

TASK-01

```
1  '''
2  1. Write a Python program that includes three separate functions to:
3  □ Calculate the area of a trapezoid
4  □ Calculate the area of a parallelogram
5  □ Calculate the surface area and volume of a cylinder
6  □ Each function should take the necessary arguments and if user select Area for
7  trapezoid then It should be print.
8
9  '''
10 from math import pi
11 def area_of_trapezoid(b1,b2,h):
12     return (0.5*(b1+b2)*h)
13
14
15 def area_of_parallelogram(b,h):
16     return (b*h)
17
18
19 def surface_area_of_cylinder(r,h):
20
21     return (2*pi*(r**2)+2*pi*r*h)
22
23 def volume_of_cylinder(r,h):
24     return (pi*(r**2)*h)
25
26 def input_taking_func():
27     while True:
28         print("\nSelect an option:")
29         print("1. Calculate the area of a trapezoid")
30         print("2. Calculate the area of a parallelogram")
31         print("3. Calculate the surface area of a cylinder")
32         print("4. Calculate the volume of a cylinder")
33         print("5. Exit")
34
35         option = int(input("Enter your choice (1-5): "))
36
37         if option == 1:
38             base1 = float(input("Enter the value of Base-01: "))
39             base2 = float(input("Enter the value of Base-02: "))
```

OUTPUT-01

```

PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS> python -u "c:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS\ASSIGNMENT WEEK 02\TASK_01.py"

Select an option:
1. Calculate the area of a trapezoid
2. Calculate the area of a parallelogram
3. Calculate the surface area of a cylinder
4. Calculate the volume of a cylinder
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 4
Enter the Radius value: 34
Enter the Height value: 4
Volume of cylinder: 14526.72

Select an option:
1. Calculate the area of a trapezoid
2. Calculate the area of a parallelogram
3. Calculate the surface area of a cylinder
4. Calculate the volume of a cylinder
5. Exit
Enter your choice (1-5): 5
Exiting the program. Goodbye!
PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS>

```

-----TASK-02-----

```

ASSIGNMENT WEEK 02 > TASK_02.py > ...
1  '''
2  Write a Python function to check if the last letter of user input string is a vowel or a
3  consonant.
4
5  '''
6  def check(s):
7      return "(TRUE) EXISTS" if s[-1] in [ 'a', 'e', 'i', 'o', 'u' ] else "(FALSE) DOESN'T EXIST"
8
9
10 user_string = input("ENTER THE STRING TO CHECK: ")
11
12 print(check(user_string))
13

```

-----OUTPUT-02-----

```

PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS  COMMENTS
PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS> python -u "c:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS\ASSIGNMENT WEEK 02\TASK_02.py"
ENTER THE STRING TO CHECK: hellow world
(FALSE) DOESN'T EXIST
PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS>

```

-----TASK-03-----

```

ASSIGNMENT WEEK 02 > TASK_03.py > ...
1  '''
2  3. Write a program to make function employee() meeting following requirements:
3  Employee name and monthly salary will be passed to this function. This function will cut
4  2 percent tax from salary and display salary after tax with name of employee. If the
5  salary is missing in the function call then assign default value 10,000 to salary.
6  '''
7
8
9  def employee(name,salary =10000):
10 |     return f"Employee: {name}, Salary after 2% tax: {(salary - salary*0.02):.2f}"
11
12
13
14
15  name = input("ENTER THE EMPLOYEE'S NAME: ")
16
17  salary_input = input("ENTER THE EMPLOYEE'S SALARY (leave blank for default 10,000): ")
18  if salary_input.strip():
19 |      salary = int(salary_input)
20  else:
21 |      salary = 10000
22
23
24  print(employee(name,salary))

```

-----OUTPUT-03-----

```

PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS> python -u "c:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS\ASSIGNMENT WEEK 02\TASK_03.py"
ENTER THE EMPLOYEE'S NAME: Mudasir Abrar Baig
ENTER THE EMPLOYEE'S SALARY (leave blank for default 10,000):
Employee: Mudasir Abrar Baig, Salary after 2% tax: 9800.00
PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS>

