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#### 1 Basic Test Results

```
Extracting jar file...
3
4
    / \verb|tmp/bodek.GbL7tu/oop/ex5/muaz.abdeen/presubmission/testdir/26945|
    Searching for file: filesprocessing/DirectoryProcessor.java
   Found file!
    Searching for file: README
   Found file!
9
   Checking README...
11
12
   Compiling...
14
15
16
   Running tests...
17
       ===Executing test 002===
18
   ===Executing test 007===
19
   ===Executing test 019===
20
21
   ===Executing test 021===
       ===Executing test 030===
22
   ===Executing test 047===
23
24
   Perfect!
25
26
27
    Checking efficiency of sort algorithm...
       Excellent! Your sort algorithm is efficient enough.
28
29
30
```

#### 2 README

```
1
    muaz.abdeen
2
3
4
5
         File description
6
    _____
8
    ## filesprocessing Package ##
9
10
    = Filter subpackage =
        - FilterFactory - A factory class for filters used in Directory Processor.
11
        - NegatedFilter - A decorator class for FileFilter.
12
13
    = Order subpackage =
14
        - OrderFactory - A factory class for orders used in Directory Processor.
15
16
    = ProcessorExceptions subpackage =
17
        - Processing
Exceptions - Super class for Processing Exceptions.
18
        - TypeIError - Type I errors (Warnings) class.
19
        - TypeIIError - Type II errors class.
20
21
    - DirectoryProcessor - A program thar filters the files in a given directory
22
23
                           according to various conditions, and orders the filenames
24
                           that passed the filtering according to various properties.
    - FileSort - User-defined sorting class that uses QuickSort algorithm.
25
    - Section - Represents a single section of command file.
    - SectionBuilder - Builds the whole sections in the command file.
27
28
29
30
31
    32
             Design
33
34
    (1) Processing Exceptions
35
        I create a super class ProcessingExceptions that extends the Exception class,
36
37
        and have two subclasses, TypeIError and TypeIIError, so that I can (if needed)
38
        throw a general ProcessingExceptions, and catch any one of his subclasses.
39
        Also, this ProcessingExceptions class represents a facade class of Exception
40
        class, it only has the constructor in its API.
41
42
    (2) Filter
43
        I designed a factory class that produces all of the filters, following the Single
        Choice Principle. also I made a decorator class that negates any filter passed to it.
44
45
        This design gives my code the extendability and continuity, because if in future I
        need to add more filters I can easily add them to the factory class.
46
47
48
        Here too, I followed the Single Choice Principle, I created a factory class for orders.
49
50
        Similar to Filter design this gives my code the extendability and continuity.
51
52
53
54
55
    = Implementation details
56
57
58
    (1) Handling exceptions:
        I handled TypeIError while executing each section in the instance method
```

executeCommands(args) of the Section class.

I handled TypeIIError in the main method of DirectoryProcessor.

In any other place I just throw, or rethrow the exception.

(2) Filter:

I took advantage of the Java's Functional Interface FileFilter.

In the FilterFactory I used the lambda expression to implement the FileFilter for all of the filers given in the exercise description.

 (3) Order:

Like Filter, I took advantage of the Java's Comparator interface, which is also a Functional Interface, and in the OrderFactory I used the lambda expression to implement the Comparator for each order given in the exercise description.

74 (

(4) Sorting:

I implemented I special version of quick sort to sort lists of File objects. The constructor of the FileSort class takes a comparator, which will be used to compare File objects in the sorting algorithm.

(5) Printing the results:

For every section in the command file, I instantiated the Section class, this instance contains the section details, according to this details every section instance creates a list of filtered and order files in the directory, then after printing Type I Errors, the files of this list are printed.

If while building any section, an exception of Type II was thrown, the process stops, and the main method prints the error message.

Q - How did you sort your matched files? Did you use a data structure for this purpose? If so, what data structure and why?

92 A - I implemented a special instance of quick sort, that sorted a list of File objects.
93 I used the java's ArrayList, because this is list my program made after filtering
94 the files in the directory, and passed it the sorter.

