

## Mongo DB → Nodejs

### \* Steps

### \* Installing MongoDB driver :

cmd → `npm install mongodb`

\* Nodejs can use this module to Manipulate Mongo DB :

```
var mongo = require('mongodb')
```

### \* Creating database

To Create database start by Creating a Mongo client then Specify a Connection URL with the correct IP address. and the name of the DB you want to create

\* In MongoDB, a database is not created until it gets content.

\* MongoDB waits until you have created a collection, with atleast one doc before it actually create a DB & collection.

### \* Collection Creation :-

✓ A collection in MongoDB is same as a table in <sup>Mysql</sup>. In mongo db, a collection is not created until it gets content.

### \* Insert :-

The first para of `insertone()` method is an object containing the name & value of each field in the doc. you want to insert.

Eg. insert a doc. in "School" collection.

```

dbo.collection("school").insertOne(myobj, d, (err, res) {
  if (err) throw err;
  console.log("! doc inserted");
  db.close();
})

```

### \* findOne :-

We use the 'find' & "findOne" method to find data in a collection.

Just we 'select' state is used to find data in sql.

To select data from collection we use findOne() method.

It returns first occurrence in selection.

1<sup>st</sup> para is always a Query object.

### \* findAll :-

To select data from table we use find() method it return all occurrences in the collection.

No para. in the find() method gives you the same result as \*SELECT\* in MySQL.

### \* find Some!

The 2<sup>nd</sup> para of find() method is the 'projection' obj that describes which field to include in result.

Its optional, but if emitted than all field will be included.

eg. db.collection("School").find({},{projection:{\_id:0}})  
to Array (fun. arr, result)



### \* Query :-

When finding doc. in collection, we can filter result by using a query obj.

1st argument of find() method is a query obj & is used to limit the search.

### \* Delete :-

To delete record or doc. as it is called in MongoDB, we use the deleteOne() method.

1st para of deleteOne() is a query obj. defining which doc to delete.

If query is more than 1st occurrence will be deleted.

### \* Drop :-

You can delete a table / collection, by using drop() method.

The drop() method takes a callback fun. containing the error obj & the result para which returns true if the collection was dropped successfully otherwise false.

### \* db.dropCollection(.) method :-

It is used to delete a table (collection)

It takes 2 para name of the collection & callback fun

### \* Update Doc :-

To update a records doc. its done by using updateOne(): method. 1st para of updateOne() method is a query object which defines doc. to update.

### \* Limit :-

To limit result method, we use limit () method.

The limit () method takes one para, a no. defining how many doc. to return.

### \* Join () :

Mongo db is not a relational database, but you can perform a left outer join by using the '\$lookup' stage.

→ The '\$lookup' stage lets you specify which collection you want to join with current collection & which field find that should match.