```

-----TASK-04-----

ASSIGNMENT WEEK 02 > TASK_04.py > ...

```
1 '''
2 4. Write a function that will take a number 'n' input by user and will return its factorial.
3
4 '''
5
6 def factorial(n):
7     if n == 0:
8         return 1
9     else:
10        return n*factorial(n-1)
11
12 num = int(input("ENTER THE NUMBER: "))
13 print(factorial(num))
```

-----OUTPUT-04-----

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS COMMENTS
PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS> python -u "c:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS\ASSIGNMENT WEEK 02\TASK_04.py"
ENTER THE NUMBER: 6
720
PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS> |
```

-----TASK-05-----

ASSIGNMENT WEEK 02 > TASK_05.py > ...

```
1 '''
2 Write a Python function to multiply all the numbers in a list.
3
4 '''
5
6 def multiply(l):
7     multiply = 1
8     for x in l:
9         multiply*=x
10    return multiply
11
12
13 user_list = map(int,input("ENTER A COMMA SEPERATED LIST: ").split(","))
14
15 print(multiply(user_list))
```

-----OUTPUT-05-----

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS COMMENTS
PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS> python -u "c:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS\ASSIGNMENT WEEK 02\TASK_05.py"
ENTER A COMMA SEPERATED LIST: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9
362880
PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS> |
```

TASK-06

ASSIGNMENT WEEK 02 > TASK_06.py > ...

```
10
11 '''
12 temperature_list= [22, 24, 30, 35, 29, 22, 20, 19]
13 average = (sum(temperature_list))/(len(temperature_list))
14
15 highest_temp = max(temperature_list)
16 lowest_temp = min(temperature_list)
17
18 soreted_list = sorted(temperature_list)
19
20 try:
21     index_to_remove = int(input("ENTER THE INDEX/DAY (0-7) YOU WANT TO REMOVE FROM THE LIST: "))
22     if 0 <= index_to_remove < len(temperature_list):
23         removed_temp = temperature_list[index_to_remove]
24         del temperature_list[index_to_remove]
25         print(f"Removed temperature: {removed_temp}°C")
26         print(f"LIST AFTER REMOVING {temperature_list}")
27     else:
28         print("Invalid index. Please enter a number between 0 and 7.")
29 except ValueError:
30     print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid integer.")
31
32 print(f"THE AVERAGE TEMPERATURE IS {average:.2f}")
33 print(f"HIGHEST TEMPERATURE IS {highest_temp}")
34 print(f"LOWEST TEMPERATURE IS {lowest_temp}")
35 print(f"SORTED LIS IN ASCENDING ORDER IS {soreted_list}")
36
37
```

OUTPUT-06

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS COMMENTS
PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS> python -u "c:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS\ASSIGNMENT WEEK 02\TASK_06.py"
ENTER THE INDEX/DAY (0-7) YOU WANT TO REMOVE FROM THE LIST: 6
Removed temperature: 20°C
LIST AFTER REMOVING [22, 24, 30, 35, 29, 22, 19]
THE AVERAGE TEMPERATURE IS 25.12
HIGHEST TEMPERATURE IS 35
LOWEST TEMPERATURE IS 19
SORTED LIS IN ASCENDING ORDER IS [19, 20, 22, 22, 24, 29, 30, 35]
PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS>
```

TASK-07

```

ASSIGNMENT WEEK 02 > TASK_07.py > ...
6  print the result.
7  Do not use any library. Make logic yourself.
8
9  '''
10 try:
11     list01 = input("ENTER THE FIRST LIST(comma-separated): ").split(",")
12
13     list02 = input("ENTER THE SECOND LIST(comma-separated): ").split(",")
14
15     if len(list01)!=len(list02):
16         raise ValueError("LISTS AREN'T OF SAME LENGTH")
17
18
19     print("List are of same length")
20 except ValueError as e:
21     print(f"Error: {e}")
22 except Exception as e:
23     print(f"An unexpected error occurred: {e}")
24
25
26
27 my_dict = {}
28 for i in range(len(list01)):
29     my_dict[list01[i]] = list02[i]
30
31
32 print(my_dict)
33

```

-----OUTPUT-07-----

