

////////*****PRINT NATURAL NUMBERS

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n, I = 1;
    cin >> n;
    while (I <=n)
    {
        cout << I << endl;
        i++;
    }
}
```

////////*****PRINT ODD NUMBERS

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int main() {
    int n, i = 1;
    cin >> n;
    while (i<=n)
    { if(i%2!=0)
    cout <<i<< endl;
        i++;
    }
}
```

////////*****PRINT EVEN NUMBERS

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n, i = 1;
    cin >> n;
    while (i<=n)
    { if(i%2==0)
        cout <<i<< endl;
        i++;
    }
}
```

////////*****SUM OF NATURAL,S NUM

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n,sum=0,i = 1;
    cin >> n;
    while (i<=n)
    {
        sum = sum + i;

        i++;
    }
    cout << sum << endl;
}
```

////////*****SUM OF EVEN NUM

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n,sum=0, i = 1;
    cin >> n;
    while (i <= n) // 2 * n
    {
        if (i % 2 == 0)
            sum = sum + i;
        i++;
    }
    cout <<"Even number sum "<< sum << endl;
}
```

////////*****PRINTS ALPHABETS a - z

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    char i = 'a';

    while (i <= 'z')
    {
        cout << i << endl;
        i++;
    }
}
```

////////*****PRINTS NATURALS NUMBER IN REVERSE ORDER

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n;
    cin >> n;
    int i = n;
    while (i >= 1)
    {
        cout << i << endl;
        i--;
    }
    cout << endl;
}
```

////////*****COUNT NUMBER OF DIGITS IN A NUMBER

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int num,
    digitCount = 0;
    cin >> num;
```

```

// Handle the case of a negative number
if (num < 0)
{
    num = -num; // Make the number positive
}
else if (num == 0)
{
    digitCount = 1; // Special case for 0
}
while (num > 0)
{
    num = num / 10;
    digitCount++;
}
cout << "Numbers of digit " << digitCount << endl;
}

```

EXAMPLE : User
enter 50
digitCount is 2.

/////////*****SUM OF DIGITS OF A NUMBER

```

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {    int num,
digit,sum = 0;
    cin >> num;

    // Ensure the number is positive
if (num < 0) {
    num = -num; // Make the number positive
}

while (num > 0)    Sentinal control Loop structure
{
    digit = num % 10; // Get the last digit
    ★ sum =sum+ digit; // Add the digit to the sum
    num=num / 10; // Remove the last digit
}
cout << "Sum of digit " << sum << endl;
}

```

EXAMPLE :

- enter -56

Sum of digit is 11.

- Also user enter 45

Ans is 9