

Question 2

Answer all of the following.

- (a) Suppose the derivative of a function f is

$$f'(x) = x^2(x + 3)^4(x - 6)^5.$$

On what interval(s) is f increasing? Decreasing? Explain your answer.

- (b) Suppose the second derivative of a function g is

$$g''(x) = (x + 2)^2(x - 4)^3.$$

What are the inflection points of g ?

Question 3

Find all local extreme point(s) for the following functions. Explain your answer.

$$(a) f(x) = x^2 + 1 \qquad (b) f(x) = \ln(x^2 + 9) \qquad (c) f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 24}{x - 5}$$

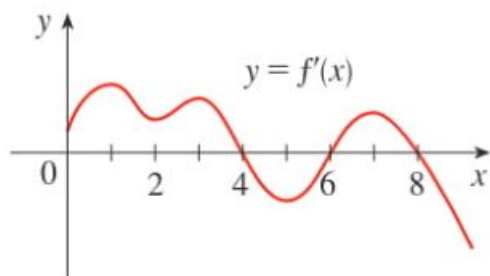
Question 4

A piece of wire 10 m long is cut into two pieces. One piece is bent into a square and the other is bent into an equilateral triangle (a triangle with 3 equal sides). How should the wire be cut so that the total area enclosed is a maximum? A minimum?

Hint: Use the area of a triangle $A = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin \theta$ to find the formula for the area of an equilateral triangle.

Question 5

The graph of the first derivative f' of a function f on $[0, 9]$ is shown below.



In all parts, explain how you arrived at your answer.

- On what intervals is f increasing? Decreasing?
- At what x does f have a local maximum or minimum?
- On what intervals is f CU? CD?
- What are the inflection points of f ?

Question 6*

What is the minimum vertical distance between the parabolas $y = x^2 + 1$ and $y = x - x^2$? *Hint:* Draw the two graphs to visualize the problem. You may need to use the techniques we have developed so far to draw the graph of $y = x - x^2$.