

# Ceng322

## PROGRAMMING ASSIGNMENT 1

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- Script 1)
  - Before starting to run, I check if the given file name as argument exists.
  - I assumed that in the given file's every line consists of only one positive integer value.
  - Inner while concatenate read number of stars for later use.
  - Finally prints the stars for each read line.

```
#!/bin/bash

[ -z $1 ] && echo "Argument NOT FOUND." && exit 1
[ ! -f $1 ] && echo "File \"${1}\" DOES NOT exists." && exit 1

while read -r READ_NUM || [ -n "$READ_NUM" ] # Read every line, Assign the line value to READ_NUM
do
    STARS="" # Will contain READ_NUM amount stars
    COUNTER=0 # COUNTER to reach the COUNTER_NUM
    while [ $COUNTER -ne $READ_NUM ] # Do until COUNTER equal to COUNT_NUM
    do
        STARS="${STARS}*" # String concatation
        ((COUNTER++)) #
    done
    echo "$STARS" # Print STARS
done < $1 # Read the file given
```

- Script 2)
  - Initialize the maximum value as non-numeric value to recognize the first input.
  - If no numbers are entered, then max will still be "?". Then we can check this condition easily.
  - First if checks whether the entered value is integer. If not ask user to enter an integer or "end".
  - Second if checks whether the entered value is first or bigger than previous max value.

```
#!/bin/bash

MAX="?"
echo "Enter a sequence of numbers followed by \"end\""
read INPUT
while [ "$INPUT" != "end" ]
do
    if ! [[ $INPUT =~ ^[+-]?[0-9]+$ ]]
    then
        echo "Enter only \"integer value\" or \"end\" to finish." # warn user to enter integer
        read INPUT # read again
        continue
    fi

    if [ $MAX == "?" ] || [ $INPUT -gt $MAX ]
    then
        ((MAX=$INPUT)) # Assign the new MAX
    fi
    read INPUT
done
if [ $MAX == "?" ]
then
    echo "No value has been entered." && exit 1 # Print the error, exit error
fi

echo "Maximum: $MAX" # Print the MAX
```

- Script 3)
  - Start by checking if argument is given. If given, then check if valid. If valid change directory.
  - If the argument is not given, continue working on the same workspace.
  - Loop through every file and check if there exists a file whose size is not greater than zero.

```
#!/bin/bash

if [ ! -z $1 ]
then
    [ ! -d $1 ] && echo "Directory $1 DOES NOT exists." && exit 1 # Check if directory is exists.
    cd $1 # if exists change directory
fi

FILE_COUNT=0 # Counter to count empty files
for FILE in *
do
    if [ ! -s "${FILE}" ]
    then
        ((FILE_COUNT++)) # Increment the FILE_COUNT
        echo "${FILE_COUNT}. ${FILE}" # Print the name of the file
        rm "${FILE}"
    fi
done

dir=$(pwd) # Get Absolute path
echo "$FILE_COUNT zero-length files are removed from the directory: $dir" # Print the results
```