

Exp No : 01 SIMPLY SUPPORTED BEAM

* PROBLEM STATEMENT : A simply supported beam of a residential building has been proposed as per the following details.

- Cross Section of beam - $230 \times 450 \text{ mm}$
- clear span - 2m and overall span - 2.46m
- Main reinforcement (A_{st}) = 300 mm^2 at the bottom Out of which half bars are curtailed near support
- Shear reinforcement (Stirrups) 6mm dia (2LVS) at 120mm c/c
- General details - Material used M20 Concrete, Fe415 Steel.
- Overlap length - 35 times dia
- clear cover of main steel - 25 mm

* CALCULATION :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{no of Bars} &= \frac{A_{st}}{a_{st}} \\ &= \frac{300}{\frac{\pi}{4} \times (10)^2} \\ &= 3.82 \approx 4 \text{ bars} \end{aligned}$$

* Selection of bars.

S.N	Dia	Area of bar	no of bars	Total A_{st}	Remark
01	10	78.54 mm^2	3.82 \approx 4	314.16 mm^2	✓
02	12	113.09 mm^2	2.05 \approx 3	339.27 mm^2	

We have to provide 4 no of bars of diameter 10mm.

clc distance of outer bar = $180 - 10\frac{1}{2} - 10\frac{1}{2} = 170 \text{ mm}$

clc distance of each bar = $\frac{170}{3} = 56.67 \text{ mm}$

Clear distance of each bar = $56.66 - \frac{10}{2} - \frac{10}{2} = 46.66 \text{ mm}$

it should be greater than cover \leftarrow

$46.66 > 25 \text{ mm (Safe) (Cover)}$

Let us provide 2 bars straight and two bar curtailed bars are curtailed at a distance of $4\frac{1}{4}$ from the Support.

Curtailed length from the support = 285 mm

2 curtailed bars are provided.

* Details of bars with notation :-

A - 2 number of 10 mm main bars straight at bottom.

B - 2 number of 10 mm curtailed at the bottom.

C - 6 mm 2LVS @ 120 clc

D - 10 mm, 2 no's top hanger bars (assumed)

* GENERAL NOTES :-

1. Notes and drawing in sheet should be in mm.

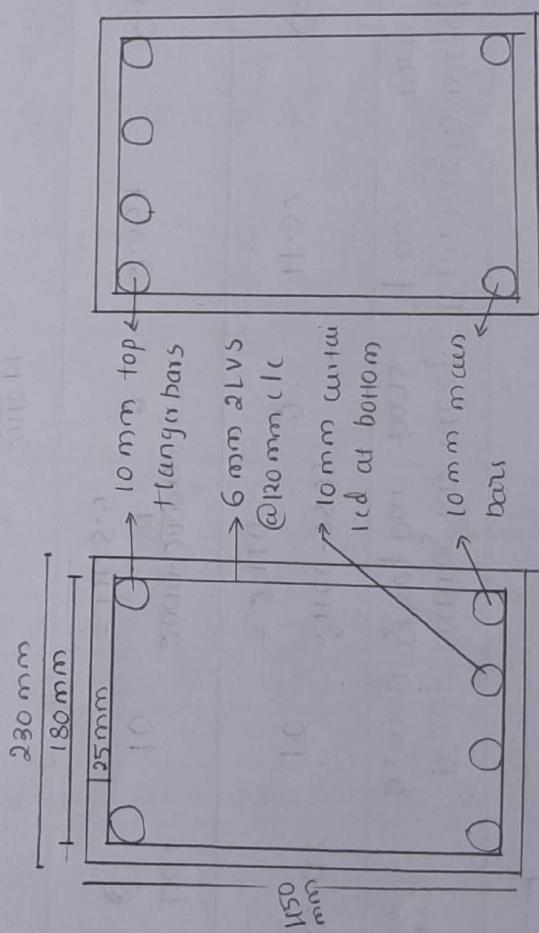
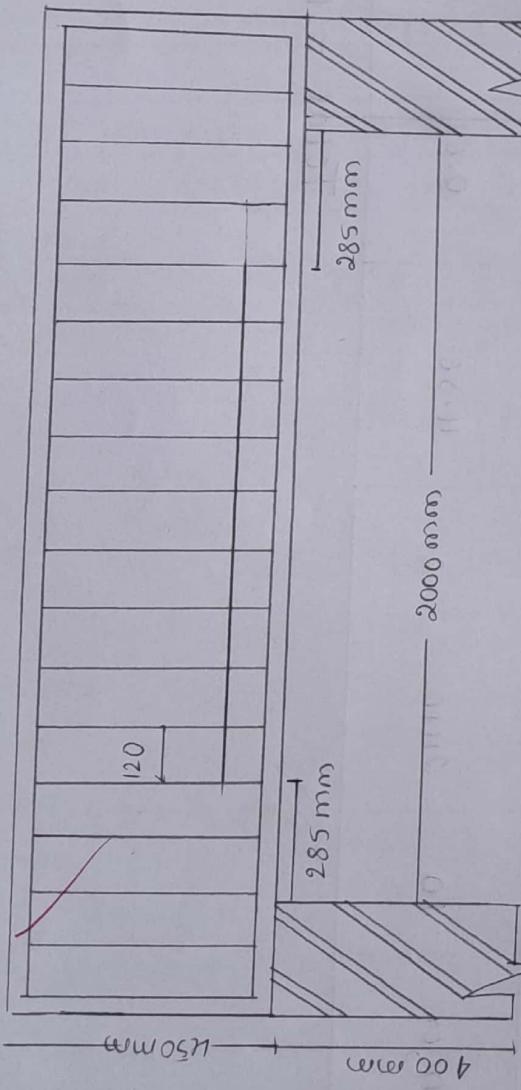
2. Materials are used M20 and Fe415 Steel

3. Clear cover to the main steel is 25 on bottom top as well as sides.

4 Development length is 25φ and overlap length is 12φ.

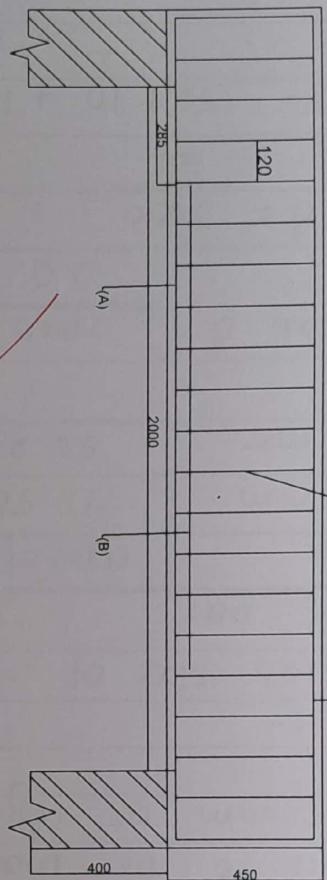
* BAR WELDING SCHEDULE :-

Sl no	Particulars	Dia of b (mm)	Cutting len -gth of bar	No of bars	Total length of bar	wt of bar per meter length	wt of bar per weight in (kg)
01	Main bar at bottom	10	$2460 - 25.25$ = 2410	2	4.82	0.61	2.94
02	Curtailed bar in center @ L/4	10	$2000 - 2000 \times 2$ = 1428.5	2	2.857	0.61	1.71
03	Straps	6	1232	$\frac{2140+1}{120} = 21.08$ 22	27.104	0.22	5.96
04	Top flanger	10	2410	2	4.86	0.61	2.94
							Total = 13.58 kg



SIMPLY SUPPORTED BEAM

(D)



LEGEND :-

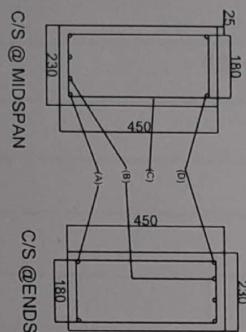
- A - 2 NO OF 10 MM DIA MAIN BARS, STRAIGHT AT THE BOTTOM
- B - 2 NO OF 10 MM CURTAILED AT THE BOTTOM
- C - 6 MM 2 LEGGED VERTICAL STIRRUPS @ 120 MM C/C
- D - 2 NO OF 10 MM TOP HANGER BARS

GENERAL DETAILS :-

- 1) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM
- 2) MATERIALS ARE USED ARE M20 GRADE CONCRETE AND Fe415 GRADE STEEL
- 3) CLEAR COVER TO THE MAIN STEEL IS 25 ON BOTTOM , TOP SIDE

- 4) OVERLAP LENGTH - 12 DIA
- 5) DEVELOPMENT LENGTH - 25 DIA

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C/S @ MIDSPAN

C/S @ ENDS

LONGITUDINAL SECTION ELEVATION REINFORCEMENT DETAILS

Ex No: 02 One way slab

* Geometric details :

Main bars of 160 mm^2 are provided in which half of which mainly actified at Castered ($L/2$) are bent at a distance from the support.

- Distribution steel at 0.12% of gross area.

* General Details :

1 Anchorage and Overlap length - 35 times dia and 12 mm dia respectively.

2 Materials used M20 Concrete Fc 415 Steel

3 Clear cover to be maintained 15 mm at top and bottom 25 mm at edge and ends.

* Solution :-

Consider slab size of = $3 \times 8 \text{ m}$

Selection of bar

S.NO	Dia	area of bar
1	10 mm	78.56 mm^2
2	12 mm	50.26 mm^2

$$\text{Depth of slab } d = \frac{\text{span}}{20}$$

$$d = \frac{3000}{20} = 150 \text{ mm}$$

$$D = 150 + \frac{10}{2} + 15 = 170 \text{ mm.}$$

$$\text{wall thickness} = 230 \text{ mm}$$

- Main $A_{st} = 440 \text{ mm}^2$

- Distribution A_{st} 12% of ϵ_A

$$= \frac{0.12}{100} \times 170 \times 1000$$

$$= 26.4 \text{ mm}^2$$

- Assuming 10 mm dia main bars

$$\text{Spacing} = \frac{\pi}{4} (10)^2 \times 100$$

$$= \frac{3.14}{4} \times 100$$

$$= 78.54 \text{ mm}$$

∴ provide 10 mm @ 175 mm c/c

$$- \text{No of bars} = \frac{8000}{175} + 1 = 46.7 \approx 47 \text{ No's}$$

No of main bars = 47

- length of main bar

$$L = 3000 - 25 - \frac{3000}{7} - 230 + 4 \times 10$$

$$= 3000 - 25 - 425 - 230 + 4 \times 10$$

$$= 2360 \text{ mm}$$

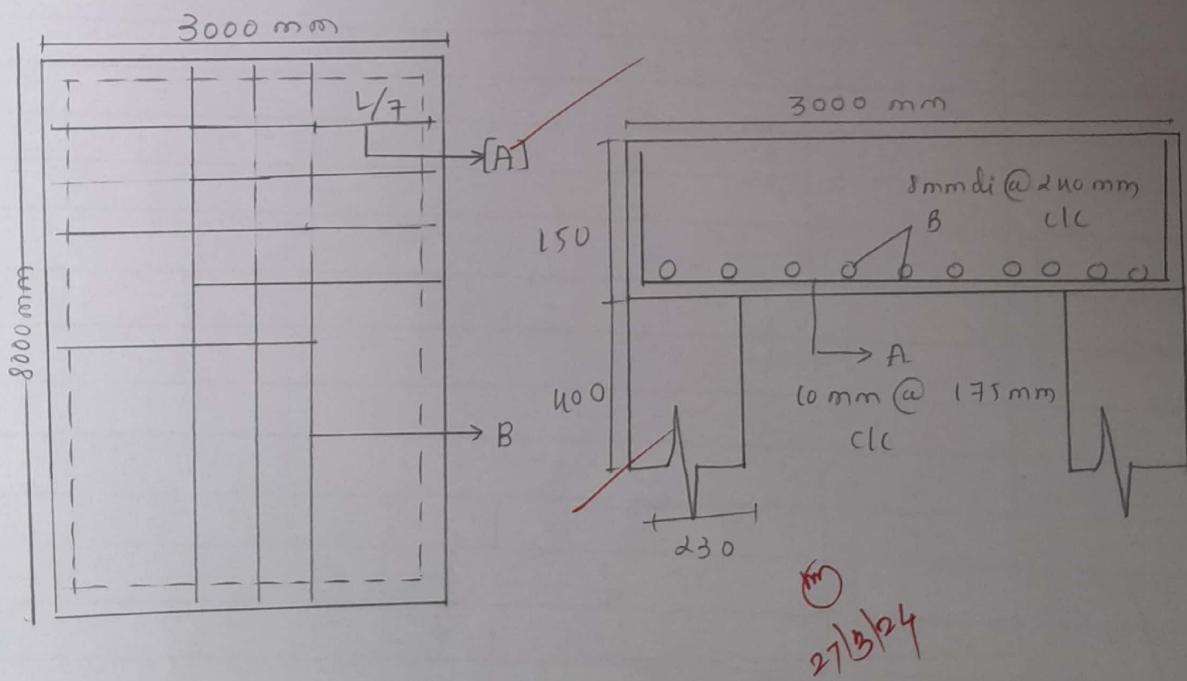
- Spacing of an distribution steel (8mm)

