

Lab 02: Understanding uvm_sequence_item

Objective: To Learn how to create and use `uvm_sequence_item` with `uvm_field_*` macros in UVM.

Step 1:

- Create a new file named **mem_seq_item.sv**.
- Extend the class from `uvm_sequence_item`.
- Add the following fields:
 - a. `rand bit [3:0] addr;`
 - b. `rand bit wr_en;`
 - c. `rand bit rd_en;`
 - d. `rand bit [7:0] wdata;`
 - e. `bit [7:0] rdata;`
- Register the class using `uvm_object_utils_begin()` and `uvm_object_utils_end()`.
- Use the following `uvm_field_*` macros:
 - a. `UVM_ALL_ON` for `addr`
 - b. `UVM_NOPRINT` for `wr_en` (prevents printing)
 - c. `UVM_DEFAULT` for `rd_en` (default behavior)
 - d. `UVM_COPY | UVM_COMPARE` for `wdata` (used in copy & compare but not print)
- Implement a constructor (`new()`).
- Add a constraint ensuring `wr_en` and `rd_en` are not both 1 at the same time.

Step 2:

- Create a new file named **seq_item_tb.sv**.
- Declare two instances of `mem_seq_item`: `seq_item1` and `seq_item2`.
- Inside an `initial` block:
 - a. Create and randomize `seq_item1`.
 - b. Print the values of `seq_item1` using `print()`.
 - c. Copy `seq_item1` into `seq_item2` using `copy()`.
 - d. Print the values of `seq_item2` using `print()`.
 - e. Modify `addr` in `seq_item2`.
 - f. Compare `seq_item1` and `seq_item2` using `compare()`.
 - g. Display whether they match or differ.
- Run and observe the output.