GenotypeFilesConvertor

Release 1.0

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Sample dataset used for each format is available on Google Drive.

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CHAPTER

ONE

CONTENT

1.1 VCF

1.1.1 VCF to PED-MAP

```
# Include extension of file. For example, input_file.vcf.
./plink --vcf input_file.vcf --recode --out output_file
```

1.1.2 VCF to RAW

```
# Include extension of file. For example, input_file.vcf.
./plink --vcf input_file.vcf --recodeA --out output_file
```

1.1.3 VCF to BED-BIM-FAM

```
# Include extension of file. For example, input_file.vcf.
./plink --vcf input_file.vcf --make-bed --out output_file
```

1.1.4 VCF to GEN-SAMPLE

```
# Include extension of file. For example, input_file.vcf.
./plink --vcf input_file.vcf --export oxford --out output_file
```

1.1.5 VCF to 23andme

```
# Input file should not include extension
# Make a directory in which 23andme files will be saved.
if not os.path.isdir("23andme"):
    os.mkdir("23andme")

#Convert VCF to BED_BIM_FAM --> VCFtoBED_BIM_FAM()
./plink --vcf input_file+".vcf" --make-bed --out output_file
```

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```
# It will generate three files output_file.bed, output_file.fam, and output_file.bim

#Extract id of each person
os.system("bcftools query -l "+input_file+" > ./23andme/temp_samples.txt")

#Open that file
f = open("./23andme/temp_samples.txt", "r")
for x in f:
    #Write each person name in a specific file
    temp = open("./23andme/temp.txt", "w")

temp.write(x.strip('\n').split("_")[0] +" "+x.strip('\n').split("_")[1])
temp.close()

#Extract each person from BED,BIM,FAM file and convert it to 23andme.
    os.system("./plink --bfile "+input_file.split(".")[0]+" --keep ./23andme/temp.txt --
    --recode 23 --snps-only --out ./23andme/"+x.strip('\n'))
```

1.1.6 VCF to AncestryDNA

```
#Input file should not include extension
Convert VCF to 23andme --> VCFto23andme()
#Convert 23andme to AncestryDNA -->23andmeytoAncestryDNA()
# Make a directory in which AncestryDNA files will be saved.
if not os.path.isdir("AncestryDNA"):
   os.mkdir("AncestryDNA")
  #VCFto_23andme(input_file)
#Read 23andme files
_23andmefiles = os.listdir('./23andme')
#Read files one-by-one
for files in _23andmefiles:
  # 23andme files are in .txt file format
  if ".txt" in files and "temp" not in files:
      #Check size
      if os.stat("./23andme"+os.sep+files).st_size == 0:
      else:
         data = pd.read_csv("./23andme"+os.sep+files,sep="\t",skiprows=8)
         new = pd.DataFrame()
         new['Rsid'] = data['# rsid'].values
         new['Chromosome'] = data['chromosome'].values
         new['position'] = data['position'].values
         #Split genotype into allele1 and allele2
```

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```
new['allele1'] = data['genotype'].str[0]
new['allele2'] =data['genotype'].str[1]

#Change chromosome numbers
new['Chromosome'] = new['Chromosome'].replace(23, 'X')
new['Chromosome'] = new['Chromosome'].replace(24, 'Y')
new['Chromosome'] = new['Chromosome'].replace(25, 'XY')
new['Chromosome'] = new['Chromosome'].replace(26, 'MT')
new.to_csv("./AncestryDNA"+os.sep+files, sep="\t")
```

1.1.7 VCF to HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE

```
bcftools convert input_file.vcf -h output_file
```

1.2 BED-BIM-FAM

1.2.1 BED-BIM-FAM to PED-MAP

```
./plink --bfile input_file --recode --out output_file
```

1.2.2 BED-BIM-FAM to RAW

```
./plink --bfile input_file --recodeA --out output_file
```

1.2.3 BED-BIM-FAM to VCF

```
./plink --bfile input_file --recode vcf --out output_file
```

1.2.4 BED-BIM-FAM to GEN-SAMPLE

```
./plink --bfile input_file --export oxford --out output_file
```

1.2.5 BED-BIM-FAM to 23andme

```
#Input file should not include extension.
if not os.path.isdir("23andme"):
    os.mkdir("23andme")

#Extract id of each person
data = pd.read_csv(input_file+".fam",sep="\s+",header=None)
print(data)
```