#### 3 filesprocessing/DirectoryProcessor.java

```
package filesprocessing;
3
    import filesprocessing.ProcessingExceptions.TypeIIError;
4
5
    import java.io.File;
    import java.io.IOException;
    import java.nio.file.Files;
    import java.nio.file.Paths;
    import java.util.List;
10
11
     * A program thar filters the files in a given directory according to various conditions,
12
     * and orders the filenames that passed the filtering according to various properties.
13
    public class DirectoryProcessor {
15
16
        // ############# //
17
        // #### CONSTANTS #### //
18
        // ############## //
19
20
        private final static String USAGE_ERROR = "Usage: java filesprocessing.DirectoryProcessor " +
21
22
                                                  "<sourcedir> <commandfile>";
        private final static String ACCESS_COMMAND_FILE_ERROR = "Can not access the Commands File.";
23
        private final static String SOURCE_DIRECTORY_ERROR = "Can not access the Source Directory.";
24
        // ############# //
26
        // #### ATTRIBUTES #### //
27
28
        // ################ //
29
30
        /** A list of all files in the source directory */
31
        private File[] rawFiles;
32
        /** A list of all lines in the command file */
34
35
        private List<String> commandFileLines;
36
        // ############### //
37
38
        // #### CONSTRUCTOR #### //
        // ############### //
39
40
41
        * Constructs the directory processor.
42
43
         * @param sourceDir a directory name, in the form of a path.
         * Oparam commandFile a name of a file, also in the form of a relative or absolute path.
44
         * Othrows TypeIIError Type II exception of processing
45
46
47
        DirectoryProcessor(String sourceDir, String commandFile) throws TypeIIError {
48
            try {
                File sourceDirPath = new File(sourceDir);
                File commandFilePath = new File(commandFile);
50
51
                if (!sourceDirPath.exists())
                    throw new TypeIIError(SOURCE_DIRECTORY_ERROR);
52
                if (!commandFilePath.exists())
53
                    throw new TypeIIError(ACCESS_COMMAND_FILE_ERROR);
54
                rawFiles = sourceDirPath.listFiles(File::isFile);
56
                commandFileLines = Files.readAllLines(Paths.get(commandFile));
            } catch (IOException e) {
                throw new TypeIIError(ACCESS_COMMAND_FILE_ERROR);
58
            } catch (NullPointerException e) {
```

```
60
                 throw new TypeIIError(SOURCE_DIRECTORY_ERROR);
             }
61
        }
62
63
        // ############ //
64
        // #### METHODS #### //
65
        // ########### //
66
67
68
        private void execute() throws TypeIIError {
             SectionBuilder builder = new SectionBuilder(commandFileLines);
69
             for (Section section: builder.createSections()) \{
70
71
                 section.executeCommands(rawFiles);
72
        }
73
74
        // ############### //
75
         // #### MAIN METHOD #### //
76
        // ############## //
77
78
79
80
         * Main function that runs the program
         * {\it Cparam args} command line arguments to run the program
81
82
        public static void main(String[] args) {
83
84
                 if (args.length != 2)
85
                     throw new TypeIIError(USAGE_ERROR);
86
                 DirectoryProcessor processor = new DirectoryProcessor(args[0], args[1]);
87
                 processor.execute();
88
89
             \} \  \, {\tt catch} \  \, ({\tt TypeIIError} \  \, {\tt exception}) \  \, \{
90
                 System.err.println(exception.getMessage());
91
        }
92
93
    }
```

### 4 filesprocessing/FileSort.java

```
package filesprocessing;
2
3
    import java.io.File;
    import java.util.ArrayList;
4
   import java.util.Comparator;
     * User-defined sorting class that uses QuickSort algorithm
9
    public class FileSort {
10
11
        // ############### //
12
        // #### ATTRIBUTES #### //
13
        // ############## //
15
        /** The file comparator used in this sorter */
16
        private Comparator<File> fileComparator;
17
18
        // ############# //
19
        // #### CONSTRUCTOR #### //
20
        // ############### //
21
22
23
24
         * Constructs a new sorter
         * Oparam order The file comparator used in this sorter
26
27
        FileSort(Comparator<File> order) {
28
            fileComparator = order;
29
30
        // ############ //
31
        // #### METHODS #### //
32
        // ############ //
34
35
        * The partition function helps the quick sorts.
36
         * Oparam filesList list to be sorted.
37
38
         * Oparam left left most index.
         * Oparam right right most index.
39
         * Oreturn the index of the pivot, such that all objects in the left are
40
41
                      smaller than it, and all in the right are greater than it.
42
        private int partition(ArrayList<File> filesList, int left, int right) {
43
            int i = left, j = right;
44
            File tmp:
45
46
            File pivot = filesList.get((left + right) / 2);
            while (i <= j) {
47
                // filesList[i] < pivot
48
                while (fileComparator.compare(filesList.get(i), pivot) < 0)</pre>
                    i++:
50
                // filesList[j] > pivot
51
                while (fileComparator.compare(filesList.get(j), pivot) > 0)
52
53
                    j--;
                if (i <= j) {
54
                    // swap
55
56
                    tmp = filesList.get(i);
                    filesList.set(i, filesList.get(j));
                    filesList.set(j, tmp);
58
59
                    i++;
```

```
j--;
60
                   }
61
              }
62
63
              return i;
64
65
66
          * The quick sort function (sorts in ascending order)
* Oparam filesList list to be sorted.
67
68
          * @param left left most index.
69
          * @param right right most index.
70
71
          void quickSort(ArrayList<File> filesList, int left, int right) {
72
              int index = partition(filesList, left, right);
73
              if (left < index - 1)
   quickSort(filesList, left, index - 1);</pre>
74
75
               \verb|if| (\verb|index| < \verb|right|)
76
77
                   quickSort(filesList, index, right);
          }
78
79
80
    // End of FileSort Class
81
```

