

# Digital Logic Design (EE1005)

Date: 1<sup>st</sup> March, 2025

Course Instructor(s)

Ms. Tamania Javaid

Mr. Ahmad Hamza

## Sessional-I Exam

Total Time (Hrs): 1

Total Marks: 45

Total Questions: 3

Roll No

Section

Student Signature

- Attempt all the questions.
- Show complete working of each question.
- Multiple solutions of the same question will carry zero credit.
- State your valid assumptions clearly if you have to take any.

**CLO #1: Describe various number systems and perform arithmetic operations and base conversions.**

Q1:

[15 marks]

- Convert the decimal number  $(-73)_{10}$  into 2's complement 8-bit number
- Find the decimal equivalent of  $(113.1)_5$
- Find the unknown in the following expression.

$$(2A4)_{16} + (111\ 1010\ 1101)_2 = (?)_{16}$$

(Perform addition in binary and get result in hexadecimal format. Show complete working)

**CLO #2: Apply Boolean Algebra and K-map methods to optimize logic circuits**

Q2:

[15 marks]

- Apply Boolean algebra to simplify the following function to minimum number of literals

$$F(W, X, Y, Z) = WX\bar{Y} + \overline{X + Y + Z} + \overline{WXZ} + \overline{WXY}$$

- Construct a simplified logic diagram of the following expression using 2-input NAND gates only. Inputs are available in true form only.

$$F(A, B, C) = A\bar{B}C + A\bar{C} + AB\bar{C}$$

**CLO #2: Apply Boolean Algebra and K-map methods to optimize logic circuits**

**Q3:**

**[15marks]**

- a) Design a magnitude comparator that compares two 2-bit numbers. The numbers are  $A = (A_1 A_0)$  and  $B = (B_1 B_0)$ . The comparator has Three outputs G, L and E with  $G = 1$  if  $A > B$  and  $L = 1$  if  $A < B$  and  $E = 1$  if  $A = B$ .

- I. Construct the truth table of the system.
- II. Write the Boolean function representation of all the outputs, using "little m" notation?
- III. Write the Boolean function representation of the output G only, using "big M" notation?

- b) Use K- map to find minimal POS (Product of sum ) expression for the following Boolean functions

$$F(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 2, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13)$$