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Lahore Campus

Electrical Network Analysis

(EE2004)

Date: November 2nd, 2024

Course Instructors

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Roll No

Section

Student Signature

Total Time (Hrs):

Total Questions:

Total Marks:

Sessional-II Exam

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1. Attempt all the questions.

2. Attempt all parts of the same question together.

3. Show all the steps with proper labelled circuit diagrams, and answers with proper units.

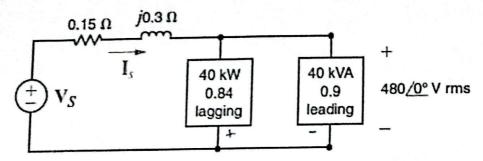
CLO #2: Construct power triangle to compute power in AC circuits.

Q1:

[9+3+4+4+5=25 marks]

The two loads in the circuit shown below can be described as follows:

Load 1 absorbs an average power of 40kW at a lagging power factor of 0.84 and Load 2 absorbs 40kVA at a leading power factor of 0.9.



- a) Construct the power triangle of each load and compute the total complex power absorbed by the two loads. Determine the power factor of the combined load.
- b) Compute the impedance of the combined load
- c) Compute the current l_s and the average power loss in the transmission line.
- d) Determine value of source voltage V_s and the power factor of the source.
- e) Given the frequency of the source is 60Hz, compute the value of the capacitor that will correct the power factor to 1 if placed parallel with the two loads.

Page 1 of 2

CLO #3: Analyze balanced three-phase circuits.

Q2:

[3+5+3+4=15 marks]

Analyze a balanced three-phase circuit that has the following characteristics:

- · Y-Y connected;
- The line voltage at the source, V_{ab} , is $110 \sqrt{3} \angle 60^{\circ} V_{rms}$;
- The phase sequence is positive (abc);
- The line impedance is $3 + j2 \Omega/\varphi$;
- The load impedance is $37 + j 28 \Omega/\varphi$;
- a) Draw the single phase equivalent circuit diagram for the a-phase.
- b) Calculate all the line currents.
- c) Calculate all the phase voltages at the load end.
- d) Calculate the line voltages at the load end.

Page 2 of 2