

HashMap

- **Ownership:** HashMaps take ownership of keys and values unless you use references
- **Keys:** Must implement `Eq` and `Hash` traits
- **Performance:** Average $O(1)$ time complexity for operations

```
1 use std::collections::HashMap;
2
3 fn main() {
4     // Create a new HashMap
5     let mut scores = HashMap::new();
6
7     // Insert key-value pairs
8     scores.insert(String::from("Blue"), 10);
9     scores.insert(String::from("Yellow"), 50);
10
11    // Access values
12    let team_name = String::from("Blue");
13    let score = scores.get(&team_name); // Returns Option<&V>
14    println!("Blue team score: {:?}", score);
15 }
16
17
```

HashMap Methods

	≡ Method	≡ Description
1	<code>insert(K, V)</code>	Insert key-value pair
2	<code>get(&K)</code>	Get value for key
3	<code>get_mut(&K)</code>	Get mutable reference to value
4	<code>remove(&K)</code>	Remove key-value pair
5	<code>contains_key(&K)</code>	Check if key exists
6	<code>len()</code>	Get number of elements
7	<code>is_empty()</code>	Check if empty
8	<code>keys()</code>	Get iterator over keys
9	<code>values()</code>	Get iterator over values
10	<code>entry(K)</code>	Get Entry API for complex updates