# The Dual Challenge-

**Industrial Growth & Climate Impact** 

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### **Outline**

- Introduction
- Objective
- Data Overview
- Data Structure
- Data Pipeline
- Analysis Approach
- Key Visualizations
- Results
- Interpretation
- Conclusion

# Analyzing the Impact of US Industrial Sectors on Climate Change and Economic Growth (2010-2020)

 Exploring the relationship between economic growth and greenhouse gas emissions by industrial sectors in the US.

#### Introduction

- Industrial growth drives economic prosperity but contributes to greenhouse gas emissions.
- This project analyzes the dual impact of US industrial sectors on economic growth and climate change.
- Insights help policymakers and businesses balance economic benefits and environmental costs.

#### **Objective**

- Investigate the contributions of US industrial sectors to GDP and greenhouse gas emissions.
- Examine relationships between sectoral GDP contributions and emissions (2010-2020).

# **Data Overview**

### **Data Source 1**

#### Greenhouse gas emissions by sector

The dataset breaks down annual greenhouse gas emissions by major economic sectors globally, covering energy use, industry, agriculture, and other sectors from 2010-2020, helping understand which parts of the economy contribute most to climate change.

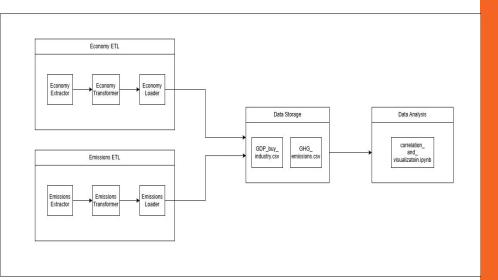
### Data Source 2

## Interactive Access to Industry Economic Accounts Data

 Description: This dataset tracks the economic performance and GDP contributions of different U.S. industries over time, providing detailed metrics on industry value added, output, and growth rates.

# Data Pipeline

### **End-to-End Data Pipeline**



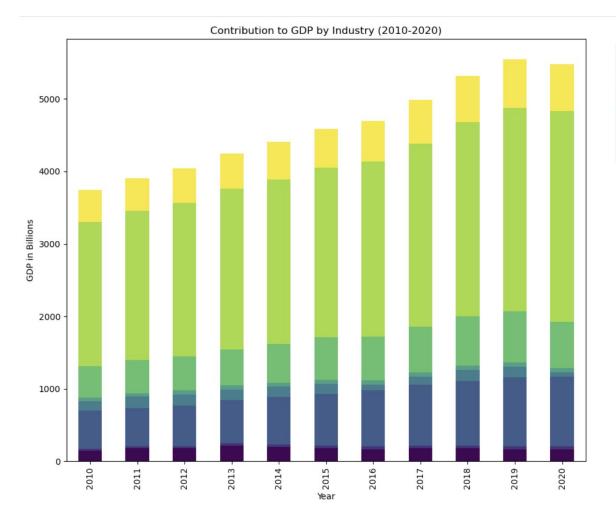
- Automated ETL process cleans and structures the datasets.
- Ensures quality and consistency for analysis.
- Outputs ready-to-analyze data.

#### **Analysis Approach**

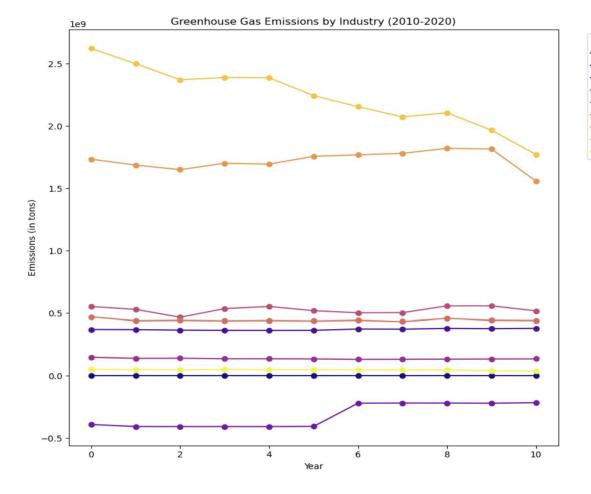
- Data visualization reveals trends and correlations.
- Questions addressed:
  - Highest GDP contributor (2010-2020)?
  - Largest emission category?
  - Industry trends over time?
  - Volatility and growth by industry.

## **Key Visualizations**

- Positive correlation:
  - Transportation, Electricity,
    Construction drive both GDP and emissions.
- Negative correlation:
  - Forestry indicates sustainable practices.
- Sectors like Petroleum exhibit unique dynamics.







#### Industry

- → Year
- Greenhouse gas emissions from agriculture
- Greenhouse gas emissions from land use change and forestry
- Greenhouse gas emissions from waste
- Greenhouse gas emissions from buildings
- Greenhouse gas emissions from manufacturing and construction
- Greenhouse gas emissions from transport
- Greenhouse gas emissions from electricity and heat
- Greenhouse gas emissions from other fuel combustion

## Interpretation

- Sectors like Transportation and Electricity are pivotal for economic growth but heavily contribute to emissions.
- Forestry's negative correlation suggests sustainability efforts.
- Results highlight the varied environmental impacts of industrial activities.

### Conclusion

- Key industrial sectors significantly influence GDP and emissions, though impacts vary.
- Limitations:
  - Focus on two countries; excludes cross-border effects.
  - Limited policy and technological factors.
- Future research should expand scope and incorporate policy/tech assessments.

# **Thank You**

