



Week 1

Introduction

MG4011

Instructor: Dr. Saif Maqbool



Instructor's Introduction

Dr. Saif Magbool

PhD in Management & Actuarial Sciences (Italy)

MSc in Business Administration (Rome, Italy)

BBA Hons (Pak)

Gold Medalist – Governor Punjab Sardar Latif

Khosa

Corporate Experience: 3.5 years in supply chain

Academic Experience: 7.5 years

Research Area:

Innovation, Supply Chain Management,

Entrepreneurship, Leadership

Saif.maqbool@lhr.nu.edu.pk



Book to Follow



Title of Book		Entrepreneurship: Successfully Launching New Ventures	Edition 6th
Author(s)		Bruce R. Barringer & R. Duane Ireland	
Publisher		Pearson (6th Edition)	
1.	Title of Book	Entrepreneurship – Theory, Process, and Practice	
	Author Names	Donald F. Kuratko	
2.	Title of Book	Innovation and Entrepreneurship	
	Author Names	P.F. Drucker	





Introduction to the Module

Key Aims	Key Learning Outcomes	
To develop critical, analytical skills and an understanding of process and practice of entrepreneurship	Students will be able to identify and develop strategies for entrepreneurial venture start-up and growth stages.	
Identify and discuss common characteristics of an entrepreneur	Able to evaluate their entrepreneurial characteristics	
Identify and recognize opportunities	Identify and critically assess a market opportunity	
Develop core understanding of the different components of feasibility report	Evaluate the nature and extent of risks attached to a market opportunity	
The development and preparation of business pitch/plan.	Assess and demonstrate the practical execution of idea	
Promote entrepreneurial spirit among students	Promote a desire for lifelong learning and personal development	
Secure their innovative idea through intellectual property rights	Protect their innovative idea through intellectual property rights	

Introduction to Entrepreneurship

There is tremendous interest in entrepreneurship around the world.

According to GEM (Global Entrepreneurship Monitor) indicators study, 11.9% of Americans are actively engaged in starting a business or are the owner/manager of a business that is less than three years old.





GEM 2023/2024 Global Report

25 Years and Growing













ENTREPRENEURSHIP







Entrepreneurship





Academic Definition (Stevenson & Jarillo)

Entrepreneurship is the process by which individuals pursue opportunities without regard to resources they currently control.



Venture Capitalist (Fred Wilson)

Entrepreneurship is the art of turning an idea into a business.



Entrepreneurship



Entrepreneurship is the process of identifying opportunities and putting useful ideas into practice assuming the associated financial, physical and social risks and receiving the resulting rewards of monetary and personal satisfaction.





What Entrepreneurs Do?



Entrepreneurs assemble and then integrate all the resources needed

the money, the people, the business
 model, the strategy –

to transform an invention or an idea into a viable business.





Corporate Entrepreneurship



- Is the conceptualization of entrepreneurship at the firm level.
- All firms fall along a conceptual continuum that ranges from highly conservative to highly entrepreneurial.
- The position of a firm on this continuum is referred to as its entrepreneurial intensity.

Entrepreneurial Firms

- Proactive
- Innovative
- Risk taking

Conservative Firms

- Take a more "wait and see" posture
- Less innovative
- Risk averse



Why Entrepreneurship is important?



Economic Importance

Social Importance

National base importance

Individual Level importance



Economic Impact of Entrepreneurial Firms



□ Innovation

Small firms are twice as innovative per employee as large firms.

Job Creation

In the past two decades, economic activity has moved in the direction of smaller entrepreneurial firms, which may be due to their unique ability to innovate and focus on specialized tasks.

Impact on Society

- The innovations of entrepreneurial firms have a dramatic impact on society.
- Think of all the new products and services that make our lives easier, enhance our productivity at work, improve our health, and entertain us in new ways.

Impact on Larger Firms

Many entrepreneurial firms have built their entire business models around producing products and services that help larger firms become more efficient and effective

Why Become an Entrepreneur?



