Documentation

Verilator & GTKWave Installation with Half Adder Simulation on Ubuntu

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Overview:

This documentation provides a step-by-step guide to installing **Verilator** & **GTKWaves** on **Ubuntu**, along with the **challenges faced** and how they were resolved during the installation process. This will help other beginners avoid common issues and get **Verilator** with **GTKwaves** working smoothly.

☐ What is verilator?

Verilator converts Verilog code (which describes how a digital circuit works) into C++ or SystemC code, which can then be compiled and run as a fast simulation. This lets engineers test and debug how their circuit behaves before building it in hardware (like FPGA or ASIC).

 \square What is GTKWave?

GTKWave is an open-source waveform viewer used to visualize digital signals from simulation outputs, typically generated by Verilog or VHDL simulators like Verilator or ModelSim.

System Requirement:

- OS: Ubuntu 20.04 or newer
- Internet connection
- Terminal access with **sudo** command

INSTALLATION OF VERILATOR

Step-by-Step Installation:

1. Update the System:

Input:

```
Output:

[sudo] password for engineer_taha:
Hit:1 http://pk.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy InRelease
Get:2 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security InRelease
Hit:3 http://pk.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates InRelease
Hit:4 http://pk.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backports InRelease
Hit:4 http://pk.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backports InRelease
Get:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/main amd64 DEP-11 Metadata [54.5 kB]
Get:6 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/restricted amd64 DEP-11 Metadata [208 B]
Get:7 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/universe amd64 DEP-11 Metadata [125 kB]
Get:8 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/multiverse amd64 DEP-11 Metadata [208 B]
Fetched 309 kB in 3s (106 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
168 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
```

2. Install Verilator:

Input:

```
engineer_taha@HP:~$ sudo apt install verilator
```

Output:

```
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
    libsystemc libsystemc-dev
Suggested packages:
    gtkwave
The following NEW packages will be installed:
    libsystemc libsystemc-dev verilator
0 upgraded, 3 newly installed, 0 to remove and 168 not upgraded.
Need to get 5,473 kB of archives.
After this operation, 25.9 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] y
Get:1 http://pk.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/universe amd64 libsystemc amd64 2.3.3-5.1 [500 kB]
Get:2 http://pk.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/universe amd64 libsystemc-dev amd64 2.3.3-5.1 [241 kB]
Get:3 http://pk.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/universe amd64 verilator amd64 4.038-1 [4,732 kB]
Fetched 5,473 kB in 8s (671 kB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package libsystemc:amd64.
(Reading database ... 179835 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../libsystemc_2.3.3-5.1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking libsystemc:amd64 (2.3.3-5.1)
Selecting previously unselected package libsystemc-dev:amd64.
Preparing to unpack .../libsystemc-dev_2.3.3-5.1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking libsystemc-deviamd64 (2.3.3-5.1)
Selecting previously unselected package verilator.
Preparing to unpack .../verilator_4.038-1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking verilator (4.038-1) ...
Setting up verilator (4.038-1) ...
Setting up libsystemc-dev:amd64 (2.3.3-5.1) ...
Setting up libsystemc-dev:amd64 (2.3.3-5.1) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.10.2-1) ...
Processing triggers for libc-bin (2.35-0ubuntu3.8) ...

Verification:
         Suggested packages:
gtkwave
```

3. Verification:

After installing Verilator, it's important to confirm whether the installation was successful. This can be done using the following command;

Input:

```
engineer_taha@HP:~$ verilator --version
Output:
Verilator 4.038 2020-07-11 rev v4.036-114-g0cd4a57ad
```

4. Result:

Verilator is Successfully installed.

Problem faced by Installing the Verilator:

1. Command 'Verilator' not found:

Input:

```
engineer_taha@HP:~$ verilator
Output:
Command 'verilator' not found, but can be installed with:
sudo apt install verilator
```

2. Permission Error:

Input:

```
engineer_taha@HP:~$ apt install verilator
```

```
Could not open lock file /var/lib/dpkg/lock-frontend - open (13: Permission denied)
Unable to acquire the dpkg frontend lock (/var/lib/dpkg/lock-frontend), are you root?
```

3. Verification Error:

Input:

```
engineer_taha@HP:~$ verilator
```

Output:

```
Usage:
                 verilator --help
                 verilator --version
                 verilator --cc [options] [source_files.v]... [opt_c_files.cpp/c/cc/a/o/so]
verilator --sc [options] [source_files.v]... [opt_c_files.cpp/c/cc/a/o/so]
verilator --lint-only -Wall [source_files.v]...
```

Explanation:

To verify whether Verilator is installed or to check its version, you can use the command-line options shown here. Simply copy and run the appropriate command, and you'll reach the desired result.

