

System Description

The system consists of two modes normal mode and pedestrian's mode.

It controls two traffic lights one for cars and one for pedestrians.

It has button if the button pressed the system will change from normal mode to pedestrian's mode.

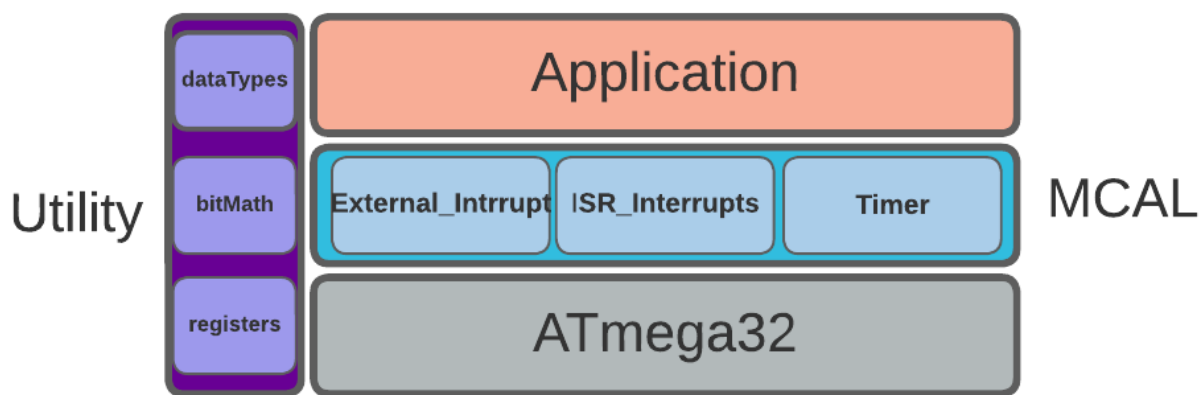
Used Hardware

- ATmega32 MCU
- 6 LEDs
- 1 Push Button

Software

- Microchip Studio for developing and debugging
- Proteus for Simulation

