Coherent PDF Library

Developer's Manual

Version 1.7 (August 2013)





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1 Installation

The Coherent PDF Library is provided either in binary form (three archive files <code>libcpdf.a</code>, <code>libbigarray.a</code>, <code>libunix.a</code> and the library header <code>cpdflibwrapper.h</code>), or as source. Instructions for building from source are included in the distribution.

1.1 Installation

Place libcpdf.a, libbigarray.a, and libunix.a somewhere suitable. Instruct your C linker to link with them. Place cpdflibwrapper.h somewhere suitable and instuct your C compiler to search for headers there.

The library is now ready for use.

2 Basic Usage

Function Summary

FromFile Load PDF from file FromFileLazy Load PDF from file lazily

FromFileDecrypt Load a PDF from file and decrypt it

BlankDocument Make a blank document given page dimensions
BlankDocumentPaper Make a blank document given named paper size

IsEncrypted Check whether a PDF is encrypted
DecryptPdf Decrypt a PDF using the user password
DecryptPdfOwner Decrypt a PDF using the owner password

ToFile Write a PDF to file

ToFileEncrypted Write a PDF to file, encrypting it

Pages Count the number of pages in a PDF

All Build the page range representing all pages in a PDF

Range Build a page subrange

Even
Odd
Build the page range of all odd pages
Build the page range of all even pages
Difference
Build the difference of two ranges
RemoveDuplicates
Remove duplicates from a range

Sort a range

The Coherent PDF Toolkit for .NET provides a wide range of facilities for modifying PDF files created by other means. There is a single library <code>Coherent.PDFTools.dll</code>. The top-level module containing the main functions is <code>Cpdflib</code>. We use these terms interchangeably.

The rest of this manual describes the functions available in that library.

2.1 Reading PDF from Files and Memory

The type of pdf files in memory is Pdf.pdfdoc. To load a PDF from file, assuming it is unencrypted, call FromFile, giving the file name as a string:

```
Opening a File

C# Pdf.pdfdoc pdf = Cpdflib.FromFile("in.pdf")

VB Dim pdf As Pdf.pdfdoc = Cpdflib.FromFile("in.pdf")
```

(If the file is encrypted, but only with a blank user password, it will be decrypted. This is identical to Acrobat's behaviour.)

If the file is encrypted, you must decrypt it to load it fully. This requires either the user or owner password.

```
Opening an Encrypted File

C# Pdf.pdfdoc pdf = Cpdflib.FromFileDecrypt("in.pdf", "pw")

VB Dim pdf As Pdf.pdfdoc = Cpdflib.FromFileDecrypt("in.pdf", "pw")
```

If the operations to be performed on the PDF are limited to reading some metadata, or accessing just a portion of the file, it can be more memory- and time-efficient not to load or parse all the PDF upon opening. The only caveat is that the file must be available until the PDF object is destroyed - writing to or removing that file will result in an error.

```
Opening an File Lazily

C# Pdf.pdfdoc pdf = Cpdflib.FromFileLazy("in.pdf")

VB Dim pdf As Pdf.pdfdoc = Cpdflib.FromFileLazy("in.pdf")
```

No decryption is performed here (even if the password is blank), since it would involve loading the whole file, so you must explicitly check if the file is encrypted using IsEncrypted and decrypt it before performing any operation which requires the file to be in a decrypted state.

2.2 Creating a Blank Document

PDF Documents can also be created from scratch. To build a 20-page blank document with pages of width 500pts and height 600pts:

```
Making a Blank Document Given Paper Dimensions

C# Pdf.pdfdoc pdf = Cpdflib.BlankDocument (500.0, 600.0, 20)

VB Dim pdf As Pdf.pdfdoc = Cpdflib.BlankDocument (500.0, 600.0, 20)
```

To build a 20-page blank document using the US Letter paper size.

Here are the standard paper sizes:

```
a0portrait a1portrait a2portrait a3portrait a4portrait a5portrait a0landscape a1landscape a2landscape a3landscape a4landscape a5landscape usletterportrait usletterlandscape uslegalportrait uslegallandscape
```

2.3 Writing PDF to Files and Memory

Writing a PDF to file is achieved with the ToFile function. The arguments are the PDF, the filename and two booleans - the first is true if the file is to be linearized, the second if a new /ID is to be made for the file.

```
Writing a File

C# Cpdflib.ToFile(pdf, "out.pdf", false, true)

VB Cpdflib.ToFile(pdf, "out.pdf", false, true)

(In these examples, the file is not linearized, but a new /ID is made - hence false, true.)
```

To write a file encrypted, use ToFileEncrypted.

```
Encryption Methods

Pdfwrite.encryption_method.PDF40bit
Pdfwrite.encryption_method.PDF128bit
Pdfwrite.encryption_method.NewAES128bit(false)
Pdfwrite.encryption_method.NewAES128bit(true)
```

Here are the possible permissions:

Using any form of encryption: Pdfcrypt.NoEdit Cannot change the document Cannot print the document Pdfcrypt.NoPrint Pdfcrypt.NoCopy Cannot select or copy text or graphics Cannot add or change form fields or annotations Pdfcrypt.NoAnnot Using 128 bit or AES encryption only: Pdfcrypt.NoForms Cannot edit form fields Pdfcrypt.NoExtract Cannot extract text or graphics Pdfcrypt.NoAssemble Cannot merge files etc. Pdfcrypt.NoHqPrint Cannot print high-quality

