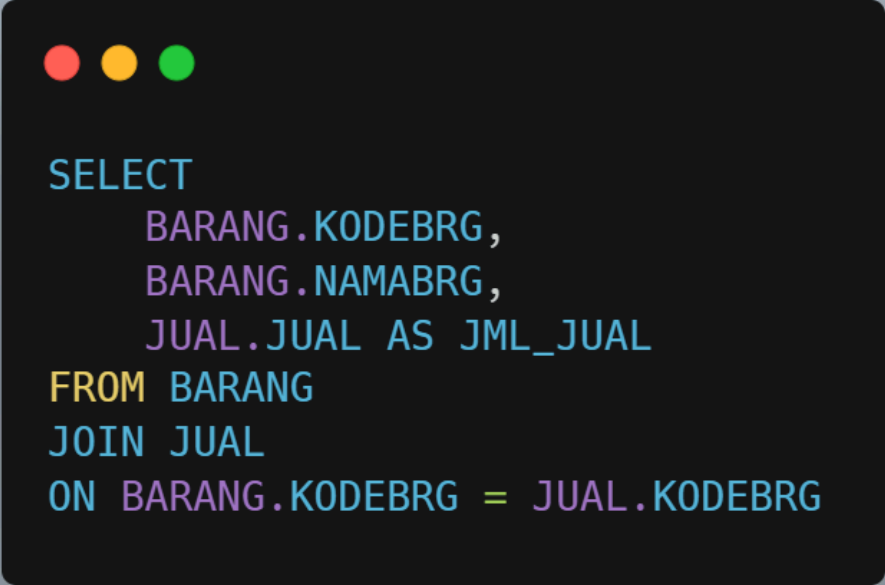


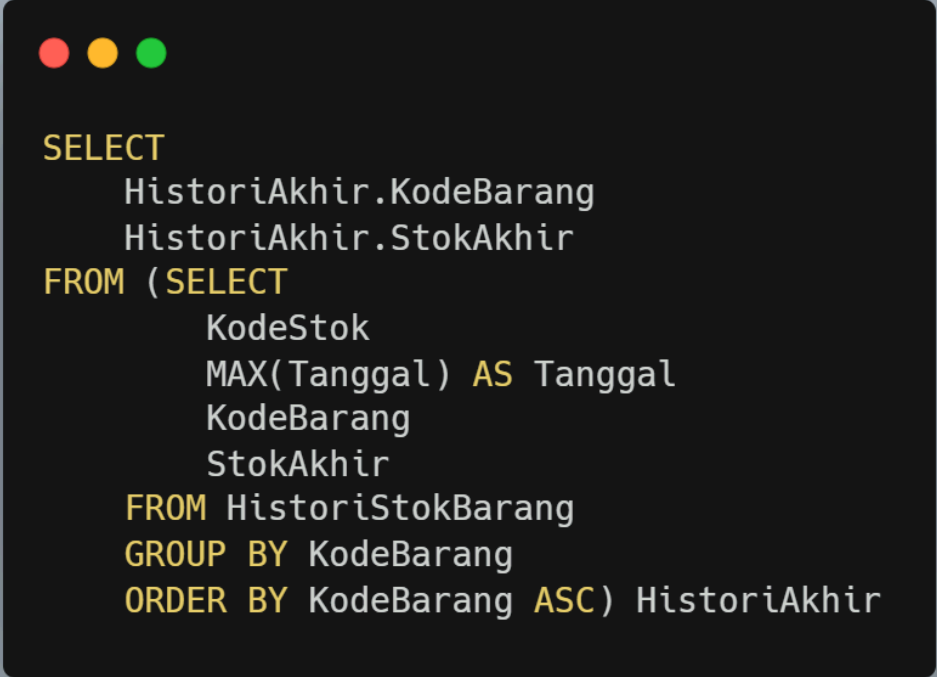
Tes AdIns

Number 1:



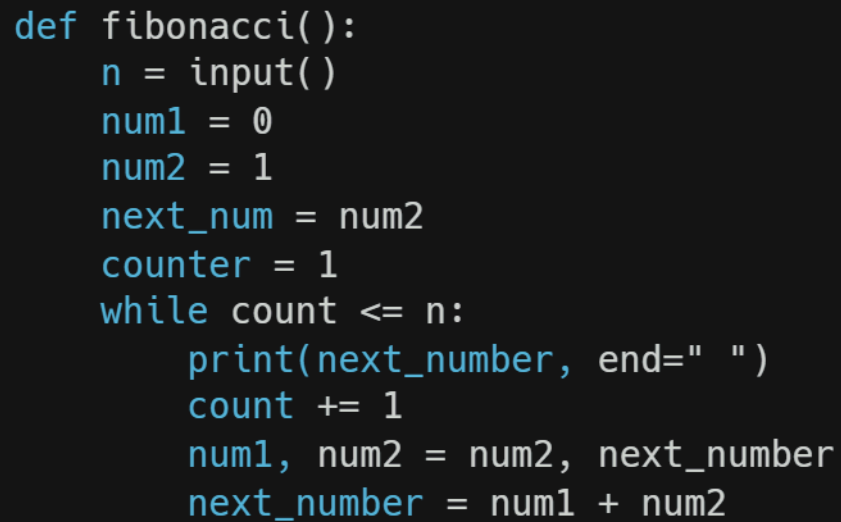
```
SELECT
    BARANG.KODEBRG,
    BARANG.NAMABRG,
    JUAL.JUAL AS JML_JUAL
FROM BARANG
JOIN JUAL
ON BARANG.KODEBRG = JUAL.KODEBRG
```