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1.2. BED-BIM-FAM 5

1.2.6 BED-BIM-FAM to AncestryDNA

```
#1. Convert BED-BIM-FAM to VCF --> BED-BIM-FAMtoVCF()
./plink --bfile input_file --recode vcf --out output_file

#2. Convert VCF to AncestryDNA --> VCFtoAncestryDNA()
See VCFtoAncestryDNA
```

1.2.7 BED-BIM-FAM to HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE

```
#Input file should not include extension

#Convert BED-BIM-FAM to VCF --> BED-BIM-FAMtoVCF()
./plink --bfile input_file --recode vcf --out output_file

#Convert VCF to HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE --> VCFtoHAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE()
bcftools convert output_file.VCF -h output_file2
```

1.3 PED-MAP

1.3.1 PED-MAP to VCF

```
./plink --file input_file --recode vcf --out output_file
```

1.3.2 PED-MAP to RAW

```
./plink --file input_file --recodeA --out output_file
```

1.3.3 PED-MAP to BED-BIM-FAM

```
./plink --file input_file --make-bed --out output_file
```

1.3.4 PED-MAP to GEN-SAMPLE

```
./plink --file input_file --export oxford --out output_file
```

1.3.5 PED-MAP to 23andme

```
#Input file should not include extension
1. Convert PED-MAP to BED-BIM-FAM --> PED-MAPtoBED-BIM-FAM()
./plink --file input_file --make-bed --out output_file
2. Convert BED-BIM-FAM to 23andme --> BED-BIM-FAMto23andme()
See BED-BIM-FAMto23andme
```

1.3.6 PED-MAP to AncestryDNA

```
#Input file should not include extension
1. Convert PED-MAP to VCF --> PED-MAPtoVCF()
./plink --file input_file --recode vcf --out output_file
2. Convert VCF to AncestryDNA --> VCFtoAncestryDNA()
See VCFtoAncestryDNA
```

1.3.7 PED-MAP to HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE

```
#Input file should not include extension
1. Convert PED-MAP to VCF --> PED-MAPtoVCF()
./plink --file input_file --recode vcf --out output_file
2. Convert VCF to HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE --> VCFtoHAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE()
bcftools convert output_file.vcf -h output_file2
```

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1.4 GEN-SAMPLE

1.4.1 GEN-SAMPLE to PED-MAP

1.4.2 GEN-SAMPLE to RAW

1.4.3 GEN-SAMPLE to BED-BIM-FAM

1.4.4 GEN-SAMPLE to VCF

1.4.5 GEN-SAMPLE to 23andme

```
./gtool -G --g input_file.gen --s input_file.sample --ped output_file.ped --map output_
→file.map
./plink --file output_file --recode vcf --out output_file2
1. Convert VCF to 23andme --> VCFto23andme()
See VCFto23andme
```

1.4.6 GEN-SAMPLE to AncestryDNA

1.4.7 GEN-SAMPLE to HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE

1.5 23andme

1.5.1 23andme to PED-MAP

```
#1. Convert 23andme to BED-BIM-FAM --> 23andmetoBED-BIM-FAM()

#That function will generates three files 23andmetoBED.bed, 23andmetoBED.bim, and

$\times 23andmetoBED.fam$

# Step 2

./plink --bfile 23andmetoBED --recode --out output_file
```

1.5.2 23 and me to RAW

```
#1. Convert 23andme to BED-BIM-FAM --> 23andmetoBED-BIM-FAM()

#That function will generates three files 23andmetoBED.bed, 23andmetoBED.bim, and

$\times 23$andmetoBED.fam

# Step 2

./plink --bfile 23andmetoBED --recodeA --out output_file
```

1.5.3 23andme to BED-BIM-FAM

```
# Place 23andme files in a new directory.
# input_file is actually input directory.
if not os.path.isdir(input_file):
  print("Directory "+input_file+" does not exists...! Kindly place 23andme files in...

→ that directory.")

  exit(0)
files = []
allfiles = os.listdir("./"+input_file+"/")
personname = []
sexinfo = "0"
for loop in allfiles:
   if ".23andme" in loop:
      data = loop.split(".")[0].split("_")
      personname.append(data[0])
      print(data)
      if data[5] =="XX":
         sexinfo = "2"
      elif data[5] =="XY":
```

