

Lab Task 1

Student Detail

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Program: BSCE-7

Course Title: AI (Lab)

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER ENGINEERING

Artificial Intelligence Lab (02) Assignment/Quiz/Lab Task/Lab Report

Assigned Date:

 Lab Task 01: NumPy is a fundamental tool for AI because it provides the foundation for efficient data handling, mathematical operations, and integration with AI frameworks. Its ability to perform fast, vectorized operations on large datasets makes it indispensable for AI practitioners and researchers.

Practice the all examples of numpy library mentioned in lab 02 → link (Click here).

[CLO-01, PLO-02, P-3(Guided Response), Rubric (Coding)]

Marks	1	2	3	4
Coding	The code is not as per guidelines and requirements are not met	Some section of code is correct	Most section of code is correct and understands it well	The code is properly written, and have good understanding about it

```
Example 01 : Numpy

Take 2 lists and multiply both you'll see that error occurs repeat the process but by coverting them toarray by numpy. array()

pip install numpy

Python

Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\users\hp\appdata\local\programs\python\python311\lib\site-packages (1.24.3)Note: you may need to restart the kernel to 1

[notice] A new release of pip is available: 23.1.2 -> 23.2.1
[notice] To update, run: python.exe -m pip install --upgrade pip
```

```
import numpy as np

l1 = [1,2,3]
 l2 = [4,5,6]

A1 = np.array(l1)
 A2 = np.array(l2)

print(f"{A1} * {A2} = {A1*A2}")

[1 2 3] * [4 5 6] = [ 4 10 18]
```


print(f"The type of array using type: {type(A)}")
print(f"The type of array using dtype: {A.dtype}") # no () with dtype because it is an attribute of A not a function

```
[1 2 3] * [4 5 6] = [ 4 10 18]
The type of array using type: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
The type of array using dtype: int32
The dimension of an array: (3,)
```

Example 03

print(f"{A1} * {A2} = {A}")

print(f"The dimension of an array: {A.shape}")

+ Code + Markdowr

The size of an array created with numpy.array() is int32 convert it to int 8

```
import numpy as np

l1 = [1,2,3]
l2 = [4,5,6]

A1 = np.array(l1, np.int8)
A2 = np.array(l2, np.int8)

A = A1*A2

print(f"{A1} * {A2} = {A}")

print(f"The type of array using type: {type(A)}")
print(f"The type of array using dtype: {A.dtype}") # no () with dtype because it is an attribute of A not a function
print(f"The dimension of an array: {A.shape}")
```

```
[1 2 3] * [4 5 6] = [ 4 10 18]
The type of array using type: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
The type of array using dtype: int8
The dimension of an array: (3,)
```

Demonstrate the use of numpy.size() functions

```
[1 2 3] * [4 5 6] = [ 4 10 18]
The type of array using type: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
The type of array using dtype: int8
The dimension of an array: (3,)
The size of an array: 3
```

+ Code | + Markdowi

Create a 2D array using numpy.array()

```
import numpy as np

l1 = [1,2,3]
l2 = [4,5,6]

A = np.array((l1, l2))
print(f" The 2D array is : \n {A}")

print(f"The type of array using type: {type(A)}")
print(f"The type of array using dtype: {A.dtype}") # no () with dtype because it is an attribute of A not a function
print(f"The dimension of an array: {A.shape}")

print(f"The size of an array: {A.size}") # The size attrubute counts the total element in the array
```

```
The 2D array is:
[[1 2 3]
[4 5 6]]
The type of array using type: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
The type of array using dtype: int32
The dimension of an array: (2, 3)
The size of an array: 6
```

Example 06

Create a 1 D array by passing a list

```
A = np.array(([1,2,3,4,5]))
print(f" The 1D array is : \n {A}")

print(f"The type of array using type: {type(A)}")
print(f"The type of array using dtype: {A.dtype}") # no () with dtype because it is an attribute of A not a function

print(f"The dimension of an array: {A.shape}")

print(f"The size of an array: {A.size}") # The size attrubute counts the total element in the array
```

```
The 1D array is:
[1 2 3 4 5]
The type of array using type: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
The type of array using dtype: int32
The dimension of an array: (5,)
The size of an array: 5
```

