# wrangle report 17-11

# Investigation of Twitter archive of WeRateDogs

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## Introduction

#### 0.1.1 About the Dataset

The dataset that is being wrangled (and analyzed and visualized) is the tweet archive of Twitter user @dog\_rates, also known as WeRateDogs. WeRateDogs is a Twitter account that rates people's dogs with a humorous comment about the dog. These ratings almost always have a denominator of 10. The numerators, though? Almost always greater than 10. 11/10, 12/10, 13/10, etc. Why? Because "they're good dogs Brent." WeRateDogs has over 4 million followers and has received international media coverage.

This archive contains basic tweet data (tweet ID, timestamp, text, etc.) for all 5000+ of their tweets as they stood on August 1, 2017. More on this soon.

### 0.1.2 Inspiration

Is it possible to find the best rated dogs based on the tweets

### Questions - - Ratings of dogs based on type - Best dog according to rating - Tweets based on hour of the day - Tweets based on the days of the week - Tweets based on month - Most important factor which leads to better rating

## Data Wrangling

### Gathering Data Data has been gathered in 3 different formats from 3 different sources.

Data files included are twitter-archive-enhanced.csv, image-predictions.tsv

from url :https://d17h27t6h515a5.cloudfront.net/topher/2017/August/599fd2ad\_image-predictions/image-predictions.tsv) and retweet and favorite counts from Twitter's API as tweet-json.txt

# 0.1.3 Accessing Data

#### General Properties

- The given dataframe has 2356 rows and 17 different columns
- Columns are 'tweet\_id', 'in\_reply\_to\_status\_id', 'in\_reply\_to\_user\_id', 'times-tamp', 'source', 'text', 'retweeted\_status\_id', 'retweeted\_status\_user\_id', 'retweeted\_status\_timestamp', 'expanded\_urls', 'rating\_numerator', 'rating\_denominator', 'name', 'doggo', 'floofer', 'pupper', 'puppo'
- in\_reply\_to\_status\_id and in\_reply\_to\_user\_id have only 78 not-null values
- retweeted\_status\_id, retweeted\_status\_user\_id and retweeted\_status\_timestamp have only 181 not-null values
- Data types are

Column Name	Count	Data Type
tweet_id	2356 non-null	int64
in_reply_to_status_id	78 non-null	float64
in_reply_to_user_id	78 non-null	float64
timestamp	2356 non-null	object
source	2356 non-null	object
text	2356 non-null	object
retweeted_status_id	181 non-null	float64
retweeted_status_user_id	181 non-null	float64
retweeted_status_timestamp	181 non-null	object
expanded_urls	2297 non-null	object
rating_numerator	2356 non-null	int64
rating_denominator	2356 non-null	int64
name	2356 non-null	object
doggo	2356 non-null	object
floofer	2356 non-null	object
pupper	2356 non-null	object
puppo	2356 non-null	object

-	rating_numerator	rating_denominator
count	2356.000000	2356.000000
mean	13.126486	10.455433
std	45.876648	6.745237
min	0.000000	0.000000

-	rating_numerator	rating_denominator
25%	10.000000	10.000000
50%	11.000000	10.000000
75%	12.000000	10.000000
max	1776.000000	170.000000

# **Data Quality Issues**

```
I-Many null values

in_reply_to_status_id

in_reply_to_user_id

retweeted_status_user_id

2-Incorrect data types

tweet_id

in_reply_to_status_id

in_reply_to_user_id

retweeted_status_id

retweeted_status_id

retweeted_status_id

retweeted_status_for

timestamp

retweeted_status_timestamp

4-rating_denominator has minimum value as 0 which is not possible for denominators
```

5-Retweets need to be removed to avoid duplication in our analysis. This may be done by removing rows that have non-empty retweeted\_status\_id, retweeted\_status\_user\_id, and retweeted\_status\_timestamp

6-Add rating column as the ratio of numerator and denominator

7-unnecessary html tags in source column in place of utility name e.g. <a href=""http://twitter.com/download/iphone"" rel=""nofollow"">Twitter for iPhone

8-Some numerators are wrongly entered. They are different as in the comments

### **Data Tidiness Issues**

1-category column can be created to store the type of dog instead of the last 4 columns named as doggo, floofer, pupper, puppo

- 2-Information about one type of observational unit (tweets) is spread across three different dataframes. Therefore, these three dataframes should be merged as they are part of the same observational unit.
- 3-Reorder the columns into similar ones close to each other after adding or removing some extra columns.

# **Data Cleaning**

# Make a copy for the Data

#### Define

-Retweets need to be removed to avoid duplication in our analysis. This may be done by removing rows that have non-empty retweeted\_status\_id

 $twitter\_df\_clean$ : many  $tweet\_id(s)$  of  $twitter\_df\_clean$  table are missing in  $image\_df$  (image predictions) table

#### Define

Keep only those records in twitter\_df\_clean table whose tweet\_id exists in image\_df table

#### Define

2-Convert Incorrect data types

tweet\_id

in\_reply\_to\_status\_id

in\_reply\_to\_user\_id

retweeted status id

retweeted\_status\_user\_id

## Define

3- Convert datetime format for

timestamp

retweeted\_status\_timestamp

twitter\_df\_clean: text column contains untruncated text instead of displayable text

#### Define

*Using the display\_text\_range of tweet\_df\_clean table, extract displayable text from text column* 

#### Define

4-Some numerators are wrongly entered.

Exteract numerators from txt column

twitter\_df\_clean: rating\_denominator column has values other than 10

#### Define

For records whose rating\_denominator is greater than 10 and divisible by 10, use the quotient as the divisor to divide the rating\_numerator. If the numerator turns out to be divisible (i.e. remainder=0), assign this quotient as the rating\_numerator.

For the remaining records, check if the text column contains any fraction whose denominator is 10. If it does, update the rating\_denominator to 10. Additionally, update the rating\_numerator with the numerator value of this fraction.

#### Define

5- Removing the rating\_denominator has minimum value as 0 which is not possible for denominators

Add rating column as the ratio of numerator and denominator

# Check for Duplicated values

7-twitter\_df\_clean: unnecessary html tags in source column in place of utility name e.g. <a href=""http://twitter.com/download/iphone"" rel=""nofollow"">Twitter for iPhone

## Define

Strip all html anchor tags (i.e.  $\langle a... \rangle$ ) in source column and retain just the text in between the tags. Convert the datatype from string to categorical.

## **Data Tidiness Issues**

## Define

Drop retweeted\_status\_id, retweeted\_status\_user\_id and retweeted\_status\_timestamp columns from twitter\_df\_clean table

#### Define

Drop rating\_numerator, rating\_denominator columns from twitter\_df\_clean table

twitter\_df\_clean: erroneous dog names starting with lowercase characters (e.g. a, an, actually, by)\*

#### Define

Replace all lowercase values of name column with None

# Merge dog stages properly.

Set the None values to np.nan in all the 4 dog stage columns. Concatenate all 4 columns to 1 column dog\_stage Now the multiple dog stages rows will have values combined. So replace them with code Remove the original 4 columns of dog stages.

# Define

Concatenate all 4 columns to 1 column dog\_stage

Add Month, Day and Hour for Tweet time Define

Drop the columns doggo, floofer, pupper and puppo

Define Merge the dataframe image\_df\_clean with twitter\_df\_clean

## The End Home