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```
sexinfo = "1"
      else:
         sexinfo = "0"
      #os.rename("tutorialsdir","tutorialsdirectory")
      os.system("./plink --23file ./"+input_file+os.sep+loop+" --snps-only --make-bed --
→out ./"+input_file+os.sep+data[0])
      if os.path.exists("./"+input_file+os.sep+data[0]+".fam"):
         data2 = pd.read_csv("./"+input_file+os.sep+data[0]+".fam",header=None, sep="\s+
ر")
         data2[0] = data[0]
         data2[1] = data[0]
         data2[4] = sexinfo
         data2.to_csv("./"+input_file+os.sep+data[0]+".fam",sep="\t",header=False,
→index=False)
allfiles = os.listdir("./"+input_file+"/")
count=0
files=[]
for loop in allfiles:
   if ".txt" in loop and ".bed" not in loop and ".fam" not in loop and ".bim" not in_
-loop:
     print(loop)
     x = loop.split("_")[0]
     x = x + ".fam"
     me = os.path.exists("./"+input_file+os.sep+x)
      if me==True:
         x = x.split(".")[0]
         x = "./"+input_file+os.sep+x +".bed " + "./"+input_file+os.sep+x + ".bim " + ".
→/"+input_file+os.sep+x + ".fam"
         files.append(x)
      else:
         count=count+1
     print(count," People removed due to missing fam file")
with open("./"+input_file+os.sep+"All.txt", "w") as filehandle:
  for listitem in files:
     filehandle.write('%s\n' % listitem)
os.system("./plink --merge-list ./"+input_file+os.sep+"/All.txt --make-bed --out_
→23andmetoBED")
if os.path.exists("23andmetoBED.bed"):
   exit(0)
else:
   allfiles = os.listdir("./"+input_file+"/")
   for loop in allfiles:
      if ".bed" in loop:
         x = loop
         x = x.split(".")[0]
         command = "./plink --bfile ./"+input_file+os.sep+x+" --exclude 23andmetoBED-
→merge.missnp --make-bed --out ./"+input_file+os.sep + x
         os.system(command)
```

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```
allfiles = os.listdir("./"+input_file+"/")
  files=[]
  for loop in allfiles:
     if ".txt" in loop and ".bed" not in loop and ".fam" not in loop and ".bim" not in.
→loop:
        print(loop)
        x = loop.split("_")[0]
        x = x + ".fam"
        me = os.path.exists("./"+input_file+os.sep+x)
        if me==True:
           x = x.split(".")[0]
           x = "./"+input_file+os.sep+x +".bim " +"./"+input_file+os.sep+x + ".bim " +_.
→ "./"+input_file+os.sep+x + ".fam"
           files.append(x)
        else:
           count=count+1
        print(count," People removed due to missing fam file")
  with open("./"+input_file+os.sep+"All.txt", "w") as filehandle:
    for listitem in files:
        filehandle.write('%s\n' % listitem)
  os.system("./plink --merge-list ./"+input_file+os.sep+"/All.txt --make-bed --out_
→23andmetoBED")
```

1.5.4 23andme to GEN-SAMPLE

```
#1. Convert 23andme to BED-BIM-FAM --> 23andmetoBED-BIM-FAM()

#That function will generates three files 23andmetoBED.bed, 23andmetoBED.bim, and...

-23andmetoBED.fam

# Step 2
./plink --bfile 23andmetoBED --export oxford --out output_file
```

1.5.5 23 and me to VCF

```
#1. Convert 23andme to BED-BIM-FAM --> 23andmetoBED-BIM-FAM()

#That function will generates three files 23andmetoBED.bed, 23andmetoBED.bim, and

$\times 23$andmetoBED.fam

# Step 2

./plink --bfile 23andmetoBED --recode vcf --out output_file
```

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1.5.6 23andme to AncestryDNA

```
# Make a directory in which AncestryDNA files will be saved.
if not os.path.isdir("AncestryDNA"):
   os.mkdir("AncestryDNA")
_23andmefiles = os.listdir("./"+input_file)
#Read files one-by-one
for files in 23andmefiles:
  # 23andme files are in .txt file format
  if "23andme.txt" in files and "temp" not in files:
      #Check size
      if os.stat("./"+input_file+os.sep+files).st_size == 0:
      else:
         print(files)
         data = pd.read_csv("./"+input_file+os.sep+files,sep="\t", comment='#',
→header=None,low_memory=False)
         new = pd.DataFrame()
         new['Rsid'] = data[0].values
         new['Chromosome'] = data[1].values
         new['position'] = data[2].values
         #Split genotype into allele1 and allele2
         new['allele1'] = data[3].str[0]
         new['allele2'] =data[3].str[1]
         #Change chromosome numbers
         new['Chromosome'] = new['Chromosome'].replace(23, 'X')
         new['Chromosome'] = new['Chromosome'].replace(24, 'Y')
         new['Chromosome'] = new['Chromosome'].replace(25, 'XY')
         new['Chromosome'] = new['Chromosome'].replace(26, 'MT')
         #Rename file name
         files = files.replace("23andme", "ancestry")
         new.to_csv("./AncestryDNA"+os.sep+files, sep="\t",index=False)
```