INSTALLATION OF GTKWave

Step-by-Step Installation:

1. Update the System:

Although we already updated the system during the Verilator installation, it's good practice to ensure your package list is current.

Input:

```
engineer_taha@HP:~$ sudo apt update
```

Output:

```
[sudo] password for engineer_taha:
Hit:1 http://pk.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy InRelease
Get:2 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security InRelease [129 kB]
Hit:3 http://pk.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates InRelease
Hit:4 http://pk.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backports InRelease
Get:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/main amd64 DEP-11 Metadata [54.5 kB]
Get:6 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/restricted amd64 DEP-11 Metadata [208 B]
Get:7 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/universe amd64 DEP-11 Metadata [125 kB]
Get:8 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/multiverse amd64 DEP-11 Metadata [208 B]
Fetched 309 kB in 3s (106 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
168 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
```

Note: You can skip this step if you've already recently updated.

2. Install GTKWaves:

Input:

```
engineer_taha@HP:~$ sudo apt install gtkwave
```

Output:

```
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
libjudydebian1 libtk8.6
Suggested packages:
tk8.6
The following NEW packages will be installed:
gtkwave libjudydebian1 libtk8.6
0 upgraded, 3 newly installed, 0 to remove and 168 not upgraded.
Need to get 3,325 kB of archives.
After this operation, 7,868 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] y
Get:1 http://pk.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/universe amd64 libjudydebian1 amd64 1.0.5-5 [94.6 kB]
Get:2 http://pk.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/universe amd64 libjudydebian1 amd64 1.0.5-5 [94.6 kB]
Get:3 http://pk.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/universe amd64 libjudydebian1 amd64 1.0.5-5 [94.6 kB]
Get:3 http://pk.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/universe amd64 libjudydebian1 [7.84 kB]
Get:3 http://pk.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/universe amd64 libjudydebian1 amd64 1.0.5-5 [94.6 kB]
Fetched 3,325 kB in 7s (492 kB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package libjudydebian1.
(Reading database ... 180256 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../libjudydebian1 [1.0.5-5.] ...
Selecting previously unselected package libtk8.6:amd64.
Preparing to unpack .../libtk8.6 a.6.12-lbuild1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package gitwave.
Preparing to unpack .../gitkwave 3.3.104-2build1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking libtk8.6:amd64 (8.6.12-lbuild1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package gitwave.
Preparing to unpack .../gitkwave 3.3.104-2build1 ...
Setting up libjudydebian1 (1.0.5-5) ...
Setting up libjudydebian1 (1.0.5-5) ...
Setting up gitwave (3.3.104-2build1) ...
Setting up riggers for man-db (2.10.2-1) ...
Processing triggers for newleap ...
Processing triggers for newleap ...
G. 70-10-10-10-1
```

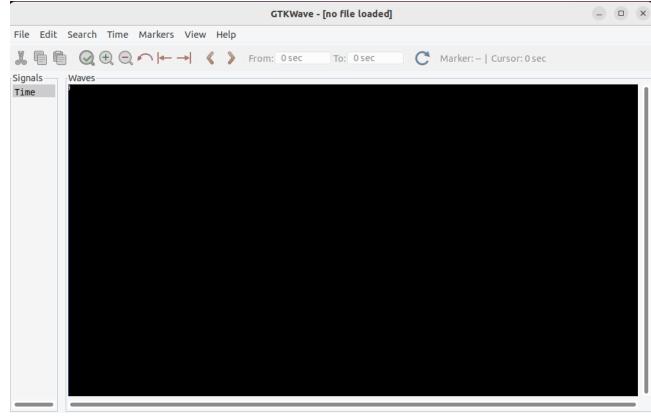
3. Verification:

To confirm that GTKWave was installed correctly, run:

Input:



Output:



Note: *GTKWave is open.*

Problem faced by Installing the GTKWave:

During the installation of GTKWave, I didn't **encounter any issues**. The process was smooth, and the software was installed successfully using the standard **apt** command without requiring any additional configurations or fixes.

Half Adder Simulation using Verilator and GTKWave

Introduction:

The objective of this section is to simulate a simple **Half Adder circuit** using **Verilator** and visualize its waveform using **GTKWave**.

