



#### ULN2002A/ ULN2003A/ ULN2004A

# HIGH VOLTAGE, HIGH CURRENT DARLINGTON TRANSISTOR ARRAYS

#### **Description**

The ULN2002A, ULN2003A and ULN2004A are high voltage, high current Darlington arrays each containing seven open collector common emitter pairs. Each pair is rated at 500mA. Suppression diodes are included for inductive load driving, the inputs and outputs are pinned in opposition to simplify board layout.

Device options are designed to be compatible with common logic families:

ULN2002A (14-25V PMOS) ULN2003A (5V TTL, CMOS) ULN2004A (6-15V CMOS, PMOS)

These devices are capable of driving a wide range of loads including solenoids, relays, DC motors, LED displays, filament lamps, thermal print-heads and high-power buffers.

The ULN2002A, 2003A and 2004A are available in both a small outline 16-pin package (SO-16) and DIP-16 package.

#### **Features**

Notes:

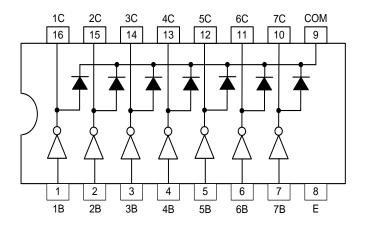
- 500mA Rated Collector Current (single output)
- High Voltage Outputs: 50V
- Output Clamp Diodes
- Inputs Compatible with Popular Logic Types
- Relay Driver Applications
- "Green" Molding Compound (No Br, Sb)
- Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Note 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)

# No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) & 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) compliant.

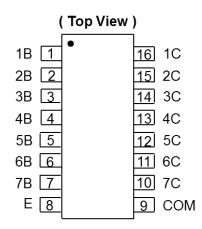
- 2. See http://www.diodes.com/quality/lead\_free.html for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
- and Lead-nee.

  3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

## **Connection Diagram**



### **Pin Assignments**



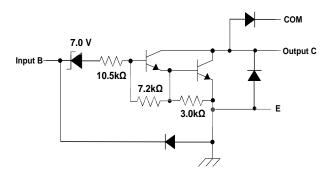
SO-16/DIP-16



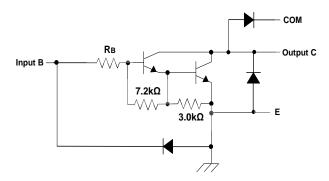
### **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Function
1	1B	Input Pair 1
2	2B	Input Pair 2
3	3B	Input Pair 3
4	4B	Input Pair 4
5	5B	Input Pair 5
6	6B	Input Pair 6
7	7B	Input Pair 7
8	E	Common Emitter (ground)
9	COM	Common Clamp Diodes
10	7C	Output Pair 7
11	6C	Output Pair 6
12	5C	Output Pair 5
13	4C	Output Pair 4
14	3C	Output Pair 3
15	2C	Output Pair 2
16	1C	Output Pair 1

## **Functional Block Diagram**



#### **ULN2002A**



 $\begin{array}{ccc} ULN2003A: & R_B = 2k7 \\ ULN2004A: & R_B = 10k5 \\ \textbf{ULN2003A, ULN2004A} \end{array}$ 



### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 4) (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Para	meter	Rating	Unit
Vcc	Collector to Emitter Voltage		50	V
VR	Clamp Diode Reverse Voltage (Note 5)	)	50	V
Vı	Input Voltage (Note 5)		30	V
I <sub>CP</sub>	Peak Collector Current	See typical characteristics	500	mA
lok	Output Clamp Current	Output Clamp Current		
I <sub>TE</sub>	Total Emitter Current	Total Emitter Current		
0	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-	SO-16	63.0	°C/W
$\theta_{JA}$	Ambient (Note 6)	DIP-16	50.0	C/vv
$\theta_{JC}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case	SO-16	12.0	°C/W
OJC	(Note 6)	DIP-16		C/VV
$T_J$	Junction Temperature	150	°C	
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature	Storage Temperature		

Notes:

5. All voltage values are with respect to the emitter/substrate terminal E, unless otherwise noted.

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Collector to Emitter voltage	-	50	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Ambient Temperature	-40	+105	°C