```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS COMMENTS
PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS> python -u "c:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS\ASSIGNMENT WEEK 02\TASK_07.py"
ENTER THE FIRST LIST(comma-separated): first,second,third
ENTER THE SECOND LIST(comma-separated): 1,2,3
List are of same length
{'first': '1', 'second': '2', 'third': '3'}
PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS>

```

-----TASK-08-----

```

ASSIGNMENT WEEK 02 > TASK_08.py > ...
1  '''
2
3  Write a function named Capital_Convertor() that get the name from user and return the
4  name is in Capital/Block Letters.
5  '''
6
7  def Capital_Convertor(name):
8      return name.upper()
9
10
11
12 user_name = input("ENTER YOUR NAME HERE : ")
13 print(Capital_Convertor(user_name))

```

-----OUTPUT-08-----

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS COMMENTS
PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS> python -u "c:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS\ASSIGMENT WEEK 02\TASK_08.py"
ENTER YOUR NAME HERE : muhammad mudassir abrar baig
MUHAMMAD MUDASSIR ABRAR BAIG
PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS> |
```

-----TASK-09-----

```
1  '''
2
3  9. Why do we use functions in Python? Explain at least three advantages of using functions
4  in programming with examples. (Not required coding, theory question)
5
6  '''
7
8
9
10 #1st advantage: Functions increase the reusibility of the program.
11 #2nd advantage: Functions increase the scablility of the program.
12 #3rd advantage: Functions make the code consise , clear and easy to manage.
13 #4th advantage: Functions make the code modular.
```

-----OUTPUT-09-----

```
1  '''
2
3  9. Why do we use functions in Python? Explain at least three advantages of using functions
4  in programming with examples. (Not required coding, theory question)
5
6  '''
7
8
9
10 #1st advantage: Functions increase the reusibility of the program.
11 #2nd advantage: Functions increase the scablility of the program.
12 #3rd advantage: Functions make the code consise , clear and easy to manage.
13 #4th advantage: Functions make the code modular.
```

-----TASK-10-----

```

1  """
2  10. An online shopping platform wants to calculate the total bill for a customer, including a
3  discount. The discount is applied based on the total purchase amount.
4  ☐ If the total amount is above $500, a 10% discount is applied.
5  ☐ If the total amount is above $1000, a 20% discount is applied.
6  Write a Python function that takes the total purchase amount as an argument and
7  returns the final bill after applying the discount. Explain why using a function makes the
8  code more efficient.
9  """
10 def functions_role():
11     print("Functions make the code more reuseable , modular , efficient , easy to handle and consise")
12 def bill_generator(amount):
13     try:
14         if amount < 0:
15             raise ValueError("AMOUNT CAN'T BE NEGATIVE")
16         elif amount <= 500:
17             return f"Sorry! You can't get a discount at ${amount}. Shop more to qualify for discounts."
18         elif 500 < amount <= 1000:
19             return f"The final bill after a 10% discount is: ${amount - (amount * 0.1):.2f}"
20         else:
21             return f"The final bill after a 20% discount is: ${amount - (amount * 0.2):.2f}"
22     except ValueError as e:
23         print(f"ERROR: {e}")
24
25
26
27
28
29 total_amount = int(input("ENTER THE TOTAL PURCHASE AMOUNT: "))
30
31
32 print(bill_generator(total_amount))
33 print("<----->")
34 functions_role()
35

```

-----OUTPUT-10-----

```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS COMMENTS
PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS> python -u "c:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS\ASSIGNMENT WEEK 02\TASK_10.py"
ENTER THE TOTAL PURCHASE AMOUNT: 345
Sorry! You can't get a discount at $345. Shop more to qualify for discounts. ;)
<----->
Functions make the code more reuseable , modular , efficient , easy to handle and consise
❖PS C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\INTERNSHIP 'S TASKS>

```