

# SQL PIZZAHUT\_SALES PROJECT



# EXPLANATION


My name is Muhammad Karim Abdullah Khan, In this Pizzahut Sales Project I have utilize the sql quires to solve the questions that was related to pizzahut sales

# CREATE DATABASE & TABLES

- `create database pizzahut;`
- `create table orders (  
 order_id int not null,  
 order_date date not null,  
 oredr_time time not null,  
 primary key (order_id) );`
- `create table order_details (  
 order_details_id int not null,  
 order_id int not null,  
 pizza_id text not null,  
 quantity int not null,  
 primary key (order_details_id) );`

# RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBERS OF ORDERS PLACED

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders  
FROM  
    orders;
```

Result Grid 	
	total_orders
▶	21350

# CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES

```
select
    round(sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
          2) as total_sales
from
    order_details
    join
    pizzas on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
```

Result Grid	
	total_sales
▶	422957.35



# IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST PRICED PIZZA

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
        pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	price	
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95	



# IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
    pizzas
    JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

Result Grid					Filter
	size	order_count			
	L	9603			
	M	7955			
	S	7245			
	XL	297			
	XXL	17			

# LIST THE MOST TOP 5 ORDERED PIZZAS TYPES ALONG WITH THEIE QUANTITY



```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
        pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
        order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid   Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	name	quantity
▶	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	1294
	The Pepperoni Pizza	1240
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	1238
	The Hawaiian Pizza	1232
	The California Chicken Pizza	1222





## JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLE TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZAS CATEGORY ORDERED

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

Result Grid					Fit
	category	quantity			
▶	Classic	7641			
	Supreme	6219			
	Veggie	6074			
	Chicken	5671			



# DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY

```
SELECT  
    HOUR(oredr_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS count_order  
FROM  
    orders  
GROUP BY HOUR(oredr_time);
```

Result Grid				 Filter
	hour	count_order		
▶	11	1231		
	12	2520		
	13	2455		
	14	1472		
	15	1468		
	16	1920		
	17	2336		




# JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF

```
SELECT      PIZZAS
            category, COUNT(name)
FROM
            pizza_types
GROUP BY category;
```

Result Grid				 Filter R
	category	count(name)		
▶	Chicken	6		
	Classic	8		
	Supreme	9		
	Veggie	9		

# GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY

```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) AS avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM
        orders
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

Result Grid			 Filter
	round(avg(quantity), 0)		
	138		



# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	revenue	
▶	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	22802.5	
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	21780.5	
	The California Chicken Pizza	21420.5	

# CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPES OF TOTAL REVENUE

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
        ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
            2) AS total_sales
    FROM
        order_details
        JOIN
        pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id) * 100,
    2) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

Result Grid					Filter
	category	revenue			
▶	Classic	26.76			
	Supreme	25.57			
	Veggie	23.87			
	Chicken	23.8			

# ANALYZE THE COMMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME

```
select order_date,  
sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue  
from  
(select orders.order_date, sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) revenue  
from  
order_details join pizzas on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
join orders on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id  
group by orders.order_date)as sales;
```

Result Grid			Filter
	order_date	cum_reve	
▶	2015-01-01	2713.8500	
	2015-01-02	5445.75	
	2015-01-03	8108.15	
	2015-01-04	9863.6	
	2015-01-05	11929.55	
	2015-01-06	14358.5	
	2015-01-07	16560.7	