The three primary reasons that people become entrepreneurs and start their own firms



Desire to be their own boss

Desire to pursue their own ideas

Financial rewards



ACTIVITY



EXPLORING YOUR ENTREPRENEURIAL MIND



Download file from classroom and do the activity



Who is an Entrepreneur?



An individual who takes the initiative to bundle resources in innovative ways and is willing to bear the risk and or uncertainty to act.

In short

The entrepreneur always searches for change, responds to it, and exploits it as an opportunity

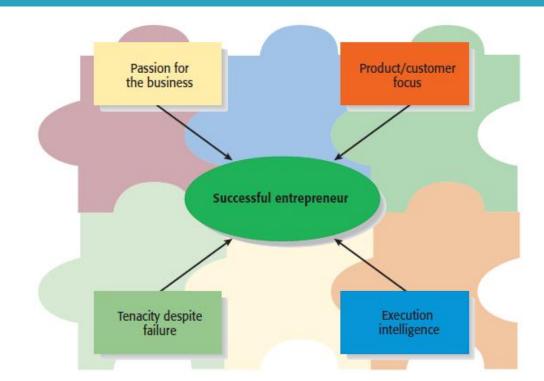




Characteristics of Entrepreneurs



Four Primary Characteristics





Characteristics of Entrepreneurs



Passion for the Business

- The number one characteristic shared by successful entrepreneurs is a passion for the business.
- This passion typically stems from the entrepreneur's belief that the business will positively influence people's lives.

□ Product/Customer Focus

- A second defining characteristic of successful entrepreneurs is a product/customer focus.
- An entrepreneur's keen focus on products and customers typically stems from the fact that most entrepreneurs are, at heart, craftspeople.



Characteristics of Entrepreneurs



□ Tenacity Despite Failure

- Because entrepreneurs are typically trying something new, the failure rate is naturally high.
- A defining characteristic of successful entrepreneurs is their ability to persevere through setbacks and failures.

□ Execution Intelligence

The ability to fashion a solid business idea into a viable business is a key characteristic of successful entrepreneurs.

















Alert to opportunities Creative



- Energetic
- Has a strong work ethic
- Is a networker
- **Optimistic**
- Persuasive
- Promoter
- Resource assembler
- Self-starter

Motivation

Passion

Vision



Confidence







Leadership



Innovation



Risk-taking



Curiosity



Pakistani Entrepreneurs Success Stories



https://www.gigbuzz.pk/young-entrepreneurs-in-pakistan/

- https://inflics.com/11-most-successful-young-pakistani-entrepreneurs-of-2021/
- https://www.nation.com.pk/10-Feb-2016/10-young-pakistan-entrepreneurs-who-deserve-appreciation
- https://www.nation.com.pk/10-Feb-2016/10-young-pakistan-entrepreneurs-who-deserve-appreciation





Kalsoom Lakhani Founder & CEO at Invest2Innovate (i2i)



Fariha Akhtar Business Analyst, Professional Services MEA at NCR Corporation



RABIA GARIB

Chief Executive of Toffee T & Rasala Publications



Sophia Hasnain
Trends and Transformation Consultant at Sophia Hasnain.



JEHAN ARA

President, Pakistan Software Houses Association for IT & ITES (P@SHA) and The Nest I/O



Saba Gull
Founder & CEO at Popinjay



Erum Khalid
Project Manager at Folio3



SALAINA HAROON

Editor in Chief of CIO Pakistan Magazine



Roshaneh Zafar

Managing Director at Kashl Foundation



Nida Farid
Program Leader Aerospace at
Tawazun Precision Industries



Sheeba Najmi

Senior UX Specialist at Exygy
Founder & Executive Director at
Code for Pakistan



Maria Umar

Founder President at Women's
Digital League

Initiatives supporting entrepreneurship in Pakistan



- **Kamyab Jawan:** Provides low-interest loans to aspiring entrepreneurs
- ☐ Kamyab Pakistan: Provides low-interest loans to aspiring entrepreneurs
- ☐ SheLovesTech: An entrepreneurship-related initiative by UNDP
- ☐ SDG Bootcamps: An entrepreneurship-related initiative by UNDP
- ☐ YouthCo:Lab: An entrepreneurship-related initiative by UNDP



