

ATMAS Mathematics Specialist

2018 Test 2

Calculator Free

Name:															
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Time Allowed: 50 minutes

Marks /52

Materials allowed: No special materials.

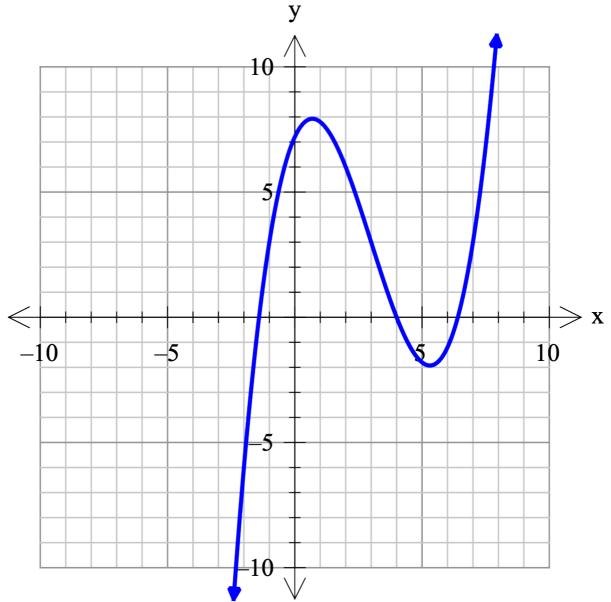
All necessary working and reasoning must be shown for full marks.

Where appropriate, answers should be given in exact values. Marks may not be awarded for untidy or poorly arranged work.

1 If
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$$
 and $g(x) = x^2 - 3$,

Determine the domain and range of the composition f(g(x)). (5)

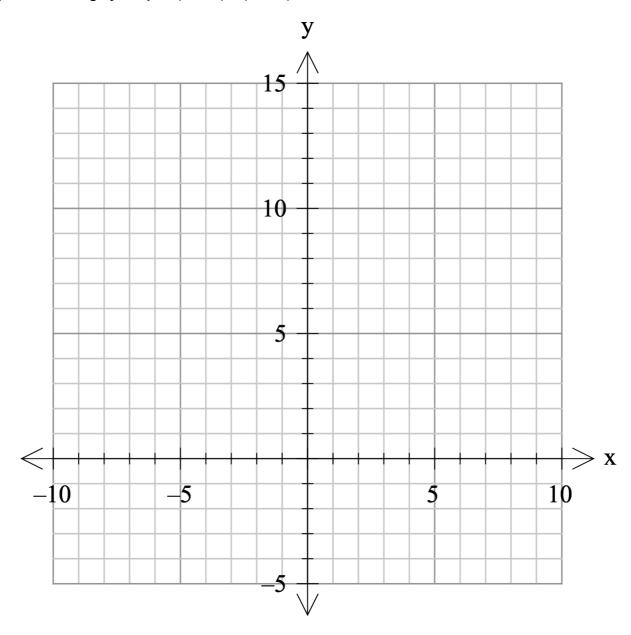
The graph below shows y = f(x).



- a) Add a sketch of $f^{-1}(x)$ to the axes above, indicating at least 3 key points.
- b) Explain why $f^{-1}(x)$ is not a function. (1)

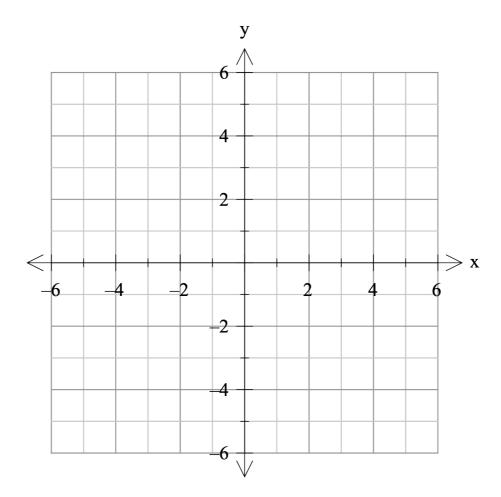
(4)

C) Mark on you sketch of
$$f^{-1}(x)$$
 the points where it would intersect with $\frac{1}{f^{-1}(x)}$. (2) (Do not graph $\frac{1}{f^{-1}(x)}$.)



b) Hence or otherwise solve
$$|x - 3| + |x + 5| = 12$$

4 If $f(x) = (x-2)^2 - 1$, sketch |f(|x|)| on the axes below.



(3)

- **5** a) Determine a vector equation for the line parallel to $5\mathbf{i} 4\mathbf{k}$ and passing through the point $-3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$.
 - b) Show whether the line from part a) intersects with the line $\begin{pmatrix} -1\\1\\3 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} -2\\1\\-3 \end{pmatrix}$ (3)

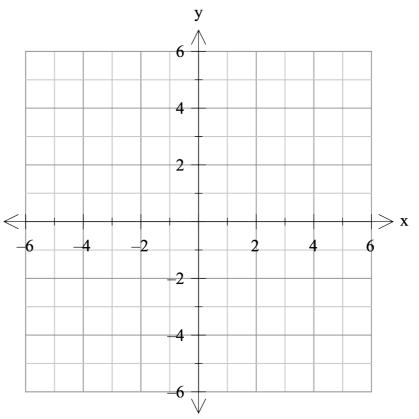
Two spheres are defined by the equations S_1 : $\begin{vmatrix} r - \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 5 \\ -4 \end{vmatrix} = 4$ and S_2 : $\begin{vmatrix} r - \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ -7 \end{vmatrix} = 3$ (3) 6

Determine whether or not the spheres touch, and if they do, describe the nature of their contact.

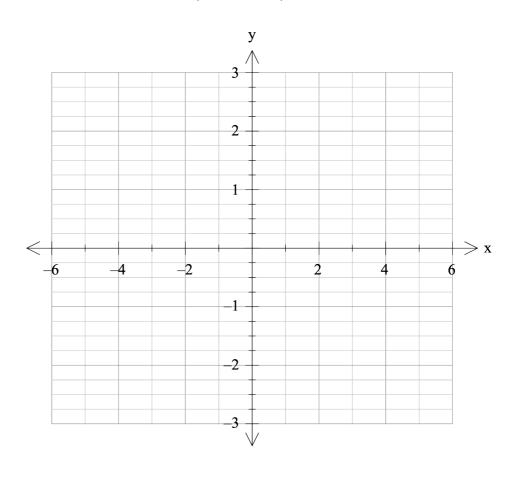
- A plane contains the points given by the position vectors $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$, $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 8 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$. 7
 - Write a vector equation for the plane. (3)

c) Give the equation of a line parallel to the plane and passing through the point $\begin{pmatrix} -3\\1\\5 \end{pmatrix}$. (1)

a)
$$y = \frac{2x^2 - 7x + 4}{2x - 1}$$
 (4)



b)
$$y = \frac{9}{x^2 - 2x - 8}$$
, given that $f''(x) = -\frac{54(x^2 - 2x + 4)}{(x^2 - 2x - 8)^3}$ and $f''(1) = -\frac{2}{9}$ (5)



Two particles are moving through free space. Particle A starts at position $\begin{pmatrix} -3\\1\\7 \end{pmatrix}$ and is moving with constant velocity $\begin{pmatrix} 1\\0\\2 \end{pmatrix}$. Particle B is initially at $\begin{pmatrix} 5\\-6\\-8 \end{pmatrix}$ and moving with velocity $\begin{pmatrix} -3\\1\\3 \end{pmatrix}$. All distances are in kilometres and time is in seconds. Determine the time at which the two particles are closest to each other, and the size of that minimum separation.