Create a 2 D array by passing lists

```
import numpy as np

A = np.array(([1,2,3,4,5], [2,3,4,5,6]))
print(f" The 2D array is : \n {A}")

print(f"The type of array using type: {type(A)}")
print(f"The type of array using dtype: {A.dtype}") # no () with dtype because it is an attribute of A not a function
print(f"The dimension of an array: {A.shape}")

print(f"The size of an array: {A.size}") # The size attrubute counts the total element in the array
```

```
The 2D array is:
[[1 2 3 4 5]
[2 3 4 5 6]]
The type of array using type: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
The type of array using dtype: int32
The dimension of an array: (2, 5)
The size of an array: 10
```


print(f"The size of an array: {A.size}") # The size attrubute counts the total element in the array

```
The array is:
[[1 2 3 4]
[3 6 3 4]
[1 2 9 4]
[1 4 5 4]]
The type of array using type: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
The type of array using dtype: int32
The dimension of an array: (4, 4)
The size of an array: 16
```

Replace 2nd row 3rd element of above 4x4 matrix with 10

```
import numpy as np

r1 = [1,2,3,4]
r2 = [3,6,3,4]
r3 = [1,2,9,4]
r4 = [1,4,5,4]

A = np.array((r1,r2,r3,r4))
print(f" The original array is : \n {A}")

A[1,2] = 10
print(f" The array after replacing : \n {A}")
```

```
The original array is :
[[1 2 3 4]
[3 6 3 4]
[1 2 9 4]
[1 4 5 4]]
The array after replacing :
[[ 1 2 3 4]
[ 3 6 10 4]
[ 1 2 9 4]
[ 1 4 5 4]]
```

Create a 5 x 5 matrix of all zeros by setting values of both rows and column

```
import numpy as np

A = np.zeros([5,5])
print(f" The array is : \n {A}")

print(f"The type of array using type: {type(A)}")
print(f"The type of array using dtype: {A.dtype}") # no () with dtype because it is an attribute of A not a function
print(f"The dimension of an array: {A.shape}")

print(f"The size of an array: {A.size}") # The size attrubute counts the total element in the array
```

```
The array is:

[[0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]

[0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]

[0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]

[0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]

[0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]]

The type of array using type: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
The type of array using dtype: float64

The dimension of an array: (5, 5)

The size of an array: 25
```

Example 11

Create a 5 x 5 matrix of all zeros by passing only 1 argument

```
import numpy as np

A = np.zeros([5])
print(f" The array is : \n {A}")

print(f"The type of array using type: {type(A)}")
print(f"The type of array using dtype: {A.dtype}") # no () with dtype because it is an attribute of A not a function
print(f"The dimension of an array: {A.shape}")

print(f"The size of an array: {A.size}") # The size attrubute counts the total element in the array
```

```
... The array is:
    [0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
    The type of array using type: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
    The type of array using dtype: float64
    The dimension of an array: (5,)
    The size of an array: 5
```

Create an array from 1 to 100 by numpy.arrange()

```
import numpy as np

A = np.arange(1,100)
print(f" The array is : \n {A}")

print(f"The type of array using type: {type(A)}")
print(f"The type of array using dtype: {A.dtype}") # no () with dtype because it is an attribute of A not a function
print(f"The dimension of an array: {A.shape}")

print(f"The size of an array: {A.size}") # The size attrubute counts the total element in the array
```

```
The array is:

[1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48
49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72
73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96
97 98 99]

The type of array using type: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
The type of array using dtype: int32
The dimension of an array: (99,)
The size of an array: 99
```

Create an array from 1 to 100 by numpy.arrange() with a stepsize of 10

```
import numpy as np

A = np.arange(1,100,10)
print(f" The array is : \n {A}")

print(f"The type of array using type: {type(A)}")
print(f"The type of array using dtype: {A.dtype}") # no () with dtype because it is an attribute of A not a function

print(f"The dimension of an array: {A.shape}")

print(f"The size of an array: {A.size}") # The size attrubute counts the total element in the array
```

```
The array is:
[ 1 11 21 31 41 51 61 71 81 91]
The type of array using type: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
The type of array using dtype: int32
The dimension of an array: (10,)
The size of an array: 10
```

