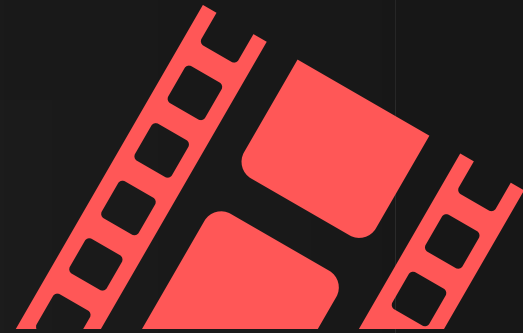


Noprianto, S.Kom., M.Eng



KUIS 2 PCVK

OLEH KELOMPOK 5

start



PCVK

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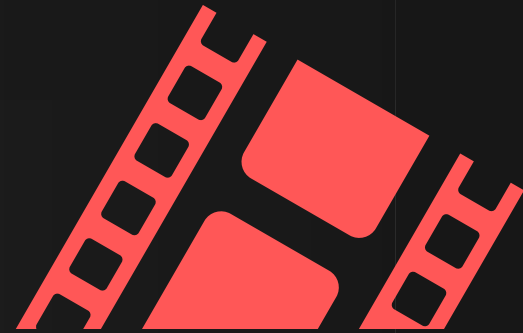


Pra Processing

Pra Processing memiliki beberapa tujuan, diantaranya :

- Menyiapkan gambar atau data masukan untuk tahapan berikutnya dengan menghilangkan noise, meningkatkan kontras, dan melakukan penyesuaian lainnya. **contohnya** Normalisasi intensitas piksel, filtrasi untuk mengurangi noise, perataan histogram, dll.
- Menemukan area atau objek yang menarik dalam gambar. **contohnya** Deteksi tepi, deteksi sudut, atau pemfilteran untuk menyoroti objek dari latar belakang.
- Memecah gambar menjadi bagian-bagian atau segmen yang berbeda agar lebih mudah untuk dianalisis. **contohnya** Clustering (seperti K-means), thresholding, segmentasi wilayah, dll.
- Mengidentifikasi atau mengklasifikasikan objek atau pola yang dihasilkan setelah lokalisasi dan segmentasi. **contohnya** Penggunaan model pembelajaran mesin untuk mengenali pola atau objek tertentu, seperti pengenalan karakter pada citra teks atau pengenalan wajah pada gambar.

PCVK



CODE PROG

CODE PROGRAM DAN RUNNING

start



▼ Import Library

```
[ ] from google.colab.patches import cv2_imshow
import cv2
import os
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

Import Library



▼ Load Data

```
[ ] from google.colab import drive  
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Mounted at /content/drive

```
[ ] !pip install mtcnn
```

Collecting mtcnn

Downloading mtcnn-0.1.1-py3-none-any.whl (2.3 MB)

2.3/2.3 MB 13.3 MB/s eta 0:00:00

Requirement already satisfied: keras>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from mtcnn) (2.14.0)

Requirement already satisfied: opencv-python>=4.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from mtcnn) (4.8.0.76)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.21.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from opencv-python>=4.1.0->mtcnn) (1.23.5)

Installing collected packages: mtcnn

Successfully installed mtcnn-0.1.1

```
[ ] from mtcnn.mtcnn import MTCNN
```



Preprocessing

```
def load_image(image_path_mtcnn):  
    return cv2.imread(image_path_mtcnn)  
  
def preproces_image(image):  
    # mengubah image menjadi grayscale  
    gray = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)  
  
    # menggunakan GaussianBlur untuk mengurangi noise  
    blur = cv2.GaussianBlur(gray, (5,5), 0)  
    blur = cv2.GaussianBlur(blur, (5,5), 0)  
    blur = cv2.GaussianBlur(blur, (5,5), 0)  
    blur = cv2.GaussianBlur(blur, (5,5), 0)  
  
    # Thresholding  
    th, threshed = cv2.threshold(blur, 0, 255, cv2.THRESH_OTSU + cv2.THRESH_BINARY)  
  
    # Opening  
    closing_image = cv2.morphologyEx(threshed, cv2.MORPH_CLOSE, (5,5))  
    dilate = cv2.dilate(closing_image, (5,5))  
  
    return dilate
```

