CSD1241 Tutorial 4

Problem 1. In each of the following cases, find the intersection between 2 planes α, β and find the angle between them.

(a)
$$\alpha : x + 2y + 6z = 5$$
 and $\beta : 2x - 3y + 5z = 3$.

Hint. When solving the common points on α and β , you need to solve a system of 2 equations. To solve these equations, solve x, y in terms of z.

(b)
$$\alpha : x + y + z - 1 = 0$$
 and $(x, y, z) = (1, 2, 3) + s \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$.

Problem 2. Find the distance and the angle between l_1 and l_2 in following cases.

(a)
$$l_1: (x, y, z) = (2, 0, 3) + t \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $l_2: (x, y, z) = (1, 0, -2) + s \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$

(b)
$$l:(x,y,z) = (1,5,3) + t \begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\-3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $l_2:\begin{cases} x = 1+4s\\ y = 2s\\ z = -2-6s \end{cases}$
(c) $l_1:(x,y,z) = (7,1,0) + t \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $l_2:\begin{cases} x = 5+s\\ y = 2+2s\\ z = 8+s \end{cases}$

(c)
$$l_1: (x, y, z) = (7, 1, 0) + t \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $l_2: \begin{cases} x = 5 + s \\ y = 2 + 2s \\ z = 8 + s \end{cases}$

Problem 3. Find the distance between the planes α and β in following cases.

(a)
$$\alpha : x + y - z - 1 = 0$$
 and $\beta : 2x + 2y + 2z - 3 = 0$

(b)
$$\alpha : 3x + 4y - 5z = 2$$
 and $\beta : 6x + 8y - 10z = 2$

(c)
$$\alpha : (x, y, z) = (1, 2, 1) + s \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $\beta : \begin{cases} x = 2 + 2s + t \\ y = 3 - t \\ z = 4 + 3s + t \end{cases}$

Hint. First, you need to check whether α and β are parallel by checking if \vec{n}_{α} is parallel to \vec{n}_{β} . If they are not parallel, then $d(\alpha, \beta) = 0$.

Problem 4. Consider the plane $\alpha: 2x + 3y - z = 5$. In each of the following cases, find the intersection between α and the line l. Further, find the angle between α and l.

- (a) $l:(x,y,z)=(15,7,11)+t\begin{bmatrix} 7\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}$ (b) l: through P=(1,2,3) and Q=(1,-1,1).