1 a The point is in the first quadrant.

$$r=\sqrt{1^2+(\sqrt{3})^2} \ =\sqrt{1+3}=2 \ \cos heta=rac{1}{2} \ heta=rac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\therefore 1 + \sqrt{3}i = 2 \operatorname{cis}\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

b The point is in the fourth quadrant.

$$r=\sqrt{1^2+1^2} \ =\sqrt{2} \ \cos heta=rac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \ heta=-rac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\therefore 1-i=\sqrt{2}\operatorname{cis}\left(-rac{\pi}{4}
ight)$$

c The point is in the second quadrant.

$$r=\sqrt{\left(2\sqrt{3}
ight)^2+2^2}$$
 $=\sqrt{16}=4$
 $\cos heta=rac{-2\sqrt{3}}{4}=-rac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 $heta=\pi-rac{\pi}{6}=rac{5\pi}{6}$

$$\therefore -2\sqrt{3} + 2i = 4 \operatorname{cis}\left(\frac{5\pi}{6}\right)$$

d The point is in the third quadrant.

$$r = \sqrt{4^2 + 4^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{32} = 4\sqrt{2}$$

$$\cos \theta = -\frac{4}{4\sqrt{2}} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\theta = -\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} = -\frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$\therefore \quad -4 - 4i = 4\sqrt{2}\operatorname{cis}\left(-\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)$$

e The point is in the fourth quadrant.

$$r=\sqrt{12^2+12^2 imes 3}$$
 $=\sqrt{4 imes 144}=24$
 $\cos heta=-rac{12}{24}$
 $=-rac{1}{2}$
 $heta=-rac{\pi}{3}$

$$\therefore 12-12\sqrt{3}\ i=24\ \mathrm{cis}\left(-rac{\pi}{3}
ight)$$

The point is in the second quadrant.
$$r = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\cos \theta = -\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{2} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\theta = \pi - \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$\therefore \quad -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{cis}\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)$$

2 a
$$3 \operatorname{cis} \frac{\pi}{2} = 3 \operatorname{cos} \frac{\pi}{2} + 3i \operatorname{sin} \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{b} & \sqrt{2} \operatorname{cis} \, \frac{\pi}{3} = \sqrt{2} \operatorname{cos} \, \frac{\pi}{3} + \sqrt{2} i \operatorname{sin} \, \frac{\pi}{3} \\ & = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} i \\ & = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (1 + \sqrt{3} \, i) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{c} & 2 \operatorname{cis} \, \frac{\pi}{6} = 2 \, \operatorname{cos} \, \frac{\pi}{6} + 2 i \operatorname{sin} \frac{\pi}{6} \\ & = \sqrt{3} + i \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{d} & 5 \operatorname{cis} \, \frac{3\pi}{4} = 5 \operatorname{cos} \, \frac{3\pi}{4} + 5i \operatorname{sin} \, \frac{3\pi}{4} \\ & = -\frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}}i \\ & = -\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2}(1-i) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{e} & 12 \operatorname{cis} \, \frac{5\pi}{6} = 12 \operatorname{cos} \, \frac{5\pi}{6} + 12 i \operatorname{sin} \, \frac{5\pi}{6} \\ & = -6 \sqrt{3} + 6 i \\ & = -6 (\sqrt{3} - i) \end{array}$$

$$\mathbf{f} \qquad 3\sqrt{2}\operatorname{cis}\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 3\sqrt{2}\operatorname{cos}\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \\ + 3\sqrt{2}i\operatorname{sin}\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \\ = 3 - 3i \\ = 3(1 - i)$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{g} & 5 \operatorname{cis} \, \frac{4\pi}{3} = 5 \operatorname{cos} \frac{4\pi}{3} + 5i \operatorname{sin} \, \frac{4\pi}{3} \\ & = -\frac{5}{2} - \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2}i \\ & = -\frac{5}{2}(1+\sqrt{3}i) \end{array}$$

$$\mathbf{h} \quad 5 \operatorname{cis} \left(-\frac{2\pi}{3} \right) = 5 \operatorname{cos} \left(-\frac{2\pi}{3} \right)$$

$$+5i\sin\left(-\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$$
$$=-\frac{5}{2}-\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2}i$$
$$=-\frac{5}{2}(1+\sqrt{3}i)$$