Preprocessing



Segmentation

```
[ ] def segmentasi(image):  
    #reshape array ke bentuk 2D  
    pixel_values = image.reshape((-1, 3))  
    # convert to float  
    pixel_values = np.float32(pixel_values)  
  
    criteria = (cv2.TERM_CRITERIA_EPS + cv2.TERM_CRITERIA_MAX_ITER, 100, 0.2)  
  
    k = 2  
    _, labels, (centers) = cv2.kmeans(pixel_values, k, None, criteria, 10, cv2.KMEANS_RANDOM_CENTERS)  
    #konversi titik centroid kedalam integer  
    centers = np.uint8(centers)  
    #flattening label array  
    labels = labels.flatten()  
    #konversi warna pixel asli ke warna dari tiap centroidnya  
    segmented_image = centers[labels.flatten()]  
    # reshape ke bentuk image asli  
    segmented_image = segmented_image.reshape(image.shape)  
  
    return segmented_image
```




▼ Face Detection

```
✓  
1s [3] def detect_face(image):  
    marked = image.copy()  
    face_cascade = cv2.CascadeClassifier(cv2.data.harcascades + 'haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml')  
    roi = face_cascade.detectMultiScale(marked, scaleFactor=1.2, minNeighbors=9, minSize=(30, 30))  
  
    for (x, y, w, h) in roi:  
        cv2.rectangle(marked, (x, y), (x+w, y+h), (255, 255, 255), 4)  
  
    return marked
```

```
✓  
0s [4] def crop_image(image, face):  
    face_cascade = cv2.CascadeClassifier(cv2.data.harcascades + 'haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml')  
    roi = face_cascade.detectMultiScale(face, scaleFactor=1.2, minNeighbors=9, minSize=(30, 30))  
    for i, (x, y, w, h) in enumerate(roi, 1):  
        cropped_image = image[y:y+h, x:x+w]  
  
    return cropped_image
```



Face Detection 2

```
✓ [5] def display(image, preprocessing, segmentation, detect, crop):  
0s  
  
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))  
  
    # Original Image  
    plt.subplot(1, 5, 1)  
    plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))  
    plt.title('Original Image')  
    plt.axis('off')  
  
    # preprocessing  
    plt.subplot(1, 5, 2)  
    plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(preprocessing, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))  
    plt.title('Preprocessing')  
    plt.axis('off')  
  
    # result Segmentasi  
    plt.subplot(1, 5, 3)  
    plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(segmentation, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))  
    plt.title('Segmentation')  
    plt.axis('off')  
  
    # Gambar Faces Marked  
    plt.subplot(1, 5, 4)  
    plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(detect, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))  
    plt.title('Image with Faces Marked')  
    plt.axis('off')  
  
    # Gambar Wajah yang Dipotong  
    plt.subplot(1, 5, 5)  
    plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(crop, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
```

```
# Gambar Wajah yang Dipotong  
plt.subplot(1, 5, 5)  
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(crop, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))  
plt.title('Hasil Crop')  
plt.axis('off')  
  
# Show the plot  
plt.show()
```



Face Detection 3

```
def process_image(image_path_mtcnn):  
    # Load Gambar  
    image = load_image(image_path_mtcnn)  
  
    # Preprocess Image  
    processed_image = preprocces_image(image)  
  
    segment = segmentasi(processed_image)  
  
    # Detect Faces  
    faces = detect_face(segment)  
  
    # Display Results  
    crop = crop_image(image, faces)  
    display(image, processed_image, segment, faces, crop)
```

```
import cv2  
import numpy as np  
  
def segmentasi(image_path):  
    # Load the image  
    image = cv2.imread(image_path)  
  
    # Check if the image is loaded successfully  
    if image is None:  
        print(f"Error: Unable to load image at {image_path}")  
        return  
  
    # Reshape the image to 2D array  
    pixel_values = image.reshape((-1, 3))  
  
    # Convert to float  
    pixel_values = np.float32(pixel_values)  
  
    # Your further processing goes here  
  
# Example usage  
image_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/KTP FARIZ.jpg'  
segmentasi(image_path)
```



Face Detection 4

```
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def segmentasi(image_path):
    # Load the image
    image = cv2.imread(image_path)

    # Check if the image is loaded successfully
    if image is None:
        print(f"Error: Unable to load image at {image_path}")
        return

    # Display the original image using matplotlib
    plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()

# Example usage
image_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/KTP FARIZ.jpg'
segmentasi(image_path)
```