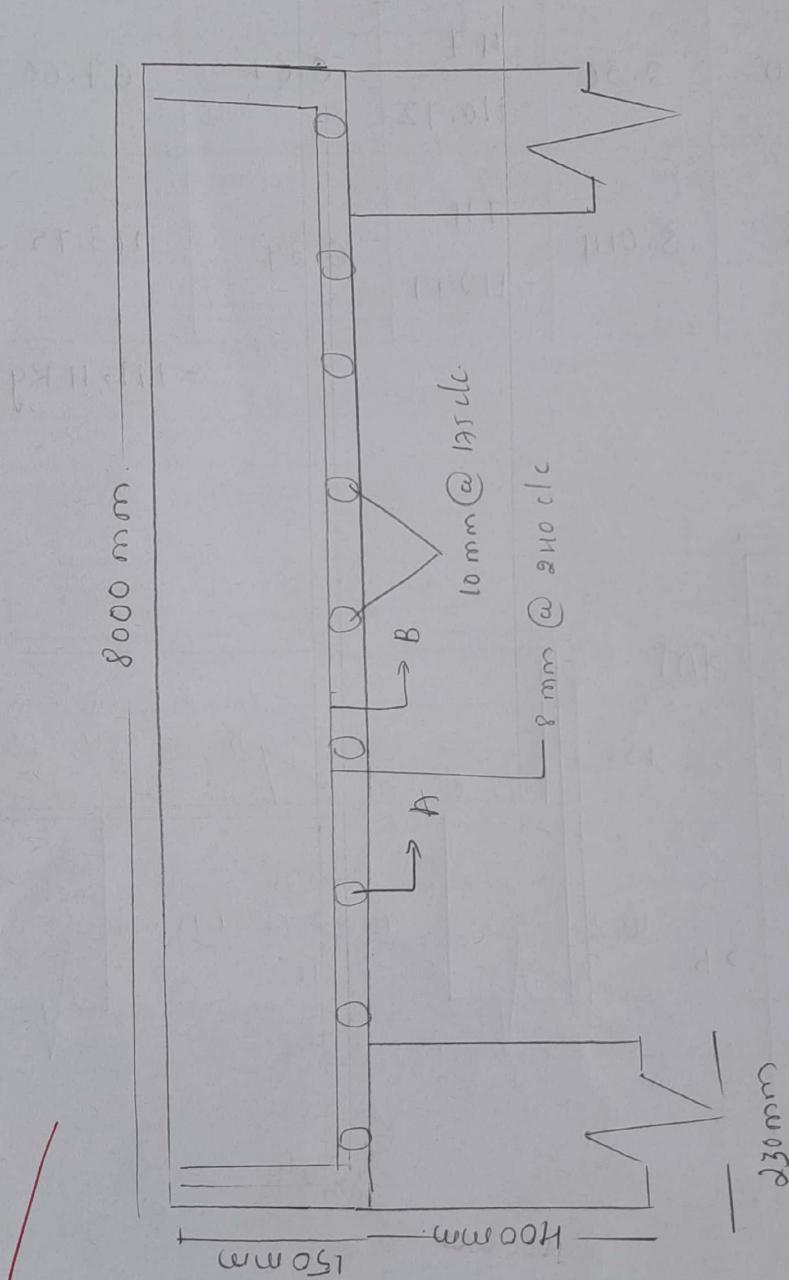
$$\text{Spacing} = \frac{\pi/4 \times (8)^2}{20} \times 1000$$

$$= 246.39 \text{ mm}$$

* Bar building schedule

SI no	Details	Dia (mm)	Length	No of bars	wt of bars	Total wt
01	Main bars	10	2.36	47 = 110.92	0.64	67.66
02	Dist Steel	8	8.014	14 = 112.19	0.39	43.75 = 111.4 Kg.





Length of bar in x direction.

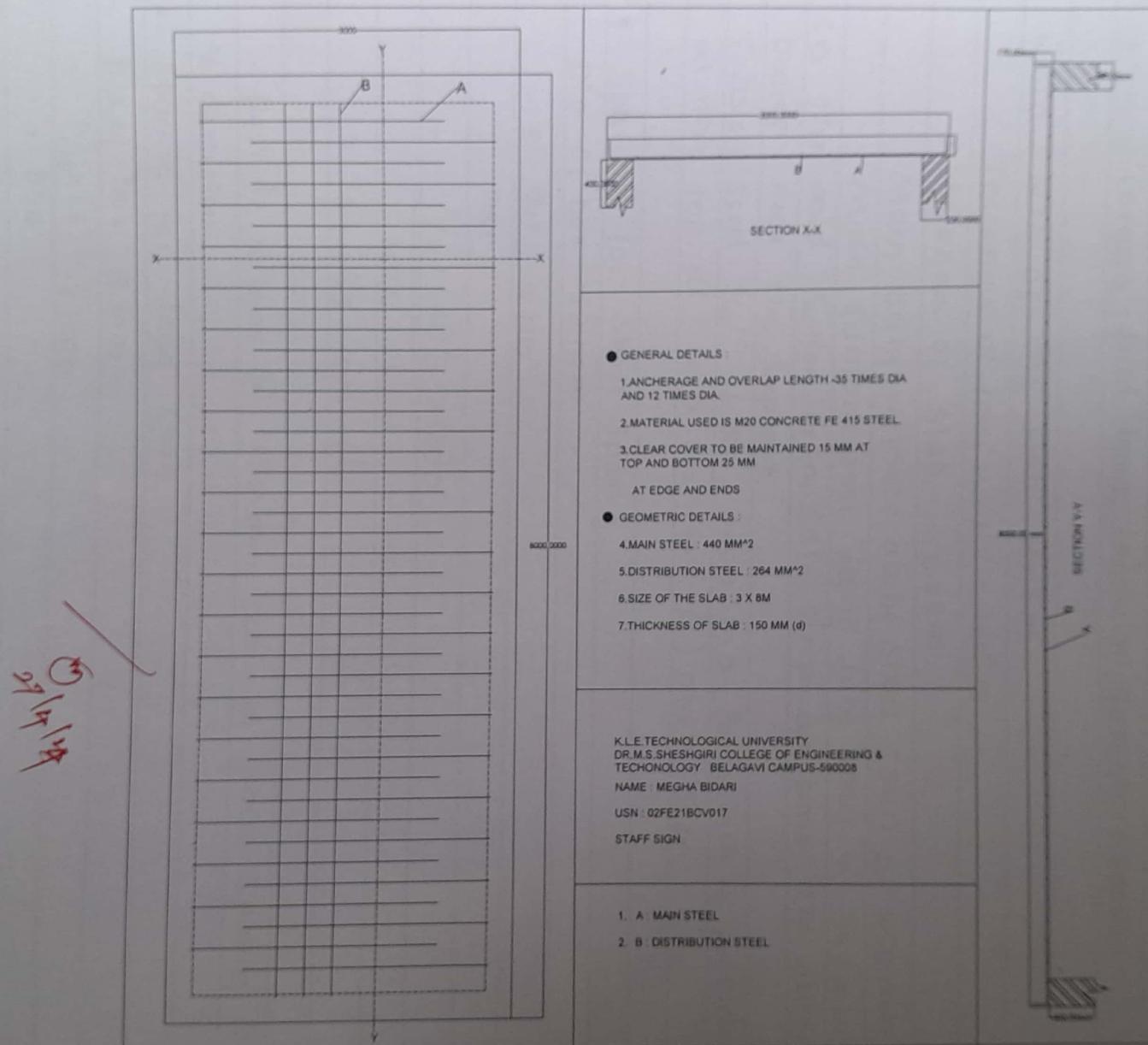
$$= 4460 - 2 \times 25 + 4 \times 10 \times 2$$

$$= 4490 \text{ mm}$$

Length of bar in y direction

$$= 5460 - 2 \times 25 + 4 \times 8 \times 2$$

$$= 5474 \text{ mm}$$



Ex: no 03 Two way simply supported slab.

AIM: Design 2 way simply supported beam with corners held down condition for store room.

Data - size of the slab $4 \times 5 \text{ m}$

Thickness of the wall - $4 \times 5 \text{ m}$

Thickness of slab - 0.23 m

Main reinforcement along short span = 450 mm^2

Main reinforcement along long span = 350 mm^2

In the mid section or middle strip, all bars are alternate bent up near the support

Tension steel $\frac{3}{4}$ th of the short span Ast which is provided at the top at each corner ($1/5$) slab size.

* Spacing for short span

Dia of bar 10 mm

$$= \frac{\text{Ast}}{10} \times 100$$

Ast

$$= \frac{\pi/4 \times (10)^2}{450} \times 1000$$

$$= 174.53 \text{ mm c/c}$$

\therefore provide 10 mm @ 150 mm centre to centre spacing for x direction.

* Spacing for long span

Dia of bar 8 mm

$$= \frac{\pi/4 \times (8)^2}{350} \times 1000$$

$$= 143.61 \text{ mm}$$

\therefore provide 8 mm @ 130 mm c/c Spacing (y direction)

$$\text{* Torsion Steel} = \frac{3}{4} \times 450 = 337.5 \approx 337$$

Assume 8 mm dia bars

$$\text{Spacing} = \frac{\pi}{4} \times (8)^2 \times 1000$$

337

$$= 149.15 \approx$$

$\approx 150 \text{ mm}$

\therefore provide 8mm @ 150 Centre to Centre.

$$\text{Distance from end of wall} = \frac{5.46}{5} = 1.09 \approx 1 \text{ m.}$$

$$L = \frac{4.46}{5} = 0.89 \approx 0.9 \text{ m.}$$

No of bars parallel to x direction

$$= \frac{5.46 \times 1000}{150} + 1$$

$$= 37.4 \approx 38 \text{ No's}$$

No of bars parallel to y direction

$$= \frac{4.46 \times 1000}{130} + 1$$

$$= 35.3 \approx 36 \text{ No's}$$

No of bars for torsion steel

$$\text{in y-direction} = \frac{1000}{150} + 1 = 7.66 \approx 8 \text{ No's}$$

$$\text{in x-direction} = \frac{900}{150} + 1 = 7 \text{ No's}$$

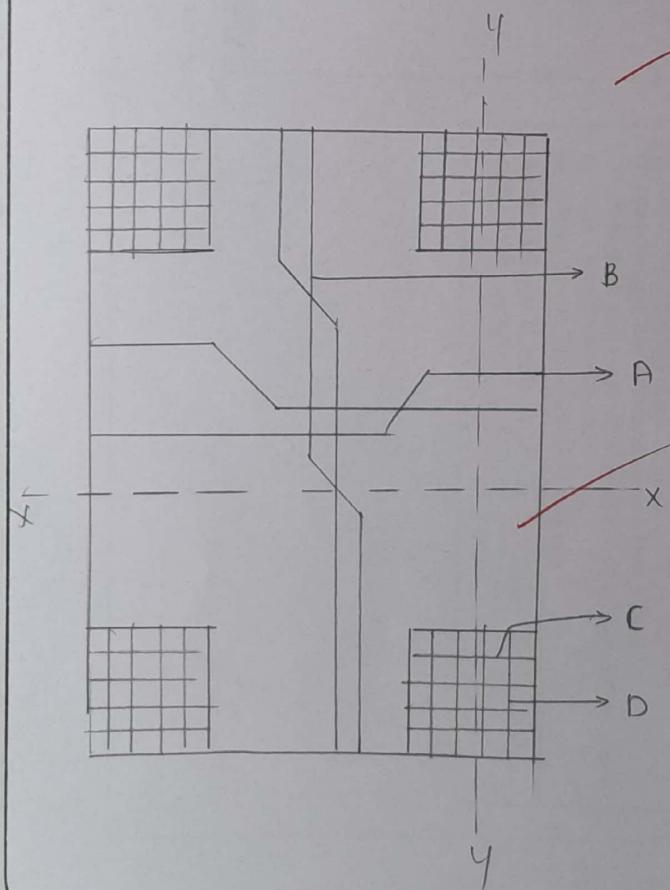
∴ provide 8mm bars @ 240 mm clc dist steel