Example 14

Create an array of 100 elements ranging from 2 to 3

```
import numpy as np

A = np.linspace(2,3,100)
print(f" The array is : \n {A}")

print(f"The type of array using type: {type(A)}")
print(f"The type of array using dtype: {A.dtype}") # no () with dtype because it is an attribute of A not a function
print(f"The dimension of an array: {A.shape}")

print(f"The size of an array: {A.size}") # The size attrubute counts the total element in the array
```

```
The array is :
            2.01010101 2.02020202 2.03030303 2.04040404 2.05050505
 2.06060606 2.07070707 2.08080808 2.09090909 2.1010101 2.11111111
 2.12121212 2.13131313 2.14141414 2.15151515 2.16161616 2.17171717
2.18181818 2.19191919 2.2020202 2.21212121 2.22222222 2.23232323
2.24242424 2.25252525 2.26262626 2.27272727 2.28282828 2.29292929
 2.3030303 2.31313131 2.32323232 2.33333333 2.34343434 2.35353535
2.36363636 2.37373737 2.38383838 2.39393939 2.4040404 2.41414141
2.4242424 2.43434343 2.44444444 2.45454545 2.46464646 2.47474747
2.48484848 2.49494949 2.50505051 2.51515152 2.52525253 2.53535354
2.54545455 2.55555556 2.56565657 2.57575758 2.58585859 2.5959596
2.60606061 2.61616162 2.62626263 2.63636364 2.64646465 2.65656566
2.66666667 2.67676768 2.68686869 2.6969697 2.70707071 2.71717172
2.72727273 2.73737374 2.74747475 2.75757576 2.76767677 2.77777778
2.78787879 2.7979798 2.80808081 2.81818182 2.82828283 2.83838384
2.84848485 2.85858586 2.86868687 2.87878788 2.88888889 2.8989899
2.90909091 2.91919192 2.92929293 2.93939394 2.94949495 2.95959596
2.96969697 2.97979798 2.98989899 3.
The type of array using type: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
The type of array using dtype: float64
The dimension of an array: (100,)
The size of an array: 100
```

Create identity matrix

```
import numpy as np

A = np.identity(5)
print(f" The array is : \n {A}")

print(f"The type of array using type: {type(A)}")
print(f"The type of array using dtype: {A.dtype}") # no () with dtype because it is an attribute of A not a function
print(f"The dimension of an array: {A.shape}")

print(f"The size of an array: {A.size}") # The size attrubute counts the total element in the array
```

```
The array is:
[[1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
[0. 1. 0. 0. 0.]
[0. 0. 1. 0. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 1. 0.]
[0. 0. 0. 1. 0.]
The type of array using type: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
The type of array using dtype: float64
The dimension of an array: (5, 5)
The size of an array: 25
```

Create a 4 x 4 matrix and find the sum of all columns

```
import numpy as np

r1 = [1,2,3,4]
    r2 = [3,6,3,4]
    r3 = [1,2,9,4]
    r4 = [1,4,5,4]

A = np.array((r1,r2,r3,r4))
    print(f" The Matrix is : \n {A}")

print(f" The row wise sum is : {A.sum(axis=1)}")
    print(f" The column wise sum is : {A.sum(axis=0)}")

print(f"The type of array using type: {type(A)}")
    print(f"The type of array using dtype: {A.dtype}") # no () with dtype because it is an attribute of A not a function

print(f"The dimension of an array: {A.shape}")

print(f"The size of an array: {A.size}") # The size attrubute counts the total element in the array
```

```
The Matrix is:
[[1 2 3 4]
[3 6 3 4]
[1 2 9 4]
[1 4 5 4]]
The row wise sum is: [10 16 16 14]
The column wise sum is: [6 14 20 16]
The type of array using type: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
The type of array using dtype: int32
The dimension of an array: (4, 4)
The size of an array: 16
```

Find the transpose of a Matrix

```
import numpy as np

r1 = [1,2,3,4]
r2 = [3,6,3,4]
r3 = [1,2,9,4]
r4 = [1,4,5,4]

A = np.array((r1,r2,r3,r4))
print(f" The Matrix is : \n {A}")

print(f" The transpose is : \n {A.T}")
```

```
The Matrix is :
[[1 2 3 4]
[3 6 3 4]
[1 2 9 4]
[1 4 5 4]]
The transpose is :
[[1 3 1 1]
[2 6 2 4]
[3 3 9 5]
[4 4 4 4]]
```