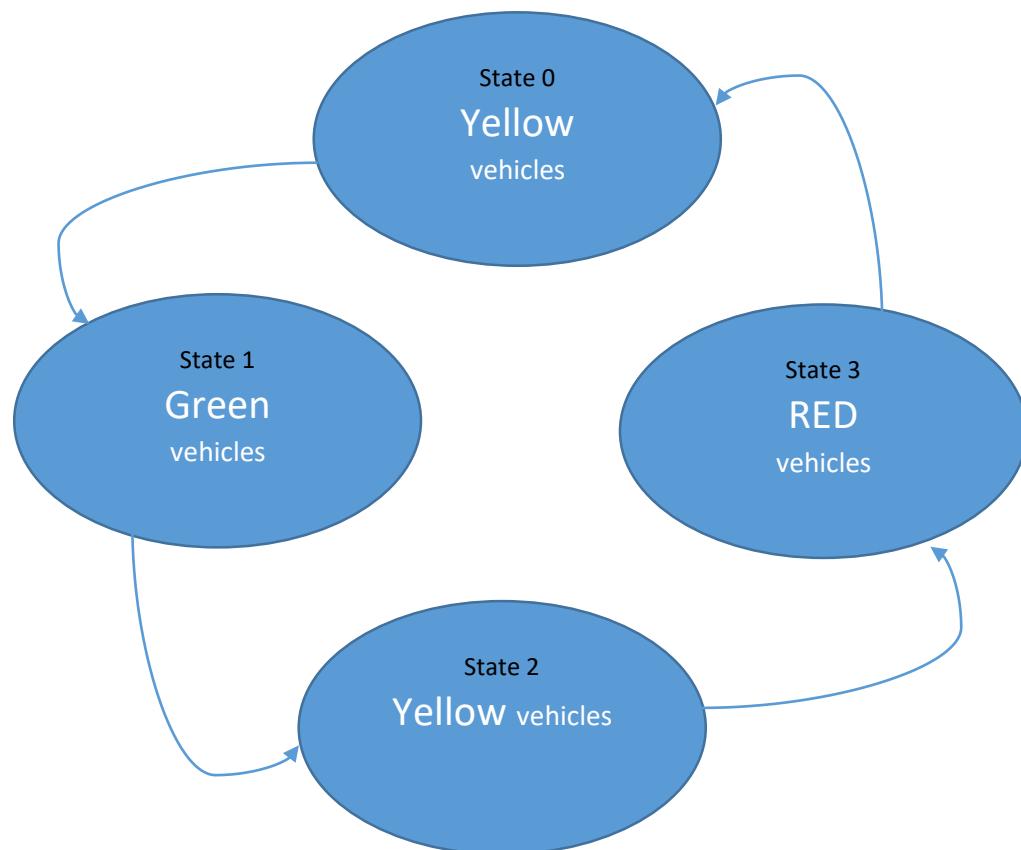
Software Architecture



Layers Architecture

System Design

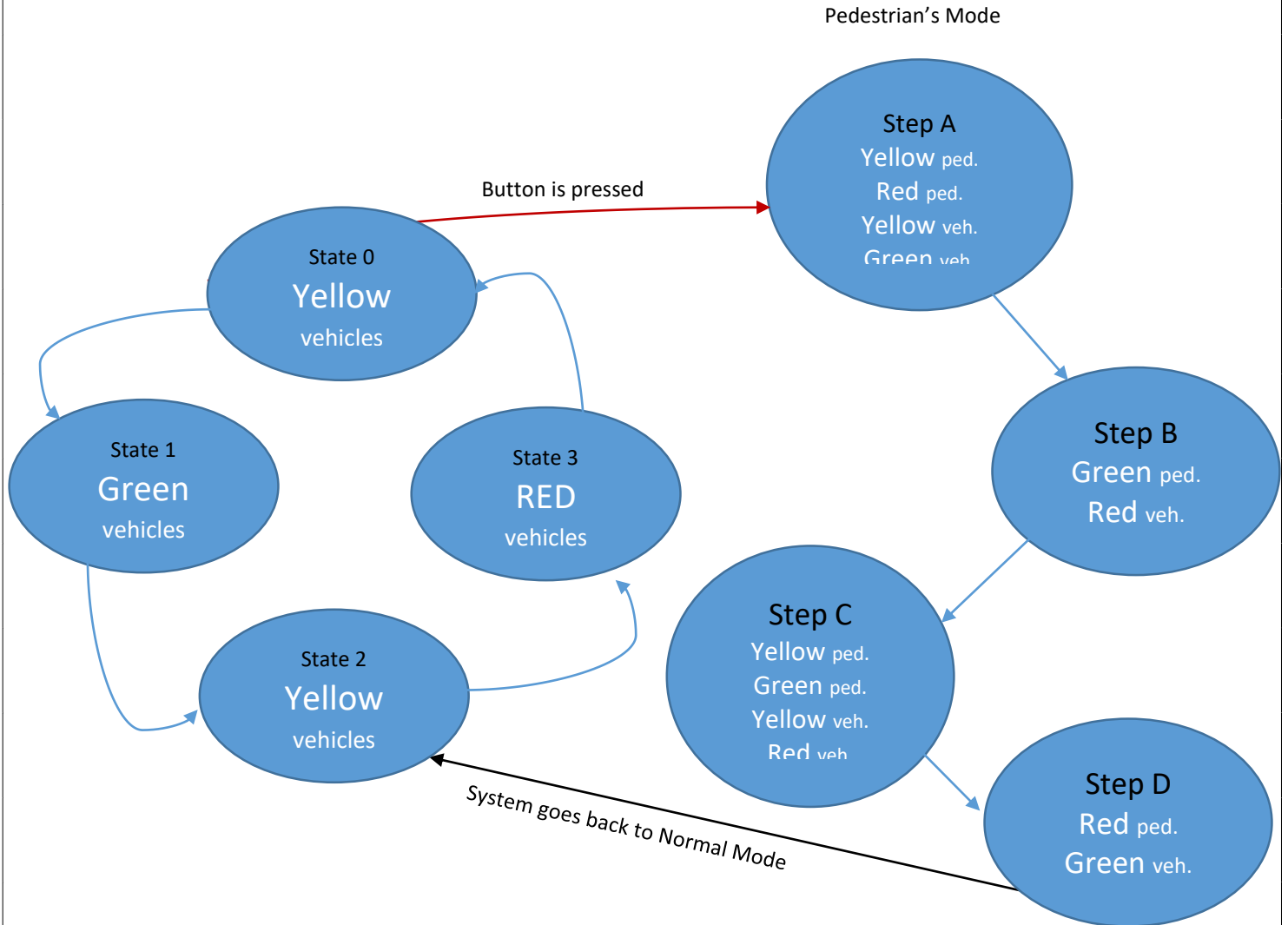
Normal Mode



Pedestrian's Mode

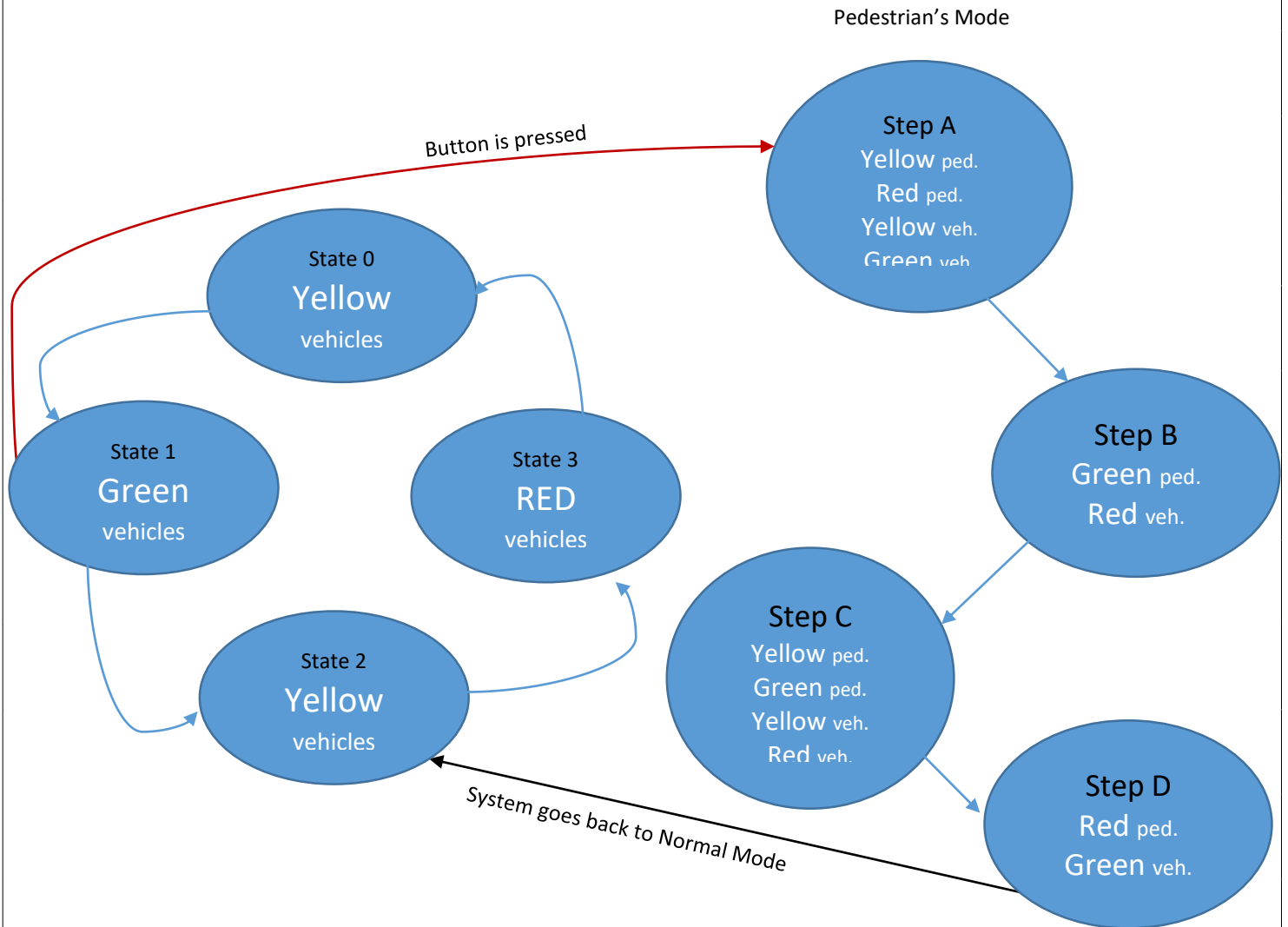
Scenario 1:

