag
- Two required attributes src and alt

The forward slash before the closing ">" is optional for void elements in HTML5. It's considered best practice, though, to be consistent with your code — either always use a forward slash or never use a forward slash.



IMAGES

The src attribute tells the browser where it can find an image.

Path to the image file

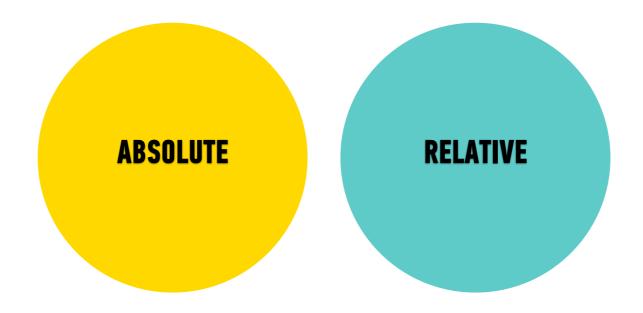
IMAGES

- The alt attribute provides a text description of the image which describes the image if you can't see it.
- This is also used by screenreaders and is known as the alt text

Text description in case you can't see image

TYPES OF URLS

There are two main types of URLs:



LINKING TO OTHER SITES – ABSOLUTE URLS

- When you link to a different website, the value of the href attribute will be the full web address for the site
- This is known as the absolute URL.

Absolute URL

Amazon

LINKING TO OTHER PAGES ON THE SAME SITE — RELATIVE URLS

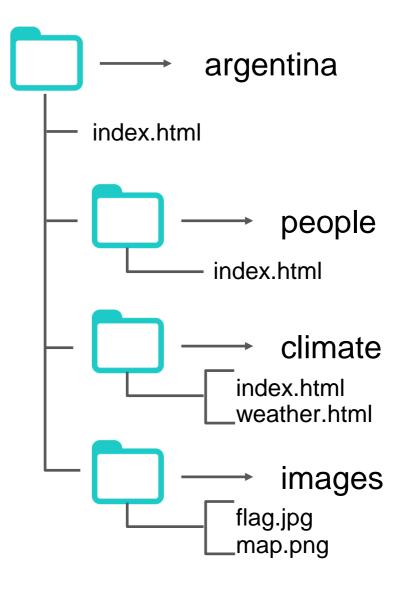
- When you are linking to other pages within the same site, you don't need to specify a domain name in the URL.
- You can use a shorthand known as the relative URL
- The relative URL indicates where pages are in relation to the current page



DIRECTORY STRUCTURE

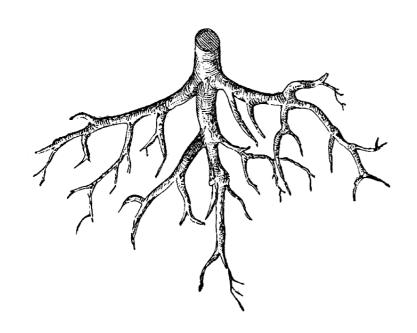
- On larger sites, it's best practice to organize code by placing the files for each major section of the site into a new folder
- These folders are often referred to as directories.