So to write a file encypted, we pass the PDF object, an encryption method, an array of permissions, an owner password, user password, linearize flag and the filename.

```
Writing a File Encrypted
      Pdfcrypt.permission[] permissions =
       {Pdfcrypt.permission.NoEdit,
        Pdfcrypt.permission.NoAssemble;;
      Cpdflib.ToFileEncrypted
                                                                Document
         Pdfwrite.encryption_method.NewAES128bit(false),
                                                               Encryption
                                                                Permissions
 C#
         permissions,
                                                                Owner Password
         "fred",
                                                                User Password
         "charles",
         false,
                                                                Linearize
                                                                must be false
         false,
                                                                Output file
         "C:\\output.pdf");
      Dim permissions As Pdfcrypt.permission () =
       {Pdfcrypt.permission.NoEdit,
        Pdfcrypt.permission.NoAssemble};
      Cpdflib.ToFileEncrypted
                                                                Document
        (pdf,
         {\tt Pdfwrite.encryption\_method.NewAES128bit(false),} \ \ \textit{Encryption}
 VΒ
                                                                Permissions
         permissions,
                                                                Owner Password
         "fred",
                                                                User Password
         "charles",
                                                                Linearize
         false,
                                                                must be false
         false,
         "C:\\output.pdf");
                                                                Output file
```

2.4 Ranges

A *range* is an array of integers representing page numbers, commonly passed to Cpdflib functions. Sometimes it is treated as an unordered set, representing pages to be affected by a command, sometimes as an ordered list representing pages to be merged, for example.

All these functions return a new range, leaving inputs unaltered:

All(pdf) All pages in the document, in order. Range(n, m) Pages from n to m inclusive, in order. Even(r) Second, fourth etc. pages in a range. First, third etc. pages in a range. Odd(r)Union(r, s) Pages in either range, sans duplicates, unordered. Pages in r which are not in s. Preserves order. Difference(r, s) Range without duplicates. Preserves order. RemoveDuplicates(r) Sort the range. Sort (r)

2.5 Exceptions

Cpdflib functions can raise one exception: Cpdflib_error which carries a string describing the error.

2.6 Units of Measure

The standard unit of measure in Cpdflib is the PDF Point, which is 1/72 of an inch. The following conversion functions are available, each taking a double and returning a double.

```
PtOfCm Convert centimeters to points
PtOfMm Convert millimeters to points
PtOfIn Convert inches to points

CmOfPt Convert points to centimeters
MmOfPt Convert points to millimeters
InOfPt Convert points to inches
```

2.7 Making Pages Upright

There are two kinds of rotation in PDF documents - a *viewing rotation* which can be set, making a PDF viewer such as Acrobat Reader open the docment with its pages appearing to be rotated by 90, 180 or 270 degrees, and the *actual rotation* which is how the text and graphics on a page are layed out (portrait or landscape).

The Cpdflib functions Rotate and RotateBy set or alter the viewing rotation, and the function RotateContents alters the actual rotation. The function Upright changes the viewing rotation to 0 and, if necessary counterrotates the actual rotation to compensate. This is useful because many Cpdflib functions require upright pages to work as expected.

3 Merging and Splitting

Function Summary

Merge Simple Merge two or more PDFs into a single document

Merge PDFs, given extra options

Merge PDFs when the same PDF appears twice or more

Select Pages Select some pages from a PDF into a new document SplitOnBookmarks Split one document into several, based upon bookmarks

3.1 Simple Merging

The function MergeSimple takes an array of PDF objects and returns a PDF object containg the result of merging them. Page numbering is retained.

```
Simple Merging of Documents
```

C# Pdf.pdfdoc result = Cpdflib.MergeSimple(pdfs)

VB Dim result As Pdf.pdfdoc = Cpdflib.MergeSimple(pdfs)

3.2 Merging with Options

There are two boolean options can be set to affect merging. The option retain_numbering, if set, keeps the page numbering of the original documents in the merged document. If clear, the pages are renumbered 1, 2, 3 etc. The option remove_duplicate_fonts, if set, attempts to remove any duplicate fonts in the result - this works best when merging documents which all came from the same producing program.

```
Merging of Documents, with Options
```

C# Pdf.pdfdoc result = Cpdflib.Merge(pdfs, false, true)

VB Dim result As Pdf.pdfdoc = Cpdflib.Merge(pdf, false, true)

```
(The first boolean argument is retain_numbering, the second is remove_duplicate_fonts.)
```

3.3 When a Document Appears Twice

When using a document twice or more in a merge (for instance, merging A.pdf pages 1–3 followed by B.pdf followed by A.pdf pages 4–6) Cpdflib needs to know that both instances of A.pdf refer to the same file, so it can share common objects in the output, avoiding content shared between pages (e.g fonts) being included twice.

The function MergeSame is equivalent to Merge, but an array of strings is also passed: these would typically be the filenames of the documents - but can be any strings which allow Cpdflib to distinguish multiple instances of the same file.

3.4 Selecting Pages

Any pages can be selected from a PDF with SelectPages, giving a range. The pages specified in the range are present in the order in which they are given, including any duplicates (so, for instance, to extract the first three pages of a document, the range would be 1 2 3, and to duplicate the first page of a four page document, the range would be 1 1 2 3).

```
Selecing Pages from a Document

C# Pdf.pdfdoc result = Cpdflib.SelectPages(pdf, pages)

VB Dim result As Pdf.pdfdoc = Cpdflib.SelectPages(pdf, pages)
```

3.5 Splitting on Bookmarks

The SplitOnBookmarks function can be used to split a document into chapters, sections etc according to the tree structure of its bookmarks. The level argument gives the level of the tree upon which to split. Level 0 indictates just top-level bookmarks, level 1 top-level and next-level-down etc.

```
C# Pdf.pdfdoc [] results = Cpdflib.SplitOnBookmarks(pdf, 0)
```

VB Dim results As Pdf.pdfdoc () = Cpdflib.SplitOnBookmarks(pdf, 0)