$$- \text{ no of stars} = \frac{3000}{240} + 1 = 13.5 \approx 14$$

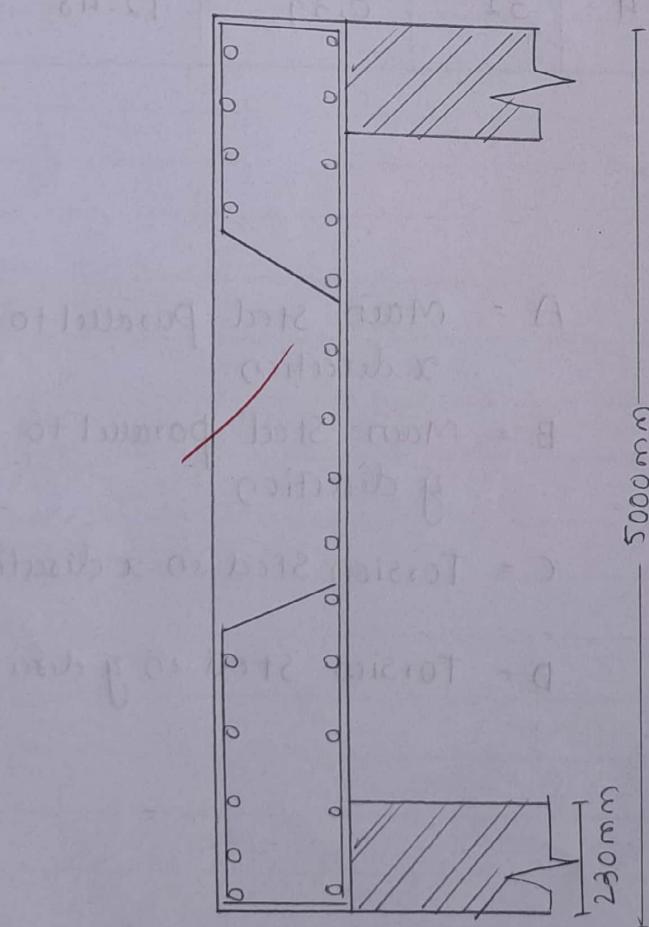
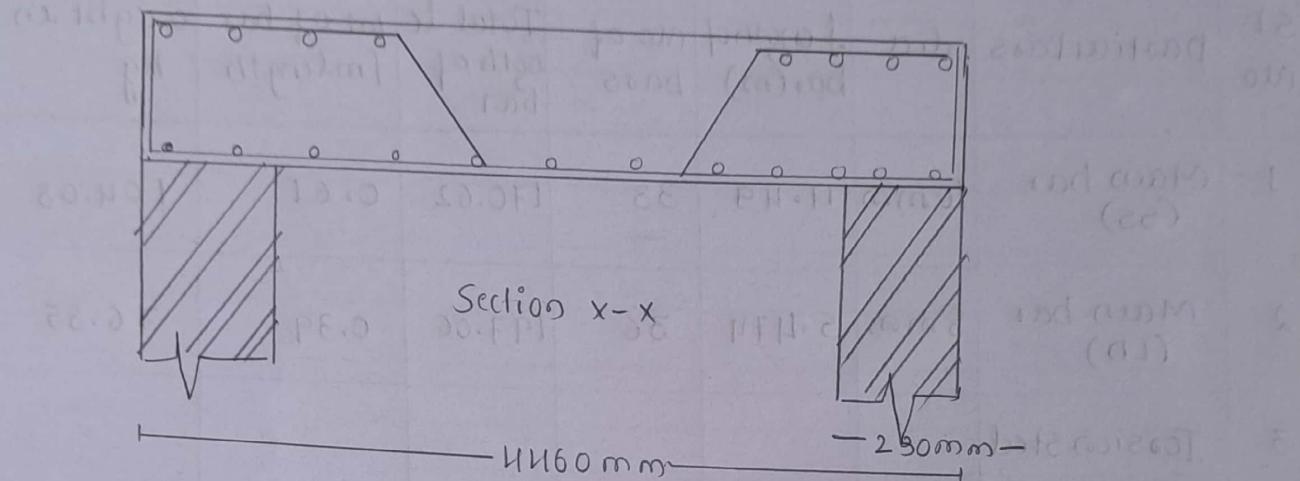
$$- \text{ length of bar} = 8000 - 2 \times 25 + 2 \times 14 \times 8 \\ = 8014 \text{ mm} \approx 8.014 \text{ m}$$

✓ ✓ ✓
④

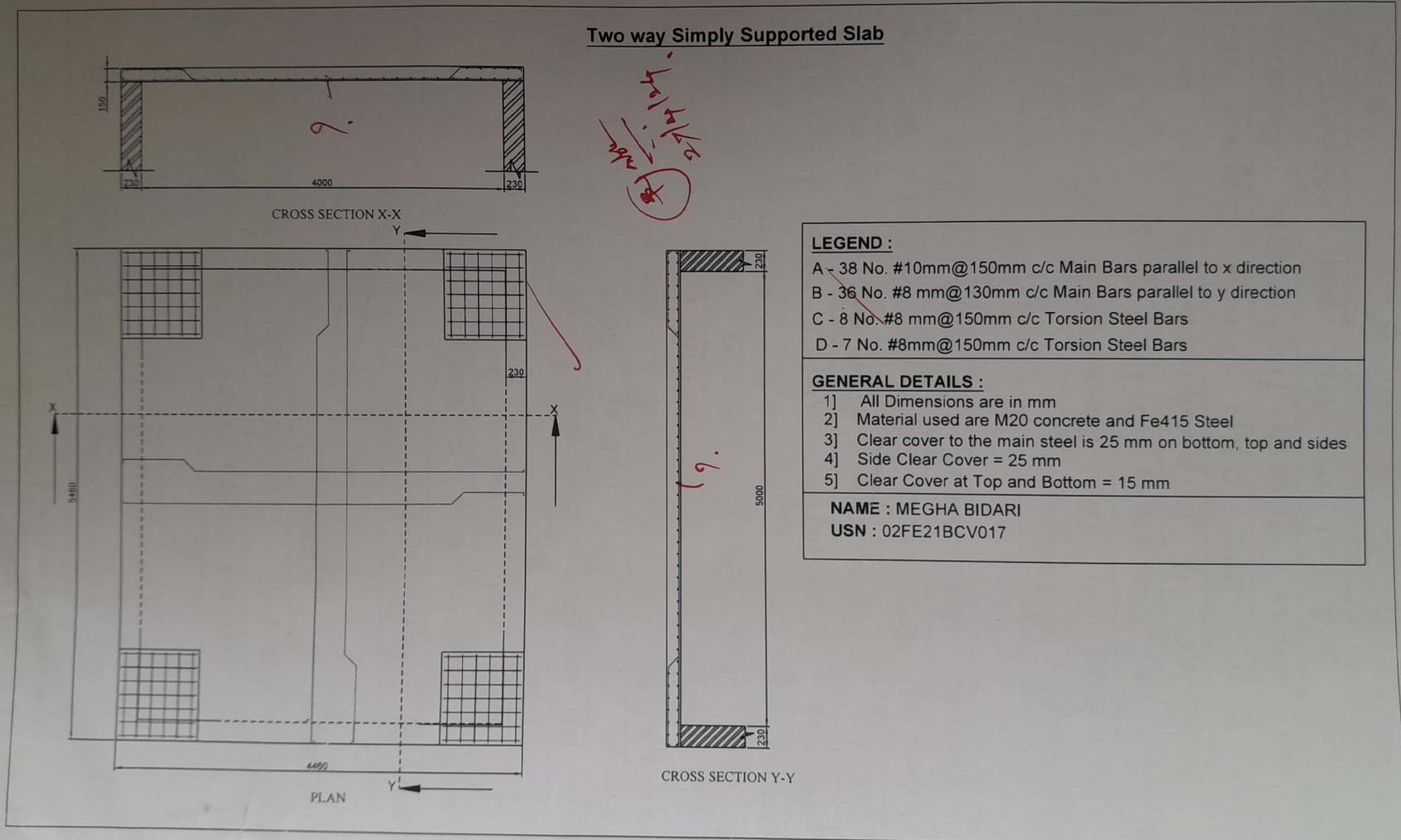
SI No	Particulars	dia	Length of bar(m)	No of bars	Total length of bar	wt of bar /m length	weight in kg
1	Main bar (SS)	10mm	4.49	38	170.62	0.61	104.08
2	Main bar (LD)	8mm	5.474	36	197.06	0.39	76.85
3	Torsion steel in x direct ⁿ	8mm	0.9	7x4	25.2	0.39	9.83
	in y direct ⁿ	8mm	1.0	8x4	32	0.39	12.48



- A = Main Steel parallel to x direction
- B = Main Steel parallel to y direction
- C = Torsion Steel in x direction
- D = Torsion Steel in y direction.



Section Y-Y



Exp no : 04 Detailing of Dog legged staircase for ground floor.

The dog legged staircase has been proposed for ground floor of residential building with the following details.

* Geometric details :-

Planned dimensions of staircase 100m 11.5 x 2.1 m Clear level difference between floors = 3.3m

No of flights = 2

Width of landing and width of flight = 1m

Thickness of waist slab of both flight = 200 mm

Thickness of landing slab = 200 mm

No of risers in each flight = 11 No's

each step has thread = 250 mm Riser = 150 mm.

Thickness of wall around = 230 mm

Depth of foundation below ground level = 0.3 m

Height of plinth above ground = 0.15 m

Thickness of RCC wall in foundation = 200 mm

RCC footing dimensions for each flight is 4m x 1m x 0.25m

* Structural details:

The RCC wall is the foundation after semi fixed condition to the lower end of first flight the landing slab spanning in perpendicular direction at mid-height at first floor level after simple support action at their mid points of both flights both landing slab experiences and at the end wall support has been provided.

* Reinforcement details

Waist Slab = 590 mm^2 (Main Steel)

assume 10 mm dia bar

$$A_{st} = \frac{\pi}{4} \times (10)^2$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} \times 1000$$

$$590$$

$$= 133.11 \text{ mm}$$

∴ provide 130 mm spacing @ clc of 10 mm dia bars.
 main Steel in waist slab.

