Dr. Ronald Koh

# CSD1251/CSD1250 Week 2 Homework

Due: 18th September 2023, 2359 HRS

For each question, key in **the** correct option into the homework into the "Week 2 Homework" option in the "4 September to 10 September" section in our **combined** CSD2201 and CSD2200 meta course page on Moodle.

# Question 1

Suppose we want to compute the Riemann sum of a function y = f(x) on [2, 10] using 16 rectangles. Find  $\Delta x$ .

(a)  $\frac{5}{8}$  (b)  $\frac{1}{8}$  (c)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (d)  $\frac{1}{16}$  (e) None of the above

### Question 2

Suppose we want to compute the Riemann sum of a function y = f(x) on [4, 10] using 18 rectangles, and we wish to use right endpoints as sample points. Which of these points is **not** a right endpoint?

(a)  $\frac{29}{3}$  (b)  $\frac{1}{3}$  (c) 6 (d) 9 (e) 10

### Question 3

Suppose we want to compute the Riemann sum of a function y = f(x) on [4, 12] using 40 rectangles, and we wish to use left endpoints as sample points. Which of these points is **not** a left endpoint?

(a) 10.9 (b) 9.8 (c) 6 (d) 7 (e) 10

#### Riemann Sums FTC and the Basics of Integration Integration by Substitution

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### Question 4

(a) 
$$20x^4 + 2x$$

Find an antiderivative of 
$$f(x) = 4x^5 + x^2$$
.  
(a)  $20x^4 + 2x$  (b)  $\frac{2x^6 + x^3 + 2}{3}$  (c)  $\frac{x^6}{6} + \frac{x^3}{3} + 1$ 

(c) 
$$\frac{x^6}{6} + \frac{x^3}{3} + 1$$

(d) 
$$\frac{2x^6}{3} + 2x^6$$

(d)  $\frac{2x^6}{3} + 2x$  (e) None of the above

### Question 5

Suppose the **net area function** for a function f on the interval [0,2] is A(x) = $x^5 - 6x^2$ . Find f(1).

(a) 
$$-\frac{5}{6}$$

$$(c) -7$$

$$(d) -5$$

(a)  $-\frac{5}{6}$  (b) 7 (c) -7 (d) -5 (e) None of the above

# Question 6

Find an antiderivative of  $f(x) = 2x \cos(x^2)$ .

(a) 
$$\cos(x^2)$$

(a) 
$$\cos(x^2)$$
 (b)  $\sin(x^2 + 1)$  (c)  $\sin(\frac{x^3}{3})$ 

(c) 
$$\sin\left(\frac{x^3}{3}\right)$$

(d) 
$$\sin(x^2) + 23$$

(d)  $\sin(x^2) + 23$  (e) None of the above

### Question 7

After substituting  $u = \cos x$  for the integral

$$\int_0^\pi \cos^4 x \cdot (-\sin x) \, dx,$$

what integral in u does it become?

(a) 
$$\int_{-1}^{1} u^4 du$$



(c) 
$$\int_{\pi}^{0} u^4 du$$

(d) 
$$\int_{1}^{-1} -u^4 dx$$
 (e) None of the above