Number 2:



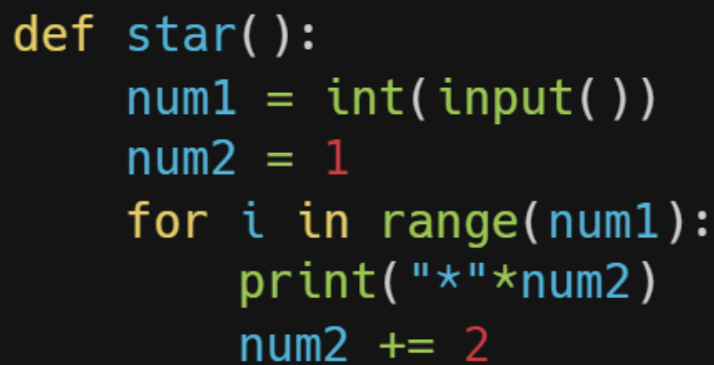
```
SELECT
    HistoriAkhir.KodeBarang
    HistoriAkhir.StokAkhir
FROM (SELECT
    KodeStok
    MAX(Tanggal) AS Tanggal
    KodeBarang
    StokAkhir
FROM HistoriStokBarang
GROUP BY KodeBarang
ORDER BY KodeBarang ASC) HistoriAkhir
```

Number 3:

A screenshot of a code editor with a dark background and three colored window control buttons (red, yellow, green) in the top left corner. The code is a Python function named 'fibonacci()' that takes an input 'n' and prints the first 'n' numbers of the Fibonacci sequence. The sequence starts with 0 and 1, and each subsequent number is the sum of the two preceding ones. The code is as follows:

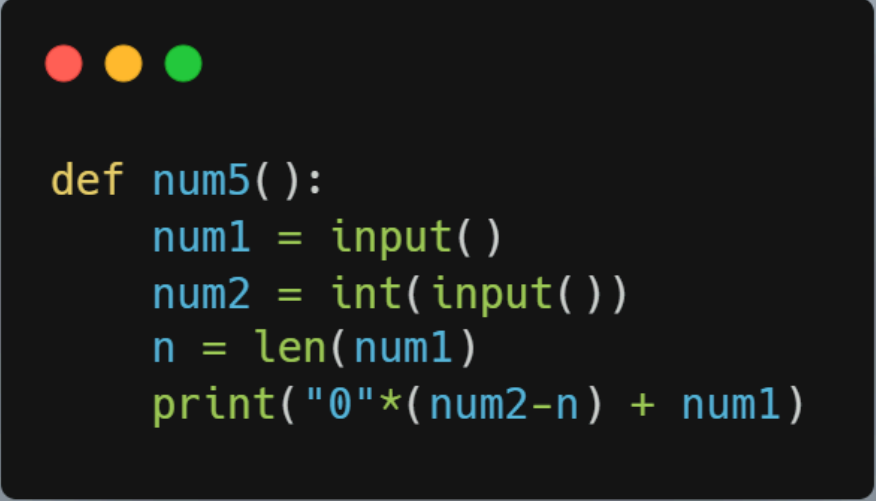
```
def fibonacci():  
    n = input()  
    num1 = 0  
    num2 = 1  
    next_num = num2  
    counter = 1  
    while count <= n:  
        print(next_number, end=" ")  
        count += 1  
        num1, num2 = num2, next_number  
        next_number = num1 + num2
```

Number 4:

A screenshot of a code editor with a dark background and three colored window control buttons (red, yellow, green) in the top left corner. The code is a Python function named 'star()' that takes an input 'num1' and prints a star pattern. The pattern consists of 'num1' lines, each containing 'num2' stars. The value of 'num2' starts at 1 and increases by 1 for each line. The code is as follows:

```
def star():  
    num1 = int(input())  
    num2 = 1  
    for i in range(num1):  
        print("*"*num2)  
        num2 += 2
```

Number 5:



```
def num5():  
    num1 = input()  
    num2 = int(input())  
    n = len(num1)  
    print("0"*(num2-n) + num1)
```