4 Pages

Function Summary

Scale Pages Scale pages and their contents

ScaleToFit Scale pages to fit the given dimensions
ScaleToFitPaper Scale pages to fit a given paper size
ShiftContents Shift the contents of a page in x and/or y

Rotate Change the viewing rotation, in absolute terms
RotateBy Change the viewing rotation, in relative terms
RotateContents Rotate the page contents by a free angle
Upright Reconcile real and viewing rotations

HFlip Flip pages horizontally VFlip Flip pages vertically

Crop Add or change a cropping rectangle
RemoveCrop Remove any cropping rectangle
SetMediabox Set the media box (page size)

4.1 Page Sizes

In some of the following functions, standard page sizes can be given. For convenience, here is a list of supported standard page sizes:

a0portraita1portraita2portraita3portraita4portraita5portraita0landscapea1landscapea2landscapea3landscapea4landscapea5landscape

usletterportrait usletterlandscape uslegalportrait uslegallandscape

4.2 Scale Pages

The ScalePages function scales the page dimensions and its content by the x and y factors given.

```
Double the width and height of all the pages in a PDF

C# Cpdflib.ScalePages(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 2.0, 2.0)

VB Cpdflib.ScalePages(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 2.0, 2.0)
```

The ScaleToFitPaper function scales the page dimensions and its content to fit the given page dimensions or paper size. If the aspect ratios of the two page sizes are unequal, the page is scaled to the largest size which will fit within the new page dimensions, and centered therein.

```
Scale pages to fit US Letter paper

C# Cpdflib.ScaleToFit(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 500.0, 400.0)
Cpdflib.ScaleToFitPaper(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), Cpdflib.usletter)

VB Cpdflib.ScaleToFit(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 500.0, 400.0)
Cpdflib.ScaleToFitPaper(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), Cpdflib.usletter)
```

4.3 Shift Page Contents

The ShiftPages function moves the content of a given page in x and/or y directions the given number of points. The origin is at the bottom left of the page. Any page rotation is not taken into account.

```
Move all pages in a PDF 5pts to the right

C# Cpdflib.ShiftPageContents(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 5.0, 0.0)

VB Cpdflib.ShiftPageContents(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 5.0, 0.0)
```

4.4 Rotate Pages

There are two kinds of rotation in PDF documents - a *viewing rotation* which can be set, making a PDF viewer such as Acrobat Reader open the document with its pages appearing to be rotated by 90, 180 or 270 degrees, and the *actual rotation* which is how the text and graphics on a page are layed out (portrait or landscape).

The <code>Cpdflib</code> functions <code>Rotate</code> and <code>RotateBy</code> set or alter the viewing rotation, and the function <code>RotateContents</code> alters the actual rotation. The function <code>Upright</code> changes the viewing rotation to 0 and, if necessary counterrotates the actual rotation to compensate. This is useful because many <code>Cpdflib</code> functions require upright pages to work as expected.

Rotate all pages to 90 degrees

```
C# Cpdflib.Rotate(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 90)
```

VB Cpdflib.Rotate(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 90)

Rotate all pages by 90 degrees

```
C# Cpdflib.RotateBy(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 90)
```

VB Cpdflib.RotateBy(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 90)

Rotate the contents of all pages by 30 degrees

```
C# Cpdflib.RotateContents(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 30.0)
```

VB Cpdflib.RotateContents(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 30.0)

4.5 Flip Pages

The functions HFlip and VFlip flip content horizontally and vertically respectively.

Flip pages horizontally

```
C# Cpdflib.HFlip(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf))
```

VB Cpdflib.HFlip(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf))

Flip pages vertically

```
C# Cpdflib.VFlip(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf))
```

VB Cpdflib.VFlip(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf))

4.6 Page Size and Page Cropping

All PDF files contain a *media box* for each page, giving the dimensions of the paper. To change these dimensions (without altering the page contents in any way), use the SetMediabox function.

```
Set media box (page size)

C# Cpdflib.SetMediabox (pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 0.0, 0.0, 100.0, 200.0)

VB Cpdflib.SetMediabox (pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 0.0, 0.0, 100.0, 200.0)
```

The four floating point arguments are minimum x, minimum y, maximum x, maximum y. The origin is at (0,0) with x coordinates increasing to the right, y coordinates increasing upwards.

PDF file can also optionally contain a *crop box* for each page, defining to what extent the page is cropped before being displayed or printed. A crop box can be set, changed and removed, without affecting the underlying media box. To set or change the crop box use Crop. To remove any existing crop box, use RemoveCrop.

The four floating point arguments are minimum x, minimum y, maximum y, maximum y. The origin is at (0,0) with x coordinates increasing to the right, y coordinates increasing upwards.

```
Remove any crop box in place
C# Cpdflib.RemoveCrop(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf))

VB Cpdflib.RemoveCrop(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf))
```

5 Compression

Function Summary

Compress the data streams within a document

Decompress the data streams within a document

Cpdflib provides basic facilities for compressing and decompressing PDF streams.

5.1 Compressing a Document

To compress the streams in a file, use the Compress function. It uses the /FlateDecode compression method.

C# Cpdflib.Compress(pdf)

VB Cpdflib.Compress(pdf)

5.2 Decompressing a Document

The Decompress function decompresses the streams in a document. If Cpdflib finds a compression method it can't deal with, the stream is left compressed.

C# Cpdflib.Decompress(pdf)

VB Cpdflib.Decompress(pdf)

6 Bookmarks

Function Summary

AddBookmarks Add or replace bookmarks

MakeBookmark Make a bookmark

GetBookmarks Get a list of the bookmarks in a document RemoveBookmarks Remove bookmarks from a document

PDF Bookmarks (properly called the *document outline*) represent a tree of references to parts of the file, typically displayed at the side of the screen. The user can click on one to move to the specified place. Cpdflib provides facilities to list, add, and remove bookmarks. The format used by the list and add operations is the same, so you can feed the output of one into the other, for instance to copy bookmarks.

