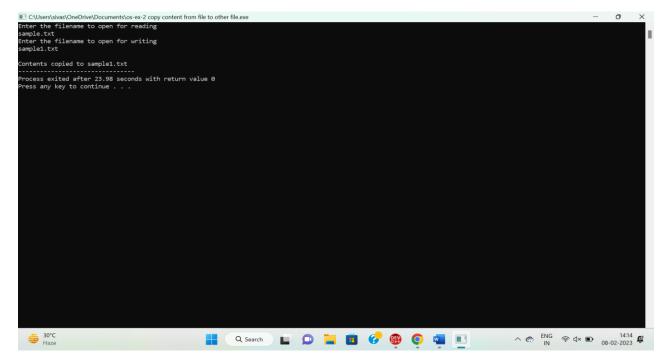
1.Create a new process by invoking the appropriate system call. Get the process identifier of the currently running process and its respective parent using system calls and display the same using a C program.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
int main()
{
pid tp;
printf("before fork\n");
p=fork();
if(p==0)
{
printf("I am child having id %d\n",getpid());
printf("My parent's id is %d\n",getppid());
}
else{
printf("My child's id is %d\n",p);
printf("I am parent having id %d\n",getpid());
}
printf("Common\n");
}
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  main.c
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  5 - {
    pid_t p;
    printf("before fork\n");
    p = fork();
    if(p==0)
}
  9 if(p==0)
10 - {
11 printf("I am child having id %d\n",getpid());
12 printf("My parent's id is %d\n",getppid());
13 }
14 - else{
15 printf("My child's id is %d\n",p);
16 printf("I am parent having id %d\n",getpid());
  18 printf("Common\n");
19 }
⇒ 30°C
Haze
```

2. Identify the system calls to copy the content of one file to another and illustrate the same using a C program.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
       FILE *fptr1,*fptr2;
       char filename[100],c;
       printf("Enter the filename to open for reading \n");
       scanf("%s", filename);
       fptr1 = fopen(filename,"r");
       if (fptr1==NULL)
       {
               printf("Cannot open file %s \n",filename);
               exit(0);
       }
       printf("Enter the filename to open for writing \n");
       scanf("%s",filename);
       fptr2 = fopen(filename,"w");
       if (fptr2 == NULL)
       {
               printf("Cannot open file %s \n",filename);
               exit(0);
       }
       c = fgetc(fptr1);
       while (c!=EOF)
       {
               fputc(c,fptr2);
               c = fgetc(fptr1);
       }
```

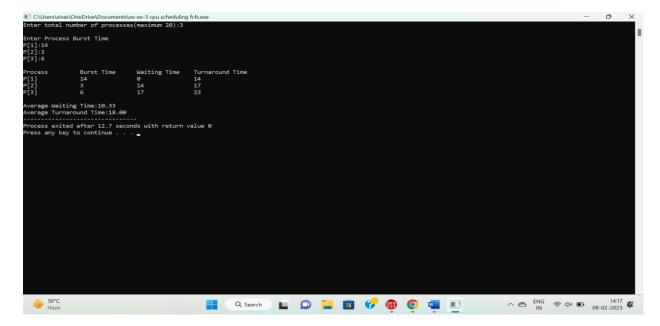
```
printf("\nContents copied to %s",filename);
fclose(fptr1);
fclose(fptr2);
return 0;
}
```



- 3. Design a CPU scheduling program with C using First Come First Served technique with the following considerations.
- a. All processes are activated at time 0.
- b. Assume that no process waits on I/O devices.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int n,bt[20],wt[20],tat[20],i,j; float avwt=0,avtat=0;
printf("Enter total number of processes(maximum 20):");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("\nEnter Process Burst Time\n");
```