Lokalisasi

```
import cv2
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def segmentasi(image_path):
    # Load the image
    image = cv2.imread(image_path)

    # Check if the image is loaded successfully
    if image is None:
        print(f"Error: Unable to load image at {image_path}")
        return

    # Convert the image to grayscale for face detection
    gray_image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)

    # Load the pre-trained Haar Cascade classifier for face detection
    face_cascade = cv2.CascadeClassifier(cv2.data.harcascades + 'haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml')

    # Perform face detection
    faces = face_cascade.detectMultiScale(gray_image, scaleFactor=1.3, minNeighbors=5)

    # Draw rectangles around the detected faces
    for (x, y, w, h) in faces:
        cv2.rectangle(image, (x, y), (x+w, y+h), (255, 0, 0), 2)
```

```
# Display the original image with face detection using matplotlib
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
```

```
# Example usage
image_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/KTP FARIZ.jpg'
segmentasi(image_path)
```




Lokalisasi 2

```
[ ] import cv2
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def crop_faces(image_path, output_folder):
    # Load the image
    image = cv2.imread(image_path)

    # Check if the image is loaded successfully
    if image is None:
        print(f"Error: Unable to load image at {image_path}")
        return

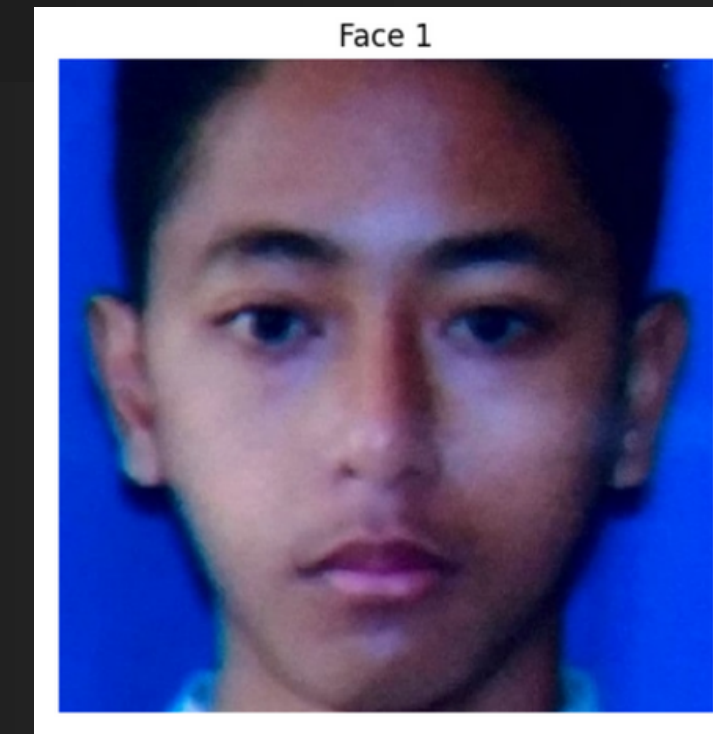
    # Convert the image to grayscale for face detection
    gray_image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)

    # Load the pre-trained Haar Cascade classifier for face detection
    face_cascade = cv2.CascadeClassifier(cv2.data.harcascades + 'haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml')

    # Perform face detection
    faces = face_cascade.detectMultiScale(gray_image, scaleFactor=1.3, minNeighbors=5)

    # Crop and save each detected face
    for i, (x, y, w, h) in enumerate(faces):
        # Crop the face region
        face_crop = image[y:y+h, x:x+w]

        # Save the cropped face
        face_filename = f"{output_folder}/face_{i+1}.jpg"
        cv2.imwrite(face_filename, face_crop)
```



```
# Display the cropped face
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(face_crop, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.axis('off')
plt.title(f"Face {i+1}")
plt.show()
```

```
# Example usage
image_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/KTP FARIZ.jpg'
output_folder = '/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/cropped_faces'
crop_faces(image_path, output_folder)
```



PCVK

```
import cv2
import numpy as np

def segmentasi(image_path):
    # Load the image
    image = cv2.imread(image_path)

    # Check if the image is loaded successfully
    if image is None:
        print(f"Error: Unable to load image at {image_path}")
        return

    # Reshape the image to 2D array
    pixel_values = image.reshape((-1, 3))

    # Convert to float
    pixel_values = np.float32(pixel_values)

    # Your further processing goes here

# Example usage
image_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/KTP_HAIKAL.jpg'
segmentasi(image_path)
```

```
[ ] import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def segmentasi(image_path):
    # Load the image
    image = cv2.imread(image_path)

    # Check if the image is loaded successfully
    if image is None:
        print(f"Error: Unable to load image at {image_path}")
        return

    # Display the original image using matplotlib
    plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()

# Example usage
image_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/KTP_HAIKAL.jpg'
segmentasi(image_path)
```