Distribution Steel = 0.2% gross cross sectional area

$$= \frac{0.12}{100} \times 1000 \times 200$$

$$= 240 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$A_{st} = \frac{\pi}{4} \times (10)^2$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} \times 1000$$

$$240$$

$$= 327.24 \text{ mm}$$

∴ provide 10 mm dia bar @ 300 mm clc

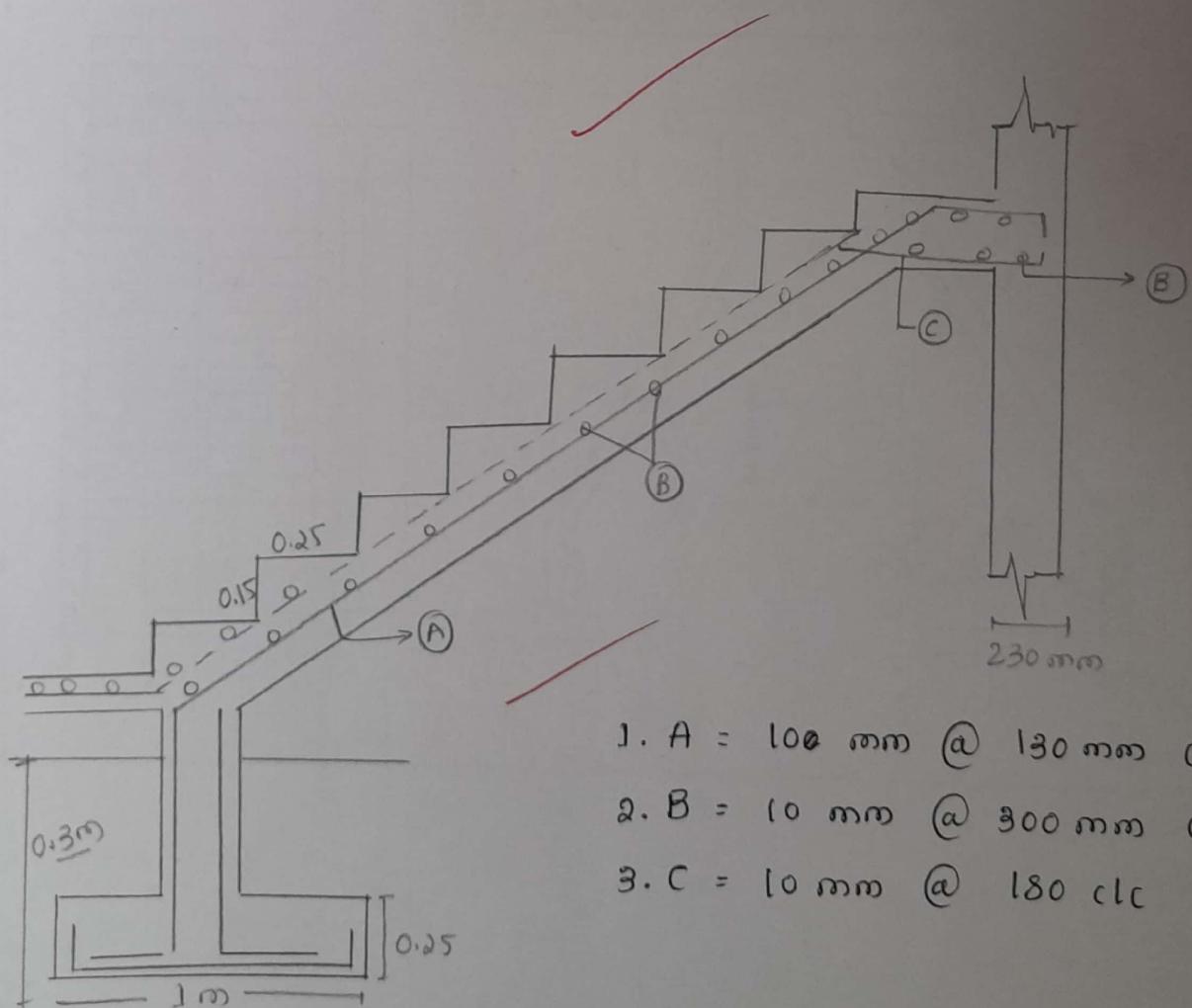
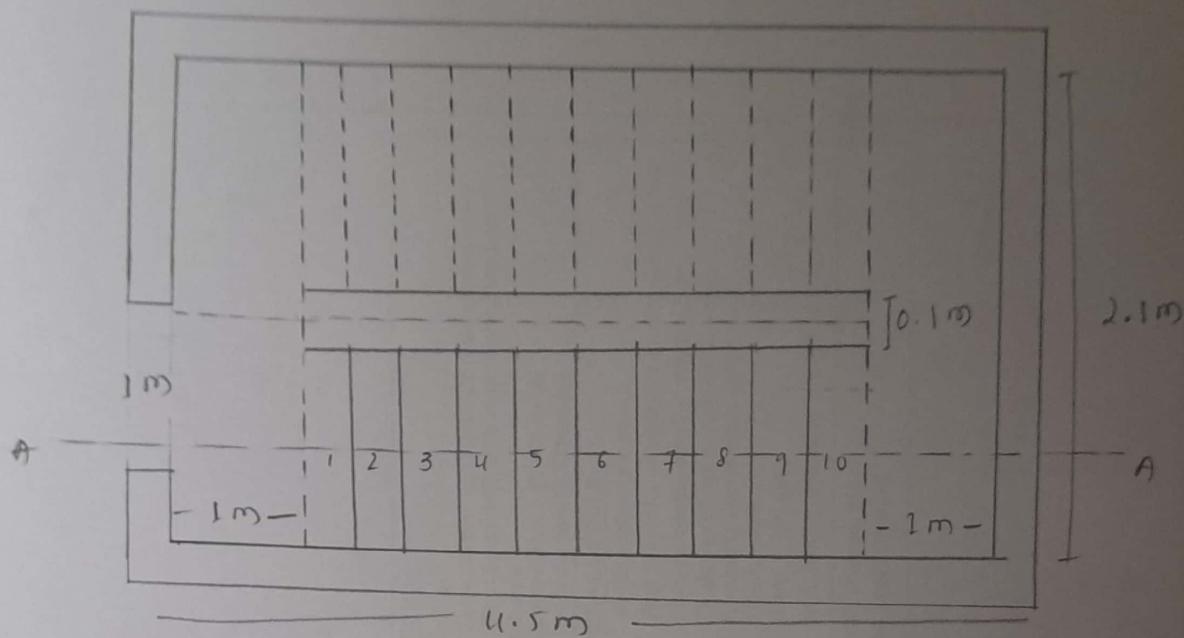
- Landing Slab reinforcement, main reinforcement along short span at bottom and ends of the landing slab

$$130 \text{ mm}^2$$

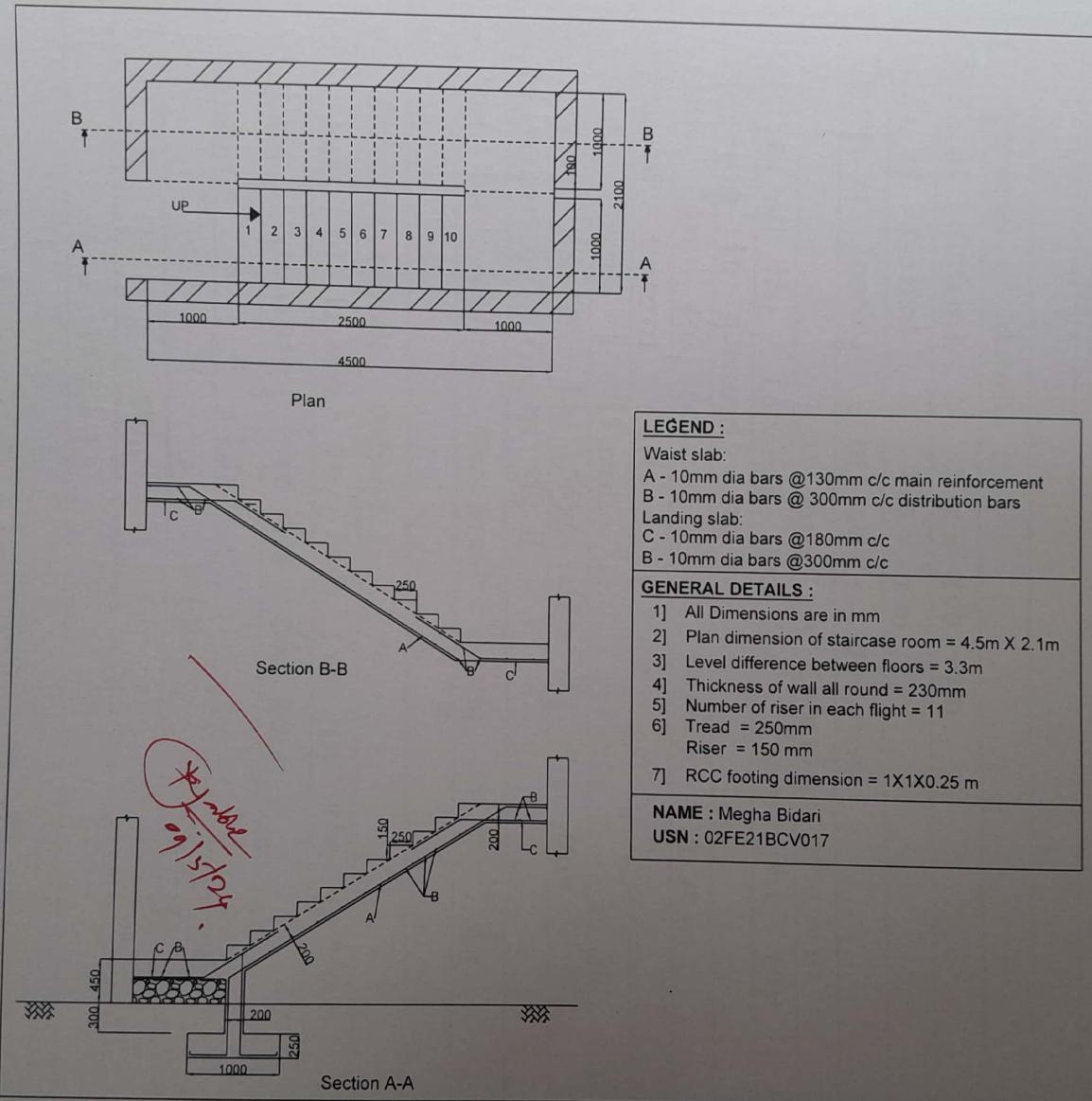
spacing of landing slab = $\frac{\pi}{4} \times (10)^2$

$$\times 1000$$

$$130$$



1. A = 10 bars @ 130 mm c/c
2. B = 10 bars @ 300 mm c/c
3. C = 10 bars @ 180 c/c



Exp No : DESIGN OF COLUMN FOOTING

* AIM : Design of Column footing as per the details given.

* Geometric details :

- Size of Column = 230×300 mm
- Size of footing = $1m \times 1m$
- Depth of footing = at edge 200 mm
at face of Column 400 mm
- Height of the Column portion from the top of the footing to ground = 75 mm
- Clear cover for column (side cover) = 40 mm
- footing bottom cover = 50 mm
- Side cover = 75 mm
- Overlap length 12 times dia of the bar.
- Development length $35d$
- Ast for footing 500 mm^2 along each side.

* Reinforcement details :

- 3 bars of 12 mm on each face of the Column
 - Spacing assuming 10 mm dia bars
- $$\text{Spacing} = \frac{\pi \times (10)^2}{4} \times 100$$
- $$= 500$$
- $$= 157.07$$

\therefore provide 10 mm @ 150 mm center to center on each side of the footing

* Stirrups = 6mm 2LVS @ 200 mm center to center

$$\rightarrow \text{Length of footing bar} \\ = 1000 - 2 \times 75 + 2 \times 4 \times 10 - (4\phi) \\ = 930 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{No of bars} &= \frac{l}{\text{spacing}} + 4 \\ &= \frac{1000}{150} + 1 \\ &= 8 \text{ bars} \end{aligned}$$

∴ provide 8 bars on each side.

→ Size of the Column bar - 230 x 300 mm

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Length of the Column bar} \\ &= 75 + 400 - 50 - 10 - 10 + 300 + 4 \times 12 + 12 \times 12 \\ &= 897 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\rightarrow \cancel{\text{length of Stirrups}} \\ \cancel{= (230 - 40 \times 2) + (300 - 40 \times 2) + (2 \times 4 \times 6)} \\ = 418 \text{ mm}$$

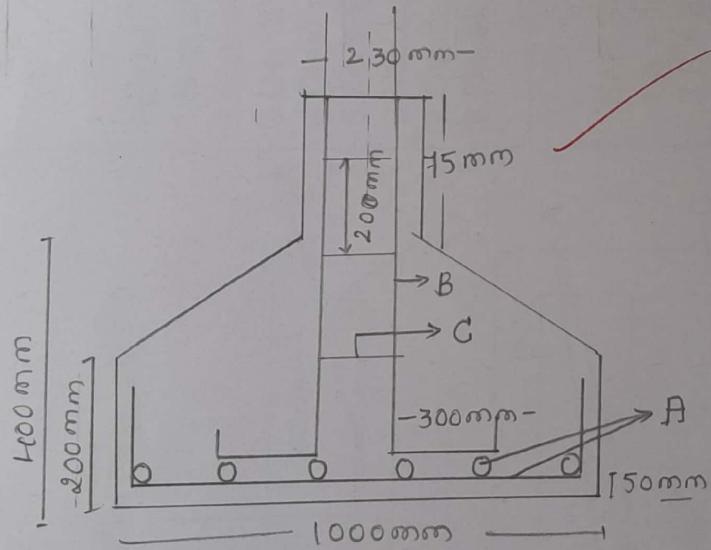
$$\text{No of stirrups} = \frac{897 - 300 - 12 \times 12}{200} + 4$$

$$= 3.26 \approx 4 \text{ Nos}$$

∴ provide 4 no of stirrups.