#### Electrical Characteristics (@TA = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

ULN2002	Α							
	Parameter	Test Figure	Test (	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>I(on)</sub>	On State Input Voltage	6	$V_{CE} = 2V, I_{C} = 3$	300mA	-	-	13	V
			$I_1 = 250 \mu A, I_C =$	100mA	-	0.9	1.1	
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage	5	$I_1 = 350 \mu A, I_C =$	200mA	-	1	1.3	V
Voltage		$I_1 = 500 \mu A, I_C =$	I <sub>I</sub> = 500μA, I <sub>C</sub> = 350mA		1.2	1.6		
V <sub>F</sub>	Clamp Forward Voltage	8	I <sub>F</sub> = 350mA		-	1.7	2	V
		1	V <sub>CE</sub> = 50V, I <sub>I</sub> =	0	-	-	50	
I <sub>CEX</sub>	Collector Cut-off Current	2	V <sub>CE</sub> = 50V,	$I_1 = 0$	-	-	100	μΑ
		2	$T_A = +105$ °C	$V_I = 6V$	-	-	500	
I <sub>I(off)</sub>	Off State Input Current	3	V <sub>CE</sub> = 50V, I <sub>C</sub> =	500µA	50	65	-	μΑ
l <sub>l</sub>	Input Current	4	V <sub>I</sub> = 17V	V <sub>I</sub> = 17V		0.82	1.25	mA
-	Clamp Boyeron Current	7	V <sub>R</sub> = 50V	T <sub>A</sub> = +105°C	-	-	100	
I <sub>R</sub>	Clamp Reverse Current		vR = 50V	-	-	-	50	μΑ
Cı	Input Capacitance	-	$V_1 = 0, f = 1MH$	Z	-	-	25	pF

<sup>4.</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Maximum power dissipation is a function of T<sub>J</sub>(max), θ<sub>JA</sub>, and T<sub>A</sub>. The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is P<sub>D</sub> = (T<sub>J</sub>(max) – T<sub>A</sub>)/θ<sub>JA</sub>. Operating at the absolute maximum T<sub>J</sub> of 150°C can affect reliability.

<sup>7.</sup> Maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(max)$ ,  $\theta_{JC}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(max) - T_C)/\theta_{JA}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum  $T_J$  of 150°C can affect reliability.



## **Electrical Characteristics** ( $@T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise specified.)

ULN2003	4									
	Parameter	Test Figure	Tes	t Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
				I <sub>C</sub> = 200mA	-	-	2.4			
$V_{I(on)}$	On State Input Voltage	6	$V_{CE} = 2V$	I <sub>C</sub> = 250mA	-	-	2.7	V		
				$I_C = 300 \text{mA}$	-	-	3			
			$I_1 = 250 \mu A, I_C$	= 100mA	-	0.9	1.1			
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage	5	$I_1 = 350 \mu A, I_C$	= 200mA	-	1	1.3	V		
	Vollage		$I_1 = 500 \mu A, I_C$	= 350mA	-	1.2	1.6			
V <sub>F</sub>	Clamp Forward Voltage	8	$I_F = 350 \text{mA}$		-	1.7	2	V		
		1	V <sub>CE</sub> = 50V, I <sub>I</sub> :	= 0	-	-	50			
I <sub>CEX</sub>	Collector Cut-off Current	2	$V_{CE} = 50V,$ $T_{A} = +105^{\circ}C$	$I_1 = 0$	-	-	100	μA		
I <sub>I(off)</sub>	Off State Input Current	3	$V_{CE} = 50V, I_{C}$	= 500µA	50	65	-	μΑ		
l <sub>l</sub>	Input Current	4	$V_1 = 3.85V$		-	0.93	1.35	mA		
	Claren Bayeres Comment	7		T <sub>A</sub> = +105°C	-		100			
I <sub>R</sub>	Clamp Reverse Current	7	$V_R = 50V$	-	-	ı	50	μA		
Cı	Input Capacitance	-	$V_I = 0$ , $f = 1MHz$		-	15	25	pF		
ULN2004	4									
	Parameter	Test Figure	Test	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
			I <sub>C</sub> = 125mA		-	-	5	4		
V <sub>I(on)</sub>	On State Input Voltage	6	6	6	V <sub>CE</sub> = 2V	$I_C = 200 \text{mA}$	-	-	6	V
V I(OII)	on state input voltage		VCE - ZV	$I_C = 275 \text{mA}$	-	-	7			
				$I_C = 350mA$	-	-	8			
	Callantas Fraittas Cataratias		$I_1 = 250 \mu A, I_C =$	100mA	-	0.9	1.1			
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage	5	$I_1 = 350 \mu A, I_C =$	200mA	-	1	1.3	V		
	•		$I_1 = 500 \mu A, I_C =$	350mA	-	1.2	1.6			
V <sub>F</sub>	Clamp Forward Voltage	8	$I_F = 350 \text{mA}$		-	1.7	2	V		
		1	$V_{CE} = 50V, I_I =$	0	-	-	50			
I <sub>CEX</sub>	Collector Cut-off Current	2	V <sub>CE</sub> = 50V, T <sub>A</sub> :	I <sub>I</sub> = 0	-	-	100	μΑ		
			VCE = 30V, TA	V <sub>I</sub> = 6V	-	-	500			
I <sub>I(off)</sub>	Off State Input Current	3	$V_{CE} = 50V, I_C =$	= 500µA	50	65	-	μΑ		
l <sub>l</sub>	Input Current	4	$V_I = 5V$		-	0.35	0.5	mA		
I <sub>R</sub>	Clamp Reverse Current	7	\/- FO\/	$T_A = +105^{\circ}C$	-	-	100	μA		
ik	Oldrig Novoide Odiforit	,	V <sub>R</sub> = 50V	-	-	-	50	μΛ		
CI	Input Capacitance	-	$V_I = 0$ , $f = 1MH$	Z	-	15	25	pF		