Lokalisasi 3





Lokalisasi 4

```
import cv2
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def segmentasi(image_path):
    # Load the image
    image = cv2.imread(image_path)

    # Check if the image is loaded successfully
    if image is None:
        print(f"Error: Unable to load image at {image_path}")
        return

    # Convert the image to grayscale for face detection
    gray_image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)

    # Load the pre-trained Haar Cascade classifier for face detection
    face_cascade = cv2.CascadeClassifier(cv2.data.harcascades + 'haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml')

    # Perform face detection
    faces = face_cascade.detectMultiScale(gray_image, scaleFactor=1.3, minNeighbors=5)

    # Draw rectangles around the detected faces
    for (x, y, w, h) in faces:
        cv2.rectangle(image, (x, y), (x+w, y+h), (255, 0, 0), 2)

    # Display the original image with face detection using matplotlib
    plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()
```

```
# Example usage
image_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/KTP_HAIKAL.jpg'
segmentasi(image_path)
```





Lokalisasi 5

```
import cv2
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def crop_faces(image_path, output_folder):
    # Load the image
    image = cv2.imread(image_path)

    # Check if the image is loaded successfully
    if image is None:
        print(f"Error: Unable to load image at {image_path}")
        return

    # Convert the image to grayscale for face detection
    gray_image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)

    # Load the pre-trained Haar Cascade classifier for face detection
    face_cascade = cv2.CascadeClassifier(cv2.data.harcascades + 'haarcasc_')

    # Perform face detection
    faces = face_cascade.detectMultiScale(gray_image, scaleFactor=1.3, minNeighbors=5)

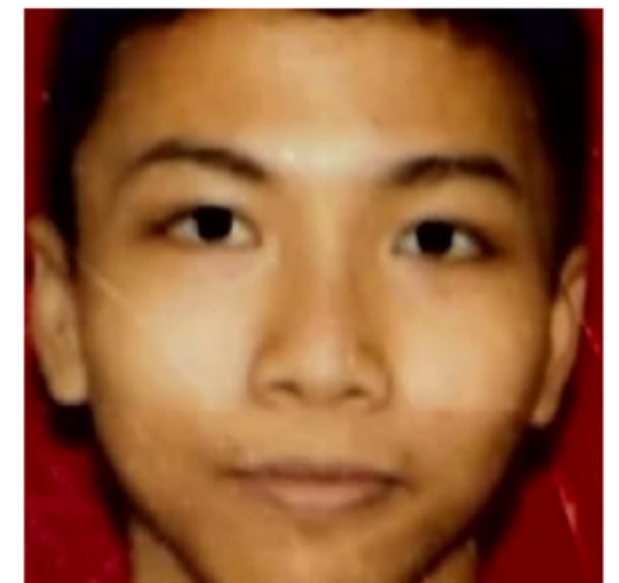
    # Crop and save each detected face
    for i, (x, y, w, h) in enumerate(faces):
        # Crop the face region
        face_crop = image[y:y+h, x:x+w]

        # Save the cropped face
        face_filename = f"{output_folder}/face_{i+1}.jpg"
        cv2.imwrite(face_filename, face_crop)

        # Display the cropped face
        plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(face_crop, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
        plt.axis('off')
        plt.title(f"Face {i+1}")
        plt.show()

    # Example usage
    image_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/KTP_HAIKAL.jpg'
    output_folder = '/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/cropped_faces'
    crop_faces(image_path, output_folder)
```

Face 1





```
import cv2
import numpy as np

def segmentasi(image_path):
    # Load the image
    image = cv2.imread(image_path)

    # Check if the image is loaded successfully
    if image is None:
        print(f"Error: Unable to load image at {image_path}")
        return

    # Reshape the image to 2D array
    pixel_values = image.reshape((-1, 3))

    # Convert to float
    pixel_values = np.float32(pixel_values)

    # Your further processing goes here

# Example usage
image_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/Ktp.jpg'
segmentasi(image_path)
```

