

## UCS 2403 Design & Analysis of Algorithms

### Assignment 10

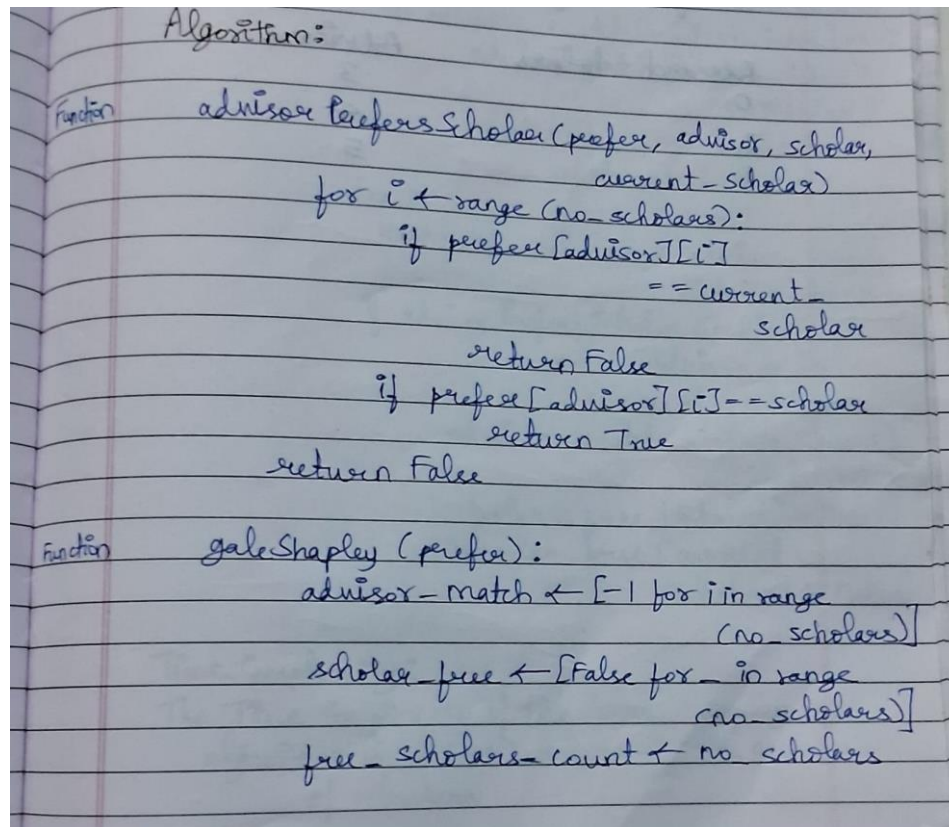
**Date of Exercise:** 20.05.2024

**Aim:** To gain understanding and proficiency on solving problems using Branch and Bound and Iterative Improvement

#### **Question 1:**

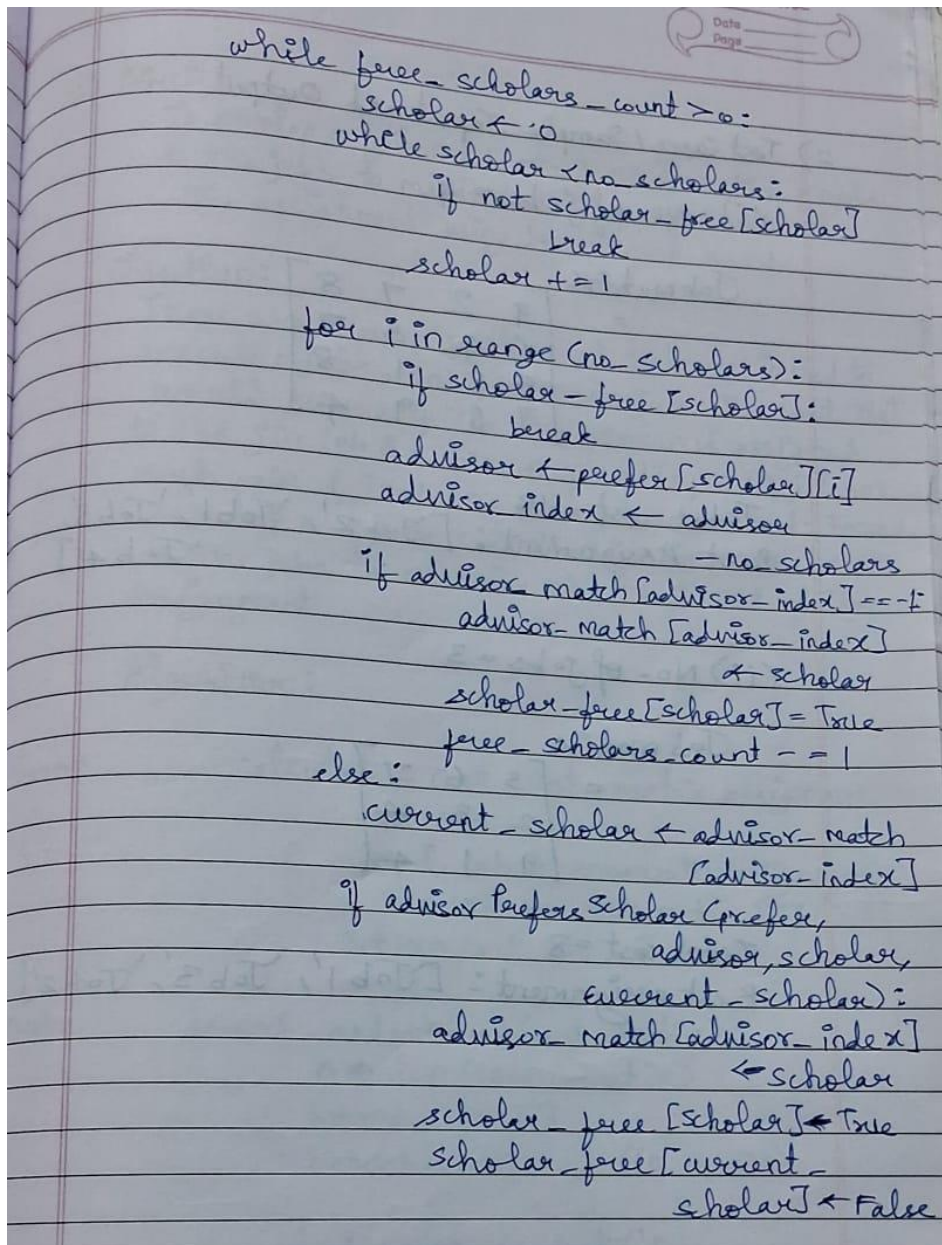
Given a preference matrix for  $n$  research scholars and  $n$  advisors, use the Gale Shapley algorithm to find an allocation of research scholars to guides such that there is no blocking pair. Develop the Python code to implement the algorithm.

#### **Algorithm:**



```
Algorithm:
Function advisorPrefersScholar(prefer, advisor, scholar,
                               current-scholar)
    for i ← range(no-scholars):
        if prefer[advisor][i]
            == current-
               scholar
            return False
        if prefer[advisor][i] > scholar
            return True
    return False

Function galeShapley(prefer):
    advisor-match ← [-1 for i in range
                     (no-scholars)]
    scholar-free ← [False for i in range
                    (no-scholars)]
    free-scholars-count ← no-scholars
```