Each bookmark has four elements:

isopen Boolean If true this bookmark's children are visible

For example:

level	string	pagenumber	isopen
0 1 1 0 1	"Part 1" "Part 1A" "Part 1B" "Part 2" "Part 2a"	-	true false false false false

If the page number is 0, it indicates that clicking on that entry doesn't move to a page. To add bookmarks, build a suitable bookmark array using MakeBookmarks and call AddBookmarks.

```
Make and add bookmarks to a document
     Pdfmarks.bookmark [] marks =
        {Cpdflib.MakeBookmark(0, "Part 1", 1, true),
        Cpdflib.MakeBookmark(1, "Part 1A", 2, false),
        Cpdflib.MakeBookmark(1, "Part 1B", 3, false),
 C#
        Cpdflib.MakeBookmark(0, "Part 2", 8, false),
        Cpdflib.MakeBookmark(1, "Part 2a", 9, false)};
     Cpdflib.AddBookmarks(pdf, marks);
     Dim marks As Pdfmarks.bookmark () =
       {Cpdflib.MakeBookmark(0, "Part 1", 1, true),
        Cpdflib.MakeBookmark(1, "Part 1A", 2, false),
 VΒ
        Cpdflib.MakeBookmark(1, "Part 1B", 3, false),
        Cpdflib.MakeBookmark(0, "Part 2", 8, false),
        Cpdflib.MakeBookmark(1, "Part 2a", 9, false)}
     Cpdflib.AddBookmarks(pdf, marks)
```

It's important that the bookmarks passed to AddBookmarks are consistent - that is, that the levels represent a proper tree form.

The function GetBookmarks returns an array of all the bookmarks (if any) in a document.

```
Get the bookmarks from a PDF

C# Pdfmarks.bookmark [] marks = Cpdflib.GetBookmarks(pdf)

VB Dim marks As Pdfmarks.bookmark () = Cpdflib.GetBookmarks(pdf)
```

The bookmark data structure can then be inspected:

```
Write the title of a bookmark 'mark' to screen

C# Console.WriteLine(mark.text)

VB Console.WriteLine(mark.text)
```

The bookmarks in a document can be removed with RemoveBookmarks.

```
Remove bookmarks

C# Cpdflib.RemoveBookmarks(pdf)

VB Cpdflib.RemoveBookmarks(pdf)
```

7 Presentations

Function Summary

AddPresentation Make a PDF into a Powerpoint-style presentation

The PDF file format, starting at Version 1.1, provides for simple slide-show presentations in the manner of Microsoft Powerpoint. These can be played in Acrobat and possibly other PDF viewers, typically started by entering full-screen mode. The AddPresentation operation allows such a presentation to be built from any PDF file.

There are several transition styles:

Split Two lines sweep across the screen, revealing the new page. By default the lines are horizontal. If the vertical flag is set, vertical lines are used instead.

Blinds Multiple lines sweep across the screen, revealing the new page. By default the lines are horizontal. If the vertical flag is set, vertical lines are used instead.

Box A rectangular box sweeps inward from the edges of the page. Set the outward argument to make it sweep from the center to the edges.

Wipe A single line sweeps across the screen from one edge to the other in a direction specified by the direction argument (see below).

Dissolve The old page dissolves gradually to reveal the new one.

Glitter The same as **Dissolve** but the effect sweeps across the page in the direction specified by the direction argument.

It is the transition *from* each page named which is altered. The <code>effect_duration</code> option specifies the length of time in seconds for the transition itself. The <code>duration</code> option specifies the maximum time in seconds that the page is displayed before the presentation automatically advances.

For no automatic advancement, specify a negative number.

The direction argument (for **Wipe** and **Glitter** styles only) specifies the direction of the effect. The following values are valid:

0 Left to right

90 Bottom to top (Wipe only)

7. Presentations

```
180 Right to left (Wipe only)270 Top to bottom315 Top-left to bottom-right (Glitter only)
```

```
Make a PDF presentation
          {\tt Cpdflib.AddPresentation}
                                                  Document
             (pdf,
                                                  Range
              Cpdflib.All(pdf),
              Cpdflib.transition.Blinds,
                                                  Transition
                                                  Duration
              1.0,
 C# / VB
                                                  Vertical Flag
             False,
                                                  Outward Flag
              False,
                                                  Direction
              Ο,
              0.5)
                                                  Effect Duration
```

8 Logos, Watermarks and Stamps

Function Summary

StampOn Stamp a page over another one
StampUnder Stamp a page under another one
CombinePages Combine the contents of pages together

Add text, dates, stamps, times and bates numbers

RemoveText Remove text added with AddText

8.1 Adding a Logo or Watermark

The StampOn and StampUnder functions stamp the first page of a source PDF onto or under each page in the given range of a given document.

```
Stamp a source PDF on or under some pages of a document

C# Cpdflib.StampOn(sourcepdf, pdf, range)
Cpdflib.StampUnder(sourcepdf, pdf, range)

VB Cpdflib.StampOn(sourcepdf, pdf, range)
Cpdflib.StampUnder(sourcepdf, pdf, range)
```

The CombinePages function takes two PDF documents and stamps each page of one over the corresponding page in the other. Page attributes (such as the display rotation) are taken from the "under" file. For best results, remove any rotation differences in the two files using Upright and SetMediabox first.

```
Combine pages

C# Pdf.pdfdoc result = Cpdflib.CombinePages(pdf_over, pdf_under)

VB Dim result As Pdf.pdfdoc = Cpdflib.CombinePages(pdf_over, pdf_under)
```

8.2 Stamp Text, Dates and Times

The AddText function stamps text, dates, or times over one or more pages of a document. The position, color, font and size may be customised.

