

# CS-301: Theory of Automata

Tuesday, 23<sup>rd</sup> February, 2021

## Course Instructors

Dr Waseem Shahzad, Mehreen Alam.

Serial No:

## Final Exam

### Section II (retake)

**Total Time: 2 Hours**

**Total Marks: 80**

**(Part II)**

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Signature of Invigilator

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Student Name

Roll No.

Section

Signature

1. This is Part II, the design part of the exam.
2. Attempt all of them. Read the question carefully, understand the question, and then attempt it.
3. No additional sheet will be provided for rough work.
4. After asked to commence the exam, please verify that you have **thirteen (13)** different printed pages including this title page. There are total of **8 questions**.
5. Use permanent ink pens only. Any part done using soft pencil will not be marked and cannot be claimed for rechecking.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total
Total Marks	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	80
Marks Obtained									

Q1. [10 pts] Convert the following grammar to Chomsky Normal Form Grammar. Show all the intermediary steps in the correct order clearly to score full marks.

$S \rightarrow aAbB \mid ABC \mid a$

$A \rightarrow aA \mid a \mid CD$

$B \rightarrow CbC \mid b$

$C \rightarrow CC \mid \Delta$

$D \rightarrow CC \mid Db$

$E \rightarrow EE \mid \Delta$



Q2. [10 pts] Convert the following grammar to its equivalent Greibach Normal Form.

$S \rightarrow ab|a$

$A \rightarrow SS|b$



Q3. [10 pts] Use Pumping Lemma to prove that the following language is not Context-Free

$$A = \{ 0^n 1^m 0^n 1^{2n} \mid n, m, k > 0 \}$$

Q4. [10 pts] Design a PDA for **ODD PALINDROME** = { a, b, aaa, aba, bab, bbb, aaaaa, ... }

Q5. [10 pts] Design a Post Machine for the language  $a^{2^n}b^na^n$  for  $n \geq 0$ .



Q6. [10 pts] For the language  $a^{2n}b^nc^{2n}d^n$ , where  $n \geq 0$ , design a 2-PDA.

Q7. [10 pts] Let L be some regular language in which all the words happen to have an even length. Let us define the new language Twist(L) to be the set of all the words of L twisted, where by twisted we mean the first and second letters have been interchanged, and so on. For example, if

$L = \{ ba\ abba\ babb\ \dots \}$

$\text{Twist}(L) = \{ ab\ baab\ abbb\ \dots \}$

Build a Turing Machine that accepts Twist(L). You are also **allowed** to use the sub programs of **INSERT** and **DELETE**. You may assume after **INSERT** operation, tape head points at the newly added cell while after **DELETE** operation, tape head points at the same location. You may leave the tape head at any location on the output string when the computation is done.

Status of tape on input is:

#	a	b	b	b	a	b	a	a	Δ	Δ	Δ	.	.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

↑

Status of tape at the output is:

#	b	a	b	b	b	a	a	a	Δ	Δ	Δ	.	.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

↑



Q8. [10 pts] Design a Turing machine that takes input a non-negative number  $x$  and performs the computable function  $f(x) = 4x$ . Assume the input is in unary notation, the tape head points in the start of the input. However, you may leave the tape head at any location on the output string when the computation is done. You are also **allowed** to use the sub programs of **INSERT** and **DELETE**. You may assume after **INSERT** operation, tape head points at the newly added cell while after **DELETE** operation, tape head points at the same location. An example is given below for your understanding:

Status of tape on input is:

#	1	1	Δ	Δ	Δ	.	.	.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---



Status of tape at the output is:

#	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Δ	.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---