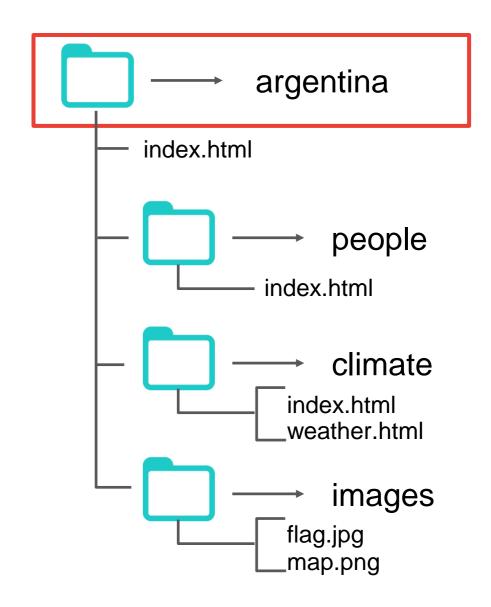




DIRECTORY STRUCTURE — **ROOT**

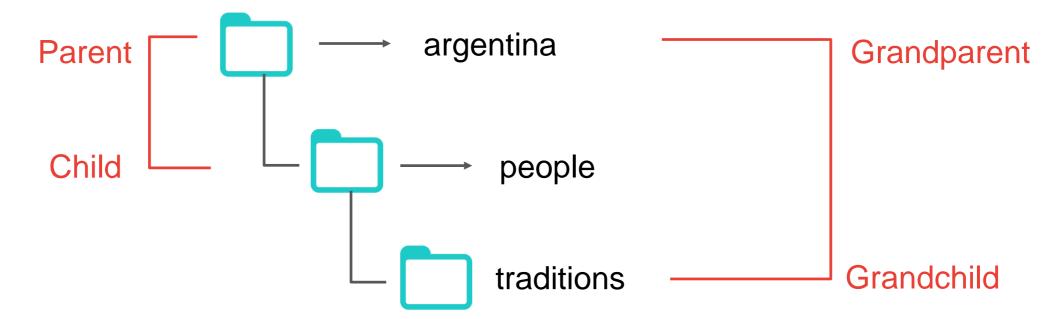
The topmost folder is called the root folder. It contains all other files and folders for a website.





DIRECTORY STRUCTURE

 Relationships between files and folders can be described using similar language to that of a family tree — parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, etc.



LINKING TO OTHER PAGES ON THE SAME SITE — RELATIVE URLS

 Every page and every image on a site has a URL (Uniform Resource Locator).

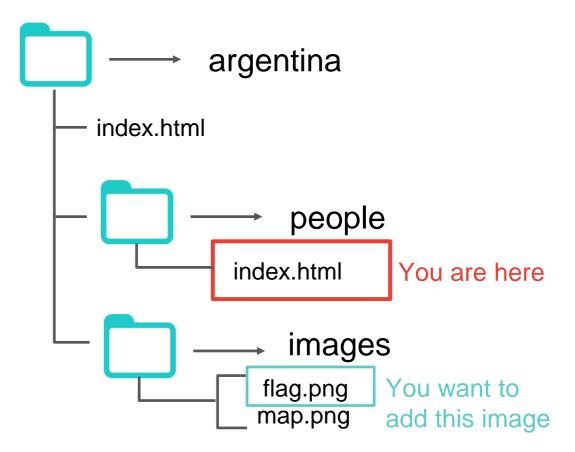
RELATIVE URLS

	DESCRIPTION	EXAMPLE
SAME	File name	info.html
CHILD	Name of child folder + / + file name	people/index.html
GRANDCHILD	Name of child folder + / + Name of grandchild folder + / + file name	people/culture/index.html
PARENT	/ + path	/index.html
GRANDPARENT	// + path	//index.html

Note that ../ means to go up one directory, and can be used repeatedly: ../../ would go up two directories.

RELATIVE URLS

- 1. First we use ../ to go back to the parent directory
- 2. Then we add the path to the image



img src="../images/flag.png" alt="Flag">

ACTIVITY



KEY OBJECTIVE

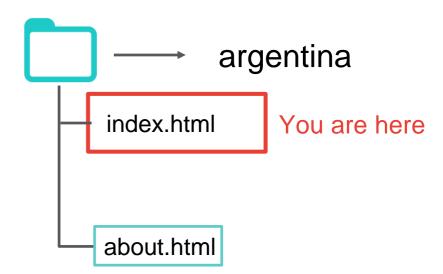
Practice writing absolute and relative paths