The image shows a handwritten implementation of the Gale-Shapley algorithm in a notebook. The code is written in a mix of English and a non-English script, likely Telugu. It defines variables for 'free\_scholars\_count', 'scholar', 'no\_scholars', 'advisor', 'advisor\_index', 'current\_scholar', and 'scholar\_free'. The algorithm iterates through a range of 'no\_scholars' and checks if an advisor prefers the current scholar. If so, it updates the 'scholar\_free' status and the 'current\_scholar'.

```
while free_scholars_count > 0:  
    scholar ← 0  
    while scholar < no_scholars:  
        if not scholar_free[scholar]:  
            break  
        scholar += 1  
    for i in range(no_scholars):  
        if scholar_free[scholar]:  
            break  
        advisor ← prefer[scholar][i]  
        advisor_index ← advisor  
        - no_scholars  
        if advisor_match[advisor_index] == -i:  
            advisor_match[advisor_index]  
            ← scholar  
            scholar_free[scholar] = True  
            free_scholars_count -= 1  
        else:  
            current_scholar ← advisor_match  
            [advisor_index]  
            if advisor_prefers_scholar(prefer,  
                advisor, scholar,  
                current_scholar):  
                advisor_match[advisor_index]  
                ← scholar  
                scholar_free[scholar] ← True  
                scholar_free[current_scholar] ← False
```

**Code:**

```
def advisorPrefersScholar(prefer, advisor, scholar, current_scholar):  
    for i in range(no_scholars):  
        if prefer[advisor][i] == current_scholar:  
            return False  
        if prefer[advisor][i] == scholar:  
            return True  
    return False  
  
def galeShapley(prefer):  
    advisor_match = [-1 for _ in range(no_scholars)]  
    scholar_free = [False for _ in range(no_scholars)]  
    free_scholars_count = no_scholars
```

```
while free_scholars_count > 0:
    scholar = 0
    while scholar < no_scholars:
        if not scholar_free[scholar]:
            break
        scholar += 1
    for i in range(no_scholars):
        if scholar_free[scholar]:
            break
        advisor = prefer[scholar][i]
        advisor_index = advisor - no_scholars
        if advisor_match[advisor_index] == -1:
            advisor_match[advisor_index] = scholar
            scholar_free[scholar] = True
            free_scholars_count -= 1
        else:
            current_scholar = advisor_match[advisor_index]
            if advisorPrefersScholar(prefer, advisor, scholar,
current_scholar):
                advisor_match[advisor_index] = scholar
                scholar_free[scholar] = True
                scholar_free[current_scholar] = False

    print("\nResearch Scholars \t Advisors")
    for i in range(no_scholars):
        print(advisor_match[i], "\t\t\t", i + no_scholars)

no_scholars = int(input("Enter the number of scholars: "))

research_scholars = []
advisors = []

for i in range(no_scholars):
    research_scholars.append(i)
for k in range(no_scholars, 2 * no_scholars):
    advisors.append(k)

print("Research scholars are: ", research_scholars)
print("Advisors/Guides are: ", advisors)
print("\n")
prefer = []
for i in range(2 * no_scholars):
    prefs = list(map(int, input(f"Enter preferences for {'research scholar' if i <
no_scholars else 'advisor'} {i % no_scholars + 1}: ").split()))
    prefer.append(prefs)

galeShapley(prefer)
```