```
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
printf("P[%d]:",i+1);
scanf("%d",&bt[i]);
}
wt[0]=0;
for(i=1;i<n;i++)
{
wt[i]=0;
for(j=0;j<i;j++)
wt[i]+=bt[j];
}
printf("\nProcess\t\tBurst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
tat[i]=bt[i]+wt[i]; avwt+=wt[i];
avtat+=tat[i];printf("\nP[\%d]\t\t\%d\t\t\%d\t\t\%d",i+1,bt[i],wt[i],tat[i]);
} avwt/=i; avtat/=i;printf("\n\nAverage Waiting Time:%.2f",avwt);
printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time:%.2f",avtat);
return 0;
}
```

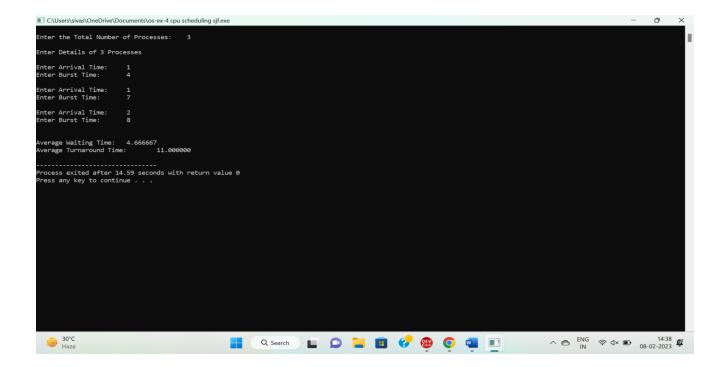


4. Construct a scheduling program with C that selects the waiting process with the smallest execution time to execute next.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int arrival_time[10], burst_time[10], temp[10];
   int i, smallest, count = 0, time, limit;
   double wait_time = 0, turnaround_time = 0, end;
   float average waiting time, average turnaround time;
   printf("\nEnter the Total Number of Processes:\t");
   scanf("%d", &limit);
   printf("\nEnter Details of %d Processes\n", limit);
   for(i = 0; i < limit; i++)
   {
      printf("\nEnter Arrival Time:\t");
      scanf("%d", &arrival time[i]);
      printf("Enter Burst Time:\t");
      scanf("%d", &burst_time[i]);
      temp[i] = burst_time[i];
   }
```

```
burst_time[9] = 9999;
for(time = 0; count != limit; time++)
{
   smallest = 9;
   for(i = 0; i < limit; i++)
      if(arrival_time[i]<=time&&burst_time[i]<burst_time[smallest]&&burst_time[i]>0)
      {
         smallest = i;
      }
   }
   burst_time[smallest]--;
   if(burst_time[smallest] == 0)
   {
      count++;
      end = time + 1;
      wait_time = wait_time + end - arrival_time[smallest] - temp[smallest];
      turnaround_time = turnaround_time + end - arrival_time[smallest];
   }
}
average_waiting_time = wait_time / limit;
average_turnaround_time = turnaround_time / limit;
printf("\n\nAverage Waiting Time:\t%lf\n", average_waiting_time);
printf("Average Turnaround Time:\t%lf\n", average_turnaround_time);
return 0;
```