TIMING

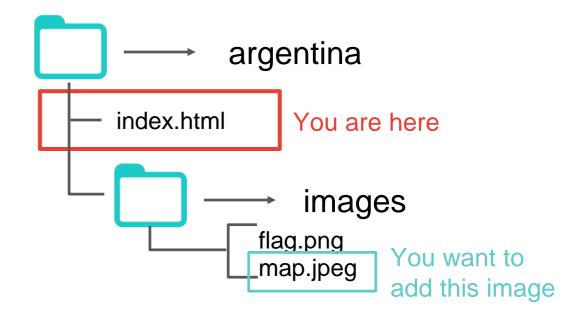
5 min 1. Work with partner to answer questions 1-4

5 min 2. Selected pairs will share with rest of group

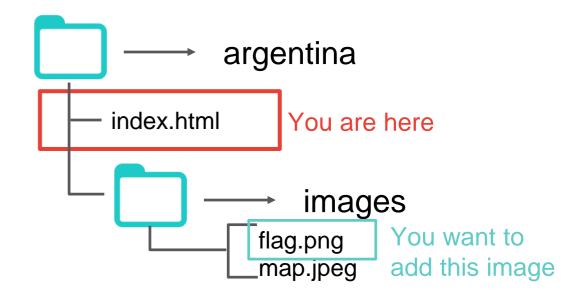
- We want to add a link from our homepage (index.html) to our about page (about.html)
- Write out the anchor tag (including href attribute)



- We want to add the image map.jpeg to our homepage (index.html)
- Write out the image tag (include src and alt attributes)



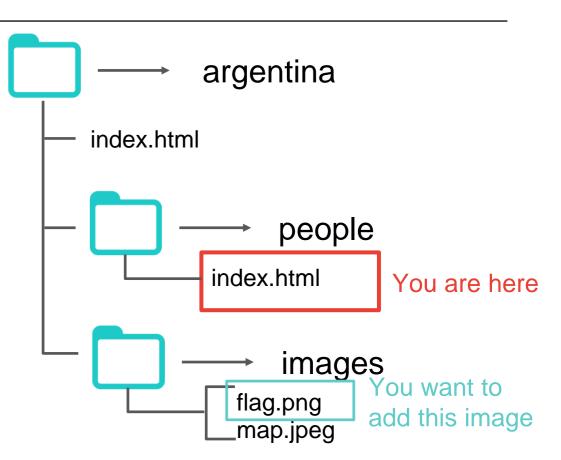
- We want to add the image flag.png to our homepage (index.html)
- Write out the image tag (include src and alt attributes)



- We want to add flag.png to the homepage of the "people" section of our site.
- Write out the image tag (include src and alt attributes)

HINT:

- 1. First we use ../ to go back to the parent directory
- 2. Then we add a path to the image



HTML BASICS

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Describe the DOM and draw simple DOM tree.
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IMAGE FORMATS: JPEG

JPEGs should be used for images with many different colors in the picture.







IMAGE FORMATS: GIF AND PNG

Use GIF or PNG with saving images with few colors (a.k.a flat color)



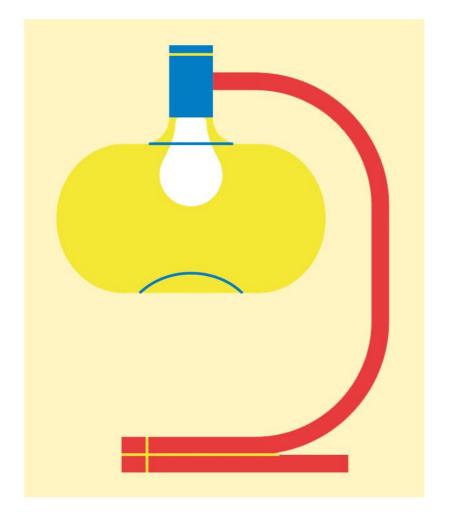


IMAGE FORMATS: PNG

- Supports transparency and semi-transparency, great for logos, icons, and repeating background tiles.
- Supports semi-transparency
- Almost always preferable to a gif, unless semi-transparency is not needed, and the gif format is significantly smaller.