Here is the basic usage. We describe each of the options below.

```
Stamp Text
           Cpdflib.AddText
                                                        Document
             (pdf,
              Cpdflib.All(pdf),
                                                        Range
              "This is Page %Page",
                                                        Text
                                                        Position
              Cpdf.position.NewTopLeft(10.0),
                                                        Line spacing
              1.0,
              0,
                                                        Starting Bates Number
 C# / VB
              Pdftext.standard_font.Courier,
                                                        Font
                                                        Font Size
                                                        Text Color
              Cpdflib.Red,
                                                        If set, stamp on shorter side
              false,
                                                        If set, stamp underneath
              false,
                                                        If set, stamp relative to cropbox
              true)
```

Several special formatting codes (similar to those found in the printf function in most programming languages) are available.

Page Numbers

```
    Page number in arabic notation (1, 2, 3...)
    Page number in lower-case roman notation (i, ii, iii...)
    Page number in upper-case roman notation (I, II, III...)
    Last page of document in arabic notation
```

For example, the format "Page %Page of %EndPage" might become "Page 5 of 17".

Date and Time Formats

```
Abbreviated weekday name (Sun, Mon etc.)
    Full weekday name (Sunday, Monday etc.)
    Abbreviated month name (Jan, Feb etc.)
용b
    Full month name (January, February etc.)
응B
    Day of the month (01–31)
    Day of the month (1–31)
%e
    Hour in 24-hour clock (00-23)
%H
응I
    Hour in 12-hour clock (01–12)
용ϳ
    Day of the year (001–366)
    Month of the year (01–12)
응m
    Minute of the hour (00–59)
응M
     "a.m" or "p.m"
```

```
%S Second of the minute (00–61)
```

- %T Same as %H:%M:%S
- %u Weekday (1-7, 1 = Monday)
- %w Weekday (0-6, 0 = Monday)
- %Y Year (0000–9999)
- %% The % character.

Bates Numbers

Unique page identifiers can be specified by putting <code>%Bates</code> in the string. The starting point can be set with the <code>bates</code> argument. For example:

```
"Page ID: %Bates"
```

when bates is 45 would number each page 45, 46, 47...

Position

The position of the text may be specified in absolute terms:

```
NewPosCentre (200.0, 200.0)

Position the center of the baseline text at (200pt, 200pt)

NewPosLeft (200.0, 200.0)

Position the left of the baseline of the text at (200pt, 200pt)

NewPosRight (200.0, 200.0)

Position the right of the baseline of the text at (200pt, 200pt)
```

Position relative to certain common points can also be set:

NewTop(10)	Center of baseline 10 pts down from the top center
NewTopLeft(10)	Left of baseline 10 pts down and in from top left
NewTopRight(10)	Right of baseline 10 pts down and left from top right
NewLeft(10)	Left of baseline 10 pts in from center left
NewBottomLeft(10)	Left of baseline 10 pts in and up from bottom left
NewBottom(10)	Center of baseline 10 pts up from bottom center
NewBottomRight(10)	Right of baseline 10 pts up and in from bottom right
NewRight(10)	Right of baseline 10 pts in from the center right
	•

No attempt is made to take account of the page rotation, so you might like to use –upright (see $\S4.4$) first.

Font and Size

The font may be set with the font argument. The 14 Standard PDF fonts are available:

TimesRoman
TimesBold
TimesItalic
TimesBoldItalic
Helvetica
HelveticaBold
HelveticaOblique
HelveticaBoldOblique
Courier
CourierBold
CourierOblique
CourierBoldOblique
Symbol
ZapfDingbats

The font size can be set with the font size option, which specifies the size in points.

Colors

The color argument allows the color of the text to be set. The following values are predefined (components range between 0 and 1):

Color	R, G, B
white	1, 1, 1
black	0, 0, 0
red	1, 0, 0
green	0, 1, 0
blue	0.0.1

The function Rgb (r, g, b) can be used to build a color from red, green and blue components

Multi-line Text

The code \n can be included in the text string to move to the next line. In this case, the vertical position refers to the baseline of the first line of text (if the position is at the top, top left or top right of the page) or the baseline of the last line of text (if the position is at the bottom, bottom left or bottom right).

The linespacing option can be used to increase or decrease the line spacing, where a spacing of 1 is the standard.

Removing Text

Text added with AddText can be removed using RemoveText:

Remove text added with AddText

C# Cpdflib.RemoveText(pdf, range)

VB Cpdflib.RemoveText(pdf, range)

9 Multipage Facilities

Function Summary

TwoUp Impose a document two-up

TwoUpStack Impose a document two-up, with no scaling

PadBefore Add blank pages before some pages
PadAfter Add blank pages after some pages

9.1 Two-up

The TwoUp function puts two logical pages on each physical page, rotating them 90 degrees and scaling them down to do so. The TwoUpStack variant does the same, but with no scaling, the output page size being twice the input page size.

```
Impose pages two-up
C# Cpdflib.TwoUp(pdf)

VB Cpdflib.TwoUp(pdf)
```

9.2 Inserting Blank Pages

Sometimes, for instance to get a printing arrangement right, it's useful to be able to insert blank pages into a PDF file. Cpdflib can add blank pages before (PadBefore) a given page or pages, or after (PadAfter). The pages in question are specified by a range.

