



National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences

CS428 Concurrent & Distributed Systems

Spring 2021 Final Examination

Time Allowed: **3 Hours**

Instructor: **Dr. Omar Usman Khan**

- Q1** Briefly present at least two techniques that may be able to reduce the execution time of a software, without the need of increasing number of threads. (4)
- Q2** What is Moore's Law? (2)
- Q3** What is the difference between task parallel and data parallel models of concurrent programming. Present your answer with some simple supportive examples. (4)
- Q4** Write a multi-threaded program using the POSIX threading library. The program should be able to create 10 threads. Each thread should simply display a *hello* message. The master thread should wait for all these threads to execute, and then display a message saying *all threads are finished*. (4)
- Q5** What difference does it make if a gpu program is run as 1 block with 8 threads, or 8 blocks with 1 thread? (3)
- Q6** Explain what a *warp* is, and why it is needed in GPU programs? (4)
- Q7** What is the rationale behind usage of the symbol `__global__` when declaring cuda kernel functions? (3)
- Q8** What would be required at Position 1 and 2 of the code below to get the output: 11 0 22 0 33 0 44 0 55 0 66 0 77 0 88 0 (4)
- ```

 for Pos 1
 int c=1
__global__ void myHelloOnGPU(int *array) {
 // Position 1 for (int i=0; i<N; i++)
}
int main() {
 int N = 16;
 int *cpu = (int*)malloc(sizeof(int)*N);
 int *gpu;
 cudaMalloc((void **)&gpu, sizeof(int)*N);
 // Position 2
 cudaMemcpy(cpu, gpu, sizeof(int)*N,
 cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
 for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
 printf("%d ", cpu[i]);
 }
 myHelloOnGPU <<<N,1>>>>(cpu,gpu,N)
}
 if(i%2==0)
 array[i] = 11*c;
 c=c+1
 else
 array[i] = 0;
 Pos2 Init irray
 for(int i=0; i<N; i++)
 array[i]=i;

```
- Q9** Write code using OpenMP for computing the dot product of two arrays A and B. A dot product is given as  $D = \sum_{i=0}^n a_i b_i = a_0 b_0 + a_1 b_1 + a_2 b_2 + \dots + a_n b_n$  (4)
- Q10** What is the difference between *taskwait* and *barrier* OpenMP High Level Synchronization directives? (3)
- Q11** Explain how race conditions can be avoided in asynchronous point to point communications in MPI. (4)
- Q12** Explain the differences between blocking and non-blocking communications of MPI. (4)
- Q13** Design an MPI based communication system comprising of 4 processor ranks (0, 1, 2, 3), where rank 0 sends a point to point blocking message to rank 1, 2, and 3. (4)

Expected Attempt Time: 137 minutes

Total Paper Marks: 47

Paper Weightage: 60%

## List of Signatures

```
int pthread_create(pthread_t *t, pthread_attr_t *a, void*(*function), void *arg);
int pthread_join(pthread_t t, void **retvalue);
void pthread_exit(void *retval);

int MPI_Test(MPI_Request *req, int *flag, MPI_Status *status)
int MPI_Probe(int source, int tag, MPI_Comm comm, MPI_Status *status)
int MPI_Get_count(MPI_Status *status, MPI_Datatype datatype, int *count)
int MPI_Send(void *buffer, int count, int destination, int tag, MPI_DATATYPE datatype,
 MPI_Comm comm);
int MPI_Isend(void *buf, int count, MPI_Datatype datatype, int dest, int tag,
 MPI_Comm comm, MPI_Request *request)
int MPI_Recv(void *buffer, int count, MPI_DATATYPE datatype, int source, int tag,
 MPI_Comm comm, MPI_Status *status);
int MPI_Irecv(void *buf, int count, MPI_Datatype datatype, int src, int tag,
 MPI_Comm comm, MPI_Request *request)
int MPI_Wait(MPI_Request *req, MPI_Status *status)
int MPI_Waitall(int x, MPI_Request *req, MPI_Status *stat)
int MPI_Barrier(MPI_Comm comm)
int MPI_Bcast(void *buffer, int count, MPI_Datatype datatype, int root, MPI_Comm comm)
int MPI_Scatter(void *sendbuf, int sendcount, MPI_Datatype sendtype, void *recvbuf,
 int recvcount, MPI_Datatype recvttype, int root, MPI_Comm comm)
int MPI_Gather(void *sendbuf, int sendcount, MPI_Datatype sendtype, void *recvbuf,
 int recvcount, MPI_Datatype recvttype, int root, MPI_Comm comm)
int MPI_Reduce(void *sendbuf, void *recvbuf, int count, MPI_Datatype datatype,
 MPI_Op op, int root, MPI_Comm comm)
int MPI_Comm_split(MPI_Comm comm, int color, int key, MPI_Comm *newcomm)
```