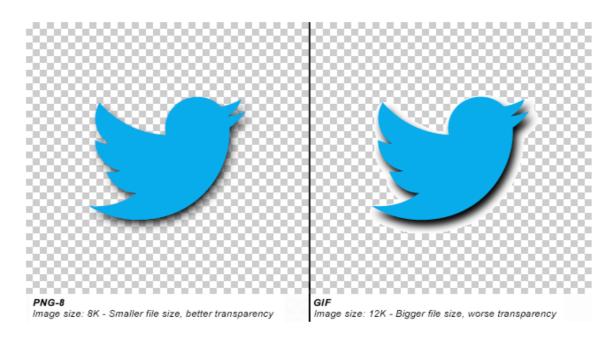
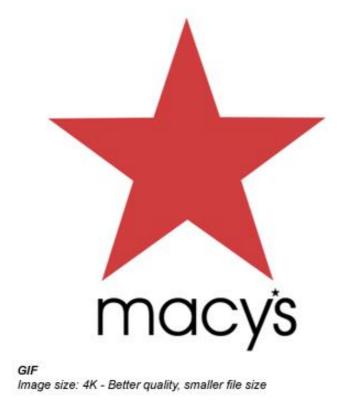


image credit: http://stackoverflow.com/questions/2336522/png-vs-gif-vs-jpeg-when-best-to-use

IMAGE FORMATS: GIF

Can have basic transparency, typically a png is used instead.



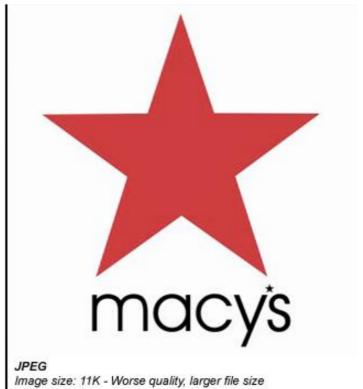




image credit: http://stackoverflow.com/questions/2336522/png-vs-gif-vs-jpeg-when-best-to-use

ACTIVITY



KEY OBJECTIVE

Identify which file format should be used for selected images

TIMING

2 min 1. Work with a partner to answer questions 1-6

2 min 2. Selected pairs will share with rest of group

ACTIVITY

1.



2.



3.





4.



5.



6.



FEWD – LESSON 2

INTRO TO CSS

CSS BASICS

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Describe the DOM and draw simple DOM tree.
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WHAT IS CSS?

- The key to understanding how CSS works is to imagine that there is an invisible box around every HTML element
- CSS allows you to create rules that control the way that each individual box (and the contents of that box) is presented

Muir Woods

Keffiyeh next level retro, brunch *sriracha* dreamcatcher mixtape jean shorts XOXO master cleanse keytar **Kickstarter**. Neutra kale chips Vice health goth ethical, flannel single-origin coffee stumptown meditation Kickstarter mumblecore yr cronut master cleanse keytar.

Bushwick sartorial pickled, quinoa church-key before they sold out drinking vinegar put a bird on it readymade organic lumbersexual. Four dollar toast chia *Intelligentsia* YOLO Marfa. Migas raw denim photo booth authentic, roof party shabby chic pop-up flexitarian *skateboard* blog.

Muir Woods

Keffiyeh next level retro, brunch sriracha treamcatcher mixtape jean shorts XOXO master cleanse keytar

Kickstarter Neutra kale chips Vice health goth ethical, flannel single-origin coffee stumptown meditation Kickstarter mumblecore yr cronut master cleanse keytar.

Bushwick sartorial pickled, quinoa church-key before they sold out drinking vinegar put a bird on it readymade organic lumbersexual. Four dollar toast chia *Intelligentsia* YOLO Marfa. Migas raw denim photo booth authentic, roof party shabby chic pop-up flexitarian *skateboard* blog.

WHAT IS CSS?

WHAT DOES CSS DO?

- CSS is what handles the presentation layer of our webpage.
- It allows us to associate style rules with HTML elements.