### 5 filesprocessing/Section.java

```
package filesprocessing;
2
3
    import filesprocessing.Filter.FilterFactory;
    import filesprocessing.ProcessingExceptions.TypeIError;
4
    import filesprocessing.Order.OrderFactory;
    import java.io.File;
    import java.io.FileFilter;
    import java.util.ArrayList;
   import java.util.Arrays;
10
11
    import java.util.Comparator;
12
13
    * Represents a single section of command file
15
    public class Section {
16
17
        // ############ //
18
        // #### CONSTANTS #### //
19
        // ############# //
20
21
22
        /** The delimiter between command parameters */
        private final static String DELIMITER = "#";
23
24
        /** The default order: by absolute name, in ascending order */
        private final static String DEFAULT_ORDER = "abs";
26
27
28
        // ############### //
        // #### ATTRIBUTES #### //
29
30
        // ########### //
31
        /** The filer command line before parsing */
32
        private final String filterCommand;
34
        /** The parsed parts of the filter command */
35
        private final int filterLine;
36
37
        private String filterName;
38
        private String[] filterValues = new String[0];
        private boolean negatedFilter = false;
39
40
41
        /** The order command line before parsing */
        private final String orderCommand;
42
43
        /** The parsed parts of the order command */
44
        private final int orderLine:
45
46
        private String orderName = DEFAULT_ORDER;
        private boolean reversedOrder = false;
47
48
        // ########### //
        // #### CONSTRUCTOR #### //
50
        // ############### //
51
52
53
54
         * Constructs a new section
         * @param filterCmd filter command
56
         * @param filterLineNum filter command line number
         * @param orderCmd order command
         * Oparam orderLineNum order command line number
58
```

```
60
          {\tt Section}({\tt String\ filterCmd},\ {\tt int}\ {\tt filterLineNum},
                  String orderCmd, int orderLineNum) {
 61
 62
              filterCommand = filterCmd:
              filterLine = filterLineNum;
 63
              orderCommand = orderCmd;
 64
 65
              orderLine = orderLineNum;
 66
 67
          // ########### //
 68
          // #### METHODS #### //
 69
          // ########### //
 70
 71
 72
          st Executing the current section commands
 73
 74
           * Oparam rawFiles list of all files before processing
 75
 76
          void executeCommands(File[] rawFiles) {
              ArrayList<File> filteredFiles = new ArrayList<>();
 77
              // filter files array
 78
              FileFilter sectionFilter = getFilter();
 79
              for (File pathname: rawFiles) {
 80
 81
                  if (sectionFilter.accept(pathname))
                      filteredFiles.add(pathname);
 82
 83
              }
              // sort files
 84
              FileSort sorter = new FileSort(getOrder());
 85
              if (filteredFiles.size() > 0)
 86
 87
                  sorter.quickSort(filteredFiles, 0, filteredFiles.size() - 1);
              // print files names
 88
 89
              \quad \hbox{for (File pathname: filteredFiles)} \\
 90
                  System.out.println(pathname.getName());
         }
 91
 92
 93
          * Gets the suitable file filter
 94
 95
           * Oreturn the file filter corresponding to the filter command
 96
          private FileFilter getFilter() {
 97
 98
              try {
                  parseFilter(filterCommand, filterLine);
 99
100
                  return FilterFactory.select(filterName, filterValues, filterLine, negatedFilter);
              } catch (TypeIError exception) {
101
102
                  System.err.println(exception.getMessage());
103
                  // Default filter (="all")