Use reshape command to convrt 4 x 4 matrix to 8 x 2

```
import numpy as np

r1 = [1,2,3,4]
 r2 = [3,6,3,4]
 r3 = [1,2,9,4]
 r4 = [1,4,5,4]

A = np.array((r1,r2,r3,r4))
 print(f" The 4x4 Matrix is : \n {A}")

print(f" The 8x2 matrix: \n {A.reshape(8,2)}")
```

```
The 4x4 Matrix is:
[[1 2 3 4]
[3 6 3 4]
[1 2 9 4]
[1 4 5 4]]
The 8x2 matrix:
[[1 2]
[3 4]
[3 6]
[3 4]
[1 2]
[9 4]
[1 4]
[5 4]]
```

Demonstrate the use of numpy.ravel()

```
import numpy as np

r1 = [1,2,3,4]
r2 = [3,6,3,4]
r3 = [1,2,9,4]
r4 = [1,4,5,4]

A = np.array((r1,r2,r3,r4))
print(f" The 4x4 Matrix is : \n {A}")

print(f" The 1D array from above matrix using ravel: \n {A.ravel()}")
```

```
The 4x4 Matrix is :
[[1 2 3 4]
[3 6 3 4]
[1 2 9 4]
[1 4 5 4]]
The 1D array from above matrix using ravel:
[1 2 3 4 3 6 3 4 1 2 9 4 1 4 5 4]
```

Demonstrate the use of argmax, argmin, argsort

```
import numpy as np

a = [1, 16, 31, 4]

A = np.array(a)
print(f"The original array: {A}")

print(f"The index of maximum value in array is: {A.argmax()}")
print(f"The index of minimum value in array is: {A.argmin()}")
print(f"Sorted Indexes: {A.argsort()}")
```

```
The original array: [ 1 16 31 4]
The index of maximum value in array is: 2
The index of minimum value in array is: 0
Sorted Indexes: [0 3 1 2]
```

Demostrate the use of numpy.full(),vstack(),hstack(),column_stack()

Save and load a matrix in the memory

Demonstrate the use of numoy.dot() and compare it with simple multiplication

```
import numpy as np

f1=np. full((2,2),5)
print("\nf1 = \n",f1)

f2=np.full((2,2), 3)
print("\nf2 = \n", f2)

print("point to point multiplication = ",f1*f2)

print("point to point multiplication = ", np.dot(f1,f2))
```

```
f1 =
  [[5 5]
  [5 5]]

f2 =
  [[3 3]
  [3 3]]
  point to point multiplication = [[15 15]
  [15 15]]
  point to point multiplication = [[30 30]
  [30 30]]
```

 Lab Task 02: Pandas plays a pivotal role in AI by facilitating data preparation, exploration, and transformation, which are essential steps in the machine learning pipeline. It empowers data scientists and AI practitioners to efficiently work with structured data and prepare it for training and evaluation of AI models.

Try to implement all the examples of panads library mentioned in lab 02 → link (Click here).

[CLO-01, PLO-02, P-3(Guided Response), Rubric (Coding)]

Marks	1	2	3	4
Coding	The code is not as per guidelines and requirements are not met	Some section of code is correct	Most section of code is correct and understands it well	The code is properly written, and have good understanding about it

02. Pandas

Example 01

Create a Dictionary and convert them into data frames also check its datatype

```
#create a dictionary

StuDict={"Name": ["Aqsa", "Esha", "Ayesha", "Ayra", "Arfa", "Afsa", "Abdul", "Saadia", "Abu Bakar", "Atif"],
"ID": ["SID-1", "SID-2", "SID-3", "SID-4", "SID-5", "SID-6", "SID-7", "SID-8", "SID-9", "SID-10"],
"Roll_no": [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10],
"Semester": [7,7,7,7,6,6,6,5,8,8]}

StuDict
```

```
{'Name': ['Aqsa',
  'Esha',
  'Ayesha',
  'Ayra',
  'Arfa',
  'Afsa',
  'Abdul',
  'Saadia',
 'Abu Bakar',
  'Atif'],
 'ID': ['SID-1',
  'SID-2',
  'SID-3',
  'SID-4',
  'SID-5',
  'SID-6',
  'SID-7',
  'SID-8',
  'SID-9',
  'SID-10'],
 'Rol1_no': [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10],
 'Semester': [7, 7, 7, 7, 6, 6, 6, 5, 8, 8]}
```

```
import pandas as pd
   data=pd.DataFrame (StuDict)
   print(data)
   print("\n\nThe data type of above given syntax is :",type (data))
                ID Rol1_no Semester
       Name
0
       Aqsa SID-1
                        1
       Esha SID-2
     Ayesha SID-3
2
      Ayra SID-4
      Arfa
            SID-5
       Afsa SID-6
                        6
                                  6
6
      Abdul SID-7
     Saadia SID-8
                                  5
                       8
                                  8
8 Abu Bakar SID-9
9
       Atif SID-10
                       10
The data type of above given syntax is : <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

Demonstrate the use of describe function for a data frame