CSS SYNTAX

```
h1 { color: yellow; }

Declaration
```

CSS SYNTAX

```
h1, h2 {
        color: yellow;
        font-size: 16px;
                      Value
          Property
```

USING INTERNAL CSS

 You can include CSS rules by placing them inside a <style> element, which usually sits inside the <head>.

```
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <title>Visit Big Sur</title>

  <style>
    h1 {
       color: yellow;
    }
  </style>
</head>
```

USING EXTERNAL CSS

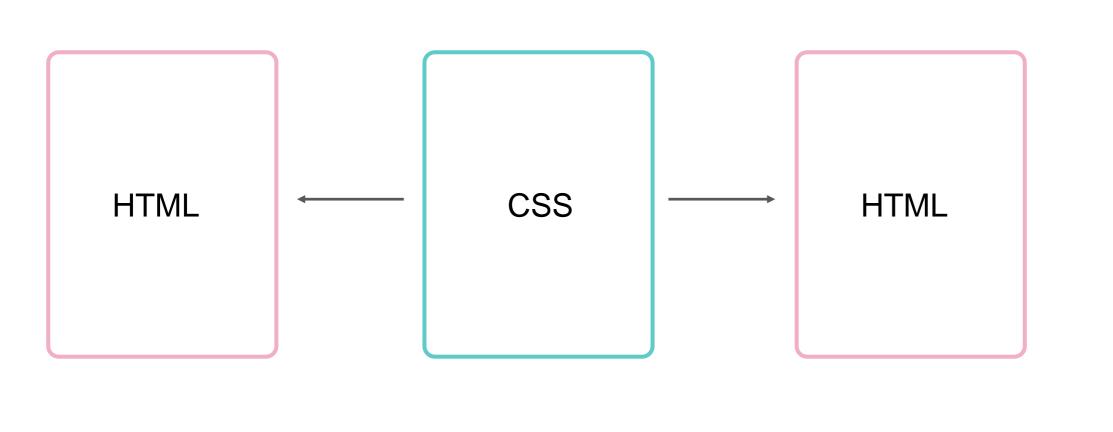
- Use the link> element to tell the browser where to find the CSS file that should be used to style the page.
- This should live inside the <head> of the document.

```
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Document</title>
    link rel="stylesheet" href="css/style.css">
  </head>
```

- The href specifies the path to the CSS file.
- The rel attribute specifies the relationship between the HTML page and the file it is linked to.

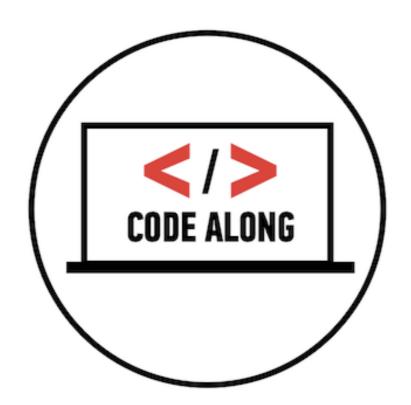
INTERNAL VS. EXTERNAL CSS

- You should use an external CSS stylesheet whenever possible
- This allows multiple pages to use the same stylesheet (Don't repeat yourself!)
- Keeps the content separate from the presentation





COOKING RECIPE CODE ALONG — PART 1



Let's code! Drag the folder cookie_recipe_css into sublime text

HOW CSS RULES CASCADE

- Cascading Style Sheets
- Cascade: CSS rules are able to override one another and cancel each other out, depending on their order. In other words, the rules are able to cascade downward until they are canceled out by another rule.
- It's important to understand which rule will take precedence when there are two or more rules that apply to the same element.

LAST RULE

If the two selectors are identical, the latter will take precedence

SPECIFICITY

The more specific rule will take precedence over the more general rule

IMPORTANT

 You can add !important after any property value to indicate that it should be considered more important than other rules that apply to the same element.

INHERITANCE

- Some properties are inherited by child elements.
- If you specify a font-family for the body, it will be inherited by child elements.
- You can compare this with the background-color or border property, these will not be inherited by child elements.