                  return pathname -> true;
104
              }
105
106
         }
107
108
           * Gets the suitable file order
109
           * Oreturn the file order corresponding to the order command
110
111
112
         private Comparator<File> getOrder() {
113
              try {
                  // if order command is an empty line return default order (i.e. abs)
114
                  if (orderCommand.equals("") && orderLine == -1)
115
116
                      return Comparator.comparing(File::getAbsolutePath);
117
                  parseOrder(orderCommand, orderLine);
                  return OrderFactory.select(orderName, orderLine, reversedOrder);
118
119
              } catch (TypeIError exception) {
120
                  System.err.println(exception.getMessage());
121
                   // Default order (="abs")
122
                  return Comparator.comparing(File::getAbsolutePath);
              }
123
         }
124
125
126
127
          * Parsing the filter command.
```

```
128
                           st @param filterCommand filter command of this section
129
                           * @param filterLineNum filter command line
                           * @throws TypeIError WARNING
130
131
132
                       private void parseFilter(String filterCommand, int filterLineNum) throws TypeIError {
                                  String[] commandParts = filterCommand.split(DELIMITER);
133
                                   // filter command is composed of 1-4 parts (includes NOT)
134
                                  if (commandParts.length < 1 || commandParts.length > 4) {
135
136
                                             throw new TypeIError(filterLineNum);
137
                                  filterName = commandParts[0];
138
139
                                  if (commandParts.length > 1) {
                                            negatedFilter = commandParts[commandParts.length-1].equals("NOT");
140
                                             int argsNum = (negatedFilter) ? commandParts.length-2 : commandParts.length-1;
141
142
                                             filterValues = Arrays.copyOfRange(commandParts, 1, argsNum+1);
143
                       }
144
145
146
147
                           * Parsing the order command.
                           * @param orderCommand order command of this section
148
                           * Oparam orderLineNum order command line
149
                           * Othrows TypeIError WARNING
150
151
152
                        private \ void \ parseOrder (String \ orderCommand, \ int \ orderLineNum) \ throws \ TypeIError \ \{ begin{picture}(1,0) \put(0,0) \put(
153
                                  String[] commandParts = orderCommand.split(DELIMITER);
                                   // If there is an order command, it is composed of 1-2 parts (includes REVERSE)
154
155
                                  if (commandParts.length == 1) {
                                            orderName = commandParts[0];
156
157
                                  } else if (commandParts.length == 2) {
158
                                             orderName = commandParts[0];
                                            reversedOrder = commandParts[1].equals("REVERSE");
159
160
                                             // the reverse part (2nd one) not equals to "REVERSE"
161
                                            if (!reversedOrder)
                                                       throw new TypeIError(orderLineNum);
162
163
                                  } else if (commandParts.length > 2) {
                                             throw new TypeIError(orderLineNum);
164
165
                       }
166
167
             // End of Section Class
168
```