**Output:**

```
PS C:\Users\Mugilkrishna D U\OneDrive\Desktop\My Files\.vscode> & "C:/Users/Mugilkrishna D U/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python311/python.exe" "c:/Users/Mugilkrishna D U/OneDrive/Desktop/My Files/SSN/SEM4/DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS/LAB/10.1.py"
Enter the number of scholars: 5
Research scholars are: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]
Advisors/Guides are: [5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

Enter preferences for research scholar 1: 8 6 7 5 9
Enter preferences for research scholar 2: 9 7 6 5 8
Enter preferences for research scholar 3: 6 9 5 8 7
Enter preferences for research scholar 4: 9 6 8 7 5
Enter preferences for research scholar 5: 8 5 6 7 9
Enter preferences for advisor 1: 3 1 4 2 0
Enter preferences for advisor 2: 1 0 3 2 4
Enter preferences for advisor 3: 0 2 4 3 1
Enter preferences for advisor 4: 3 0 2 1 4
Enter preferences for advisor 5: 1 4 0 2 3

Research Scholars      Advisors
4                      5
3                      6
2                      7
0                      8
1                      9
PS C:\Users\Mugilkrishna D U\OneDrive\Desktop\My Files\.vscode>
PS C:\Users\Mugilkrishna D U\OneDrive\Desktop\My Files\.vscode> & "C:/Users/Mugilkrishna D U/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python311/python.exe" "c:/Users/Mugilkrishna D U/OneDrive/Desktop/My Files/SSN/SEM4/DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS/LAB/10.1.py"
Enter the number of scholars: 3
Research scholars are: [0, 1, 2]
Advisors/Guides are: [3, 4, 5]

Enter preferences for research scholar 1: 5 3 4
Enter preferences for research scholar 2: 5 4 3
Enter preferences for research scholar 3: 3 4 5
Enter preferences for advisor 1: 0 1 2
Enter preferences for advisor 2: 1 2 0
Enter preferences for advisor 3: 2 1 0

Research Scholars      Advisors
0                      3
2                      4
1                      5
PS C:\Users\Mugilkrishna D U\OneDrive\Desktop\My Files\.vscode>
```

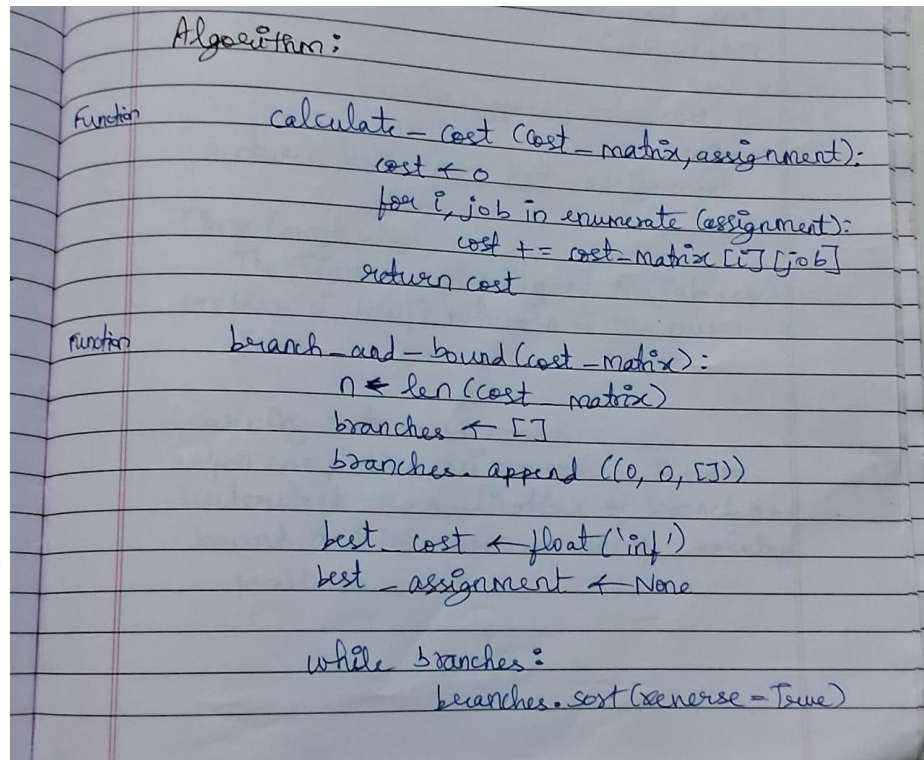
**Time Complexity:**

The Time Complexity of the Gale Shapley algorithm is  $O(n^2)$  where  $n$  is the number of scholars

### Question 2:

There are  $n$  people who need to be assigned to execute  $n$  jobs, one person per job. (That is, each person is assigned to exactly one job and each job is assigned to exactly one person.) The cost that would accrue if the  $i$ th person is assigned to the  $j$ th job is a known quantity  $C[i, j]$  for each pair  $i, j = 1 \dots n$ . Using branch-and-bound, develop a Python code that assigns the people to the jobs to minimize the total cost of the assignment.

