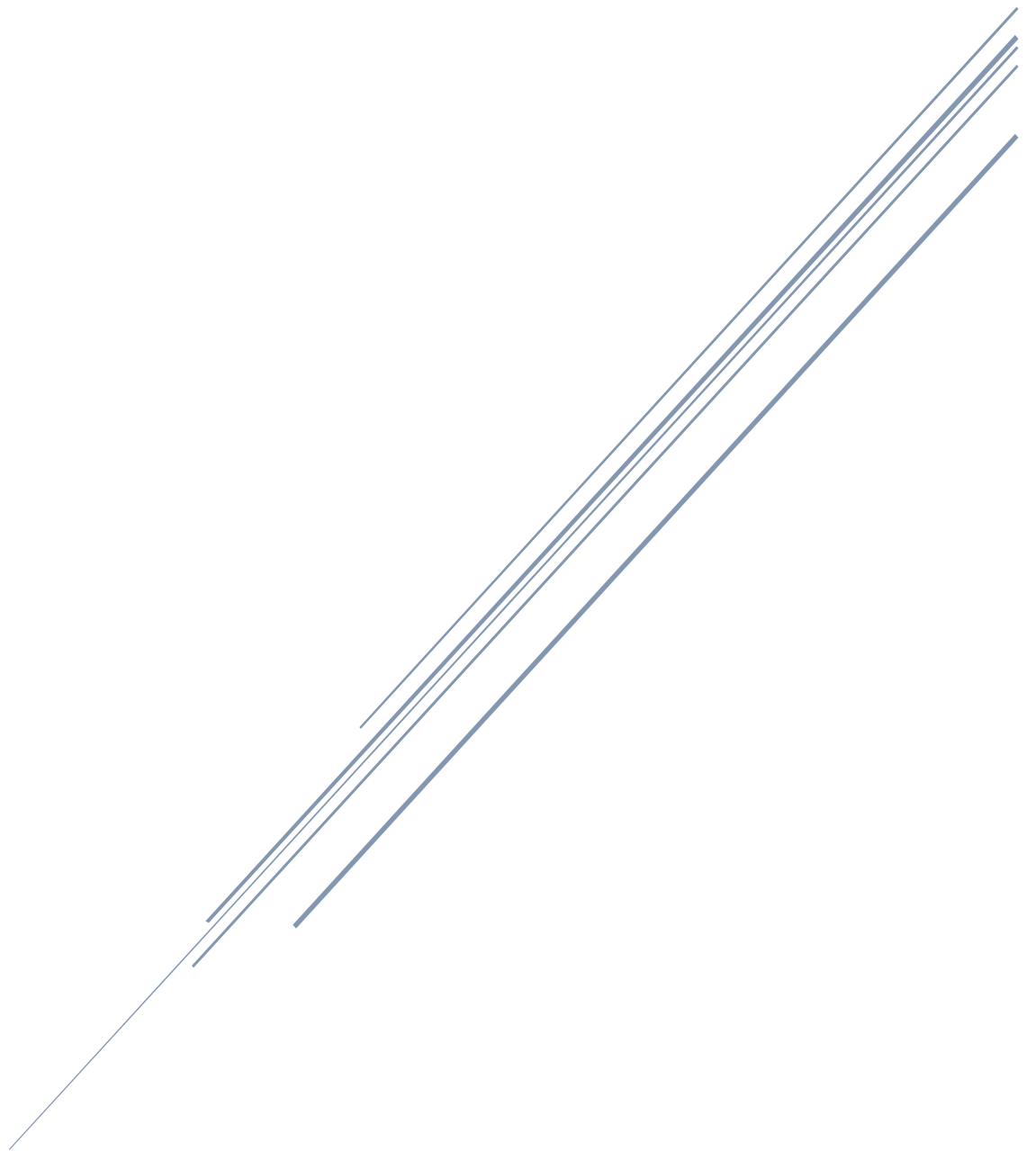


MACHINE LEARNING LAB

Department of Mechatronics Engineering



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Lab#2: Finding S-Algorithm

Objective:

- Familiarize students with basic hypothesis generation in Machine Learning.
- To find a general hypothesis in S Algorithm.

Introduction:

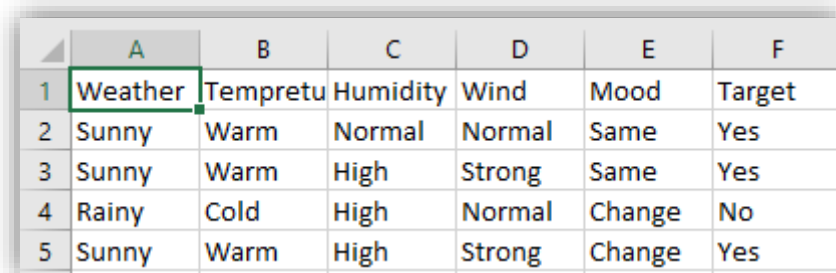
In Every Machine Learning algorithm, the goal is to generate a hypothesis from the available data. This hypothesis will be in form of Mathematical Equation, which in return output the result depending upon the new Input. In Finding S Algorithm, we are given a dataset with target values as positive and negative class. We consider the positive examples to create a hypothesis. That hypothesis predicts the valuable outcome depending upon the certain input parameters.

Lab Tasks:

Question #1:

Write a program to find the Hypothesis using the available dataset.

Dataset:



	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	Weather	Tempretu	Humidity	Wind	Mood	Target
2	Sunny	Warm	Normal	Normal	Same	Yes
3	Sunny	Warm	High	Strong	Same	Yes
4	Rainy	Cold	High	Normal	Change	No
5	Sunny	Warm	High	Strong	Change	Yes

Figure 1: Dataset in CSV

Description:

The most popular source to get the dataset for any machine learning algorithm is [Kaggle](#). The above dataset was also taken from this source and downloaded as a CSV file. In the next step, we will read the file using csv and let the algorithm create a general hypothesis.

Code Snippet:

```
Uni_Labs > S Algo-Lab2.py > ...
1  #Finding S algorithm Lab#2 ML
2  import pandas as pd
3  import numpy as np
4
5  #reading file and mking dataframe
6  data = pd.read_csv('data/findingSdataset.csv')
7  #taking only positive examples and dropping the example type column
8  data = data[data.Target != "No"].drop(columns=["Target"],axis=1)
9  #initializing the hypothesis array
10 inthyp = np.array(data.head(1))
11 #iterating the row and replacing the value
12 dataarray = np.array(data.tail(len(data)-1))
13 compared = (inthyp == dataarray)
14 len = compared.shape[0]
15 for i in range (len):
16     inthyp = inthyp * compared[i]
17 inthyp = np.where(inthyp=='','?',inthyp)
18 #braodcasting
19 inthyp = inthyp.reshape(inthyp.shape[1],)
20 #output
21 print(inthyp)
```

Figure 2 Code Snippet

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\19097\Desktop\vs_pyto> conda activate base
PS C:\Users\19097\Desktop\vs_pyto> & C:/Users/19097/anaconda3/python.exe "c:/Users/19097/Desktop/vs_pyto/Uni_
Labs/S Algo-Lab2.py"
['Sunny' 'Warm' '?' '?' '?']
PS C:\Users\19097\Desktop\vs_pyto>
```

Figure 3 Terminal Output

Conclusion:

In this lab, we have successfully created a hypothesis for the given dataset using the positive examples only. The hypothesis shows that the person will go outside with two fixed conditions of sunny and Warm weather. As far rest of the things are concerned it will yield yes on any kind of the input.