```
print(data.describe())
4]
          Rol1_no
                   Semester
   count 10.00000 10.000000
   mean 5.50000 6.700000
   std
         3.02765 0.948683
   min
        1.00000 5.000000
   25%
        3.25000 6.000000
   50%
         5.50000 7.000000
   75%
         7.75000 7.000000
         10.00000
                  8.000000
   max
```

Example 03

Demonstrate the use of head function for a data frame

```
print(data.head())

Name ID Roll_no Semester

Aqsa SID-1 1 7

Esha SID-2 2 7

Ayesha SID-3 3 7

Ayra SID-4 4 7

Arfa SID-5 5 6
```

Demonstrate the use of tail function for a data frame

```
print(data.tail())
      Name
               ID Rol1_no Semester
      Afsa
5
            SID-6
     Abdul SID-7
                                6
6
     Saadia SID-8
                                5
                      8
8 Abu Bakar SID-9
                      9
                                8
      Atif SID-10 10
                                8
```

Example 05

Demonstrate the use of info function for a data frame

```
print(data.info())
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10 entries, 0 to 9
Data columns (total 4 columns):
    Column
            Non-Null Count Dtype
0 Name 10 non-null object
1 ID
            10 non-null
                          object
2 Rol1 no 10 non-null
                            int64
3 Semester 10 non-null
                          int64
dtypes: int64(2), object(2)
memory usage: 452.0+ bytes
None
```

Convert the data frame in a variable to CSV file

```
data.to_csv('student.csv')
```

Example 07

Remove the indexes from the csv file

```
data.to_csv('Without_index.csv', index=False)
```

Example 08

Read from csv file

```
df = pd.read_csv('student.csv')
df
40]
```

```
import pandas as pd
    df = pd.read_csv('student.csv')

print(f"Describe Function \n {df.describe()}, \n head Function \n {df.head()} \n tail Function \n {df.tail()}")

print(f"\n info Function \n {df.info()}")
```

```
Describe Function
        Unnamed: 0
                      Rol1 no
                                Semester
         10.00000 10.00000
count
                              10.000000
          4.50000
                     5.50000
                               6.700000
mean
std
          3.02765
                     3.02765
                               0.948683
          0.00000
                     1.00000
                               5.000000
min
25%
          2.25000
                     3.25000
                               6.000000
50%
          4.50000
                     5.50000
                               7.000000
75%
          6.75000
                     7.75000
                               7.000000
max
          9.00000
                   10.00000
                               8.000000,
head Function
    Unnamed: 0
                   Name
                            ID
                               Rol1 no
                                         Semester
0
            0
                  Aqsa SID-1
                                      1
                                                7
1
            1
                  Esha SID-2
                                      2
               Ayesha SID-3
2
            2
                                      3
                                                7
3
            3
                  Ayra SID-4
                                      4
            4
                  Arfa SID-5
                                      5
                                                6
4
 tail Function
    Unnamed: 0
                      Name
                                ID
                                     Rol1 no
                                              Semester
5
            5
                     Afsa
                            SID-6
                                          6
                                                     6
6
            6
                    Abdul
                                          7
                                                     6
                            SID-7
7
            7
                                                     5
                   Saadia
                            SID-8
                                          8
                                          9
                                                     8
8
            8
               Abu Bakar
                            SID-9
9
            9
                     Atif
                           SID-10
                                         10
                                                     8
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
Example 10

