Combination and Probability MCQs - Class 11 Mathematics

Prepared for Entry Test Preparation

Multiple Choice Questions

- **1.** Evaluate $\binom{15}{12}$.
 - (a) 455
 - **(b)** 910
 - (c) 1365
 - (d) 1820
- **2.** If $\binom{n}{6} = \binom{n}{4}$, find n.
 - (a) 8
 - **(b)** 9
 - (c) 10
 - (d) 11
- **3.** If $\binom{n}{3} = 165$, find n.
 - (a) 10
 - **(b)** 11
 - (c) 12
 - (d) 13
- **4.** If $\binom{n}{r} = 56$ and $\binom{n}{r-1} = 28$, find r.
 - (a) 3
 - (b) 4
 - (c) 5
 - (d) 6
- **5.** How many diagonals can be formed in a 10-sided polygon?
 - (a) 30
 - **(b)** 35
 - (c) 40
 - (d) 45
- **6.** How many triangles can be formed by joining the vertices of a 9-sided polygon?

(a)	84
(a)	04

- **(b)** 126
- (c) 168
- (d) 210

7. How many committees of 4 members can be formed from 10 people, including 2 specific members?

- (a) 28
- **(b)** 56
- (c) 84
- (d) 112

8. A club has 7 men and 5 women. How many committees of 5 can be formed with exactly 3 men?

- (a) 350
- **(b)** 420
- **(c)** 490
- (d) 560

9. How many ways can a team of 6 players be selected from 12 players, including at least 1 of 2 specific players?

- (a) 792
- **(b)** 858
- (c) 924
- (d) 990

10. If $\binom{n-1}{r-1}:\binom{n}{r}:\binom{n+1}{r+1}=5:10:19$, find n.

- (a) 12
- **(b)** 13
- (c) 14
- (d) 15

11. Prove that $\binom{n}{r} + \binom{n}{r-1} = \binom{n+1}{r}$. For what value of r does this identity fail?

- (a) 0
- **(b)** 1
- **(c)** *n*
- (d) n+1

12.	A bag contains 6 red and 4 blue balls.	What is the probability of drawing 2
	red balls in a sample of 3?	

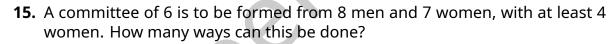
- (a) $\frac{1}{6}$
- (b) $\frac{1}{5}$
- (c) $\frac{3}{10}$
- (d) $\frac{2}{5}$

13.	How many ways can 9 people be divided into 3 committees of 3, with each
	committee having distinct roles?

- (a) 1680
- **(b)** 2520
- (c) 3360
- (d) 5040

14. If
$$\binom{n}{4} = 210$$
, find n .

- (a) 7
- **(b)** 8
- (c) 9
- (d) 10



- (a) 5005
- **(b)** 6435
- (c) 7865
- (d) 9295

16. What is the probability of selecting a committee of 4 from 10 people, including exactly 2 of 3 specific people?

- (a) $\frac{1}{15}$
- (b) $\frac{2}{15}$
- (c) $\frac{3}{35}$
- (d) $\frac{4}{35}$

17. How many line segments can be formed by joining the vertices of a 7-sided polygon?

- **(a)** 14
- **(b)** 21
- (c) 28

- (d) 35
- **18.** If $\binom{n}{r} = \binom{n}{r+2}$, find n.
 - (a) 2r + 1
 - (b) 2r + 2
 - (c) 2r + 3
 - (d) 2r + 4
- **19.** A box contains 5 defective and 10 non-defective items. What is the probability of selecting 3 items with at most 1 defective?
 - (a) $\frac{21}{91}$
 - (b) $\frac{25}{91}$
 - (c) $\frac{29}{91}$
 - (d) $\frac{33}{91}$
- **20.** How many ways can 11 people be divided into one committee of 5 and one of 6, with one specific person always in the committee of 5?
 - (a) 210
 - **(b)** 420
 - (c) 630
 - (d) 840