Here's an example with PadAfter:

```
Insert blank pages after existing pages one, two and three

C# int[] r = {1, 2, 3}
    Cpdflib.PadAfter(pdf, r)

VB Dim r As Integer() r = {1, 2, 3}
    Cpdflib.PadAfter(pdf, r)
```

10 Annotations

Function Summary

ListAnnotations Get the textual content of existing annotations

CopyAnnotations Copy annotations from one document to another

RemoveAnnotations Remove the annotations from a document

An annotation consists of a page number and a string. The two components can be accessed using the dot notation. For instance, if the annotation variable is annot:

To access page number annot.annotation_page annot.annotation_content

To list the annotations in a document, use ListAnnotations:

List annotations in a document

C# Cpdflib.annotation [] annots = Cpdflib.ListAnnotations(pdf)

To copy annotations from one document to another, use CopyAnnotations:

Copy annotations from one document to another

C# Cpdflib.CopyAnnotations(source_pdf, target_pdf)

VB Cpdflib.CopyAnnotations(source_pdf, target_pdf)

To remove annotations from a documents, use RemoveAnnotations:

10. Annotations

Remove annotations from a document

C# Cpdflib.RemoveAnnotations(pdf)

VB Cpdflib.RemoveAnnotations(pdf)

11 Document Information

Function Summary

List Fonts List the fonts in a document

Get Version Get the PDF version number
GetTitle Get the title of a document
GetAuthor Get the author of a document
GetSubject Get the subject of a document

Get Keywords
Get Creator
Get Producer
GetCreationDate
GetModificationDate
Get the keyword list from a document
Get the creator name from a document
Get the producer name from a document
Get the creation date of a document
Get the modification date of a document

SetVersion Set the PDF version number Set the title of a document SetTitle SetAuthor Set the author of a document SetSubject Set the subject of a document SetKeywords Set the keyword list in a document Set the creator name in a document SetCreator Set the producer name in a document SetProducer Set the creation date in a document SetCreationDate Set the modification date in a document SetModifcationDate

MarkTrapped Mark a PDF as trapped
MarkUntrapped Mark a PDF as untrapped
GetPageInfo Get information for each page

SetPageLayout Set the page layout Set PageMode Set the page mode

HideToolbar Hide or reveal the viewer's toolbar Hide or reveal the viewer's menubar

FitWindow Set or unset Fit-to-Window CenterWindow Set or unset Center-Window

DisplayDocTitle Set or unset display of document title

11.1 Listing Fonts

The ListFonts returns an array of font_info structures, each member of which can be accessed with the dot notation:

```
font_pagenumber integer
font_name string
font_subtype string
font_basename string
font_encoding string
```

For example:

```
List fonts

C# Cpdflib.font_info [] fonts = Cpdflib.ListFonts(pdf)

VB Dim fonts As Cpdflib.font_info () = Cpdflib.ListFonts(pdf)
```

might return the array:

Page	Name	Type	Base Name	Encoding
1	/F245	/Type0	/Cleargothic-Bold	/Identity-H
1	/F247	/Type0	/ClearGothicSerialLight	/Identity-H
1	/F248	/Type1	/Times-Roman	/WinAnsiEncoding
1	/F250	/Type0	/Cleargothic-RegularItalic	/Identity-H
2	/F13	/Type0	/Cleargothic-Bold	/Identity-H
2	/F16	/Type0	/Arial-ItalicMT	/Identity-H
2	/F21	/Type0	/ArialMT	/Identity-H
2	/F58	/Type1	/Times-Roman	/WinAnsiEncoding
2	/F59	/Type0	/ClearGothicSerialLight	/Identity-H
2	/F61	/Type0	/Cleargothic-BoldItalic	/Identity-H
2	/F68	/Type0	/Cleargothic-RegularItalic	/Identity-H
3	/F47	/Type0	/Cleargothic-Bold	/Identity-H
3	/F49	/Type0	/ClearGothicSerialLight	/Identity-H
3	/F50	/Type1	/Times-Roman	/WinAnsiEncoding
3	/F52	/Type0	/Cleargothic-BoldItalic	/Identity-H
3	/F54	/Type0	/TimesNewRomanPS-BoldItalicMT	/Identity-H
3	/F57	/Type0	/Cleargothic-RegularItalic	/Identity-H
4	/F449	/Type0	/Cleargothic-Bold	/Identity-H
4	/F451	/Type0	/ClearGothicSerialLight	/Identity-H
4	/F452	/Type1	/Times-Roman	/WinAnsiEncoding

The first column gives the page number, the second the internal unique font name, the third the type of font (Type1, TrueType etc), the fourth the PDF font name, the fifth the PDF font encoding.

11.2 Getting Document Information

There are a number of functions for getting document information. Each function takes the document as an argument and returns an integer or string.

Function Summary		
Function	Returns	Description
GetVersion	integer	Get the PDF version number
GetTitle	string	Get the title of a document
GetAuthor	string	Get the author of a document
GetSubject	string	Get the subject of a document
GetKeywords	string	Get the keyword list from a document
GetCreator	string	Get the creator name from a document
GetProducer	string	Get the producer name from a document
GetCreationDate	date	Get the creation date of a document
GetModificationDate	date	Get the modification date of a document

(Dates are a special kind of string - see Appendix A). For example, to return the author of a document:

```
C# string author = Cpdflib.GetAuthor(pdf)

VB Dim author As String = Cpdflib.GetAuthor(pdf)
```

11.3 Setting Document Information

There are a number of functions for setting document information. Each function takes the document as an argument, followed by a single other argument.

