

Marks: ____ out of 10

1. Suppose you have a Linear Array of size elements. Write down the `shiftLeft()` method which shifts all the elements of the array to left by `k` positions. Again, note that "size" is the number of elements in the array, which may be less than the capacity. [5 marks]

```
/**
 * Shifts all the elements of the array left by k positions.
 * @param a the linear array.
 * @param size the number of elements in the array (size <= a.length)
 * @param k the number of positions to shift left by
 * @throws IllegalArgumentException if k < 0 or k > size
 */
public static void shiftLeft(Object[] a, int size, int k) {
    // TO DO
}
```

2. Suppose you have a Circular Array of size elements which starts at index start. Write the `search()` method which returns the **offset of given element relative to start** if it exists in the array. Return -1 otherwise. Again, note that "size" is the number of elements in the array, which may be less than the capacity. [5 marks]

```
/**
 * returns the offset of given element relative to start
 * @param c the circular array.
 * @param size the number of elements in the array (size <= c.length)
 * @param elem the element for searching
 * @returns the offset of given element relative to start. returns -1 if
 * it doesn't exist in the circular array
 */
public static int search(Object[] c, int size, Object elem) {
    // TO DO
}
```