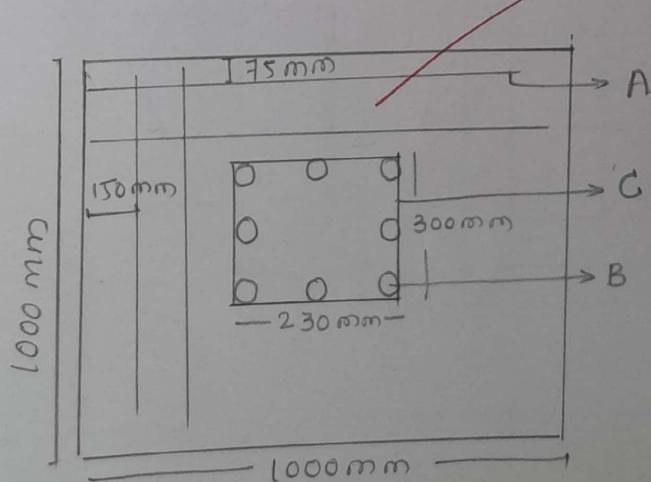
Sl no	Description	Dia	length of bar	no of bars	Total l of bar	wt of bar ($d^2/162$)	Total wt of bars(kg)
1	footing strai ght bars on both faces	10mm	0.93m	8+8=16	14.88	0.61	9.08
2	Column bars	12mm	0.897m	8	7.176	0.89	6.38
3	Stirrups	6mm	0.418m	4	1.672	0.22	0.368

= 15.83 kg



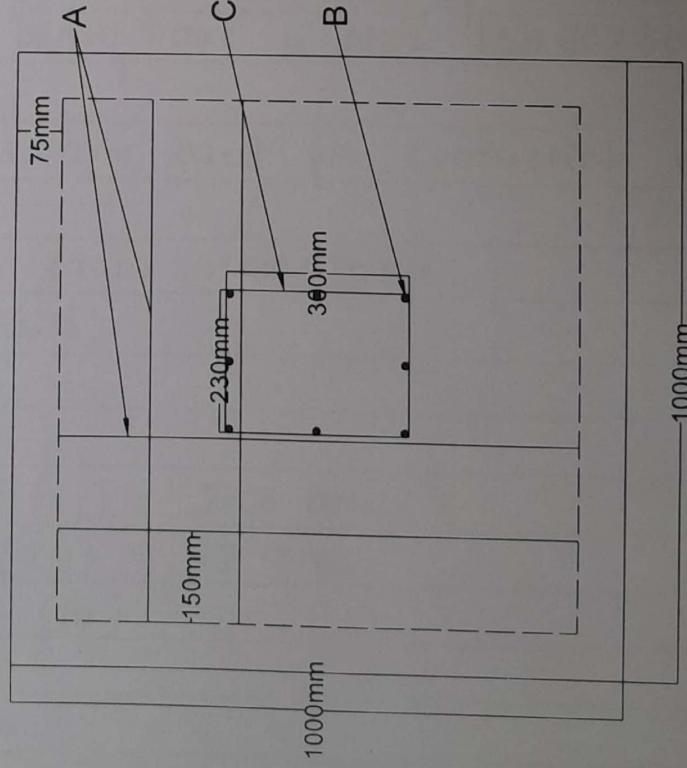
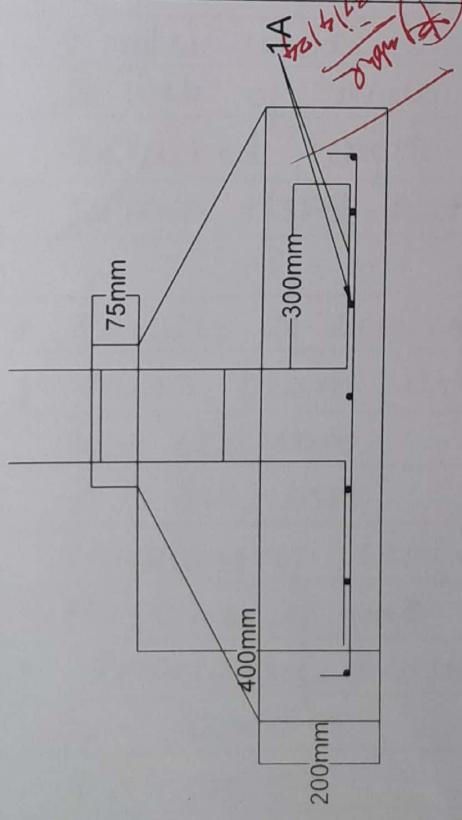
BAR SCHEDULE

- 1) A = 10 mm @ 150 clc
- 2) B = 8 # 12 mm
- 3) C = 6 mm 2LVS @ 200mm clc



GEOMETRIC DETAILS:

1. Size of the column=230 X 300 mm
2. Size of the footing = 1m X 1m
3. Depth of the footing=400mm & 200mm @ the edge
4. Clear cover for the column 40mm
5. Footing bottom cover 50mm
6. Side cover 75MM
7. Overlap length 12Xd
8. Development length 35d9.Ast for footing=500mm²



BAR SCHEDULE:

- 1 A = 10mm @ 150mm C/C
- 2 B = 8 # 12 mm
- 3 C = 6mm 2LVS @ 200 mm C/C

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Exp no: 07 Detailing of Beam-to-Beam connection
with tops of flanges at the same level.

B_2 and B_3 are secondary beam are connected to main beam

* Geometric details

- Top of all beams are located at the same level
- for the secondary beams are aligned along the straight line in the plan and are connected on the opposite sides of the web of the main beam. (B_1)
- Section used - for main beam B_1 IS MB 600 is used.
for secondary beam B_2 IS MB 500 is used.
for secondary beam B_3 IS MB 400 is used.
- Angles used to connect the web of secondary beam to web of main beam are 4 nos ISA 80x80x12 of required length
- 22 mm HSFBy bolts are used for Connection drawing.

* Details of section from Steel table

1 Main beam details

$$h = 600 \text{ mm}$$

$$b = 210 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{thickness of flange } (t_f) = 20.8 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{thickness of web } (t_w) = 12 \text{ mm}$$

