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IT FDN 110

Assignment08

Module 08

Introduction:

The goal of this assignment was to start getting familiar and to start working with object oriented programming python by creating our own objects and implementing them into the CDinvenotry script that we have been working on.

Creating out objects:

We need each cd entry to be its own object and in order to do that we first need to create a class for the object where all its data can be processed (see figure 1)

```
#Figure-In

2 class-CD:-

3 ... """Stores data about-a-CD:-

4 .....

5 ... properties:-

6 ......cd_id:-(int)-with-CD-ID-

7 ......cd_title:-(string)-with-the-title-of-the-CD-

8 ......cd_artist:-(string)-with-the-artist-of-the-CD-

9 ... methods:-

10 -

11 ... """
```

and where all its constructors will be located (see figure 2.1-2.2).

```
1 #Figure 2.1-
2 def __init__(self, cd_id, cd_title, cd_artist):-
3 .....self.__cd_id=-cd_id-
4 ....self.__cd_title=-cd_title-
5 ....self.__cd_artist=-cd_artist
```

Constructors are special methods which are invoked when we create an object. The constructor method used in python is known as the dunder init method which helps us instantiate an object when it is called. When the dunder init method is called by python it passes any arguments that we have setup, in this case the cd's id, title, and artist, when creating an object to the dunder init method (see figure 2.1-2.2).

```
1 #Figure · 2 . 2 ~
2 def · cd_id(self): ~
3 · · · · · return · self . cd_id ~
4 · · · · ~
5 · · · · def · cd_title(self): ~
6 · · · · · · return · self . cd_title ~
7 · · · · ~
8 · · · · def · cd_artist(self): ~
9 · · · · · return · self . cd_artist
```

Updating our existing code:

After creating our class we then need to edit our existing code. The key parts that we need to edit are where we ask the user for the info about the cd. We need to be able to pass in the information into our CD class to create a new cd object (see figure 3).

Next we need to change the code for the area where we delete an entry from the inventory that the user would like to get rid of (see figure 4.1-4.2).

Finally the last place we need to edit our code is in how we show our inventory. Because we are trying to print out an object we need a function, in this case the __str__ function to help print out our object as a readable string (see figure 5).

```
1 #Figure -5-
2 def · __str__(self):-
3 · · · · · · return(str(self.__cd_id) · + · ', · ' · + · self.__cd_title · + · ' · by: · ' · + · self.__cd_artist)
```

Summary:

Finally here is what our code looks like running in spyder (see figure 6) and in terminal (see figure 7).

```
E:\UW PYTHON>cd Mod 08
  E:\UN PYTHON\Mod_08>python~

Python 3.9.4 (tags/v3.9.4:1f2e308, Apr. 6 2021, 13:40:21) [MSC v.1928 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32-
Type "Hep", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.~
  E:\UW-PYTHON\Mod_08>python-Assignment_08_Starter.py-Menu-
  [l]·load·Inventory·from·file
[a]·Add·CD-
  [a] Add CD-
[i] Display Current Inventory
[d] delete CD from Inventory-
[s] Save Inventory to file-
[x] exit-
 WARNING: If you continue, all unsaved data will be lost and the Inventory re-loaded from file. type 'yes' to continue and reload from file. otherwise reload will be canceled yes reloading....

The Current Inventory: ========

ID · · · · · CD Title (by: Artist)
 [l] load Inventory from file-
[a] Add CD-
[i] Display Current Inventory-
[d] delete CD from Inventory-
[s] Save Inventory to file-
[x] exit-
 [] load Inventory from file-
[a] Add CD-
[i] Display Current Inventory-
[d] delete CD from Inventory-
[s] Save Inventory to file-
[x] exit-
[] load Inventory from file-
[a] Add CD-
[i] Display Current Inventory-
[d] delete CD from Inventory-
[s] Save Inventory to file-
[x] exit-
 [] load Inventory from file-
[a] Add CD-
[i] Display Current Inventory-
[d] delete CD from Inventory-
[s] Save Inventory to file-
[x] exit-
E:\UW PYTHON\Mod_08>
```

And here is the output of our code (see figure 8).

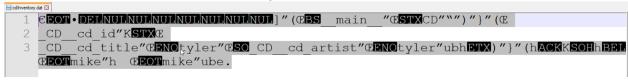


Figure 8