## $\textbf{Electrical Characteristics} \ (@T_A = -40^{\circ}C \ \text{to } +105^{\circ}C, \ \text{unless otherwise specified.})$

ULN2003	A							
	Parameter	Test Figure	Te	st Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
				$I_C = 200 \text{mA}$	-	-	2.7	
$V_{I(on)}$	On State Input Voltage	6	$V_{CE} = 2V$	$I_C = 250 \text{mA}$	-	-	2.9	V
				$I_C = 300 \text{mA}$	-	-	3	
			$I_1 = 250\mu A, I_C = 100mA$		-	0.9	1.2	
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage	5	$I_1 = 350\mu A, I_C = 200mA$		-	- 1 1.4	V	
	Voltage		$I_1 = 500\mu A, I_C = 350mA$		-	1.2	1.7	
V <sub>F</sub>	Clamp Forward Voltage	8	I <sub>F</sub> = 350mA		-	1.7	2.2	V
I <sub>CEX</sub>	Collector Cut-off Current	1	V <sub>CE</sub> = 50V, I <sub>I</sub> :	= 0	-	-	100	μΑ
I <sub>I(off)</sub>	Off State Input Current	3	V <sub>CE</sub> = 50V, I <sub>C</sub>	= 500µA	30	65	-	μΑ
II	Input Current	4	V <sub>I</sub> = 3.85V		-	0.93	1.35	mA
I <sub>R</sub>	Clamp Reverse Current	7	V <sub>R</sub> = 50V		-	-	100	μΑ
Cı	Input Capacitance	-	V <sub>I</sub> = 0, f = 1M	Hz	-	15	25	pF

## Switching Characteristics (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

ULN2002A, ULN2003A, ULN2004A								
	Parameter	Test figure	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay time, low to high level output	10	-	0.25	1	μs		
t <sub>PLL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high to low level output	10	-	0.25	1	μs		
Voh	High level output voltage after switching	10 ( $V_S = 50V$ , $I_O = 300mA$ )	V <sub>S</sub> -20	1	-	mV		

### Switching Characteristics (@T<sub>A</sub> = -40 to +105°C, unless otherwise specified.)

ULN2003A								
	Parameter	Test figure	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay time, low to high level output	10	-	1	10	μs		
t <sub>PLL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high to low level output	10	-	1	10	μs		
V <sub>OH</sub>	High level output voltage after switching	10 (V <sub>S</sub> = 50V, I <sub>O</sub> = 300mA)	V <sub>S</sub> -50	-	-	mV		