1.5.7 23andme to HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE

```
#1. Convert 23andme to BED-BIM-FAM --> 23andmetoBED-BIM-FAM()

#That function will generates three files 23andmetoBED.bed, 23andmetoBED.bim, and...

-23andmetoBED.fam

# Step 2
./plink --bfile 23andmetoBED --recode vcf --out output_file

# Step 3
bcftools convert output_file.vcf -h output_file2
```

1.6 HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE

We used files from hapmap3_r2_b36. to demonstrate the conversion to other formats.

- 1. There is a separate file for each chromosome, and we have to modify the X.legend file before further processing.
- 2. X.Haps and X.legend file should be compressed in gz format before further processing.

LEGEND file before

```
rsID position a0 a1
rs10458597 554484 C T
rs2185539 556738 C T
rs11240767 718814 C T
rs12564807 724325 A G
rs3131972 742584 A G
rs3131969 744045 A G
rs3131967 744197 C T
rs1048488 750775 C T
rs12562034 758311 A G
```

LEGEND file after

```
position
                       a0
                               a1
1:554484 C T
               554484 C
1:556738 C T
               556738 C
                               T
               718814 C
1:718814 C T
                               T
1:724325 A G
               724325 A
                               G
1:742584 A G
               742584 A
                               G
1:744045 A G
               744045 A
                               G
1:744197_C_T
               744197 C
1:750775_C_T
               750775 C
1:758311_A_G
               758311 A
```

1.6.1 HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE to PED-MAP

```
# Step 1. Convert HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE to VCF.
# It will generate one file "output_file.vcf"
# Step 2.
./plink --vcf output_file --recode --out output_file2
```

1.6.2 HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE to RAW

```
# Step 1. Convert HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE to VCF.
# It will generate one file "output_file.vcf"
# Step 2.
./plink --vcf output_file --recodeA --out output_file2
```

1.6.3 HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE to BED-BIM-FAM

```
# Step 1. Convert HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE to VCF.
# It will generate one file "output_file.vcf"
# Step 2.
./plink --vcf output_file --make-bed --out output_file2
```

1.6.4 HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE to GEN-SAMPLE

```
# Step 1. Convert HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE to VCF.
# It will generate one file "output_file.vcf"
# Step 2.
./plink --vcf output_file --export oxford --out output_file2
```

1.6.5 HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE to 23andme

```
# Step 1. Convert HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE to VCF.
# It will generate one file "output_file.vcf"
if not os.path.isdir("23andme"):
    os.mkdir("23andme")

VCFtoBED_BIM_FAM("output_file.vcf")
os.system("bcftools query -l output_file.vcf > ./23andme/temp_samples.txt")
f = open("./23andme/temp_samples.txt", "r")
for x in f:
    temp = open("./23andme/temp.txt", "w")
    print("X")
    temp.write(x.strip('\n')+" "+x.strip('\n'))
    temp.write('\n')

temp.close()
    os.system("./plink --bfile output_file --keep ./23andme/temp.txt --recode 23 --snps-
    only --out ./23andme/"+x.strip('\n')+".23andme")
```

1.6.6 HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE to AncestryDNA

```
# Step 1. HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE to 23andme
# Step 2. 23andme to AncestryDNA
See (23andme to AncestryDNA)
```

1.6.7 HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE to VCF

```
data = pd.read_csv("hapmap3_r2_b36_chr1.legend",index_col=False, sep="\s+")

#Create a new ID column for legend file
data["ID"] = "1:"+data['position'].astype(str)+"_"+data["a0"]+"_"+data["a1"]
data =data[['ID','position','a0','a1']]
data.to_csv("hapmap3_r2_b36_chr1.legend",index=False, sep="\t")

#Zip the legend file
os.system("gzip hapmap3_r2_b36_chr1.legend")

#Rename hapmap3_r2_b36_chr1.haps to hapmap3_r2_b36_chr1.hap
os.rename("hapmap3_r2_b36_chr1.haps.gz", "hapmap3_r2_b36_chr1.hap.gz")

#Rename hapmap3_r2_b36_all.sample to hapmap3_r2_b36_chr1.samples
os.rename("hapmap3_r2_b36_all.sample", "hapmap3_r2_b36_chr1.samples")

os.system("bcftools convert --haplegendsample2vcf hapmap3_r2_b36_chr1 -o output_file.
→vcf")
```