}

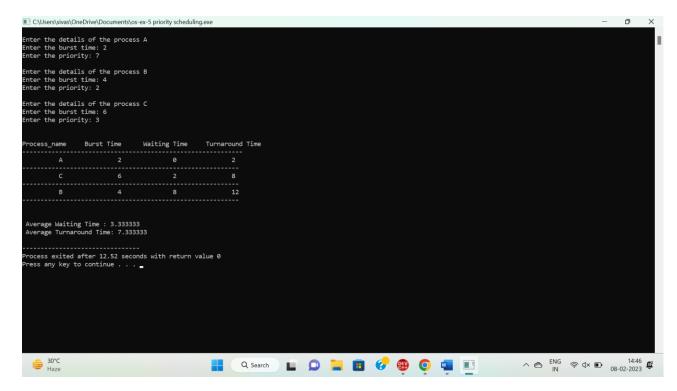


5. Construct a scheduling program with C that selects the waiting process with the highest priority to execute next.

```
#include<stdio.h>
struct priority_scheduling
{
   char process_name;
   int burst_time;
   int waiting_time;
   int turn_around_time;
   int priority;
};
int main()
{
   int number_of_process;
   int total = 0;
   struct priority_scheduling temp_process;
   int ASCII_number = 65;
```

```
int position;
float average waiting time;
float average turnaround time;
printf("Enter the total number of Processes: ");
scanf("%d", & number_of_process);
struct priority scheduling process[number of process];
printf("\nPlease Enter the Burst Time and Priority of each process:\n");
for (int i = 0; i < number of process; i++)
{
 process[i].process name = (char) ASCII number;
 printf("\nEnter the details of the process %c \n", process[i].process name);
 printf("Enter the burst time: ");
 scanf("%d", & process[i].burst_time);
 printf("Enter the priority: ");
scanf("%d", & process[i].priority);
ASCII number++;
}
for (int i = 0; i < number of process; i++)
{
 position = i;
 for (int j = i + 1; j < number_of_process; j++)</pre>
      {
  if (process[j].priority > process[position].priority)
   position = j;
}
temp_process = process[i];
 process[i] = process[position];
 process[position] = temp process;
}
```

```
process[0].waiting_time = 0;
 for (int i = 1; i < number of process; i++)
  process[i].waiting_time = 0;
  for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)
   process[i].waiting_time += process[j].burst_time;
  }
  total += process[i].waiting_time;
 }
 average_waiting_time = (float) total / (float) number_of_process;
 total = 0;
 printf("\n\nProcess_name \t Burst Time \t Waiting Time \t Turnaround Time\n");
 for (int i = 0; i < number of process; i++)
 {
  process[i].turn_around_time = process[i].burst_time + process[i].waiting_time;
  total += process[i].turn_around_time;
  printf("\t %c \t\t %d \t\t %d", process[i].process_name, process[i].burst_time,
process[i].waiting_time, process[i].turn_around_time);
 }
 average_turnaround_time = (float) total / (float) number_of_process;
 printf("\n\n Average Waiting Time : %f", average_waiting_time);
 printf("\n Average Turnaround Time: %f\n", average turnaround time);
 return 0;
}
```

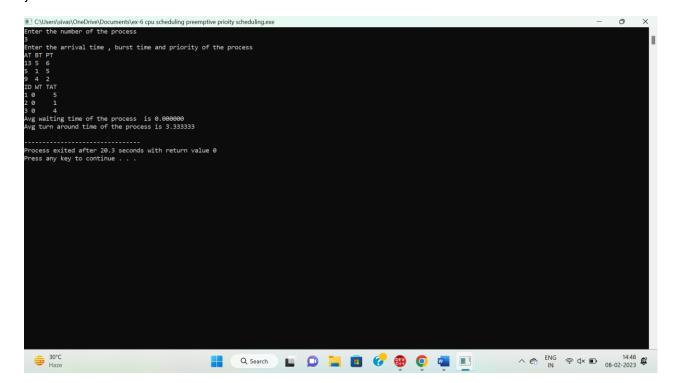


6. Construct a C program to implement pre-emptive priority scheduling algorithm.

```
#include<stdio.h>
struct process
{
    int WT,AT,BT,TAT,PT;
};
struct process a[10];
int main()
{
    int n,temp[10],t,count=0,short_p;
    float total_WT=0,total_TAT=0,Avg_WT,Avg_TAT;
    printf("Enter the number of the process\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter the arrival time , burst time and priority of the process\n");
    printf("AT BT PT\n");
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
```

```
{
  scanf("%d%d%d",&a[i].AT,&a[i].BT,&a[i].PT);
  temp[i]=a[i].BT;
}
a[9].PT=10000;
for(t=0;count!=n;t++)
{
  short_p=9;
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
  {
    if(a[short_p].PT>a[i].PT && a[i].AT<=t && a[i].BT>0)
    {
      short_p=i;
    }
  }
  a[short_p].BT=a[short_p].BT-1;
  if(a[short_p].BT==0)
  {
    count++;
    a[short_p].WT=t+1-a[short_p].AT-temp[short_p];
    a[short_p].TAT=t+1-a[short_p].AT;
    total_WT=total_WT+a[short_p].WT;
    total_TAT=total_TAT+a[short_p].TAT;
  }
}
Avg_WT=total_WT/n;
Avg_TAT=total_TAT/n;
printf("ID WT TAT\n");
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
{
    printf("%d %d\t%d\n",i+1,a[i].WT,a[i].TAT);
}
printf("Avg waiting time of the process is %f\n",Avg_WT);
printf("Avg turn around time of the process is %f\n",Avg_TAT);
return 0;
}
```