Access a column by its name

import pandas as pd

df['Name']
```

```
Aqsa
1
          Esha
2
        Ayesha
3
          Ayra
4
          Arfa
          Afsa
6
         Abdul
        Saadia
8
     Abu Bakar
          Atif
Name: Name, dtype: object
```

Access the 1st element of a column

```
df['Name'][0]
[43]
... 'Aqsa'
```

Example 12

Update the value in the column

```
df['Name'][0] = 'Saddam'
df
```

C:\Users\\hp\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_11552\2832195598.py:1: Setting\WithCopy\Warning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy df['Name'][0] = 'Saddam'

```
Example 13

df.columns

Index(['Unnamed: 0', 'Name', 'ID', 'Rol1_no', 'Semester'], dtype='object')

df.index

RangeIndex(start=0, stop=10, step=1)
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

s = pd.Series(np.random.rand(50))
print(s)
print(f"Using dtype: {s.dtype}")
print(f"Using type: {type(s)}")
print(f"Using Shape: {s.shape}")
(47)
```

```
0
      0.591869
1
      0.287453
2
      0.521975
3
      0.878555
      0.872185
4
5
      0.654140
6
      0.330536
7
      0.351814
8
      0.144668
9
      0.393247
      0.193414
10
11
      0.794988
12
      0.455510
13
      0.644100
      0.986829
14
15
      0.826366
16
     0.894697
17
      0.521470
      0.376910
18
19
     0.518008
20
      0.284579
21
      0.003608
22
      0.617176
```

```
14
      0.986829
15
      0.826366
      0.894697
16
17
      0.521470
18
      0.376910
      0.518008
19
      0.284579
20
21
      0.003608
22
      0.617176
23
      0.755183
      0.943006
24
dtype: float64
Using dtype: float64
Using type: <class 'pandas.core.series.Series'>
Using Shape: (50,)
Output is truncated. View as a scrollable element or open in a text editor. Adjust cell output settings...
```

```
import pandas as pd
   import numpy as np
   dataf = pd.DataFrame(np.random.rand(50,5))
   print(s)
     0.591869
0
1
     0.287453
     0.521975
2
     0.878555
4
     0.872185
5
     0.654140
6
     0.330536
     0.351814
8
     0.144668
9
     0.393247
10
     0.193414
11
     0.794988
```

```
Example 16
      dataf.min()
       0.005123
       0.029758
  1
      0.019537
       0.006698
       0.030770
  dtype: float64
      dataf.max()
0]
       0.973301
  1
       0.996817
      0.961542
       0.992104
  3
       0.992679
  dtype: float64
```

```
4 0.992679
dtype: float64
dataf.mean()
0 0.400552
1 0.497980
2 0.475560
3 0.438640
4 0.511229
dtype: float64
```

```
Example 17

dataf[0].max()

0.9733014831548373

Example 18

d1 = dataf.to_numpy()
d1
```

```
array([[0.65384233, 0.32619472, 0.94758895, 0.3353117 , 0.44946326],
       [0.62854216, 0.81271585, 0.57205212, 0.10344997, 0.30851
       [0.10690297, 0.37811559, 0.11983466, 0.55161678, 0.19611446],
       [0.23864897, 0.86388343, 0.24873566, 0.00669753, 0.89002801],
       [0.45382178, 0.52187938, 0.24722392, 0.24038644, 0.14207446],
       [0.65709276, 0.70161847, 0.31898535, 0.3626754 , 0.75016306],
       [0.25116541, 0.46645697, 0.78114211, 0.19997365, 0.5100998],
       [0.02834331, 0.41089181, 0.71415494, 0.12832608, 0.98125052],
       [0.03945597, 0.06595847, 0.56378024, 0.82234148, 0.97526992],
       [0.41124101, 0.41020441, 0.39791397, 0.04545243, 0.51538032],
       [0.70803029, 0.83566479, 0.81047688, 0.61256118, 0.20593662],
       [0.40748984, 0.84455419, 0.17462817, 0.52226108, 0.15473447],
       [0.25431439, 0.32451804, 0.87220983, 0.99210436, 0.66014372],
       [0.09599716, 0.90320209, 0.96154217, 0.16289788, 0.54991728],
       [0.03113996, 0.34701327, 0.53291489, 0.61674644, 0.4949093],
       [0.06746763, 0.72763091, 0.24778682, 0.4114745, 0.43547556],
       [0.01806318, 0.20535842, 0.21873658, 0.25853186, 0.86630747],
       [0.75095696, 0.99681676, 0.80545903, 0.01282778, 0.93303377],
       [0.36164338, 0.25804622, 0.5116855, 0.3914662, 0.93794267],
       [0.10383845, 0.88102572, 0.83743461, 0.27401739, 0.75967401],
       [0.76571574, 0.74714319, 0.41371269, 0.46544648, 0.37947697],
       [0.64818173, 0.33169233, 0.21214908, 0.67370907, 0.70440821],
       [0.15629888, 0.20475035, 0.64258542, 0.95424568, 0.44110835],
       [0.72081651, 0.81713983, 0.10271391, 0.65054625, 0.23560779],
       [0.1160456 , 0.27594936, 0.33720488, 0.89295984, 0.58615502],
```