#### 6 filesprocessing/SectionBuilder.java

```
package filesprocessing;
3
    import filesprocessing.ProcessingExceptions.TypeIIError;
4
    import java.util.ArrayList;
    import java.util.List;
     * Builds the whole sections in the command file
10
11
    public class SectionBuilder {
12
        // ################ //
13
        // #### CONSTANTS #### //
        // ############## //
15
16
        final static String FILTER_TITLE = "FILTER";
17
        private final static String FILTER_MISSING = "FILTER title is missing.";
18
19
        final static String ORDER_TITLE = "ORDER";
        private final static String ORDER_MISSING = "ORDER title is missing.";
20
21
22
        // ############# //
        // #### ATTRIBUTES #### //
23
        // ############### //
24
        /** List of all commands in command file */
26
27
        private final List<String> fileCommands;
28
        // ################ //
29
30
        // #### CONSTRUCTOR #### //
        // ############### //
31
32
         * Constructs a new section builder.
34
        * @param commandFileLines List of all commands in command file.
35
36
        {\tt SectionBuilder(List{<}String{>}\ commandFileLines)}\ \{
37
38
            fileCommands = commandFileLines;
39
40
41
        // ########### //
        // #### METHODS #### //
42
        // ############ //
43
44
45
46
         * Creates an ArrayList of all sections of the command file.
         * @return ArrayList of all sections of the command file.
47
         * Othrows TypeIIError ERROR Exceptions.
48
        ArrayList<Section> createSections() throws TypeIIError {
50
51
            ArrayList<Section> sections = new ArrayList<>();
            int idx = 0;
52
53
54
                while (idx < fileCommands.size()) {</pre>
                    String filterCommand, orderCommand;
55
56
                    int filterLineNum, orderLineNum;
                    // Check FILTER sub-section
                    if (!fileCommands.get(idx).equals(FILTER_TITLE))
58
                        throw new TypeIIError(FILTER_MISSING);
59
```

```
60
                      filterCommand = fileCommands.get(idx + 1);
                      filterLineNum = idx + 2;
61
                      // Checks ORDER sub_section
62
                      if (!fileCommands.get(idx + 2).equals(ORDER_TITLE))
                           throw new TypeIIError(ORDER_MISSING);
64
                      /\!/\!\!\!\!/ \ \textit{No command in ORDER sub-section}
65
                      if ((idx + 3 >= fileCommands.size()) || (fileCommands.get(idx + 3).equals(FILTER_TITLE))) {
66
                           orderCommand = "";
67
                           orderLineNum = -1;
68
                           idx += 3; // section is 3 lines long
69
                      } else {
70
71
                           orderCommand = fileCommands.get(idx + 3);
                           orderLineNum = idx + 4;
72
                           idx += 4; // section is 4 lines long
73
74
                      {\tt sections.add} ({\tt new Section} ({\tt filterCommand}, \ {\tt filterLineNum},
75
76
                                                  orderCommand, orderLineNum));
77
             \ \} \ {\tt catch} \ ({\tt IndexOutOfBoundsException} \ e) \ \{
78
                  // there is only the FILTER title line in this section
80
                  throw new TypeIIError(FILTER_MISSING);
81
82
             return sections;
83
84
    // End of SectionBuilder Class
```