#### **Parameter Measurement Circuits**

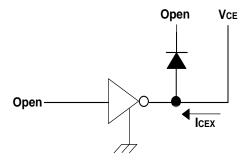


Fig.1 ICEX Test Circuit

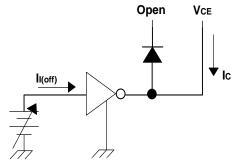


Fig.3 II(off) Test Circuit

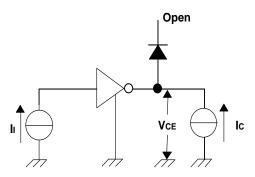


Fig. 5 hfe , VCE(sat) Test Circuit

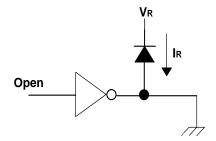


Fig. 7 IR Test Circuit

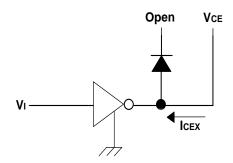


Fig.2 ICEX Test Circuit

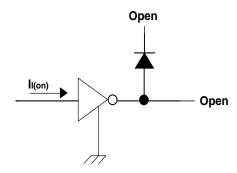


Fig.4 In Test Circuit

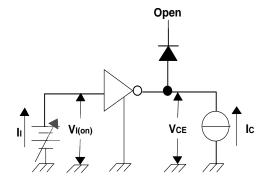


Fig. 6 VI(on) Test Circuit

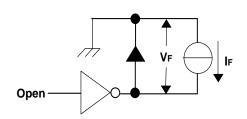


Fig. 8 VF Test Circuit



#### **Parameter Measurement Circuits (continued)**

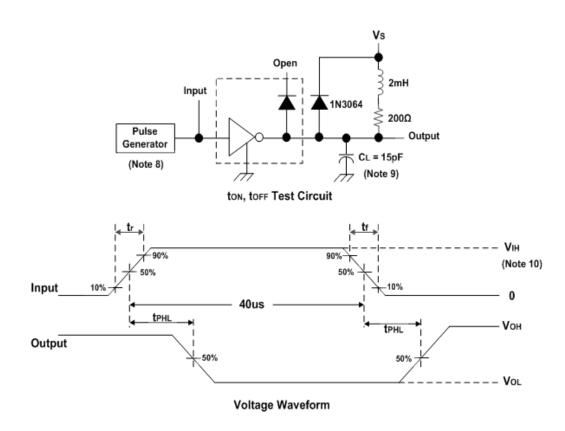


Fig. 10 Latch-Up Test Circuit and Voltage Waveform

Notes: 8. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: Pulse Width = 12.5Hz, output impedance  $50\Omega$ ,  $tr \le 5ns$ ,  $tr \le 10ns$ .

9. C<sub>L</sub> includes prove and jig capacitance.

10. For testing the ULN2002A,  $V_{IH}$  = 13V; for the ULN2003A,  $V_{IH}$  = 3V; for the ULN2004A,  $V_{IH}$  = 8V.



### **Typical Performance Characteristics**

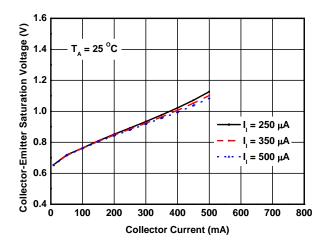


Figure 11 Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current (One Darlington

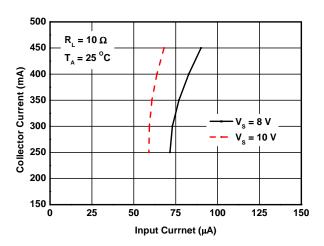


Figure 13 Collector Current vs. Input Current

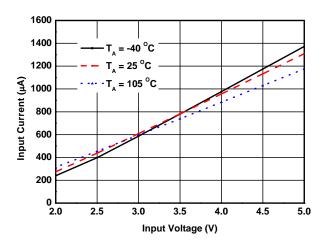


Figure 15. Input Current vs. Input Voltage

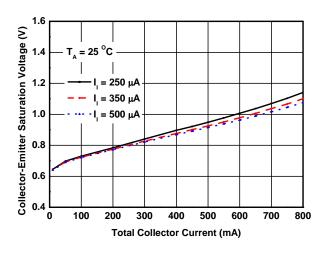


Figure 12 Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current (Two Darlington in Parallel)

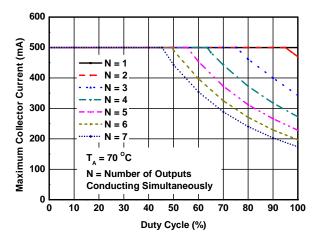


Figure 14 Maximum Collector Current vs. Duty Cycle

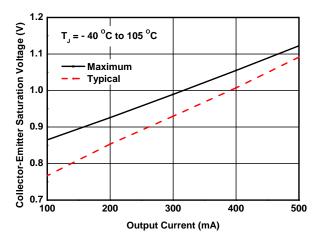


Figure 16. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs.
Output Current



### **Typical Performance Characteristics** (continued)

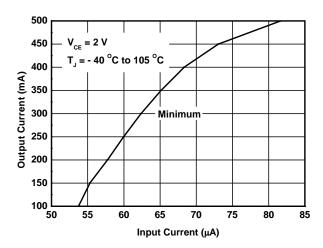
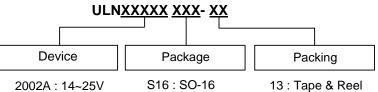