3
$$z_1 z_2 = r_1 r_2 \operatorname{cis} (\theta_1 + \theta_2)$$

$$\mathbf{a} \qquad \left(2\operatorname{cis}\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \cdot \left(3\operatorname{cis}\frac{\pi}{12}\right) = 6\operatorname{cis}\left(\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{12}\right)$$

$$= 6\operatorname{cis}\frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$= 6\operatorname{cos}\frac{\pi}{4} + 6i\operatorname{sin}\frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$= \frac{6}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{6}{\sqrt{2}}i$$

$$= 3\sqrt{2}(1+i)$$

$$\mathbf{b} \quad \left(4\operatorname{cis}\frac{\pi}{12}\right) \cdot \left(3\operatorname{cis}\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 12\operatorname{cis}\left(\frac{\pi}{12} + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$= 12\operatorname{cis}\frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$= 12\operatorname{cos}\frac{\pi}{3} + 12i\operatorname{sin}\frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$= 6 + 6\sqrt{3}i$$

$$= 6(1 + \sqrt{3}i)$$

$$\mathbf{c} \qquad \left(\operatorname{cis} \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cdot \left(5 \operatorname{cis} \frac{5\pi}{12}\right) = 5 \operatorname{cis} \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{5\pi}{12}\right)$$

$$= 5 \operatorname{cis} \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

$$= 5 \operatorname{cos} \frac{2\pi}{3} + 5i \operatorname{sin} \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

$$= -\frac{5}{2} + \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2}i$$

$$= -\frac{5}{2}(1 - \sqrt{3}i)$$

$$\mathbf{d} \quad \left(12\operatorname{cis}\left(-\frac{\pi}{3}\right)\right) \cdot \left(3\operatorname{cis}\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) = 36\operatorname{cis}\left(-\frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$= 36\operatorname{cis}\frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$= 36\operatorname{cos}\frac{\pi}{3} + 36i\operatorname{sin}\frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$= 18 + 18\sqrt{3}i$$

$$= 18(1 + \sqrt{3}i)$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{e} & \left(12 \operatorname{cis} \frac{5\pi}{6}\right) \cdot \left(3 \operatorname{cis} \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 36 \operatorname{cis} \left(\frac{5\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \\ & = 36 \operatorname{cis} \frac{4\pi}{3} \\ & = 36 \operatorname{cos} \frac{4\pi}{3} + 36i \operatorname{sin} \frac{4\pi}{3} \\ & = -18 - 18\sqrt{3}i \\ & = -18(1 + \sqrt{3}i) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{f} & \left(\sqrt{2} \operatorname{cis} \pi\right) \cdot \left(\sqrt{3} \operatorname{cis} \left(-\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)\right) = \sqrt{6} \operatorname{cis} \left(\pi - \frac{3\pi}{4}\right) \\ & = \sqrt{6} \operatorname{cis} \frac{\pi}{4} \\ & = \sqrt{6} \operatorname{cos} \frac{\pi}{4} + \sqrt{6} i \operatorname{sin} \frac{\pi}{4} \\ & = \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} i \\ & = \sqrt{3} (1+i) \end{split}$$

$$\mathbf{g} \quad \frac{10 \operatorname{cis} \frac{\pi}{4}}{5 \operatorname{cis} \frac{\pi}{12}} = \frac{10}{5} \operatorname{cis} \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{12} \right)$$
$$= 2 \operatorname{cis} \frac{\pi}{6}$$
$$= 2 \operatorname{cos} \frac{\pi}{6} + 2i \operatorname{sin} \frac{\pi}{6}$$
$$= \sqrt{3} + i$$

h
$$\frac{12 \operatorname{cis} \left(-\frac{\pi}{3}\right)}{3 \operatorname{cis} \frac{2\pi}{3}} = \frac{12}{3} \operatorname{cis} \left(-\frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$$
$$= 4 \operatorname{cis} (-\pi)$$
$$= 4 \operatorname{cos} (-\pi) + 4i \operatorname{sin} (-\pi)$$
$$= -4 + 0 = -4$$

i
$$\frac{12\sqrt{8} \operatorname{cis} \frac{3\pi}{4}}{3\sqrt{2} \operatorname{cis} \frac{\pi}{12}} = \frac{12\sqrt{8}}{3\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{cis} \left(\frac{3\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{12}\right)$$
$$= 8 \operatorname{cis} \frac{2\pi}{3}$$
$$= 8 \operatorname{cos} \frac{2\pi}{3} + 8i \operatorname{sin} \frac{2\pi}{3}$$
$$= -4 + 4\sqrt{3}i$$
$$= -4(1 - \sqrt{3}i)$$

$$\mathbf{j} \qquad \frac{20 \operatorname{cis}\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right)}{8 \operatorname{cis}\frac{5\pi}{6}} = \frac{20}{8} \operatorname{cis}\left(-\frac{\pi}{6} - \frac{5\pi}{6}\right)$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} \operatorname{cis}\left(-\pi\right)$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} \cos(-\pi) + \frac{5}{2} i \sin\left(-\pi\right)$$

$$= -\frac{5}{2} + 0$$

$$= -\frac{5}{2}$$