

## Lab # 2

### Object Oriented Programming

BS SE F17 Afternoon

#### Instructions:

- Attempt the following tasks exactly in the given order.
- Indent your code properly.
- Use meaningful variable and function names. Follow the naming conventions.
- Use meaningful prompt lines and labels for all input/output.
- Make sure that there are **NO dangling pointers** or **memory leaks** in your program.

#### Task # 1

Given the following two structures:

```
struct Course
{
    char course_name[100];    // Name of the course
    double obtained_marks;
    double total_marks;
};
struct Result
{
    int student_id;           // Unique id for student
    int num_of_courses;       // No. of courses
    Course *courseList;       // Array containing the courses which are
                             // part of the result
    double percentage;        // Total percentage (which is
                             //calculated by marks of all the courses)
};
```

You are required to implement two functions as described below:

- **computeAllResult**: it receives two parameters: an array (***allResult***) of type Result and its size. The function **computeAllResult** calls another function **computeOneResult** for each element of Result type, using a loop.
- **computeOneResult**: it receives one parameter: a pointer to a Result (***ptrResult***) and computes percentage by using the courseList and stores it in its member variable ***percentage***.

Here are the prototypes of functions

**void computeAllResult(Result \*allResult , int size)**

**void computeOneResult(Result \* ptrResult)**

Also write down the main function to demonstrate your implementation.

## Task # 2

### Matrix Application

In this problem, our goal is to design a library, which will support basic operations of Matrices. You have following structure for matrix

```
struct Matrix{  
  
    int rows;  
    int cols;  
    int **data  
};
```

**You are required to design the following operations.**

**1.** void createMatrix (Matrix m, const int row=1, const int Col=1);

**2.** int& at(Matrix m, const int r , const int c);

*//For setting or getting some value at a particular location of matrix*

**3.** void printMatrix(const Matrix m)

**4.** int isIdentity (const Matrix m)

*if  $a_{ij} = 0$  for  $i \neq j$  and  $a_{ij} = 1$  for all  $i = j$ .*

**5.** bool isRectangular (const Matrix m)

*In which number of rows are not equal to number of columns.*

**6.** bool isDiagonal (const Matrix m)

*If  $a_{ij} = 0$  for all  $i \neq j$  and at least one  $a_{ij} \neq 0$  for  $i = j$ ;*

**7.** bool isNullMatrix (const Matrix m)

*A matrix whose each element is zero.*

**8.** bool isLowerTriangular (const Matrix m )

**9.** bool isUpperTriangular (const Matrix m)

**10.** bool isTriangular (const Matrix m)

**11.** Matrix getMatrixCopy (const Matrix m )

**12.** bool isEqual(const Matrix m1 , const Matrix m2)

**13.** void freeMatrix (Matrix m); *//Free the dynamically allocated memory.*

**14.** Matrix Transpose (const Matrix m);

**16.** void reSize (Matrix m, const int newrow, const int newcol );

**17.** bool isSymmetric (const Matrix m)

*If  $A^t = A$*

**18.** bool isSkewSymmetric (const Matrix m)

*If  $A^t = -A$*

**19.** Matrix add (const Matrix m1, const Matrix m2);

**20.** Matrix multiply(const Matrix m1, const Matrix m2);

**Also write down the main function to demonstrate your implementation.**