2 Secondary beam (B_2)

$$h = 500 \text{ mm}$$

$$b = 180 \text{ mm}$$

$$t_f = 17.2 \text{ mm}$$

$$t_w = 10.2 \text{ mm}$$

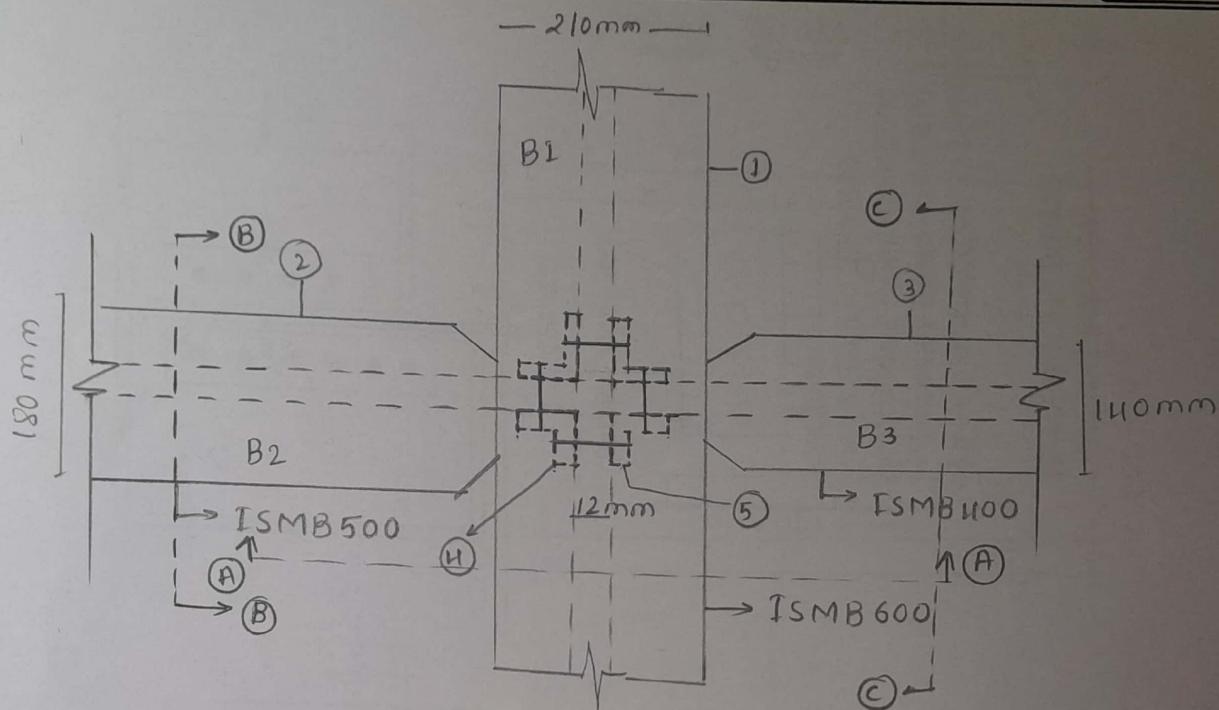
3. Secondary beam B₃

$$h = 400 \text{ mm}$$

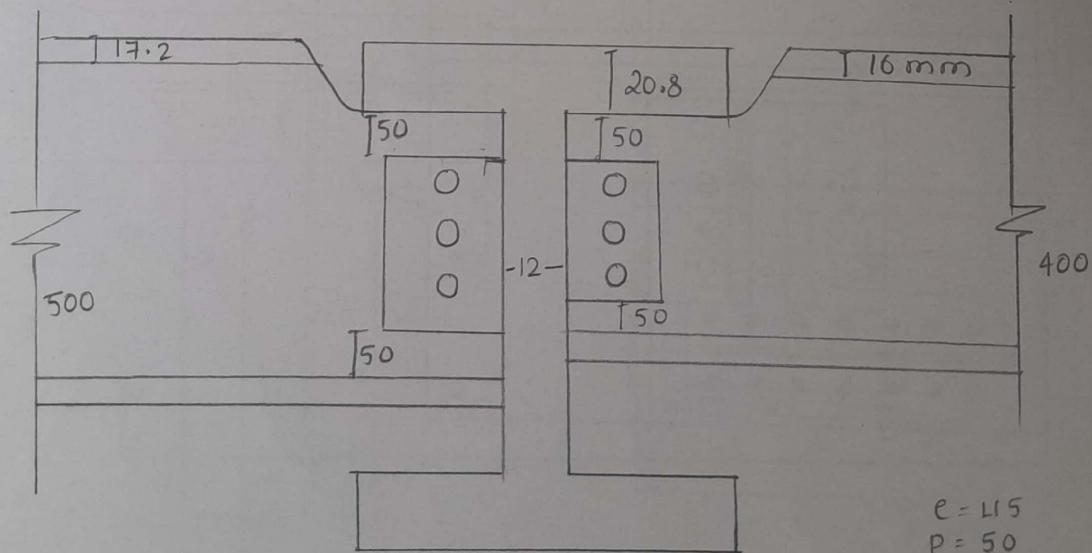
$$b = 140 \text{ mm}$$

$$t_f = 16 \text{ mm}$$

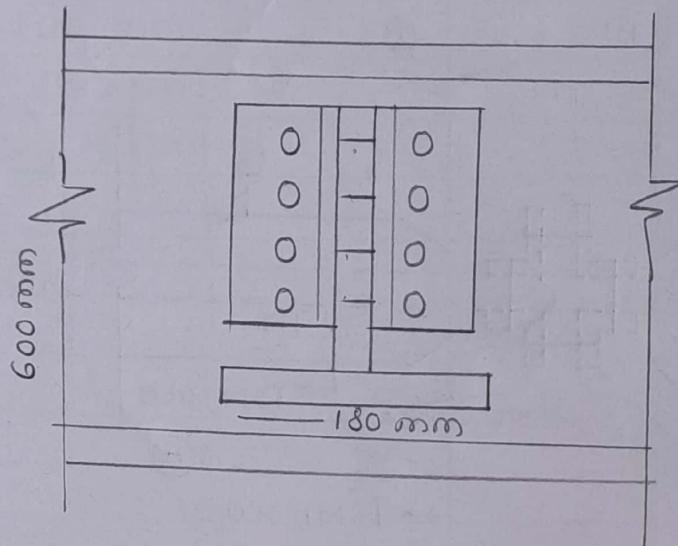
$$t_w = 8.9 \text{ mm}$$



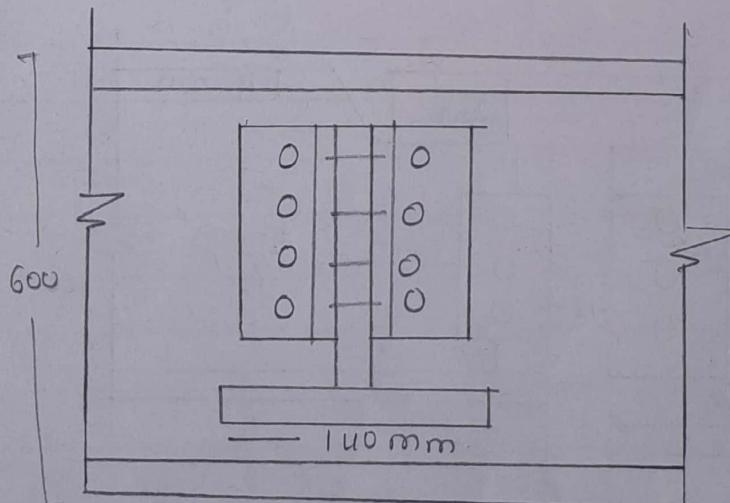
Section along A-A

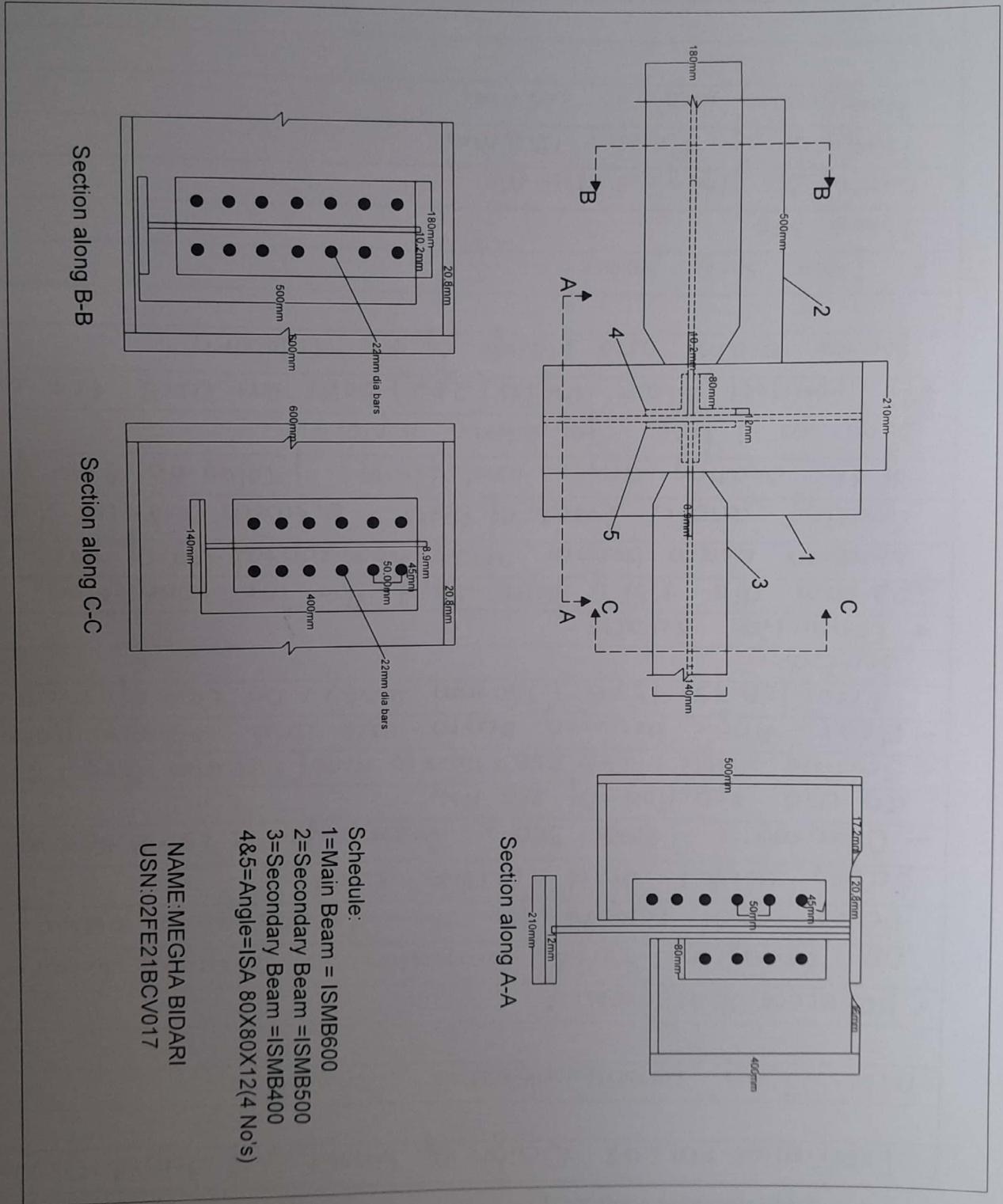


* Section along B-B



* Section along C-C





Experiment No : 08 Design of Unstiffened Seated Connection.

AIM : An unstiffened seated connection.

* PROBLEM STATEMENT :

An unstiffened Seated Connection is proposed between beam and column for the details given below.

Section used : Steel section used

- Column : ISMB 300, beam section : ISMB 300 with an end reaction of 200 KN.
- Seating Angle : ISA 200x150x10 mm (140mm long) 1 NO.
- Cleat Angle between beam web and column flange 1 NO. ISA 75x75x6 (180 mm long), on each of the web Section.

* Connection details :

- 22 mm dia HSFG bolts used for the connection, between beam bottom and horizontal leg of the Seating angle. 2 NO's of bolts. between vertical leg of the seating angle and flange of column 3 NO of bolts in 1 line, for 2 lines 6 NO.
- To connect cleat angles (2+2) bolts are used for web for the beam and flange of the column.

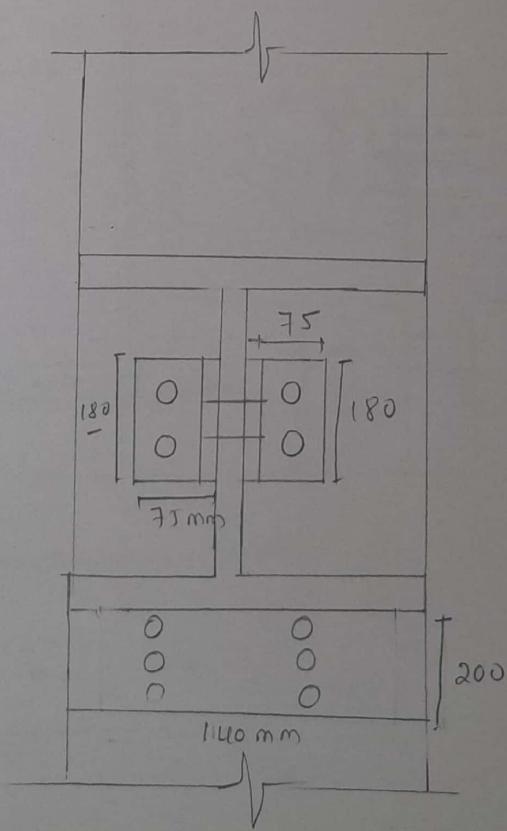
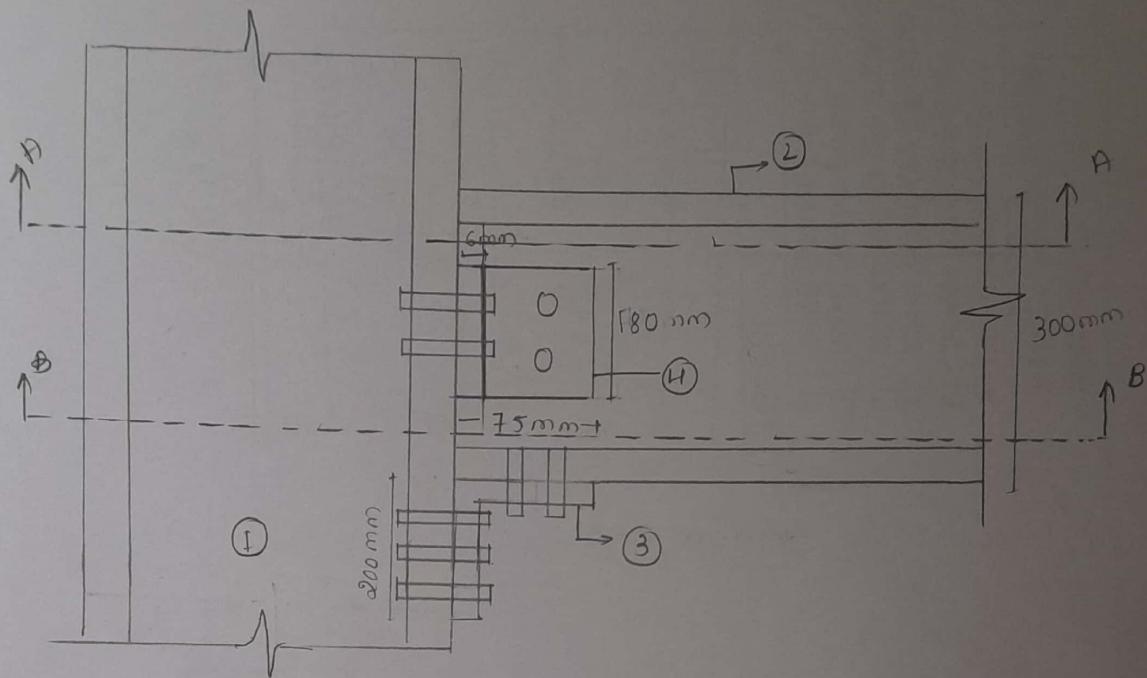
* From Steel table