### Algorithm:



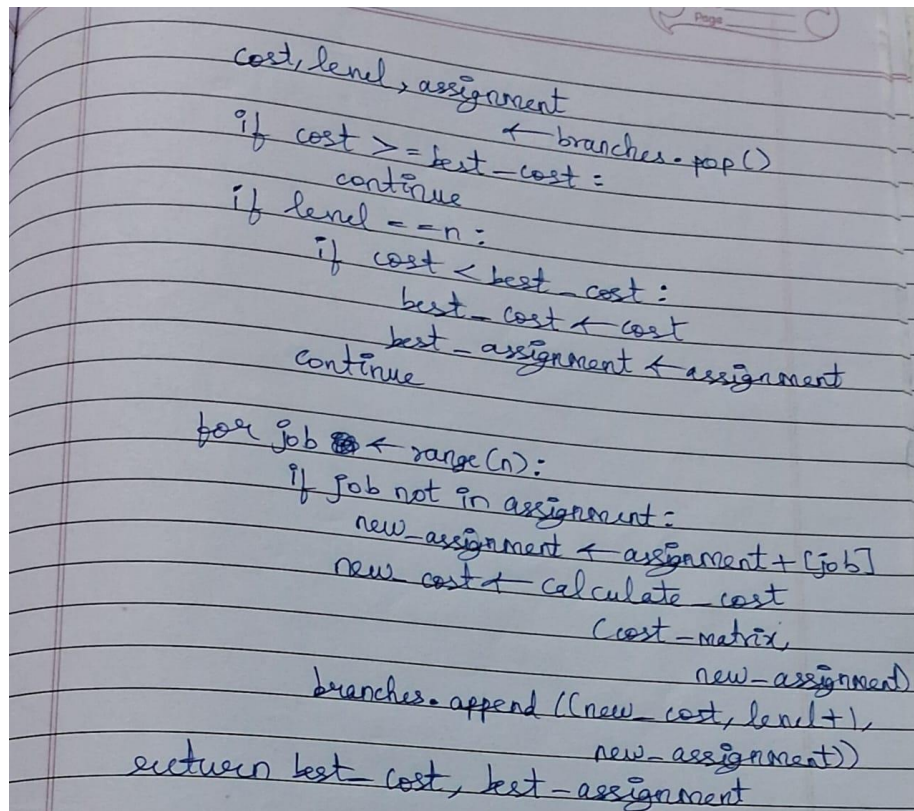
```
Algorithm:
Function calculate_cost(cost_matrix, assignment):
    cost ← 0
    for i, job in enumerate(assignment):
        cost += cost_matrix[i][job]
    return cost

function branch_and_bound(cost_matrix):
    n ← len(cost_matrix)
    branches ← []
    branches.append((0, 0, []))

    best_cost ← float('inf')
    best_assignment ← None

    while branches:
        branches.sort(reverse=True)
```





Handwritten code in a notebook showing a branch and bound algorithm for job assignment. The code uses mathematical notation for variable updates and includes comments in English.

```
cost, level, assignment  
if cost >= best_cost: ← branches.pop()  
    continue  
if level == n:  
    if cost < best_cost:  
        best_cost ← cost  
        best_assignment ← assignment  
    continue  
for job in range(n):  
    if job not in assignment:  
        new_assignment ← assignment + [job]  
        new_cost ← calculate_cost(cost_matrix, new_assignment)  
        branches.append((new_cost, level+1, new_assignment))  
return best_cost, best_assignment
```