Function	Argument	Description
SetVersion	integer	Set the PDF version number
SetTitle	string	Set the title of a document
SetAuthor	string	Set the author of a document
SetSubject	string	Set the subject of a document
SetKeywords	string	Set the keyword list in a document
SetCreator	string	Set the creator name in a document
SetProducer	string	Set the producer name in a document
SetCreationDate	date	Set the creation date in a document
SetModifcationDate	date	Set the modification date in a document

(Dates are a special kind of string - see Appendix A). For example, to set the title of a document, and set its version number to PDF 1.2:

11. DOCUMENT INFORMATION

```
C# Cpdflib.SetVersion(pdf, 2)
Cpdflib.SetTitle(pdf, "Forces of Nature")

VB Cpdflib.SetVersion(pdf, 2)
Cpdflib.SetTitle(pdf, "Forces of Nature")
```

11.4 Mark Trapped / Untrapped

These two functions can be used to mark a PDF trapped or untrapped. They take one argument—the document.

11.5 Get and Set Page Layout and Mode

The SetPageLayout function specifies the page layout to be used when a document is opened in, for instance, Acrobat. The possible values are provided in the layout object in the Cpdflib module:

SinglePage	Display one page at a time
OneColumn	Display the pages in one column
TwoColumnLeft	Display the pages in two columns, odd numbered pages on the left
TwoColumnRight	Display the pages in two columns, even numbered pages on the left
TwoPageLeft	(PDF 1.5 and above) Display the pages two at a time, odd numbered pages on the left
TwoPageRight	(PDF 1.5 and above) Display the pages two at a time, even numbered pages on the left

For instance:

```
Set document to open with pages in Two Columns, even numbered pages on the left.

C# Cpdflib.SetPageLayout(pdf, Cpdflib.layout.TwoColumnRight)

VB Cpdflib.SetPageLayout(pdf, Cpdflib.layout.TwoColumnRight)
```

The page mode in a PDF file defines how a viewer should display the document when first opened and can be set with the SetPageMode function. Possible values, in the pagemode object in Cpdflib are:

UseNone	Neither document outline nor thumbnail images visible
UseOutlines	Document outline (bookmarks) visible
UseThumbs	Thumbnail images visible
FullScreen	Full-screen mode (no menu bar, window controls, or anything but the document visible)
UseOC	(PDF 1.5 and above) Optional content group panel visible
UseAttachments	(PDF 1.5 and above) Attachments panel visible

For instance:

Set document to open with bookmarks visible

C# Cpdflib.SetPageMode(pdf, Cpdflib.pagemode.UseOutlines)

VB Cpdflib.SetPageMode(pdf, Cpdflib.pagemode.UseOutlines)

Page information (media box, crop box) can be returned with the function <code>GetPageInfo</code>, which takes a document, and returns an array of <code>page_info</code> objects, one for each page in the document.

Each object has two members mediabox and cropbox, each of which is a box object. A box object contains four floating point objects (minx, maxx, miny, maxy) describing the box in question. For example:

Read and print the minimum x coordinate of the media box of the first page

```
C# Cpdflib.page_info [] pageinfo = Cpdflib.GetPageInfo(pdf)
Console.WriteLine(pageinfo[0].mediabox.minx)
```

VB Dim pageinfo As Cpdflib.page_info() = Cpdflib.GetPageInfo(pdf)
 Console.WriteLine(pageinfo(0).mediabox.minx)

11.6 Other View Settings

The following functions take a document, and a boolean, to indicate if the option is to be set or unset.

11. DOCUMENT INFORMATION

HideToolbar Hide the viewer's toolbar

HideMenubar Document outline (bookmarks) visible

HideWindowUi Hide the viewer's scroll bars

Resize the document's windows to fit size of first

page

 ${\tt CenterWindow} \qquad \qquad Position \ the \ document \ window \ in \ the \ center \ of \ the$

screer

DisplayDocTitle Display the document title instead of the file name

in the title bar

For instance:

Set document to open resized to fit first page

C# Cpdflib.FitWindow(pdf)

VB Cpdflib.FitWindow(pdf)

12 Document Metadata

Function Summary

SetMetadataFromFile SetMetadataFromByteArray GetMetadata

RemoveMetadata

Set the Document Metadata from a file Set the Document Metadata from a byte array Get the document metadata as a byte array Remove the metadata from a document

PDF files can contain a piece of arbitrary metadata, often in XML format. This is typically stored in an uncompressed stream, so that other applications can read it without having to decode the whole PDF. To set the metadata from a file:

Add metadata from a file

C# Cpdflib.SetMetadataFromFile(pdf, "C:\\data.xml")

VB Cpdflib.SetMetadataFromFile(pdf, "C:\\data.xml")

To set from a byte array:

Set Metadata from Byte Array

C# Cpdflib.SetMetadataFromByteArray(pdf, bytes)

VB Cpdflib.SetMetadataFromByteArray(pdf, bytes)

Return the metadata as a byte array:

```
C# byte [] bytes = Cpdflib.GetMetadata(pdf)
```

VB Dim bytes As Byte () = Cpdflib.GetMetadata(pdf)

12. DOCUMENT METADATA

To remove any metadata from a file:

C# Cpdflib.RemoveMetadata(pdf)

VB Cpdflib.RemoveMetadata(pdf)

13 File Attachments

Function Summary

AttachFile Attach a file to the document

RemoveAttachedFiles Remove all attached files from a document

PDF supports adding attachments (files of any kind, including other PDFs) to an existing file. The <code>Cpdflib</code> library supports adding and removing *top-level attachments* — that is, ones which are associated with the document as a whole rather than with an individual page.