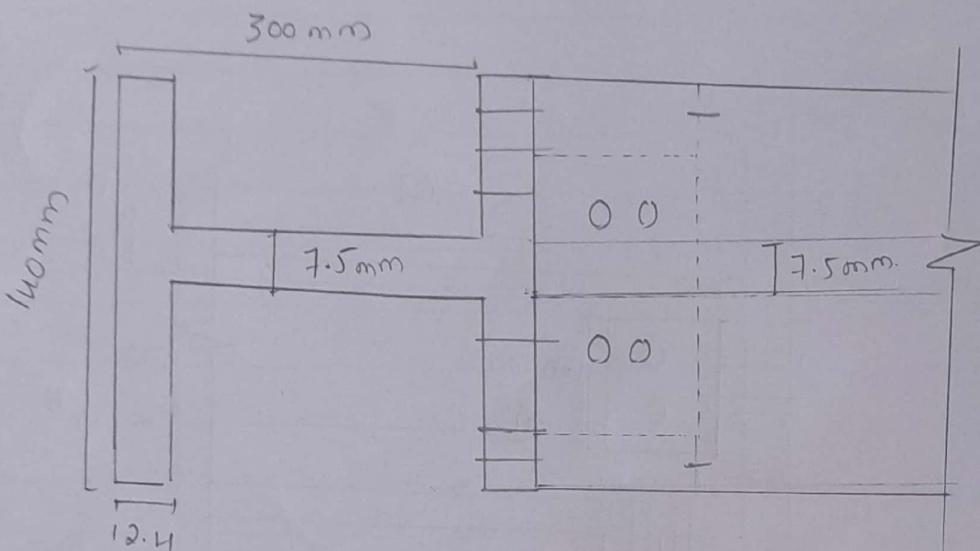
ISMB 300

width of flange = 140 mm

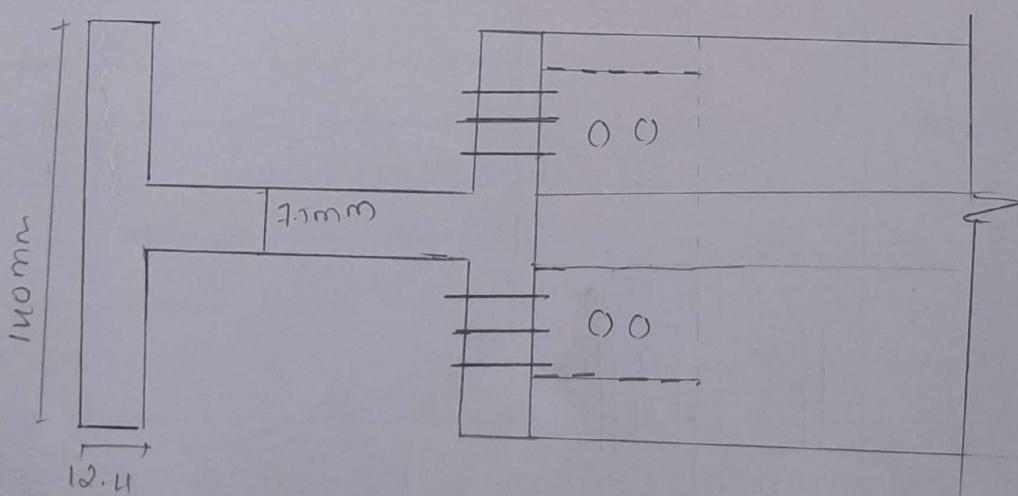
thickness of flange = 12.4 mm

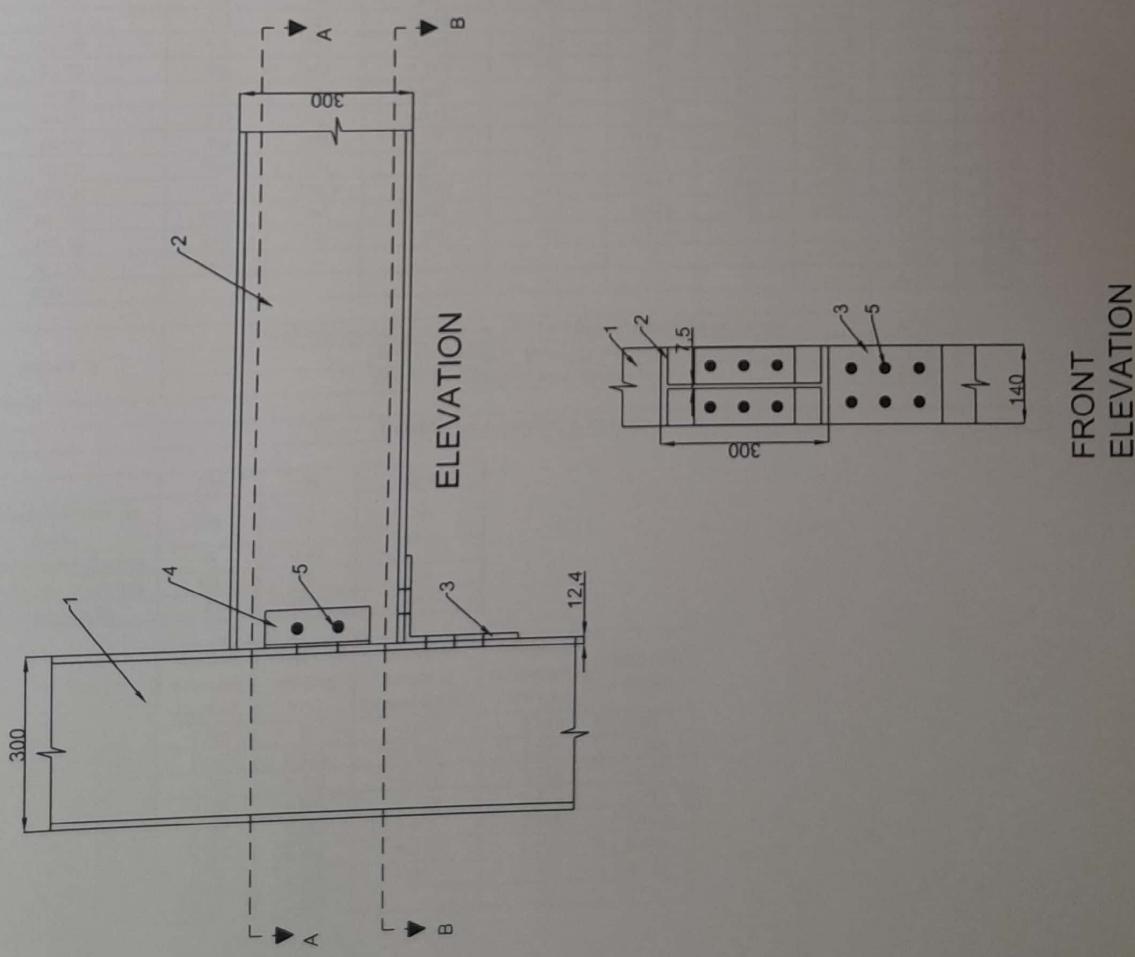
thickness of web = 7.5 mm





Section B-B





LEGEND	
1]	ISMB 300 for Column
2]	ISMB 300 for Beam
3]	Seating Angle ISA 2000X150X10
4]	Cleat Angle ISA 65X65X6
5]	20mm Dia HSFG Bolts
All dimension are in mm	

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Exp no: 08 A stiffened seated beam-column connection

* problem statement :

A stiffened Seated beam- Column Connection has been designed with the following details :

(a) section used : Column: ISHB 300 @ 586 N/m - one No
beam Section ISLB 100 @ 569 N/m - one No

Seating angle : 2No of IJA 130 x 130 x 10, 180 mm long

Stiffener angle : 2No of ISA 90 x 90 x 10 each 390 mm long

Cheat angle between top flange of beam

flange of column One No of ISA 90 x 90 x 10, 180 mm long

Packing plate = 10 mm thick may be given if necessary

(b) 22 mm dia HSFg bolts for connection between beam and seating angle 2No; between vertical leg of seating angle & flange of column 2No;
between stiffening legs of stiffener angles = 5 No between column flange.

Stiffener angle legs (packing plate if given) = 10 No in
One line x 2 lines = 8 No in Total.

To connect top flange of beam to cheat angles 2No.
between vertical leg of cheat angles and column flange
2 No's.

- ISHB 300 @ 586 N/m

$$b = 300 \text{ mm}$$

$$b = 250 \text{ mm}$$

$$t_f = 10.6 \text{ mm}$$

$$t_w = 7.6 \text{ mm}$$

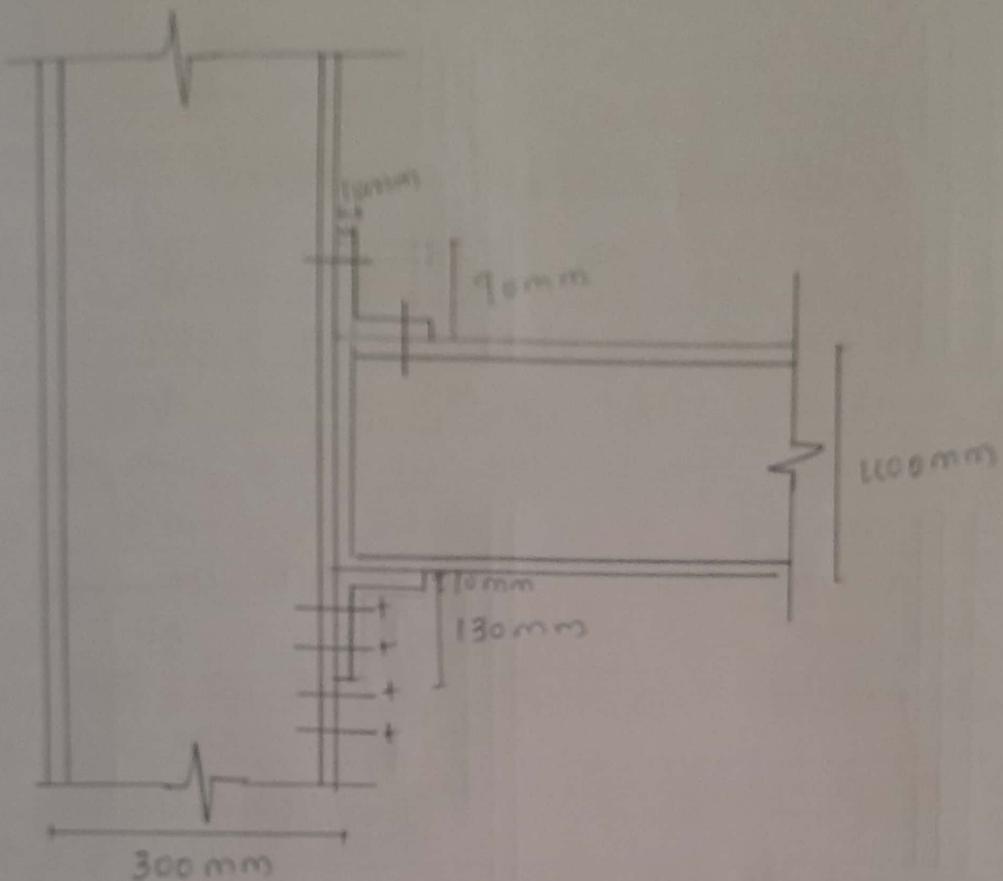
- ISLB 400 @ 569 N/m

$$h = 400 \text{ mm}$$

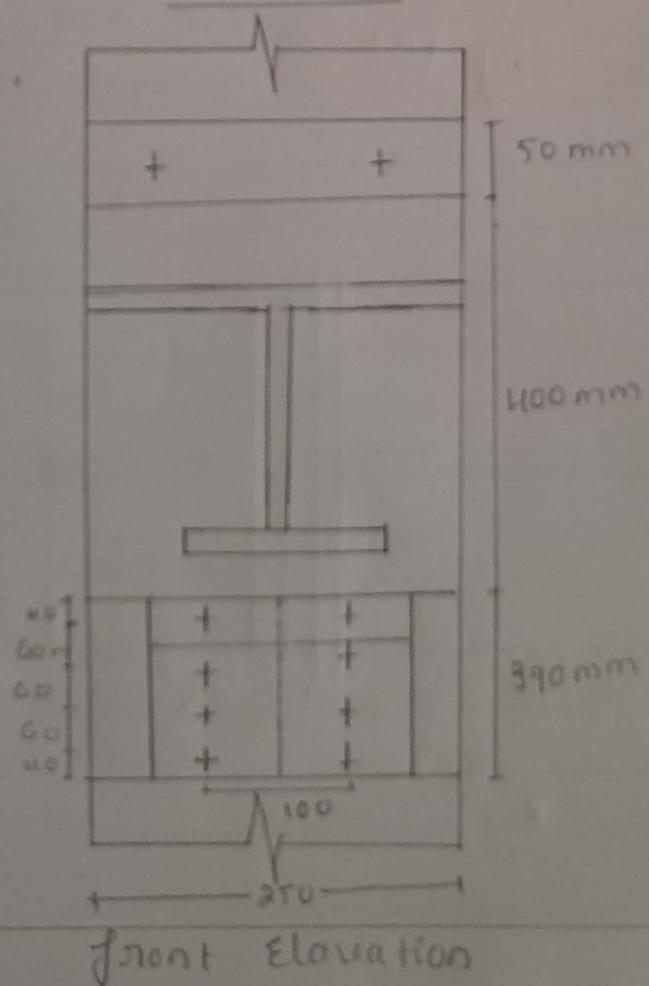
$$b = 165 \text{ mm}$$

$$t_f = 12.5 \text{ mm}$$

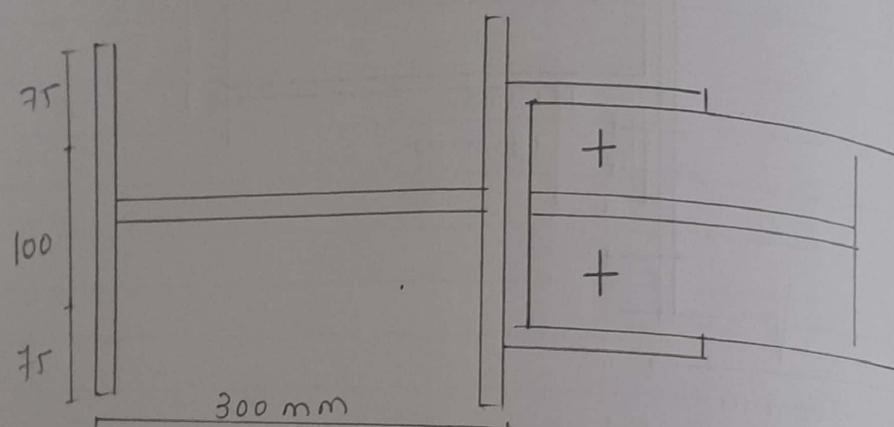
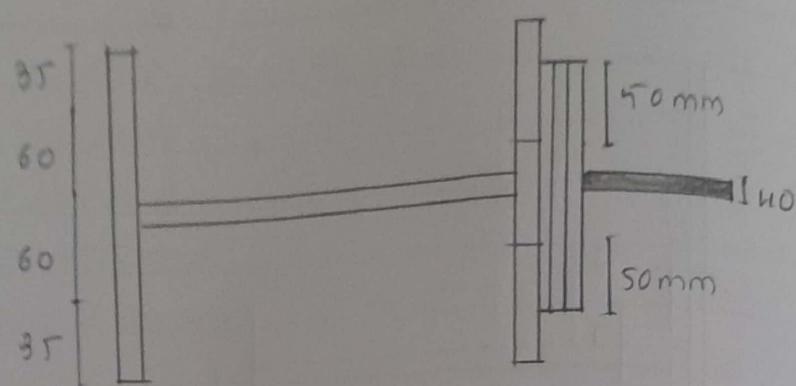
$$t_w = 8.0 \text{ mm}$$