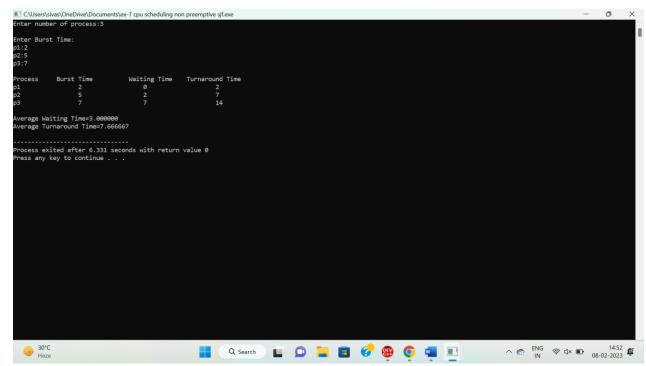


7. Construct a C program to implement non-preemptive SJF algorithm.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int bt[20],p[20],wt[20],tat[20],i,j,n,total=0,pos,temp;
   float avg_wt,avg_tat;
   printf("Enter number of process:");
   scanf("%d",&n);
   printf("\nEnter Burst Time:\n");
   for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
```

```
{
  printf("p%d:",i+1);
  scanf("%d",&bt[i]);
  p[i]=i+1;
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
  pos=i;
  for(j=i+1;j<n;j++)
  {
    if(bt[j]<bt[pos])</pre>
       pos=j;
  }
  temp=bt[i];
  bt[i]=bt[pos];
  bt[pos]=temp;
  temp=p[i];
  p[i]=p[pos];
  p[pos]=temp;
}
wt[0]=0;
for(i=1;i<n;i++)
{
  wt[i]=0;
  for(j=0;j<i;j++)
    wt[i]+=bt[j];
  total+=wt[i];
```

```
avg_wt=(float)total/n;
total=0;
printf("\nProcess\t Burst Time \tWaiting Time \tTurnaround Time");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
   tat[i]=bt[i]+wt[i];
   total+=tat[i];
   printf("\np%d\t\t %d\t\t %d\t\t\d",p[i],bt[i],wt[i],tat[i]);
}
avg_tat=(float)total/n;
printf("\n\nAverage Waiting Time=%f",avg_wt);
printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time=%f\n",avg_tat);
}</pre>
```



8. Construct a C program to simulate Round Robin scheduling algorithm with C.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main()
```

```
{
  int i, NOP, sum=0,count=0, y, quant, wt=0, tat=0, at[10], bt[10], temp[10];
  float avg wt, avg tat;
  printf(" Total number of process in the system: ");
  scanf("%d", &NOP);
  y = NOP;
for(i=0; i<NOP; i++)
{
printf("\n Enter the Arrival and Burst time of the Process[%d]\n", i+1);
printf(" Arrival time is: \t");
scanf("%d", &at[i]);
printf(" \nBurst time is: \t");
scanf("%d", &bt[i]);
temp[i] = bt[i];
}
printf("Enter the Time Quantum for the process: \t");
scanf("%d", &quant);
printf("\n Process No \t\t Burst Time \t\t TAT \t\t Waiting Time ");
for(sum=0, i = 0; y!=0; )
if(temp[i] <= quant && temp[i] > 0)
  sum = sum + temp[i];
  temp[i] = 0;
  count=1;
  }
  else if(temp[i] > 0)
  {
     temp[i] = temp[i] - quant;
```

```
sum = sum + quant;
 }
  if(temp[i]==0 && count==1)
    y--;
    printf("\nProcess\ No[\%d]\ \t\t\ \%d\t\t\t\ \%d",\ i+1,\ bt[i],\ sum-at[i]-left)
bt[i]);
    wt = wt+sum-at[i]-bt[i];
    tat = tat+sum-at[i];
    count =0;
  }
  if(i==NOP-1)
  {
    i=0;
  }
  else if(at[i+1]<=sum)
  {
    i++;
  }
  else
  {
    i=0;
 }
}
avg_wt = wt * 1.0/NOP;
avg_tat = tat * 1.0/NOP;
printf("\n Average Turn Around Time: \t%f", avg_wt);
printf("\n Average Waiting Time: \t%f", avg_tat);
getch();
}
```