1.7 RAW

1.7.1 RAW to PED-MAP

```
def converter(x):
  # Fill "NA" with '0 0'
  x = x.fillna('0 0')
  # Convert numbers to integer
  x.astype(int, errors='ignore')
  ref = x.name[-1]
  # Encoding of PED file
  if ref=="G":
    x = x.replace(0, "G G")
    x = x.replace(1, "G C")
    x = x.replace(2, "C C")
  if ref=="C":
    x = x.replace(0, "C C")
    x = x.replace(1, "C G")
    x = x.replace(2, "G G")
  if ref=="T":
    x = x.replace(0, "T T")
    x = x.replace(1, "T A")
    x = x.replace(2, "A A")
  if ref=="A":
    x = x.replace(0, "A A")
    x = x.replace(1, "A T")
```

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```
x = x.replace(2, "T T")
   return x
# Extract SNPs names, which is in this format SNP_REFAllele
#os.system("cat "+input_file+" | head -n 1 >> snps.txt")
print("cat "+input_file+" | head -n 1 >> snps.txt")
data = pd.read_csv("snps.txt",index_col=None,header=None,sep="\s+").loc[:, 6:].T
# Make a directory to store chunks
# Chunking is required because RAW file is usually large in size
if not os.path.isdir("Chunks"):
  os.mkdir("Chunks")
# Make ".MAP" file
# RAW file does not contain the position and chromosome number information so, all other.
\rightarrow columns except 2nd are 0.
maps = pd.DataFrame()
maps[0] = [0]*len(data)
maps[1] = data[0].values
maps[2] = [0]*len(data)
maps[3] = [0]*len(data)
maps.to_csv("final.map",sep="\t",header=False,index=False)
_smallraw = os.listdir('./Chunks')
count=0
_smallraw = sorted(_smallraw)
# Encode each chunk which is same as that of ped file.
for files in _smallraw:
  if ".txt" not in files:
      if count==0:
         count=1
         data2 = pd.read_csv("Chunks"+os.sep+files,sep="\s+")
         data2[list(data[0].values)] = data2[list(data[0].values)].apply(converter)
         data2.to_csv("Chunks"+os.sep+files+".txt",sep="\t",index=False,header=False)
     else:
         data2 = pd.read_csv("Chunks"+os.sep+files,sep="\s+",names=list(data2.columns.
→values))
         data2[list(data[0].values)] = data2[list(data[0].values)].apply(converter)
         data2.to_csv("Chunks"+os.sep+files+".txt",sep="\t",index=False,header=False)
final = pd.DataFrame()
#Merge all chunks
for files in _smallraw:
  if ".txt" in files:
      if count==0:
         count=1
```

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1.7.2 RAW to VCF

```
#Step 1. Convert Raw file to PED-MAP. See RAWtoPED-MAP.
It generates two files: final.ped and final.map
#Step 2.
./plink --file final --recode vcf --out output_file
```

1.7.3 RAW to BED-BIM-FAM

```
#Step 1. Convert Raw file to PED-MAP. See RAWtoPED-MAP.
It generates two files: final.ped and final.map
#Step 2.
./plink --file final --make-bed --out output_file
```

1.7.4 RAW to GEN-SAMPLE

```
#Step 1. Convert Raw file to PED-MAP. See RAWtoPED-MAP.
It generates two files: final.ped and final.map
#Step 2.
./plink --file final --export oxford --out output_file
```

1.7.5 RAW to 23andme

```
#Step 1. Convert Raw file to PED-MAP. See RAWtoPED-MAP.
It generates two files: final.ped and final.map

#Step 2. Convert PED-MAP to BED-BIM-FAM --> PED-MAPtoBED-BIM-FAM()
./plink --file input_file --make-bed --out output_file

2. Convert BED-BIM-FAM to 23andme --> BED-BIM-FAMto23andme()
See BED-BIM-FAMto23andme
```

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1.7.6 RAW to Ancestry DNA

```
#Step 1. Convert Raw file to PED-MAP. See RAWtoPED-MAP.
It generates two files: final.ped and final.map

#Step 2. Convert PED-MAP to BED-BIM-FAM --> PED-MAPtoBED-BIM-FAM()
./plink --file input_file --make-bed --out output_file