### 7 filesprocessing/Filter/FilterFactory.java

```
package filesprocessing.Filter;
3
    import filesprocessing.ProcessingExceptions.TypeIError;
4
    import java.io.FileFilter;
     * A factory class for filters used in Directory Processor
    public class FilterFactory {
10
11
        private static final double BYTES_IN_KB = 1024;
12
13
         * Returns the selected file filter
15
         * Oparam filterName filter name
16
         * Oparam filterValues filter parameters
17
         * Oparam filterLine line number
18
19
         * @param negatedFilter is the filter negated?
         * @return The selected file filter
20
         * @throws TypeIError WARNINGS
21
22
        public static FileFilter select(String filterName, String[] filterValues,
23
24
                                 int filterLine, boolean negatedFilter) throws TypeIError {
            FileFilter filter;
            try {
26
27
                switch (filterName) {
28
                case "greater_than":
                    filter = greaterThan(filterValues, filterLine);
29
30
                    break;
31
                case "between":
                    filter = between(filterValues, filterLine);
32
                case "smaller than":
34
35
                    filter = smallerThan(filterValues, filterLine);
36
                    break;
                case "file":
37
38
                    filter = file(filterValues, filterLine);
                    break;
39
40
                case "contains":
41
                    filter = contains(filterValues, filterLine);
42
                    break:
43
                case "prefix":
                    filter = prefix(filterValues, filterLine);
44
45
                    break:
46
                case "suffix":
                    filter = suffix(filterValues, filterLine);
47
48
                    break:
                case "writable":
                    filter = writable(filterValues, filterLine);
50
51
                    break:
                case "executable":
52
                    filter = executable(filterValues, filterLine);
53
54
                    break;
                case "hidden":
55
56
                    filter = hidden(filterValues, filterLine);
                case "all":
58
                    filter = all(filterValues, filterLine);
```

```
60
                      break;
 61
                  default: // filter name not matching any case
 62
                      throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
 63
 64
                  // check if filter is negated
                 return (negatedFilter) ? new NegatedFilter(filter): filter;
 65
             } catch (TypeIError e) {
 66
                 throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
 67
 68
         }
 69
 70
 71
 72
          * Tests whether or not the specified abstract pathname size is
 73
          * strictly greater than the given number of k-bytes
 74
           * @param args size in KB
          * Oparam filterLine line number
 75
 76
          st Oreturn true if and only if pathname size is strictly greater
 77
                        than the given number of k-bytes
          * Othrows TypeIError WARNINGS
 78
 79
         private static FileFilter greaterThan(String[] args, int filterLine) throws TypeIError {
 80
 81
             try {
                  if (args.length != 1)
 82
                      throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
 83
                  double size = Double.parseDouble(args[0]);
 84
 85
                  if (size < 0)
                      throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
 86
 87
                  return pathname -> pathname.length()/BYTES_IN_KB > size;
             } catch (Exception e) {
 88
 89
                  throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
 90
             }
         }
 91
 92
 93
          * Tests whether or not the specified abstract pathname size is
 94
 95
          * between (inclusive) the given numbers (in k-bytes)
           * Oparam args size bounds (inclusive)
 96
          * @param filterLine line number
 97
           * Oreturn true if and only if pathname size is between (inclusive)
                       the given numbers (in k-bytes)
 99
          st Othrows TypeIError WARNINGS
100
101
         private static FileFilter between(String[] args, int filterLine) throws TypeIError {
102
103
                 if (args.length != 2)
104
                      throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
105
106
                  double lower = Double.parseDouble(args[0]);
                  double upper = Double.parseDouble(args[1]);
107
108
                  if (lower < 0 || upper < 0 || upper < lower)
109
                      throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
                  return pathname -> pathname.length()/BYTES_IN_KB >= lower &&
110
                                     pathname.length()/BYTES_IN_KB <= upper;</pre>
111
112
             } catch (Exception e) {
113
                  throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
114
         }
115
116
117
          * Tests whether or not the specified abstract pathname size is
118
119
          * strictly smaller than the given number of k-bytes
120
           * Oparam args size in KB
121
          * Oparam filterLine line number
          st Oreturn true if and only if pathname size is strictly smaller
122
                       than the given number of k-bytes
123
          * @throws TypeIError WARNINGS
124
125
         private static FileFilter smallerThan(String[] args, int filterLine) throws TypeIError {
126
127
             try {
```

```
128
                 if (args.length != 1)
129
                      throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
                  double size = Double.parseDouble(args[0]);
130
                  if (size < 0)
131
132
                      throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
                 return pathname -> pathname.length()/BYTES_IN_KB < size;</pre>
133
             } catch (Exception e) {
134
                 throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
135
136
         }
137
138
139
          * Tests whether or not the specified abstract pathname last name