Tools Required:

- **Verilator** For compiling and simulating Verilog HDL code
- **GTKWave** For waveform visualization

Step 1: Create Project Folder:

A new folder was created to organize the Verilog and testbench files:

```
engineer_taha@HP:-$ touch half_adder.v
engineer_taha@HP:-$ nano half_adder.v
engineer_taha@HP:-$ touch tb_half_adder.cpp
engineer_taha@HP:-$ nano tb_half_adder.cpp
```

Explanation: The **touch** command is used to create a new file, while **nano** is a text editor used to open and edit the contents of that file.

Verilog code of half adder:

```
module half_adder(A, B, Carry, Sum);
input A, B;
output Carry, Sum;
assign Carry = A & B;
assign Sum = A ^ B;
endmodule
```

Testbench code of half_adder:

```
#include "Vhalf adder.h"
#include "verilated.h"
#include "verilated_vcd_c.h"
int main(int argc, char** argv, char** env) {
  Verilated::commandArgs(argc, argv);
  Vhalf adder* top = new Vhalf adder;
  Verilated::traceEverOn(true);
  VerilatedVcdC* tfp = new VerilatedVcdC;
  top->trace(tfp, 99);
  tfp->open("wave.vcd");
  for (int A = 0; A \le 1; A++) {
    for (int B = 0; B \le 1; B++) {
      top->A = A;
      top->B=B;
      top->eval();
      tfp->dump(10 * (2 * A + B));
      printf("A=%d B=%d | Sum=%d Carry=%d\n", A, B, top>Sum, top->Carry);
    }
  tfp->close();
  delete top;
  delete tfp;
  return 0;
```

Step 2: Compilation and Simulation:

The design and testbench were compiled and simulated using the following Verilator command:

```
engineer_tahagid: S wertlator -Nall --cc half_adder.v \
--exe tb half_adder.cpp \
--trace -build 
make: Entering directory '/hone/engineer_taha/obj_dir' 
g+ -1. -NMO -1/usr/share/vertlator/include-/litsrd -DVM_COVERAGE=0 -DVM_SC=0 -DVM_TRACE=1 -faligned-new -fcf-protection=none -Nino-bool-operation -Nino-sign-compare -Nino-unitalized -Nino-unusused-parameter -Nino-unusused-variable -Nino-shadow -0s -c -o tb half_adder.cpp 
g+ -1. -NMO -1/usr/share/vertlator/include -1/usr/share/vertlator/include-/litsrd -DVM_COVERAGE=0 -DVM_TRACE=1 -faligned-new -fcf-protection=none -Nino-bool-operation -Nino-sign-compare -Nino-unitalized -Nino-unusused-parameter -Nino-unusused-variable -Nino-shadow -0s -c -o vertilated.or -Overtilated-overtlator/include/vertlated-file-DVM_SC=0 -DVM_TRACE=1 -faligned-new -fcf-protection=none -Nino-bool-operation -Nino-sign-compare -Nino-unitalized -Nino-unusused-parameter -Nino-unusused-variable -Nino-shadow -0s -c -o vertilated-over_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include-vertlated-vert-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-vert-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-vert-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-vert-cover_vertlator/include/vertlated-vert-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-vert-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-vert-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/include/vertlated-cover_cover_tlator/
```

Step 3: Waveform in GTKWave:



Problem faced in Compiling the code:

While compiling the Verilog code using Verilator, the following error occurred:

```
engineer_tahagump:-$ verilator -Wall --cc half_adder.v \
--exe tb_half_adder.cpp \
--trace --bulld
sh: 1: make: not found
%Error: make -C obj.dtr -f Vhalf_adder.nk exitted with 127
%Error: Command Failed /usr/binj/verilator_bin -Wall --cc half_adder.cpp --trace --bulld
```

Note: This error indicated that the make utility, which is required to build the C++ simulation executable generated by Verilator, was not installed on the system.

Solution:

This error indicated that the make utility, which is required to build the C++ simulation executable generated by Verilator, was not installed on the system.

```
engineer_taha@HP:~$ sudo apt install build-essential
[sudo] password for engineer_taha:
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
```

This package includes essential development tools like **make**, **gcc**, and other utilities required for compiling C/C++ programs. After installing it, the Verilator build process completed successfully, and the simulation executable was generated without errors.

Conclusion:

Through this documentation, Verilator and GTKWave were successfully installed and used to simulate a Half Adder circuit on Ubuntu. The simulation verified the correct functionality of the Half Adder, and GTKWave provided a visual representation of the signal transitions.

This experience improved understanding of Verilog simulation, waveform analysis, and troubleshooting installation issues. It serves as a helpful reference for anyone setting up a similar simulation workflow for the first time.