**Code:**

```
def calculate_cost(cost_matrix, assignment):  
    cost = 0  
    for i, job in enumerate(assignment):  
        cost += cost_matrix[i][job]  
    return cost  
  
def branch_and_bound(cost_matrix):  
    n = len(cost_matrix)  
    branches = []  
    branches.append((0, 0, []))  
    best_cost = float('inf')  
    best_assignment = None  
  
    while branches:  
        branches.sort(reverse=True)  
        cost, level, assignment = branches.pop()  
        if cost >= best_cost:  
            continue  
        if level == n:  
            if cost < best_cost:  
                best_cost = cost  
                best_assignment = assignment  
            continue
```

```
        for job in range(n):
            if job not in assignment:
                new_assignment = assignment + [job]
                new_cost = calculate_cost(cost_matrix, new_assignment)
                branches.append((new_cost, level + 1, new_assignment))

        return best_cost, best_assignment

n = int(input("Enter the number of jobs: "))
print("\n")

cost_matrix = []
for i in range(n):
    row = []
    for j in range(n):
        cost = int(input(f"Enter the cost for person {i + 1} to job {j+ 1}: "))
        row.append(cost)
    print("\n")
    cost_matrix.append(row)

best_cost, best_assignment = branch_and_bound(cost_matrix)

print("Total cost:", best_cost)
print("Best assignment:", ["Job " + str(job + 1) for job in best_assignment])
```

**Output:**

```
PS C:\Users\Mugilkrishna D U\OneDrive\Desktop\My Files\.vscode> & "C:/Users/Mugilkrishna D U/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python311/python.exe" "c:/Users/Mugilkrishna D U/OneDrive/Desktop/My Files/SSN/SEM4/DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS/LAB/10.2.py"
```

```
Enter the number of jobs: 4
```

```
Enter the cost for person 1 to job 1: 9
Enter the cost for person 1 to job 2: 2
Enter the cost for person 1 to job 3: 7
Enter the cost for person 1 to job 4: 8
```

```
Enter the cost for person 2 to job 1: 6
Enter the cost for person 2 to job 2: 4
Enter the cost for person 2 to job 3: 3
Enter the cost for person 2 to job 4: 7
```

```
Enter the cost for person 3 to job 1: 5
Enter the cost for person 3 to job 2: 8
Enter the cost for person 3 to job 3: 1
Enter the cost for person 3 to job 4: 8
```

```
Enter the cost for person 4 to job 1: 7
Enter the cost for person 4 to job 2: 6
```

```
Enter the cost for person 4 to job 3: 9
Enter the cost for person 4 to job 4: 4
```

```
Total cost: 13
```

```
Best assignment: ['Job 2', 'Job 1', 'Job 3', 'Job 4']
```

```
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```

```
PS C:\Users\Mugilkrishna D U\OneDrive\Desktop\My Files\.vscode> & "C:/Users/Mugilkrishna D U/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python311/python.exe" "c:/Users/Mugilkrishna D U/OneDrive/Desktop/My Files/SSN/SEM4/DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS/LAB/10.2.py"
```

```
Enter the number of jobs: 3
```

```
Enter the cost for person 1 to job 1: 3
Enter the cost for person 1 to job 2: 6
Enter the cost for person 1 to job 3: 7
```

```
Enter the cost for person 2 to job 1: 2
Enter the cost for person 2 to job 2: 3
Enter the cost for person 2 to job 3: 4
```

```
Enter the cost for person 3 to job 1: 9
Enter the cost for person 3 to job 2: 1
Enter the cost for person 3 to job 3: 4
```

```
Total cost: 8
```

```
Best assignment: ['Job 1', 'Job 3', 'Job 2']
```

```
PS C:\Users\Mugilkrishna D U\OneDrive\Desktop\My Files\.vscode> █
```



**Time Complexity:**

The Time Complexity of the Job Assignment problem is  $O(n!)$  where  $n$  is the number of jobs

**Learning Outcome:**

Upon completing this exercise, I have understood the applications of Branch and Bound and its various uses for solving problems in an effective manner. I have also learnt how to improve the iterations and to optimize it properly. I have now learnt to implement the Gale Shapely algorithm for matching research scholars with advisors/guides. I have also learnt how to solve the best job assignment problem.