140
141
          * equals the file name
142
           * Oparam args file name to compare
           * Oparam filterLine line number
143
144
           st Oreturn true if and only if the last name in the pathname
                       equals the given file name
145
          * @throws TypeIError WARNINGS
146
147
         private static FileFilter file(String[] args, int filterLine) throws TypeIError {
148
149
             try {
                  String fileName = (args.length == 0) ? "" : args[0];
150
                  return pathname -> pathname.getName().equals(fileName);
151
             \} catch (Exception e) {
152
153
                  throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
154
         }
155
156
157
158
           * Tests whether or not the given substring is contained in
           st the last name of the specified abstract pathname
159
160
           st Oparam args sub-string to search for
161
           * @param filterLine line number
           * Oreturn true if and only if value is contained in the
162
163
                      file name (excluding path)
164
          * Othrows TypeIError WARNINGS
165
         private static FileFilter contains(String[] args, int filterLine) throws TypeIError {
166
167
             trv {
                 String value = (args.length == 0) ? "" : args[0];
168
                 return pathname -> pathname.getName().contains(value);
169
             } catch (Exception e) {
170
171
                  throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
172
         }
173
174
175
176
          st Tests whether or not the given substring is the prefix
177
          * of the file name (excluding path)
           * Oparam args substring to check
178
179
           * Oparam filterLine line number
180
           * Oreturn true if and only if value is the prefix of the
                      file name (excluding path)
181
           * @throws TypeIError WARNINGS
182
183
         private static FileFilter prefix(String[] args, int filterLine) throws TypeIError {
184
185
                 String prefix = (args.length == 0) ? "" : args[0];
186
187
                 return pathname -> pathname.getName().startsWith(prefix);
             } catch (Exception e) {
188
189
                  throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
190
         }
191
192
193
          * Tests whether or not the given substring is the suffix
194
195
          * of the file name (excluding path)
```

```
196
           st Oparam args substring to check
           * Oparam filterLine line number
197
198
           st Oreturn true if and only if value is the suffix of the
                        file name (excluding path)
199
           * Othrows TypeIError WARNINGS
200
201
         private static FileFilter suffix(String[] args, int filterLine) throws TypeIError {
202
203
              try {
                  String suffix = (args.length == 0) ? "" : args[0];
204
                  return pathname -> pathname.getName().endsWith(suffix);
205
              \} \ \mathtt{catch} \ (\mathtt{Exception} \ \mathtt{e}) \ \{
206
207
                  throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
208
         }
209
210
211
212
           * Does file have writing permission? (for the current user)
213
           * Oparam args permission
           * @param filterLine line number
214
           * Oreturn true if and only if the file have writing permission
215
           * @throws TypeIError WARNINGS
216
217
         private static FileFilter writable(String[] args, int filterLine) throws TypeIError {
218
219
              try {
220
                  String value = args[0];
                  if (!(value.equals("YES") || value.equals("NO")))
221
                      throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
222
223
                  boolean permission = value.equals("YES");
                  return pathname -> (permission == pathname.canWrite());
224
225
              \} catch (Exception e) {
226
                  throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
227
         }
228
229
230
231
           * Does file have execution permission? (for the current user)
232
           * Oparam args permission
233
           *\ \textit{Oparam filterLine line number}
           * Oreturn true if and only if the file have execution permission
234
           * Othrows TypeIError WARNINGS
235
236
237
         private static FileFilter executable(String[] args, int filterLine) throws TypeIError {
238
              try {
239
                  String value = args[0];
                  if (!(value.equals("YES") || value.equals("NO")))
240
                      throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
241
242
                  boolean permission = value.equals("YES");
                  return pathname -> (permission == pathname.canExecute());
243
244
              \} catch (Exception e) {
245
                  throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
246
         }
247
248
          /**
249
           * Is the file a hidden file?
250
           * @param args YES\NO
251
           *\ \textit{Oparam filterLine line number}
252
           * Oreturn true if and only if the file is hidden file.
253
           * @throws TypeIError WARNINGS
254
255
         private static FileFilter hidden(String[] args, int filterLine) throws TypeIError {
256
257
              try {
258
                  String value = args[0];
                  if (!(value.equals("YES") || value.equals("NO")))
259
                      throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
260
                  boolean permission = value.equals("YES");
261
                  return pathname -> (permission == pathname.isHidden());
262
263
              } catch (Exception e) {
```

```
throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
^{264}
265
              }
         }
266
^{267}
268
        * all files are matched

* Greturn true for every pathname

*/
269
270
271
       private static FileFilter all(String[] args, int filterLine) throws TypeIError {
272
         if (args.length != 0)
273
                  throw new TypeIError(filterLine);
274
             return pathname -> true;
^{275}
276
277 }
278 // End of FilterFactory
```