#Step 3. Convert BED-BIM-FAM to 23andme --> BED-BIM-FAMto23andme()
See BED-BIM-FAMto23andme

#Step 4. Convert 23andme to AncestryDNA --> 23andmetoAncestryDNA()
See 23andmetoAncestryDNA
```

1.7.7 RAW to HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE

```
#Step 1. Convert Raw file to PED-MAP.
It generates two files: final.ped and final.map
#Step 2. Convert PED-MAP file to VCF.
./plink --file final --recode vcf --out output_file
#Step 3. Convert VCF file to HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE.
bcftools convert output_file.vcf -h output_file2
```

1.8 AncestryDNA

1.8.1 Ancestry DNA to PED-MAP

```
#1. Convert AncestryDNA files to 23andme --> AncestryDNAto23andme()
#2. Convert 23andme files to BED-BIM-FAM --> 23andmetoBED-BIM-FAM()
#That function will generates three files 23andmetoBED.bed, 23andmetoBED.bim, and...

$\times 23$andmetoBED.fam

# Step 3

./plink --bfile 23andmetoBED --recode vcf --out output_file
```

1.8.2 Ancestry DNA to RAW

```
#1. Convert AncestryDNA files to 23andme --> AncestryDNAto23andme()
#2. Convert 23andme files to BED-BIM-FAM --> 23andmetoBED-BIM-FAM()
#That function will generates three files 23andmetoBED.bed, 23andmetoBED.bim, and...

-23andmetoBED.fam
# Step 3
./plink --bfile 23andmetoBED --recodeA --out output_file
```

1.8.3 AncestryDNA to BED-BIM-FAM

1.8.4 Ancestry DNA to GEN-SAMPLE

```
#1. Convert AncestryDNA files to 23andme --> AncestryDNAto23andme()
#2. Convert 23andme files to BED-BIM-FAM --> 23andmetoBED-BIM-FAM()
#That function will generates three files 23andmetoBED.bed, 23andmetoBED.bim, and...
$\times 23andmetoBED.fam$
# Step 3
./plink --bfile 23andmetoBED --export oxford --out output_file
```

1.8.5 Ancestry DNA to 23 and me

```
#Make a directory in which 23andme files will be saved.
if not os.path.isdir("23andme"):
  os.mkdir("23andme")
#Read AncestryDNA files from the directory
_ancestry = os.listdir('./AncestryDNA')
for files in _ancestry:
   if ".txt" in files and "temp" not in files:
     if os.stat("./AncestryDNA"+os.sep+files).st_size == 0:
      continue
   else:
      data = pd.read_csv("./AncestryDNA"+os.sep+files,sep="\t",skiprows=18)
     new = pd.DataFrame()
      new['Rsid'] = data['rsid'].values
      new['Chromosome'] = data['chromosome'].values
      new['position'] = data['position'].values
      #Merge genotype data
     new['genotype'] = data['allele2']+ data['allele1']
     new['Chromosome'] = new['Chromosome'].replace(23, 'X')
     new['Chromosome'] = new['Chromosome'].replace(24, 'Y')
      new['Chromosome'] = new['Chromosome'].replace(25, 'XY')
      new['Chromosome'] = new['Chromosome'].replace(26, 'MT')
      files = files.replace("ancestry","23andme")
      #Save each file in "23andme" directory
      new.to_csv("./23andme"+os.sep+files, sep="\t",index=False,header=False)
```

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1.8.6 Ancestry DNA to VCF

```
#1. Convert AncestryDNA files to 23andme --> AncestryDNAto23andme()
#2. Convert 23andme files to BED-BIM-FAM --> 23andmetoBED-BIM-FAM()
#That function will generates three files 23andmetoBED.bed, 23andmetoBED.bim, and...
$\times 23andmetoBED.fam$
# Step 3
./plink --bfile 23andmetoBED --recode vcf --out output_file
```

1.8.7 AncestryDNA to HAPS-LEGEND-SAMPLE

```
#1. Convert AncestryDNA files to 23andme --> AncestryDNAto23andme()
#2. Convert 23andme files to BED-BIM-FAM --> 23andmetoBED-BIM-FAM()
#That function will generates three files 23andmetoBED.bed, 23andmetoBED.bim, and...
-23andmetoBED.fam
# Step 3
./plink --bfile 23andmetoBED --recode vcf --out output_file

# Step 4
bcftools convert output_file.vcf -h output_file2
```