Button is Pressed while Yellow before Green is blinking.



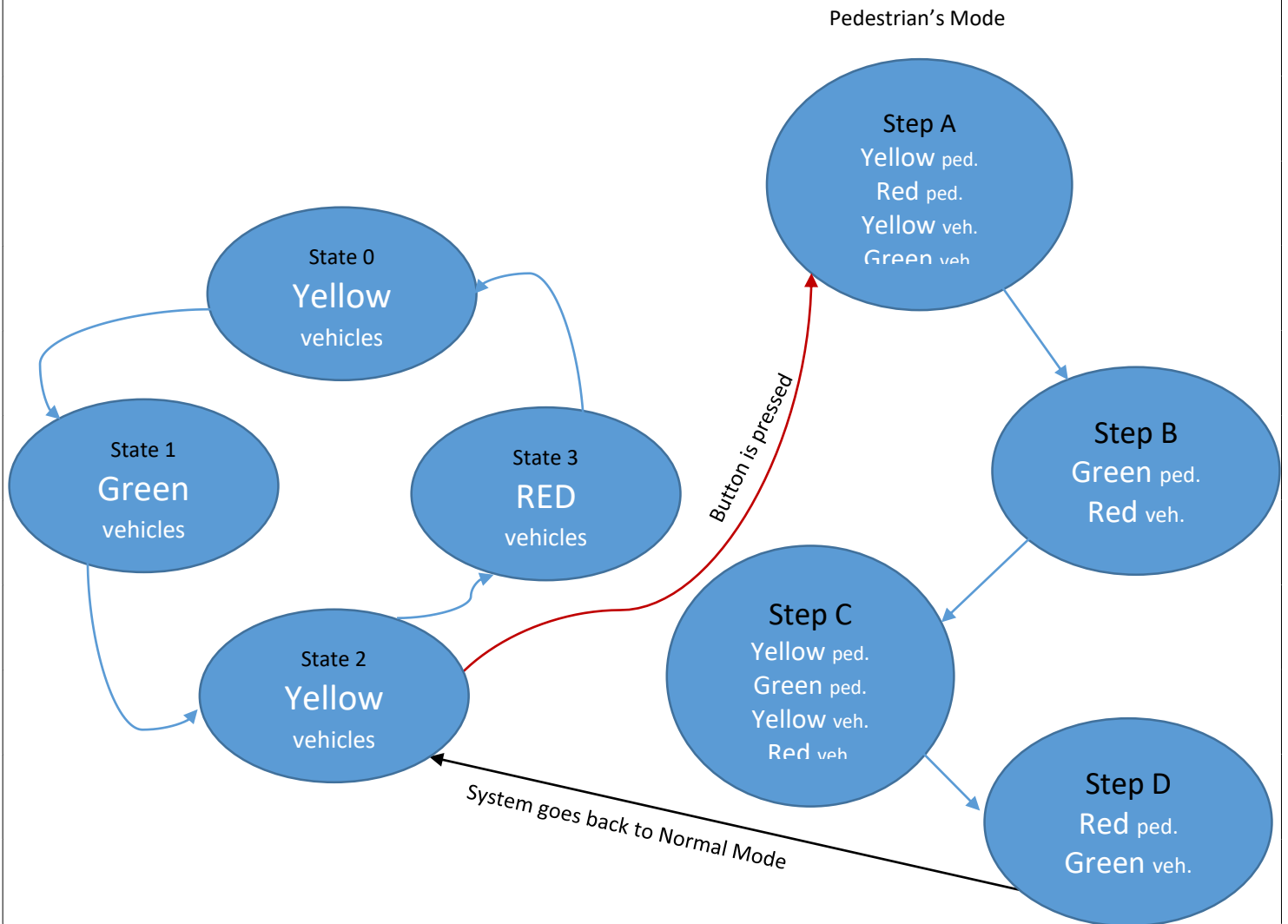
Scenario 2:

