Question 5

```
void SwapMore(int **p,int **q)
void SwapAndAssign(int *p,int *q)
{
                                             {
                                                    int **temp = p;
       int *temp = NULL;
       temp = p;
                                                    p = q;
       p = q;
                                                    q = temp;
       q = temp;
                                             }
                                             void SwapSomeMore(int **p,int **q)
       *p = 8;
       *q = 4;
                                             {
}
                                                    int *temp = *p;
                                                    *p = *q;
                                                    *q = temp;
                                             }
```

ADDRESSES: &x= A00 &y= A04 &z=B00, B04, B08, B0B, B0F

void main(){	x	у	z (all elements)					а	b	*a	*b
			z[0]	z[1]	z[2]	z[3]	z[4]	a		a	
int x=1,y=2;	1	2	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
int z[]={3,5,10,9,12};	1	2	3	5	10	9	12	?	?	?	?
int *a=&x	1	2	3	5	10	9	12	A00	?	1	?
int *b=z+2;	1	2	3	5	10	9	12	A00	A04	1	10
b = b-1;	1	2	3	5	10	9	12	A00	A04	1	5
*b = 9;	1	2	3	9	10	9	12	A00	A04	1	9
SwapAndAssign(&x,&y);	4	8	3	9	10	9	12	A00	A04	4	9
x=11;y=13;b=&y	11	13	3	9	10	9	12	A00	A04	11	13
SwapAndAssign(a,b);	4	8	3	9	10	9	12	A00	A04	4	8
SwapMore(&b,&a);	4	8	3	9	10	9	12	A00	A04	4	8

SwapSomeMore(&b,&a);	4	8	3	9	10	9	12	A00	A04	8	4
											i l

Explanation

- **1.** First initialized variables x = 1, y = 2. The values of x and y are shown on output.
- **2.** We initialized the elements of z array, at zero index the 3 is placed at first index 5 is placed and so on.
- **3.** We make pointer which stores the address of x, the all values of x, y, z is same At, the address of x is placed and *a equals to 1.
- **4.** At b the address of y is placed, *b=z+2, the z index is incremented at 2 and the value at index 2 is shown on output.
- **5.** B=b-1, it decrements the index and the 5 is shown which is placed on index of array.
- **6.** *b=9, the values of array at 2nd index is updated so 9 is shown on output, on a stores address of x and b stores y address, *a points to x value which is 1 and the *b is equals to 9.
- 7. The &x points to *p, &y points to *q the values of p and q is swaps by using temp variable so p points y and x points q at the end values updates and x the 4 is printed and y the 8 is printed but *b equal to 9.
- **8.** The x = 11, y=13, so the *a is 11, *b is 13.
- **9.** The 11 placed at a and 13 placed at b, so at end value 4 and 8 is printed.
- **10.** The value of x points &b and value of y points &a, &b points to double pointer **P, &a also points to pointer, the values is remains same.
- 11. In this function we swap two variables with the help of pointers the value of x is 4 and value of y is 8, z elements remain same but the value of *a is 8 and *b is 4 due to swapping.