

YEAR 11 MATHEMATICS METHODS UNIT 1

Test date: Wednesday 4th March

TERM 1, 2021 TEST 1

APPLECROSS

SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL
STUDENT NAME:

Solubbus

answers to be checked readily and for marks to be All working must be shown in the space provided. Your awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given working should be in sufficient detail to allow your without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than 2 marks, valid working or justification is required THE SECTION OF STREET

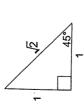
%				
Result	-			
Total	17.	33	SD	
	Section 1	Section 2	Total	

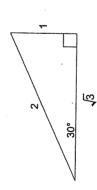
Section 1: Resource - Free

Working time: 20 minutes

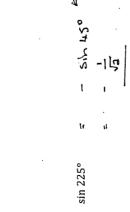
Question 1 [1, 2, 2, 2 = 7 marks]

Consider the two right triangles shown below.





Use the triangles above and reference angles to determine the exact value of



(P)

(c)
$$\theta$$
, where $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ for $0 \le \theta \le 360^\circ$
 c funct any c c c

(d) Use the triangle from page 1 (showing an angle of
$$30^{\circ}$$
) to demonstrate that $\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \tan \theta$

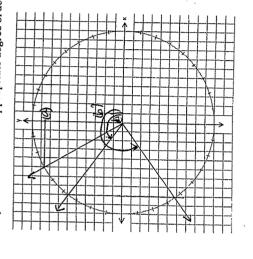
(30 30° = 3

tan 30 = 1

Question 2 [1, 2 = 3 marks]

Use the unit circle below to answer the questions on the right

Give your answers to an appropriate degree of accuracy.



(a) Determine the value of
$$\sin 120^{\circ}$$

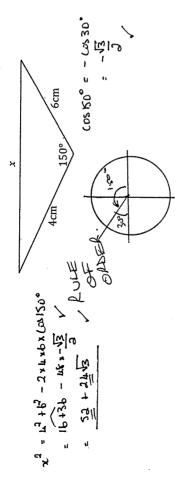
 $\cos x = -0.8$ and $0^{\circ} \le x \le 360^{\circ}$ (b) Solve for x where

Convert $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ radians to degrees (a)

Express -285° to radians, as a fraction of π . 9

Question 4 [3, 2 = 5 marks]

(a) Find the exact value of \vec{x} showing full and correct setting out.



Calculate the area of the triangle, . (a)

YEAR 11 MATHEMATICS METHODS UNIT 1

TEST 1

Test date: Wednesday 4th March TERM 1, 2021

> **APPLECROSS** SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL

STUDENT NAME:

Solutions

All working must be shown in the space provided. Your without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than 2 marks, valid working or justification is required working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning, Incorrect answers given The majority of the passes of the series of to receive full marks.

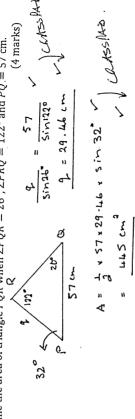
%				
Result	-			
Total	1	33	20	
	Section 1	Section 2	Total	

Section 2: Resource - Rich

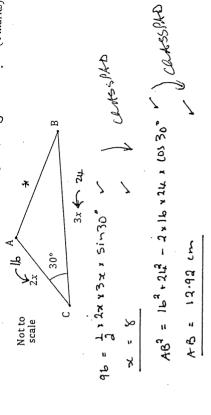
Working time: 35 minutes

Question 1 [8 marks]

(a) Determine the area of triangle PQR when $\angle PQR = 26^\circ$, $\angle PRQ = 122^\circ$ and PQ = 57 cm.



The area of triangle ABC is 96 cm², $\angle ACB = 30^\circ$ and 2BC = 3AC as shown in the diagram. Determine the 'valuety of a good than Calculate the length of AB. (4 marks) **@**



End of Section 1

A segment of a circle of radius 22 cm is shown below, where $\theta=126^\circ$. હ



Determine the area of the segment.

(2 marks)

Determine the perimeter of the segment.