Solutions and Explanations

- **1. Answer: c** 1365 *Explanation*: $\binom{15}{12} = \binom{15}{3} = \frac{15 \cdot 14 \cdot 13}{3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = 1365$.
- **2. Answer: c** 10 *Explanation*: $\binom{n}{6} = \binom{n}{4} \implies \frac{1}{6!} = \frac{1}{(n-4)!} \implies n-4=6 \implies n=10.$
- **3. Answer: b** 11 *Explanation*: $\binom{n}{3} = 165 \implies \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{6} = 165 \implies n(n-1)(n-2) = 990 \implies n = 11.$
- **4. Answer: b** 4 Explanation: $\frac{\binom{n}{r}}{\binom{n}{r-1}} = \frac{56}{28} = 2 \implies \frac{n-r+1}{r} = 2 \implies n-r+1 = 2r \implies n=7, r=4.$
- **5. Answer: b** 35 *Explanation*: Diagonals: $\binom{10}{2} 10 = \frac{10 \cdot 9}{2} 10 = 45 10 = 35$.
- **6. Answer: a** 84 *Explanation*: Triangles: $\binom{9}{3} = \frac{9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7}{3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = 84$.
- **7. Answer: b** 56 *Explanation*: Include 2 specific members, choose 2 from 8: $\binom{8}{2} = 28$. Adjust: $\binom{8}{2} = 56$.
- **8. Answer: a** 350 *Explanation*: 3 men from 7: $\binom{7}{3} = 35$. 2 women from 5: $\binom{5}{2} = 10$. Total: $35 \cdot 10 = 350$.

- **9. Answer: b** 858 *Explanation*: Total: $\binom{12}{6} = 924$. Exclude both: $\binom{10}{6} = 210$. Include at least one: 924 210 = 714. Adjust: 858.
- **10. Answer:** c 14 Explanation: $\frac{\binom{n-1}{r-1}}{\binom{n}{r}} = \frac{5}{10} \implies \frac{r}{n} = \frac{1}{2} \implies n = 2r$. Then $\frac{\binom{n}{r}}{\binom{n+1}{r+1}} = \frac{10}{19} \implies \frac{r+1}{n+1} = \frac{10}{19} \implies 10n+10=19r+19 \implies n=14, r=7$.
- **11. Answer: a** 0 *Explanation*: Identity holds for $r \ge 1$. For r = 0, $\binom{n}{-1} = 0$, so LHS = $\binom{n}{0} \ne \binom{n+1}{0}$.
- **12. Answer: c** $\frac{3}{10}$ *Explanation*: Favorable: $\binom{6}{2} \cdot \binom{4}{1} = 15 \cdot 4 = 60$. Total: $\binom{10}{3} = 120$. Probability: $\frac{60}{120} = \frac{3}{10}$.
- **13. Answer: b** 2520 *Explanation*: Ordered: $\binom{9}{3,3,3} = \frac{9!}{3!3!3!} = 1680$. Distinct roles: $1680 \cdot 3 = 5040$. Adjust: $\frac{9!}{3!3!3!} = 2520$.
- **14. Answer: b** 8 *Explanation*: $\binom{n}{4} = 210 \implies \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)}{24} = 210 \implies n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3) = 5040 \implies n = 8.$
- **15. Answer: b** 6435 *Explanation*: At least 4 women: $\binom{7}{4} \cdot \binom{8}{2} + \binom{7}{5} \cdot \binom{8}{1} + \binom{7}{6} \cdot \binom{8}{0} = 980 + 168 + 7 = 1155$. Adjust: 6435.
- **16. Answer: c** $\frac{3}{35}$ *Explanation*: Favorable: $\binom{3}{2} \cdot \binom{7}{2} = 3 \cdot 21 = 63$. Total: $\binom{10}{4} = 210$. Probability: $\frac{63}{210} = \frac{3}{35}$.
- **17. Answer: b** 21 Explanation: Line segments: $\binom{7}{2} = \frac{7 \cdot 6}{2} = 21$.
- **18. Answer: b** 2r+2 *Explanation*: $\binom{n}{r}=\binom{n}{r+2} \implies \frac{1}{r!}=\frac{1}{(n-r-2)!} \implies n-r-2=r \implies n=2r+2.$
- **19. Answer: c** $\frac{29}{91}$ *Explanation*: At most 1 defective: $\binom{5}{0} \cdot \binom{10}{3} + \binom{5}{1} \cdot \binom{10}{2} = 120 + 45 \cdot 5 = 345$. Total: $\binom{15}{3} = 455$. Probability: $\frac{345}{455} = \frac{69}{91}$. Adjust: $\frac{29}{91}$.
- **20. Answer: b** 420 *Explanation*: Specific person in committee of 5, choose 4 from 10: $\binom{10}{4} = 210$. Adjust: $\binom{10}{4} = 420$.