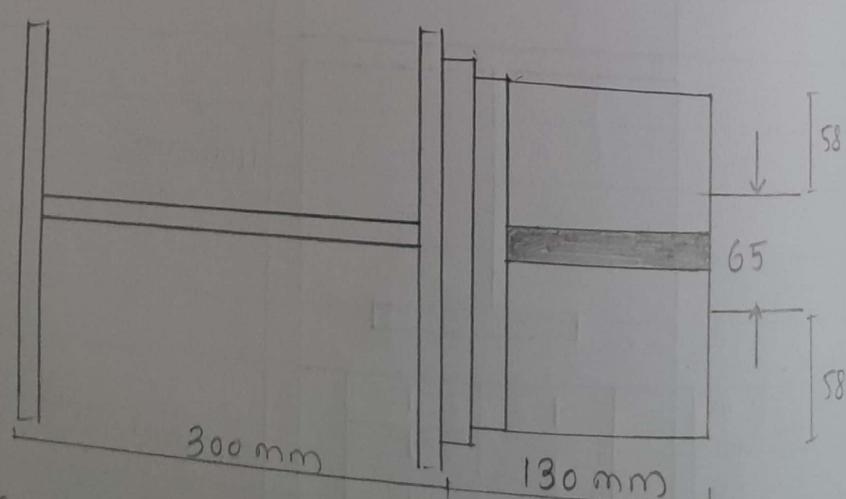
ELEVATION



front Elevation



Section along (A)



Section along (B)

Exp no : 09. Detailing of splices for equal and unequal sizes of column section, detailing of built up column with lacing. Column splice has to be designed with following details

1. Section : lower portion ISHIB⁴⁵⁰ @ 872 N/mm

upper portion ISHIB 350 @ 672 N/mm,

Bearing plate 56 mm thick, splice plate 8 mm thick, and 250 mm wide on both flanges and 536 mm long 2 Nos., filler plate 50 mm thick, 250 mm wide and 320 mm long on both flanges of upper portion.

2. 20 mm dia HSFG bolts used for connection, a total of 14 nos of bolts with edge distance 40, and pitch distance 80 mm are used.

- To connect Splice plate and flange of the lower portion 6 nos on each flange

- To connect Splice plate + filler plate and flange of the upper portion two nos on each flange provided.

Draw a side elevation, section and plan for the above detail.

ISHIB 450 @ 872 N/mm

$$t_f = 13.7 \text{ mm}$$

$$t_w = 9.8 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{area} = 11114 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$h = 450 \text{ mm}$$

$$b = 250 \text{ mm}$$

ISHIB 350 @ 672 N/mm.

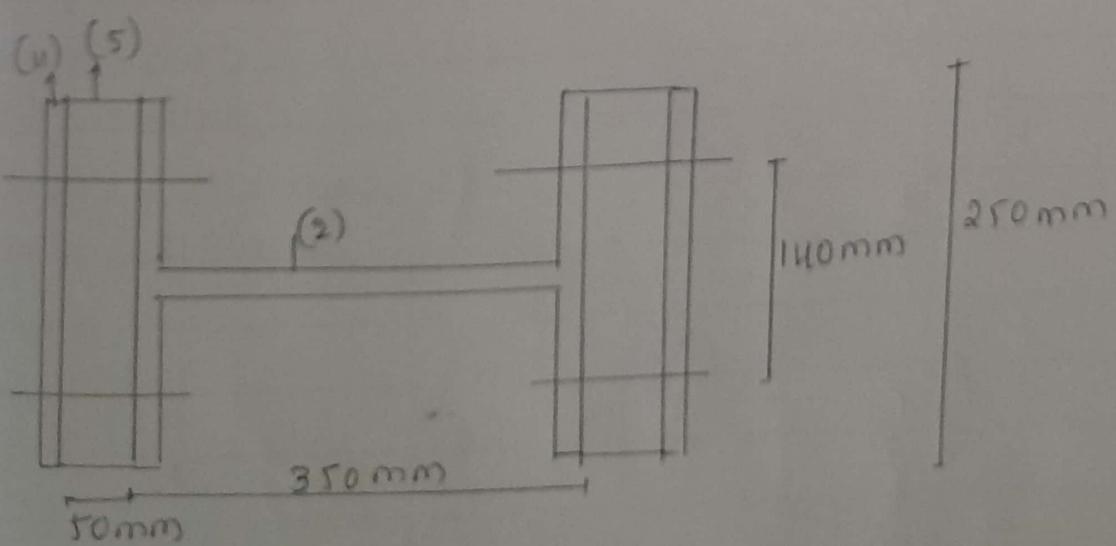
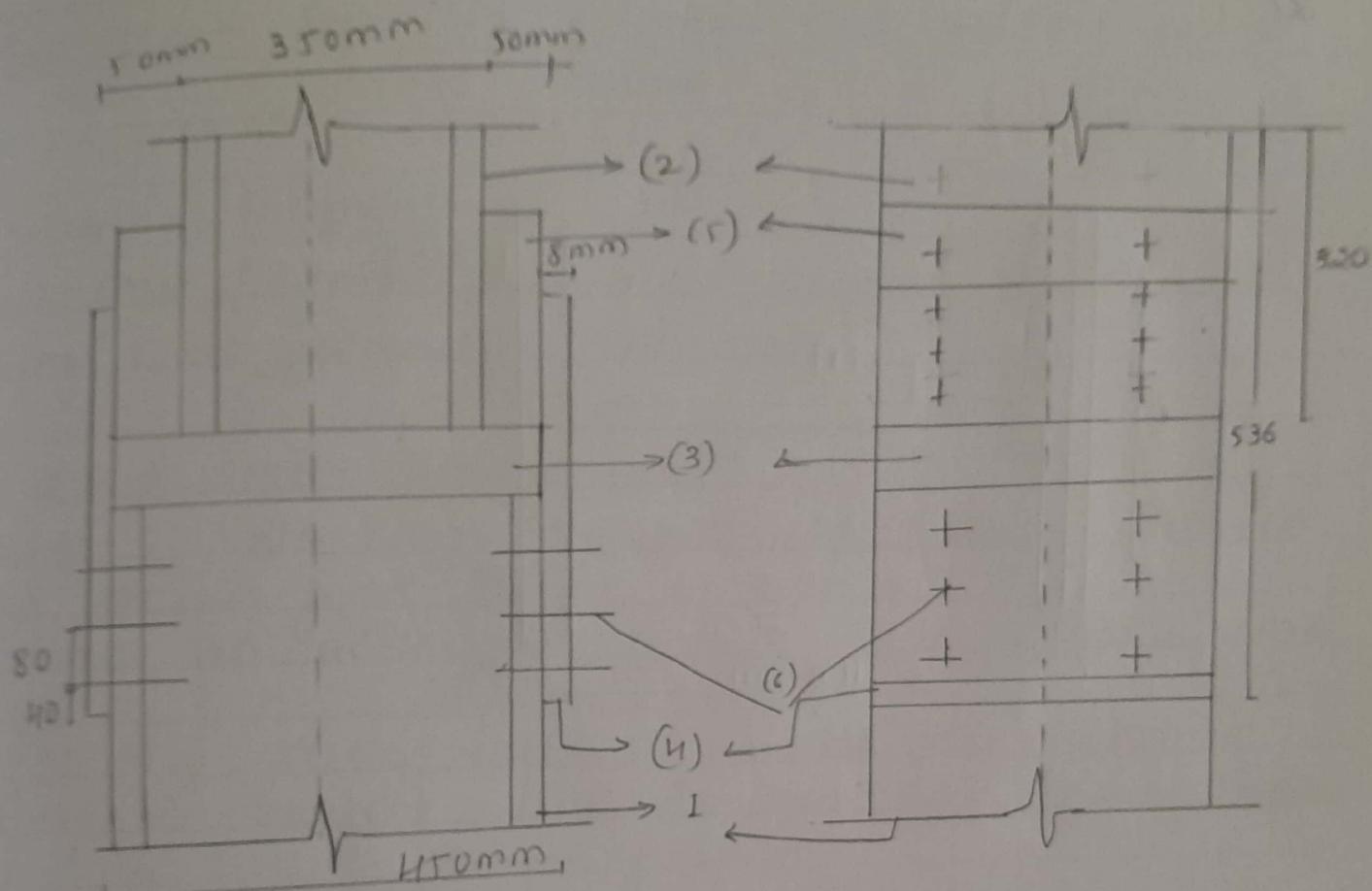
$$t_f = 11.6 \text{ mm}$$

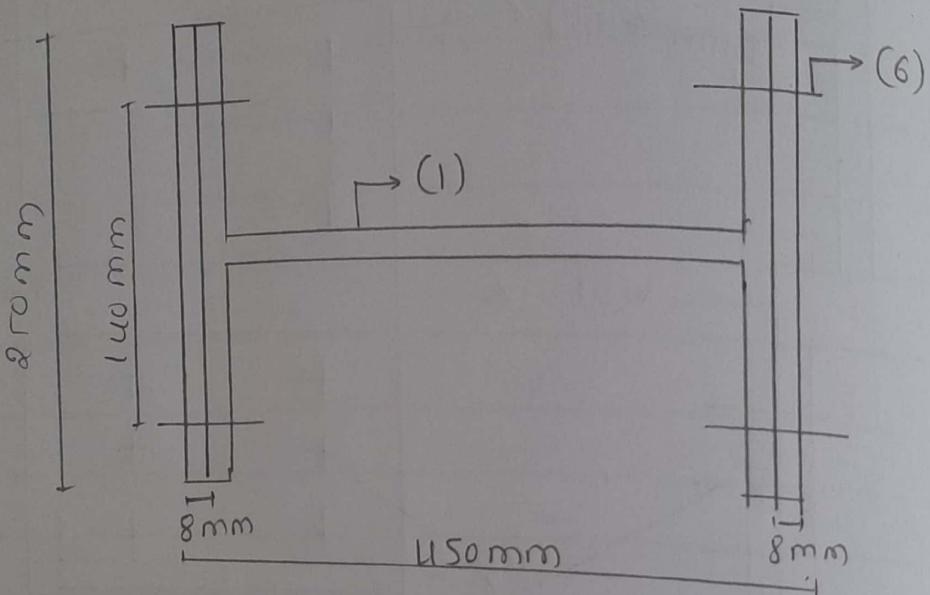
$$t_w = 8.3 \text{ mm}$$

$$A = 8591 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$h = 350 \text{ mm}$$

$$b = 250 \text{ mm}$$





EXPM/17/4 Built up columns and column splices
on battened Column.

* problem statement :

A builtup column has been designed with double
lacing with following particulars.

(a) Rolled Steel Section used :

Column : 2 No ISWB 400 with c/c distance between
web 325 mm for a height of 3.25 m.

- Battens: 400 wide and 10 thick at a pitch of 600 mm

(b) 22 dia HSFg bolts to connect the following
3 no in vertical line between each end of bottom
of outer side of flange of ISWB

Draw the following using above details.

- ISWB 400

$$b = 300 \text{ mm}$$

$$b = 200 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{flange} = 10.0 \text{ mm } t_f$$

$$t_w = 7.1 \text{ mm}$$

