

The Chain Rule - maths

Accelerated Mathematics (Curtin University)



WORKSHEET

The chain rule

1 Differentiate using the chain rule.

a
$$(x+1)^2$$

b
$$(3-x)^2$$

c
$$(5x-3)^2$$

d
$$(4-7x)^3$$

e
$$(x+5)^{-1}$$

f
$$(8-2x)^{-3}$$

g
$$(x^2 + 1)^3$$

h
$$(4x^2 - 7)^5$$

2 Differentiate the following functions.

a
$$(2x+3)^4$$

b
$$(5x-2)^7$$

c
$$4(3x-5)^3$$

d
$$2(7-4x)^5$$

e
$$(x+3)^{-1}$$

$$-3\left(\frac{1}{2}x+1\right)^{-4}$$



g
$$\frac{1}{4x-7}$$

h
$$\frac{1}{3}(5-4x)^{-6}$$

i
$$4(8x+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$\mathbf{j} = \frac{1}{(2x+3)^5}$$

k
$$7(x-3)^{-4}$$

$$\frac{3}{(6x-1)^2}$$

$$m (9x + 4)^5$$

$$14(6-2x)^3$$

o
$$\frac{7}{5(3x+1)^2}$$

$$p \frac{3}{2(4x-5)^3}$$



Answers

- 1 a 2(x+1)
 - **b** -2(3-x)
 - **c** 10(5x 3)
 - d $-21(4-7x)^2$
 - $-(x+5)^{-2}$
 - f $6(8-2x)^{-4}$
 - **g** $6x(x^2+1)^2$
 - **h** $40x(4x^2-7)^4$
- **2 a** $8(2x+3)^3$
 - **b** $35(5x-2)^6$
 - **c** $36(3x-5)^2$
 - d $-40(7-4x)^4$
 - $e -(x+3)^{-2}$
 - **f** $6\left(\frac{1}{2}x+1\right)^{-5}$
 - g $\frac{-4}{(4x-7)^2}$
 - **h** $8(5-4x)^{-7}$
 - i $8(8x+1)^{-\frac{3}{4}}$
 - $\int \frac{-10}{(2x+3)^6}$
 - $k -28(x-3)^{-5}$
 - $1 \frac{-36}{(6x-1)^3}$
 - **m** $45(9x+4)^4$
 - $n -24(6-2x)^2$
 - o $\frac{-42}{5(3x+1)^3}$
 - $p = \frac{-18}{(4x-5)^4}$