Button is Pressed while Green on.



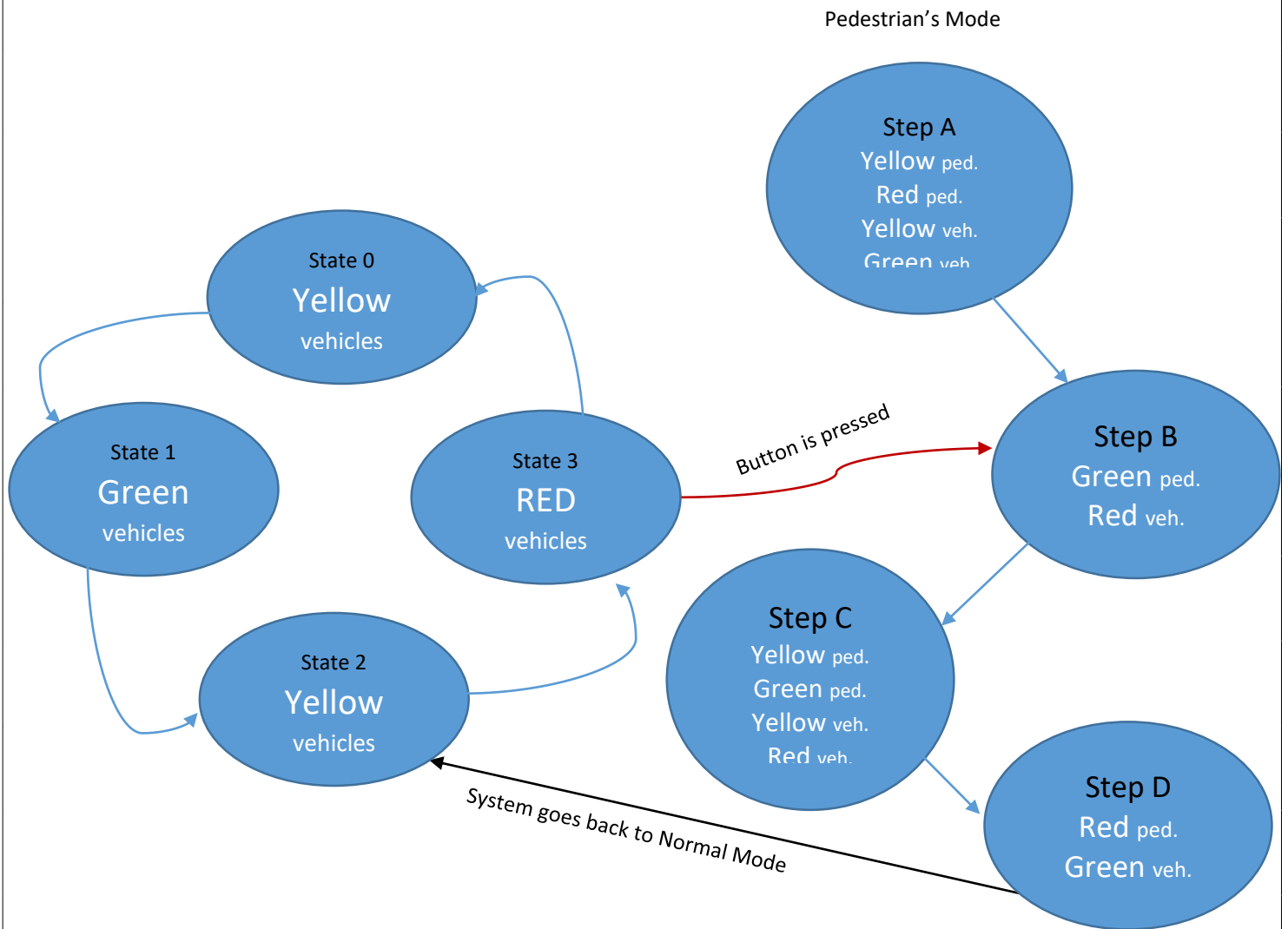
Scenario 3:

Button is Pressed while Yellow After Green is blinking.



Scenario 4:

Button is Pressed while Red is on.



Modules

Utility Layer

bitMath driver

provides the functions that set, get, clear and toggle one, more or all bits in a register.

Enums and Typedefs:

No Enums or Typedefs.

Macros:

macros function for setting, getting, clearing and toggling bits in the input register.

For a single bit in the register

`SETBit(REG,BIT_NO)`

`CLRBit(REG,BIT_NO)`

`TGLBit(REG,BIT_NO)`

`GETBit(REG,BIT_NO)`

For custom number of bits in the register

`SETBits(REG,bMsk)`

`CLRBits(REG,bMsk)`

`TGLBits(REG,bMsk)`

For all bits in the register

`SETALLBits(REG)`

`CLRALLBits(REG)`

`TGLALLBits(REG)`

REG : is the input register

BIT_NO : the bit number of the input register.

bMsk : the mask of desired bits of the input register.

Functions:

No Functions.

dataTypes driver

provides the alias names for data types for code portability.

Enums and Typedefs:

```
typedef unsigned char u8;  
typedef signed  char s8;  
typedef unsigned int  u16;  
typedef signed  int   s16;  
typedef unsigned long u32;  
typedef signed  long  s32;
```

Macros:

No Macros.

Functions:

No Functions.

registers driver

provides the Alias Names for addresses and single bits of the used registers in the system.

Enums and Typedefs:

Alias names for Pins in PORTA, PORTB, PORTC, PORTD.

```
typedef enum{PA0,PA1,PA2,PA3,PA4,PA5,PA6,PA7}PortA;
typedef enum{PB0,PB1,PB2,PB3,PB4,PB5,PB6,PB7}PortB;
typedef enum{PC0,PC1,PC2,PC3,PC4,PC5,PC6,PC7}PortC;
typedef enum{PD0,PD1,PD2,PD3,PD4,PD5,PD6,PD7}PortD;
```

Macros:

Alias Names for the addresses of the registers.

A general function to provide the address

```
#define SELECTOR(ADDRESS) (*(volatile u8*)ADDRESS))
#define SELECTOR_16(ADDRESS) (*(volatile u16*)ADDRESS))
```

Port A Register

```
#define PORTA SELECTOR(0x3B)
#define DDRA SELECTOR(0x3A)
#define PINA SELECTOR(0x39)
```

Port B Register

```
#define PORTB SELECTOR(0x38)
#define DDRB SELECTOR(0x37)
#define PINB SELECTOR(0x36)
```

Port C Register

```
#define PORTC SELECTOR(0x35)
#define DDRC SELECTOR(0x34)
#define PINC SELECTOR(0x33)
```

EXTERNAL INTERRUPT REGESTERS

```
#define MCUCR SELECTOR(0X55)
#define MCUCSR SELECTOR(0X54)
#define GICR SELECTOR(0X5B)
#define GIFR SELECTOR(0X5A)
#define SREG SELECTOR(0x5F)
```

Timers Registers

```
#define TCCR0 SELECTOR(0x53)
#define OCR0 SELECTOR(0x5C)
#define TCNT0 SELECTOR(0x52)
#define TIMSK SELECTOR(0x59)
#define TIFR SELECTOR(0x58)
```

Timer0 registers

```
#define TCCR0 SELECTOR(0x53)
#define TCNT0 SELECTOR(0x52)
#define OCR0 SELECTOR(0x5C)
#define TIMSK SELECTOR(0x59)
#define TIFR SELECTOR(0x58)
```

Functions: No Functions.