CSS BASICS

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

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TEXT COLOR:

Muir Woods

Keffiyeh next level retro, brunch *sriracha* dreamcatcher mixtape jean shorts XOXO master cleanse keytar **Kickstarter**. Neutra kale chips Vice health goth ethical, flannel single-origin coffee stumptown meditation Kickstarter mumblecore yr cronut master cleanse keytar.

```
h1 {
   color: blue;
}

p {
   color: red;
}
```

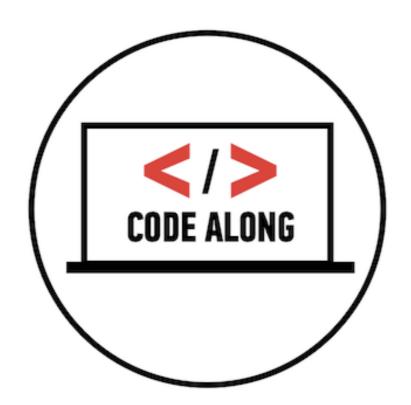
BACKGROUND COLOR:

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Keffiyeh next level retro, brunch *sriracha* dreamcatcher mixtape jean shorts XOXO master cleanse keytar **Kickstarter**. Neutra kale chips Vice health goth ethical, flannel single-origin coffee stumptown meditation Kickstarter mumblecore yr cronut master cleanse keytar.

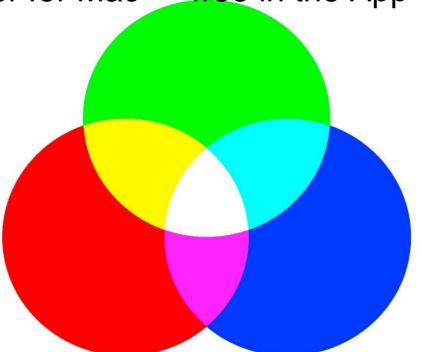
```
body {
  background-color: blue;
}
```

COOKING RECIPE CODE ALONG — PART 2



Let's code! Drag the folder cookie_recipe_css into sublime text

- Every color on a computer screen is created by mixing amounts of red, green, and blue
- To find the color you want, you can use a color picker
- Color pickers are available in image editing programs like Photoshop.
- You can also use the <u>Sip</u> color picker for Mac <u>free</u> in the App Store.



RGB VALUES

Values for red, green and blue are expressed as numbers between 0 and 255

rgb(72, 209, 204)

HEX CODES

- Represent values for red, green and blue in hexadecimal (base 16) code

#48D1CC

COLOR NAMES

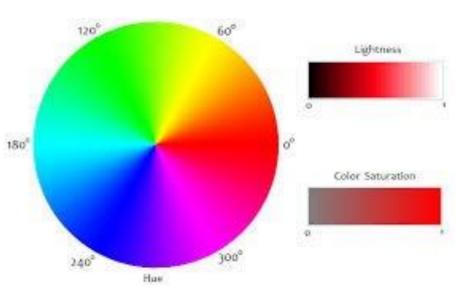
 Colors are represented by predefined names. They are not used very much but are helpful for basic colors such as black and white. <u>Full list of color names</u>

MediumTurquoise

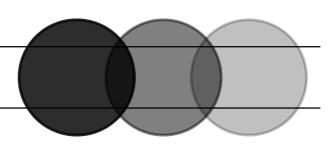
HSL

- Similar notation to RGB values, but specify colors using hue, saturation, and lightness.
- Hue: degree angle measure. Red at 0, green at 120, and blue at 240.
- Saturation: percentage. 100% is fully saturated, 0% is a shade of grey
- Lightness: percentage. 0% black, 100% white, 50% normal

hsl(178, 59.8%, 55.1%)