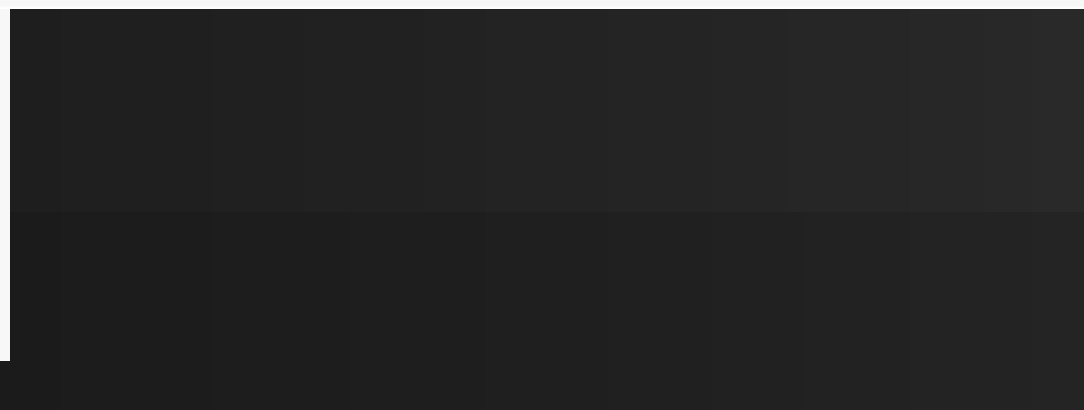
```
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def segmentasi(image_path):
    # Load the image
    image = cv2.imread(image_path)

    # Check if the image is loaded successfully
    if image is None:
        print(f"Error: Unable to load image at {image_path}")
        return

    # Display the original image using matplotlib
    plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()

# Example usage
image_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/Ktp.jpg'
segmentasi(image_path)
```





```
def segmentasi(image_path):  
    # Load the image  
    image = cv2.imread(image_path)  
  
    # Check if the image is loaded successfully  
    if image is None:  
        print(f"Error: Unable to load image at {image_path}")  
        return  
  
    # Convert the image to grayscale  
    gray_image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)  
  
    # Load the pre-trained Haar Cascade classifier for face detection  
    face_cascade = cv2.CascadeClassifier(cv2.data.harcascades + 'haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml')  
  
    # Perform face detection  
    faces = face_cascade.detectMultiScale(gray_image, scaleFactor=1.3, minNeighbors=5)  
  
    # Draw rectangles around the detected faces  
    for (x, y, w, h) in faces:  
        cv2.rectangle(image, (x, y), (x+w, y+h), (255, 0, 0), 2)  
  
    # Display the original image with face detection using matplotlib  
    plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))  
    plt.axis('off')  
    plt.show()  
  
# Example usage  
image_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/Ktp.jpg'  
segmentasi(image_path)
```

int: cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY

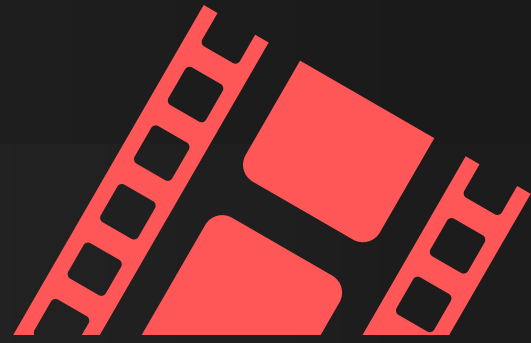
6

Face 1



```
def crop_faces(image_path, output_folder):  
    # Load the image  
    image = cv2.imread(image_path)  
  
    # Check if the image is loaded successfully  
    if image is None:  
        print(f"Error: Unable to load image at {image_path}")  
        return  
  
    # Convert the image to grayscale for face detection  
    gray_image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)  
  
    # Load the pre-trained Haar Cascade classifier for face detection  
    face_cascade = cv2.CascadeClassifier(cv2.data.harcascades + 'haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml')  
  
    # Perform face detection  
    faces = face_cascade.detectMultiScale(gray_image, scaleFactor=1.3, minNeighbors=5)  
  
    # Crop and save each detected face  
    for i, (x, y, w, h) in enumerate(faces):  
        # Crop the face region  
        face_crop = image[y:y+h, x:x+w]  
  
        # Save the cropped face  
        face_filename = f"{output_folder}/face_{i+1}.jpg"  
        cv2.imwrite(face_filename, face_crop)  
  
        # Display the cropped face  
        plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(face_crop, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))  
        plt.axis('off')  
        plt.title(f"Face {i+1}")  
        plt.show()  
  
# Example usage  
image_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/Ktp.jpg'  
output_folder = '/content/drive/MyDrive/PCVK/cropped_faces'  
crop_faces(image_path, output_folder)
```

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THANKS

FOR YOUR ATTENTION

the end