MCAL Layer

Timer driver

Enums and Typedefs:

```
Provide selection for the timer modes
typedef enum{NORMAL,Phase_PWM,CTC,FPWM}timer_modes;

Provide selection for Prescalers of the frequency of the timer
typedef enum{STOP,NO_PRESC,_8_PRESC,_16_PRESC,_64_PRESC,_256_PRESC,
_1024_PRESC} Prescaler;
```

Macros:

```
This bits define the Prescaler
#define CS00 0
#define CS01 1
#define CS02 2

This bits define compare output mode
#define COM00 4
#define COM01 5

This bits define compare output mode
#define WGM00 6
#define WGM01 3

Timer/Counter Interrupt Mask
#define TOIE0 0
```

Functions:

- `Timer0_Init();`

For Initializing the timer configuration and Selecting the Timer Mode.

Inputs:

Tmode The mode for Timer0, it can be selected from `timer_modes` enum.

Returning:

No Returning.

- `Timer0_start();`

Makes the Counter Register start counting.

Inputs:

No Inputs.

Returning:

No Returning.

- `Timer0_Stop();`

Makes the Counter Register stop counting.

Inputs:

No Inputs.

Returning:

No Returning.

- `ResetTimer();`

Resets the Counting and Counter Register to zero.

As It resets the global variable `overflow` which contains the overflow times done by counter register.

Inputs:

No Inputs.

Returning:

No Returning.

- `ISR(TIMER0_OVF_vect);`

ISR Function starts when counter register does overflow

It increments the global variable `overflow` which holds the overflow times.

Inputs:

No Inputs.

Returning:

No Returning.

- `timer_delay_us();`

Start busy Waiting (delay) for Period of time provided by input.

It uses `ResetTimer()` , `Timer0_start()` and `Timer0_Stop()` to start and stop counting.

It also uses a global variable `overflow` as holder for number of times of overflows done by counter register during the waiting period.

Inputs:

`delay` The period of time in microseconds.

Returning:

No Returning.

- `Force_Stop_Timer0();`

Stop the Busy Waiting by maximizing the global variable `overflow` which contains overflow times done by counter register.

This Function is used in ISR_INT0 function to force the system to stop busy waiting during the interrupted `timer_delay_us()`.

Inputs:

No Inputs.

Returning:

No Returning.

Global Variables:

overflow

is a static u32 variable that contains the overflow times done by counter register.

ISR_Interrupts driver

Enums and Typedefs:

No Enums or Typedefs.

Macros:

Enables the global interrupt

```
# define sei() __asm__ __volatile__ ("sei" ::: "memory")
```

Disables the global interrupt

```
# define cli() __asm__ __volatile__ ("cli" ::: "memory")
```

Defines IRQ0 Handler (external Interrupt INT0)

```
#define INT0_vect __vector_1
```

Defines Timer0 Overflow Handler

```
#define TIMER0_OVF_vect __vector_11
```

A General Macro Function for ISRs

```
#define ISR(INT_VECT)    void INT_VECT(void) __attribute__((signal,used)); \
                        void INT_VECT(void)
```

Functions:

No Functions.

Global Variables:

No Global Variables

External_Interrupt driver

Enums and Typedefs:

Provide Selection for the external interrupt number.

```
typedef enum {INT_2=5,INT_0,INT_1}INT_NUM;
```

Provide Selection for the Sense Control Mode.

```
typedef enum {low_level,any_level,rising_edge,falling_edge}SENSE_CONTROL;
```

Macros:

No Macros.