Common Myths About Entrepreneurs



- Myth 1: Entrepreneurs Are Born Not Made
 - This myth is based on the mistaken belief that some people are genetically predisposed to be entrepreneurs.
- □ Myth 2: Entrepreneurs Are Gamblers
 - Most entrepreneurs are moderate risk-takers.
- Myth 3: Entrepreneurs Are Motivated Primarily by Money
 - While it is naïve to think that entrepreneurs don't seek financial rewards, money is not always the reason entrepreneurs start new firms.
- □ **Myth 4:** Entrepreneurs Should Be Young and Energetic
 - The most active age for business ownership is 35 to 45 years old.



Types of Entrepreneurs





- Women Entrepreneurs
- Minority Entrepreneurs
- Senior Entrepreneurs
- Young Entrepreneurs
- Serial Entrepreneurs
- Social Entrepreneurs
- Community Entrepreneurs
- High-growth entrepreneurs



The Entrepreneurial Process



The Entrepreneurial Process Consists of Four Steps

Step 1: Deciding to become an entrepreneur.

Step 2: Develop successful business ideas.

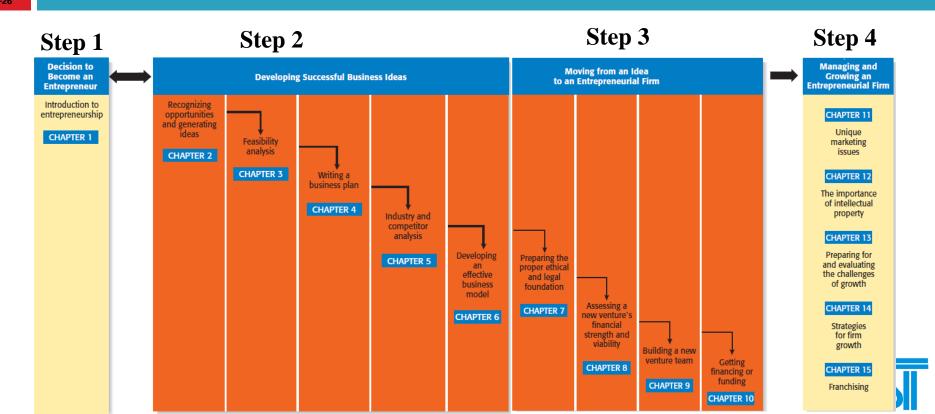
Step 3: Moving from an idea to an entrepreneurial venture.

Step 4: Managing and growing the entrepreneurial firm.



The Entrepreneurial Process







Home Task

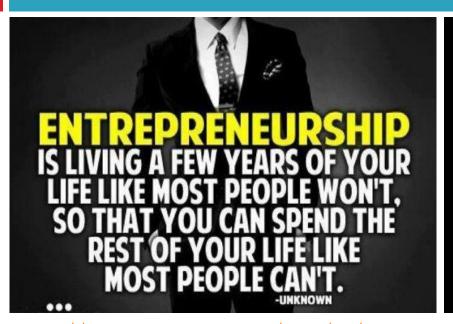
Listing your Ideas











"Your time is limited, so don't waste it living someone else's life. Don't be trapped by dogma—which is living with the results of other people's thinking. Don't let the noise of others' opinions drown out your own inner voice. And most important, have the courage to follow your heart and intuition. They somehow already know what you truly want to become."

-Steve Jobs

https://www.intotheminds.com/blog/en/entrepreneurship-differences-women-men/ https://blog.hubspot.com/sales/entrepreurship-stats