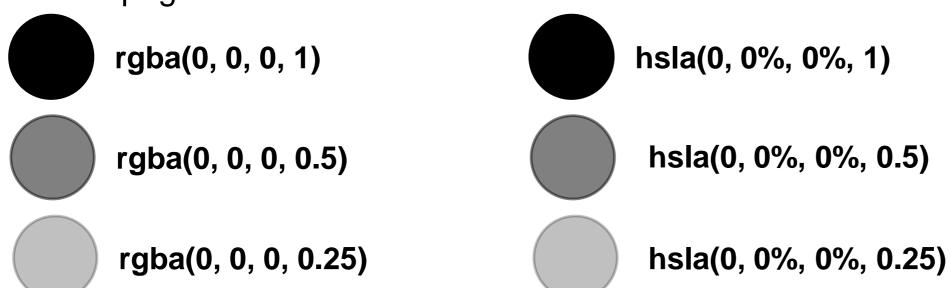


OPACITY



RGBA AND HSLA

- RGBA and HSLA work the same as RGB and HSL, except that they take a 4th value called 'alpha'.
- This is a value between 0 and 1 which can be used to determine a color's opacity on the page.



TYPEFACE TERMINOLOGY

TEXT-ALIGN	TEXT-TRANSFORM	TEXT-DECORATION	LINE-HEIGHT
left	UPPERCASE	none	20px
center	lowercase	<u>underline</u>	
right	Capitalize		
justify			
FONT-WEIGHT	FONT-STYLE	FONT-FAMILY	FONT OUT

Normal Regular sans-serif 12px
Bold Italic serif 26px

FONT-FAMILY

serif

- Georgia
- Times
- Times New Roman

sans-serif

- Arial
- Verdana
- Helvetica



LABTIMEIII

ABOUT ME LANDING PAGE

CREATING A NEW REPOSITORY — THANKS EMILY!

- 1. Navigate to https://github.com/ and login.
- 2. Select "New Repository"
- 3. Name the Repository (no spaces) and click "Create repository"
- 4. Select "Set up in Desktop"
- 5. Specify where you want the repository folder
- 6. Navigate to your files and drag them to the newly created repository folder.
- 7. Navigate to GitHub Desktop
- 8. On the "Changes" tab, add a summary of what was updated/added to the folder.
- Select "Commit to master"
- 10. Publish
- 11. Navigate to https://github.com/ and select your repository to see files listed.
- 12. Use provided link (in URL or on the right) to share with others.

HTML BASICS

HTML5 STARTER TEMPLATE

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
    <head>
        <meta charset="UTF-8">
        <title>Document</title>
    </head>
    <body>
                           Your code here
    </body>
</html>
```

ASSIGNMENT 1 – ABOUT ME LANDING PAGE



KEY OBJECTIVE

- Clearly articulate your skills and experience on a landing page
- Style a page using CSS via an external stylesheet
- Practice using GitHub to manage a project

REQUIREMENTS

- Use a unique title and a single unique h1 tag
- Show images using img tags including unique alt attributes
- Use an external CSS stylesheet to style your pages
- Select at least 5 elements on the page and apply at least 5 different css properties (font-size, color, font-family, background, text-decoration) to these elements
- Use at least 6 different HTML tags (h1, h2, h3, h4, h5, h6, p, ul, ol, a, img) on your pages
- Indent nested elements to increase your code's readability

FEWD – LESSON 2

WRAP UP

CSS BASICS

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

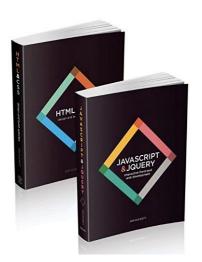
- Describe the DOM and draw simple DOM tree.
- Predict image paths and apply relative paths to and <a> tags.
- Differentiate between the various image file types
- Apply and explain CSS "cascade" including: importance, specificity and inheritance.
- Differentiate between basic web color principles: RGB, RGBA, hexadecimal color, HSL.

HOMEWORK

Finish your about me landing page! Please email a link to your repository to daveturner81@gmail.com before 11:59pm on Sunday. If you're struggling with GitHub you can also send a zip file

RECOMMENDED COURSE MATERIALS:

- Jon Duckett - Web Design with HTML, CSS, JavaScript and jQuery Set



FEWD – LESSON 2

EXIT TICKETS

Click Here

Course/Cohort: CHI - FEWD5

Lesson number: 2

Topic: **CSS Basics**