. (<u>4</u>)

(3 marks)

arctergth:
$$L = \Gamma G$$

$$= 3.2 \times \frac{107}{10}$$

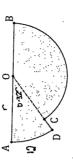
£ = 48.4 cm

= 39.2 cm V

ONCE LOTTIN USE CRASS PAD TO "SOLUB" THE

Question 3 [5 marks]

different circle, also centre 0. AB is a line of length 65 cm, arc AD is 12 cm long and $\angle AOD =$ Shape AOBCDA below consists of sector BOC of circle centre O joined to sector DOA of a 0.32 radians.



Determine the length OA. (a)

(2 marks)

Determine the area of the shape. **a**

(3 marks)

CAMPSSAAD

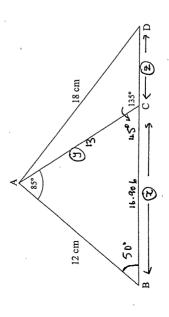
Question 4 [3 marks]

Calculate, to the nearest degree, the acute angle between the line y=1.5x-4and the line y = -0.5x + 4.

$$y = -0.5x + 4$$
 ma = -0.5 = tan θ_{1} = -26.57° v angle = 56.31 + 26.57

Question 5 [6 marks]

Determine, correct to 2 decimal places, the length of side BD in the diagram below.



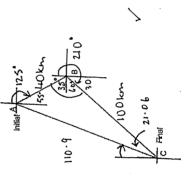
Note: the diagram is not drawn to scale.

0

Question 6 [1, 2, 3 = 0 marks]

A boat sails from A in the direction 125° for 40 km. It then sails along 210° for 100 km.

(a) Complete the diagram below to show this information. (1 mark)



(b) Calculate the direct distance between A and its final position.

Find the bearing of A from its final position.

<u>ပ</u>

(3 marks)

$$\sin C = \frac{\sin 45^{\circ}}{110.9}$$
 $C \sim 21.06^{\circ}$
beary $40 - (21.06 + 60)$
 $= 8.94^{\circ}$

End of Section 2

Comments Regarding Test 1

Section 1

Question1

- Well done. (a)
- A number of students didn't find the reference angle or failed to recognise that the angle was in the third quadrant so that the value was negative. 9
- Most were able to find the acute angle (30°) but forgot the 210° solution. Draw a sketch of the unit circle.
- Most attempted the question but the setting out was generally poor. 9

Question 2

(a)

- Many didn't use the unit circle and gave the exact value whilst others didn't attempt it.
- Many didn't use the unit circle. Few were able to obtain the correct answers. <u>a</u>

Question 3

This question was answered correctly by most students. Some made careless errors.

Question 4

- Also, some added the 52 and 24 together to get 76 first (28 if they subtracted) to give an answer of A number of students wrote down sin instead of cos in the formula. (a)
- Most were able to obtain the correct answer to this question.

<u>@</u>

Section 2

Remember that you should make use of the ClassPad wherever possible to solve equations rather than putting in 3 or 4 lines of working- write down the equation then solve it on the ClassPad (2 lines of "working").

Question 1

(a)

- Generally well done but many rearranged the equation before solving it- not necessary.
 - Students were either able to find the answer or couldn't make a start.

Question 2

- Check that calculator is set to radians. (a)
- A number of students didn't realise that the perimeter was made up of the arc length and the length of the

Question 3

- Done easily by most students. (a)
 - Poorly done.

Question 4

Poorly done- see solutions.

Question 5

Many students used variables in their calculations but did not label the diagram with them.

Reasonably done well by most students.

BC and CD answers should be given to 4 decimal places as their values will be used in a further calculation.

Question 6

- Some had difficulty in labelling the diagram correctly which caused issues in the calculations. Check the solutions carefully to ensure that you understand how the numbers are placed. (a)
 - Full marks were given if angle B on their diagram was used correctly in this part. <u>a</u> 0
- Very few were able to find the bearing of A FROM C. Could be due to running out of time as this is the last question on the paper.