#### 8 filesprocessing/Filter/NegatedFilter.java

```
package filesprocessing.Filter;
2
3
   import java.io.File;
   import java.io.FileFilter;
4
    * Decorator class for FileFilter
    public class NegatedFilter implements FileFilter {
10
       // ################ //
11
      // #### ATTRIBUTES #### //
12
       13
       /** The original filter to be negated */
15
       private final FileFilter originalFilter;
16
       // ################# //
18
       // #### CONSTRUCTOR #### //
19
       // ############### //
20
21
22
       * constructs a new negated filter
23
24
        * @param filter filter to be negated
       NegatedFilter(FileFilter filter) {
26
27
         originalFilter = filter;
28
29
       // ############# //
       // #### METHODS #### //
31
       // ########### //
32
34
        * Tests whether or not the specified abstract pathname should
35
        * be included in a pathname list.
36
        * @param pathname The abstract pathname to be tested
37
        * Creturn true if and only if pathname should be included
38
       @Override
40
41
       public boolean accept(File pathname) {
          return !originalFilter.accept(pathname);
42
43
44
   // End of NegatedFilter Decorator class
```

### 9 filesprocessing/Order/OrderFactory.java

```
package filesprocessing.Order;
2
3
    {\tt import files processing. Processing Exceptions. Type I Error;}
4
    import java.io.File;
    import java.util.Comparator;
    * A factory class for orders used in Directory Processor
10
11
    public class OrderFactory {
12
        // ############## //
13
       // #### CONSTANTS #### //
        // ############## //
15
16
       private static final int EQUAL = 0;
17
       private static final String PERIOD_DELIMITER = ".";
18
19
       private static final String ABSOLUTE_NAME_ORDER = "abs";
20
        private static final String TYPE_ORDER = "type";
21
22
        private static final String SIZE_ORDER = "size";
23
       // ########## //
24
       // #### ATTRIBUTES #### //
        // ############### //
26
27
28
        // ############# //
        // #### CONSTRUCTOR #### //
29
        // ############ //
31
        // ############ //
32
        // #### METHODS #### //
        // ############ //
34
35
36
        * Returns the selected file order
37
38
         * @param orderName order name
         * Oparam orderLine line number
39
40
         * Oparam reversedOrder is the order reversed?
41
         * @return The selected file order
         * @throws TypeIError WARNINGS
42
43
44
        public static Comparator<File> select(String orderName, int orderLine,
                                       boolean reversedOrder) throws TypeIError {
45
46
            Comparator<File> order;
47
            try {
48
                switch (orderName) {
                case ABSOLUTE_NAME_ORDER:
                    order = abs();
50
51
                    break;
                case TYPE_ORDER:
52
                    order = type();
53
54
                    break;
                case SIZE_ORDER:
55
56
                    order = size();
                default: // order name not matching any case
58
                    throw new TypeIError(orderLine);
```

```
60
                  }
 61
                  // check if order is reversed
                  return (reversedOrder) ? order.reversed() : order;
 62
              } catch (TypeIError e) {
 63
 64
                  throw new TypeIError(orderLine);
 65
         }
 66
 67
 68
          // #### ORDERS OF THE PROCESSOR #### //
 69
 70
 71
          * File order according to its absolute name, from 'a' to 'z'.
 72
           * @return a file comparator according to absolute name.
 73
 74
         private static Comparator<File> abs() {
             return Comparator.comparing(File::getAbsolutePath);
 75
 76
 77
 78
 79
          * File order by type, then by absolute name.
           * Oreturn a file comparator by type, then by absolute name.
 80
 81
         private static Comparator<File> type() {
 82
             \texttt{return (file1, file2)} \; -\!\!\!> \; \{
 83
                  int order = fileType(file1).compareTo(fileType(file2));
 84
                  if (order == EQUAL)
 85
                      return abs().compare(file1, file2);
 86
 87
                  return order;
              };
 88
         }
 89
 90
 91
          st File order by size, then by absolute name.
 92
           * Oreturn a file comparator by size, then by absolute name.
 93
 94
 95
         private static Comparator<File> size() {
 96
              return (file1, file2) -> {
                  int order = Long.compare(file1.length(), file2.length());
 97
                  if (order == EQUAL)
                      return abs().compare(file1, file2);
 99
100
                  return order;
              };
101
         }
102
103
104
          * Returns the file type (i.e. its extension)
105
106
           * Oparam file the file to check
           * Oreturn the file extension.
107
108
         private static String fileType(File file) {
109
              int delimiterIDX = file.getName().lastIndexOf(PERIOD_DELIMITER);
110
111
              /* I. (delimiterIDX == -1) NOT_FOUND
112
               * A file without a period in its name is considered to have
113
               * the empty string as its extension.
               * II. (delimiterIDX == 0)
114
               st A file starts with a period and its name does not contain another
115
               * period (as delimiter), it should be treated as if the file's
116
117
               * type is the empty string. */
              if (delimiterIDX < 1)</pre>
118
119
                  return "";
              int endIDX = file.getName().length();
120
              return file.getName().substring(delimiterIDX, endIDX);
121
122
123
     // End of OrderFactory
124
```

## 10 filesprocessing/ProcessingExceptions/ProcessingExc

# 11 filesprocessing/ProcessingExceptions/TypelError.jav

```
package filesprocessing.ProcessingExceptions;
2
3
    * Type I errors (Warnings):
4
    * Bad parameters in the FILTER/ORDER line */
5
    public class TypeIError extends ProcessingExceptions {
       * Exception Constructor

* @param lineNum number of line where the warning had be thrown

*/
10
11
12
        public TypeIError(int lineNum) {
13
        super(String.format("Warning in line %d", lineNum));
15
16 }
```

# 12 filesprocessing/ProcessingExceptions/TypeIIError.ja

```
package filesprocessing.ProcessingExceptions;
2
3
    * Type II errors:
4
    * Invalid Usage, I/O problems, bad sub-section name
*/
5
    public class TypeIIError extends ProcessingExceptions{
      * Exception Constructor
* Oparam errorMessage Error message
*/
10
11
12
      public TypeIIError(String errorMessage) {
        super("ERROR: " + errorMessage);
}
13
15
16 }
```