Functions:

- `INT_init();`

Initialize The configuration for the external interrupt.

As it Initialize the Interrupt Number and the Sense Control Mode

Inputs:

- `int_num` is parameter that indicate the number of external interrupt pin (INT0, INT1 or INT2), it can be selected from `INT_NUM` enum.
- `sense_control` is a parameter that indicate the Sense Control Mode (Low Level, Any Level, Rising Edge, Falling Edge), it can be selected from `SENSE_CONTROL` enum.

Returning:

No Returning.

Global Variables:

No Global Variables

Application Layer

Enums and Typedefs:

Provide Selection for Current State in Normal Mode Yellow, Green, Yellow and Red.

```
typedef enum {Yellow_BEFORE_GREEN, GREEN, Yellow_AFTER_GREEN, RED} STATE_type;
```

Macros:

```
#define PD_PORT          PORTA          DIO Port of Pedestrians
#define PD_DDR           DDRA           DIO DDR of Pedestrians
#define CR_PORT          PORTB          DIO Port of Vehicles
#define CR_DDR           DDRB           DIO DDR of Vehicles

#define BUTTON_PIN       INT0           Push Button external interrupt pin
#define PD_RED_PIN       PA0            Pedestrians RED Led pin
#define PD_YELLOW_PIN    PA1            Pedestrians YELLOW Led pin
#define PD_GREEN_PIN     PA2            Pedestrians GREEN Led pin
#define CR_RED_PIN       PB0            Vehicles RED Led pin
#define CR_YELLOW_PIN    PB1            Vehicles YELLOW Led pin
#define CR_GREEN_PIN     PB2            Vehicles GREEN Led pin
#define DELAY_TIME       (5000000)     Delay Period (5 sec)
```

Functions:

- **APP_Start();**

Initialize The Configuration for the System.

As it Initialize the External Interrupt 0 and Timer0 by calling

```
INT_init(INT_0, rising_edge); and Timer0_Init(NORMAL);
```

It Initialize DDRA and DDRB pins as output that are used for the 6 LEDs used in the system.

Inputs:

No Inputs.

Returning:

No Returning.

- **APP_Run();**

Starts the system by starting The Actions of the Normal Mode (YELLOW GREEN YELLOW RED).

And waits for the button pressing event so it enters the Pedestrian's Mode Then goes back to the Normal Mode.

Inputs:

No Inputs.

Returning:

No Returning.

- `Pedestrian_Mode();`

Starts the actions of Pedestrian Mode LEDs depending on the interrupted state and that is done by a Comparing Statement (if statement) and a Global Variable `state`.

Inputs:

No Inputs.

Returning:

No Returning.

- `ISR(INT0_vect)`

ISR Function that runs when `ISR0` event happen (the button pressing) it check if `pedestrian_mode_flag` global variable is zero before starting the pedestrian mode and modifies its value to 1 just before starting the pedestrian mode to prevent the double press effect.

This ISR happens at the rising edge so the long press has no effect.

It also modifies `ON_Period` global variable to 0 to ignore next busy waiting in normal mode.

It also calls `Force_Stop_Timer0()` to stop the interrupted busy waiting function `timer_delay_us()`.

Inputs:

No Inputs.

Returning:

No Returning.

Global Variables:

- `state` a flag variable that indicate the current state in Normal Mode (`Yellow_BEFORE_GREEN`, `GREEN`, `Yellow_AFTER_GREEN`, `RED`), it takes selection from `STATE_type` enum.
- `pedestrian_mode_flag` a flag variable in its value in normal mode = 0 and that by `ISR(INT0_vect)` it becomes 1 so the system enters the pedestrian mode during `APP_Run()` running.
- `ON_Period` is the value of on period of the LEDs which is basically 5 seconds, it becomes 0 by `ISR(INT0_vct)` - when the event of button pressing happens - so the current state in normal mode ends immediately without busy waiting the rest of actions.

