Python Functions: Built-in Functions and Multiple Return Statements: Takeaways

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Syntax

• Initiate parameters with default arguments:

```
def add_value(x, constant=3.14):
return x + constant
```

• Use multiple return statements:

```
def sum_or_difference(a, b, return_sum):
if return_sum:
    return a + b
return a - b
```

• Not using the else clause:

```
def sum_or_difference(a, b, return_sum=True):
if return_sum:
    return a + b
return a - b
```

Concepts

- We need to avoid using the name of a built-in function to name a function or a variable because this overwrites the built-in function. Also avoid naming variables using the names of the built-in functions because this also causes unwanted interference.
- Virtually every code editor highlights built-in functions.
- Each built-in function is well documented in the official Python documentation.
- It's possible to use **multiple** return **statements**. Combining return with an **if** statement and an **else** clause, for example.

Resources

- Python official documentation
- Style guide for Python code