Figure 17. Output Current vs. Input Current



### **Ordering Information**



2002A : 14~25V 2003A : 5V TTL

D16 : DIP-16 U : Tube

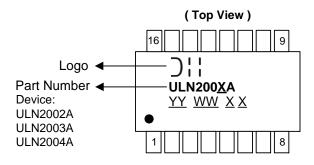
2004A: 6~15V

	Bookogo		13" Tape an	d Reel	Т	ube
Part Number	Package Code	Packaging	Quantity	Part Number Suffix	Quantity	Part Number Suffix
ULN2002AS16-13	S16	SO-16	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13	NA	NA
ULN2003AS16-13	S16	SO-16	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13	NA	NA
ULN2004AS16-13	S16	SO-16	2,500/Tape & Reel	-13	NA	NA
ULN2002AD16-U	D16	PDIP-16	NA	NA	25/Tube	-U
ULN2003AD16-U	D16	PDIP-16	NA	NA	25/Tube	-U
ULN2004AD16-U	D16	PDIP-16	NA	NA	25/Tube	-U

Note: 11. Pad layout as shown on Diodes Inc. suggested pad layout document AP02001, which can be found on our website at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf.

### **Marking Information**

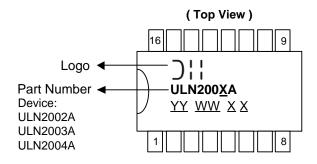
#### (1) SO-16



<u>YY</u>: Year: 08, 09,10~ <u>WW</u>: Week: 01~52; 52 represents 52 and 53 week

XX : Internal Code

#### (2) PDIP-16



YY: Year: 08, 09,10~ WW: Week: 01~52; 52 represents 52 and 53 week

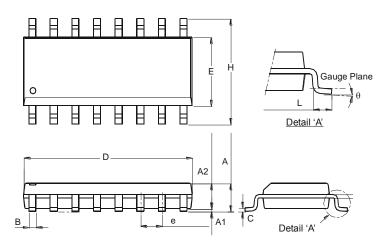
XX : Internal Code



### **Package Outline Drawings**

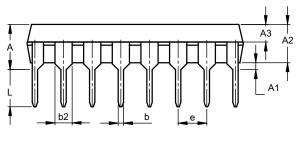
Please see AP02002 at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02002.pdf for the latest version.

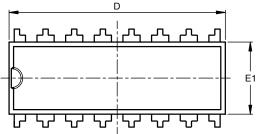
#### SO-16

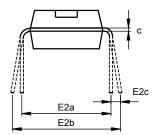


	SO-16	
Dim	Min	Max
Α	1.40	1.75
A1	0.10	0.25
A2	1.30	1.50
В	0.33	0.51
U	0.19	0.25
D	9.80	10.00
Е	3.80	4.00
е	1.27	Тур
Η	5.80	6.20
L	0.38	1.27
θ	0°	8°
All D	imension	s in mm

PDIP-16





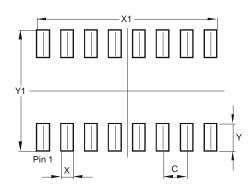


PDIP-16							
Dim	Min	Max	Nom				
Α	3.60	4.00	3.80				
A1	0.51	-	-				
A2	3.20	3.40	3.30				
A3	1.47	1.57	1.52				
b	0.44	0.53	-				
b2		1.52BSC					
С	0.25	0.31	-				
D	18.90	19.30	19.10				
E1	6.15	6.55	6.35				
E2a	7	7.62 BS0					
E2b	7.62	9.30	-				
E2c	0.00	0.84	-				
е		2.54BSC					
L	3.00	-	-				
All	Dimens	ions in	mm				



### **Suggested Pad Layout**

Please see AP02001 at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf for the latest version.



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
С	1.270
Х	0.670
X1	9.560
Y	1.450
Y1	6.400





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- A. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which:
  - 1. are intended to implant into the body, or
  - 2. support or sustain life and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
- B. A critical component is any component in a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

Customers represent that they have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of their life support devices or systems, and acknowledge and agree that they are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning their products and any use of Diodes Incorporated products in such safety-critical, life support devices or systems, notwithstanding any devices- or systems-related information or support that may be provided by Diodes Incorporated. Further, Customers must fully indemnify Diodes Incorporated and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of Diodes Incorporated products in such safety-critical, life support devices or systems.

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