To add an attachment, use AttachFile. Multiple files can be attached by multiple invocations of AttachFile, and will appear in Acrobat's list in the order added.

```
Attach the file sheet.xls to a document
```

C# Cpdflib.AttachFile(pdf, "C:\\sheet.xls")

VB Cpdflib.AttachFile(pdf, "C:\\sheet.xls")

To remove all attached files, use RemoveAttachedFiles:

Remove attached files

C# Cpdflib.RemoveAttachedFiles(pdf)

VB Cpdflib.RemoveAttachedFiles(pdf)

14 Miscellaneous

Function Summary

BlackText Blacken text
BlackLines Blacken lines
BlackFills Blacken fills

ThinLines Make all lines at least a certain width
Draft Remove images for draft printing

Copy Id Copy the unique document ID from one document to another

14.1 Graphical Alterations

Sometimes PDF output from an application (for instance, a web browser) has text in colors which would not print well on a grayscale printer. The BlackText operation blackens all text on the given pages so it will be readable when printed. This will not work on text which has been converted to outlines, nor on text which is part of a form.

The BlackLines function does the same for lines and BlackFills for fill colors.

Blacken lines in a document

C# Cpdflib.BlackLines(pdf)

VB Cpdflib.BlackLines(pdf)

Quite often, applications will use very thin lines, or even the value of 0, which in PDF means "The thinnest possible line on the output device". This might be fine for on-screen work, but when printed on a high resolution device, such as by a commercial printer, they may be too faint, or disappear altogether. The ThinLines function prevents this by changing all lines thinner than the given minimal thickness to the given width. For example:

Thicken lines to at least 2pt

```
C# Cpdflib.ThinLines(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 2.0)

VB Cpdflib.ThinLines(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), 2.0)
```

14.2 Draft Documents

The Draft function removes bitmap (photographic) images from a file, so that it can be printed with less ink. Optionally, the the boxes argument can be set, filling the spaces left blank with a crossed box denoting where the image was. This is not guaranteed to be fully visible in all cases (the bitmap may be have been partially covered by vector objects or clipped in the original). For example:

```
Remove images, replacing with crossed boxes
C# Cpdflib.Draft(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), true)

VB Cpdflib.Draft(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), true
```

14.3 Document Identification

The CopyId option copies the ID from the given file to the input, writing to the output. If there is no ID in the source file, the operation fails.

```
Remove attached files

C# Cpdflib.CopyId(from_pdf, to_pdf)

VB Cpdflib.CopyId(from_pdf, to_pdf)
```

A Dates

Dates in PDF are specified according to the following format:

```
D:YYYYMMDDHHmmSSOHH'mm'
```

where:

- YYYY is the year;
- MM is the month;
- DD is the day (01-31);
- HH is the hour (00-23);
- mm is the minute (00-59);
- SS is the second (00-59);
- 0 is the relationship of local time to Universal Time (UT), denoted by '+', '-' or 'Z';
- HH is the absolute value of the offset from UT in hours (00-23);
- mm is the absolute value of the offset from UT in minutes (00-59).

A contiguous prefix of the parts above can be used instead, for lower accuracy dates. For example:

```
D:2011 (2011)
D:20110103 (3rd March 2011)
D:201101031854-08'00' (3rd March 2011, 6:54PM, US Pacific Standard Time)
```

B Example Program in C#

This program loads a file from disk, adds page numbers, and then writes the file encrypted to disk.

```
namespace ConsoleApplication1 {
    class Program {
        static void Main(string[] args) {
          //Load the (unencrypted) input file
          Pdf.pdfdoc pdf = Cpdflib.FromFile("C:\\input.pdf");
          //Resolve any rotation of pages
          Cpdflib.Upright(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf));
          //Add page numbers
          Cpdflib.AddText
                                                   //Document
            (pdf,
             Cpdflib.All(pdf),
                                                   //Range
             "Page %Page of %EndPage",
                                                  //Text
             Cpdf.position.NewTop(20.0),
                                                  //Position
             1.0,
                                                   //Line spacing
                                                  //Bates number
             Pdftext.standard_font.TimesBold,
                                                  //Font
                                                   //Font Size
             Cpdflib.Black,
                                                   //Text Color
                                                   //If set, stamp on shorter side
             false,
             false,
                                                   //If set, stamp underneath
                                                   //If set, stamp relative to cropbox
             true);
          //Write to file, encrypted with AES encryption
          Pdfcrypt.permission[] permissions =
            {Pdfcrypt.permission.NoEdit, Pdfcrypt.permission.NoAssemble};
          Cpdflib.ToFileEncrypted
                                                                //Document
              Pdfwrite.encryption_method.NewAES128bit(false), //Encryption method
                                                                //Permissions
              permissions,
              "fred",
                                                                //Owner Password
              "charles",
                                                                //User Password
              false,
                                                                //Linearize
              false,
                                                                //Must be false
                                                                //Output filename
              "C:\\output.pdf");
       }
   }
```

C Example Program in VB.NET

End Module

This program loads a file from disk, adds page numbers, and then writes the file encrypted to disk.

```
Module Module1
   Sub Main()
       'Load the (unencrypted) input file
       Dim pdf As Pdf.pdfdoc = Cpdflib.FromFile("C:\\input.pdf")
        'Resolve any rotation of pages
        Cpdflib.Upright(pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf))
        'Add page numbers
        Cpdflib.AddText _
          (pdf, Cpdflib.All(pdf), "Page %Page of %EndPage", _
          Cpdf.position.NewTop(20.0), 1.0, 0, _
          Pdftext.standard_font.TimesBold, _
          12.0, Cpdflib.Black, False, False, True)
        'Write to file, encrypted with AES encryption
        Dim permissions As Pdfcrypt.permission() = _
          {Pdfcrypt.permission.NoEdit, Pdfcrypt.permission.NoAssemble}
        Cpdflib.ToFileEncrypted _
          (pdf, _
          Pdfwrite.encryption_method.NewAES128bit(False), _
          permissions, "fred", "charles", _
          False, False, "C:\\output.pdf")
```

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