```
dataf.columns = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E']
  dataf
[54]
```

```
dataf[['B', 'C']]
```

Example 21

```
dataf.iloc[:, 0:2] # : means all rows and 0:2 means cloumns till 2
```

Example 22

```
dataf.loc[:, 'A':'C'] # loc function use to specify the columns label or name
```

```
dataf.iloc[0:12, 2:4]
```

3. Lab Task 03: Matplotlib plays a vital role in AI by providing a versatile toolkit for data visualization, model evaluation, debugging, and presenting results. Its ability to create a wide range of plots and its integration with other AI-related libraries make it a valuable tool for AI practitioners and researchers.
Try to implement all the examples of matplotlib library mentioned in lab 02 → link (Click here).

[CLO-01, PLO-02, P-3(Guided Response), Rubric (Coding)]

Marks	1	2	3	4
Coding	The code is not as per guidelines and requirements are not met	Some section of code is correct	Most section of code is correct and understands it well	The code is properly written, and have good understanding about it

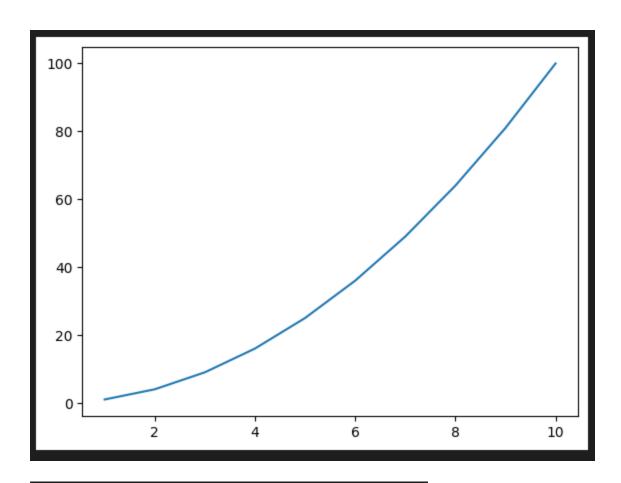


```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = np.array((1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10))
y = x**2

print(x)

plt.plot(x,y)
plt.show()
[1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10]
```

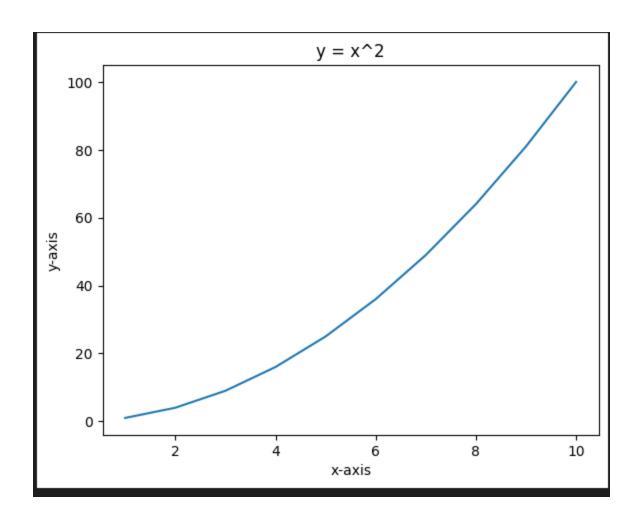


```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = np.array((1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10))
y = x**2

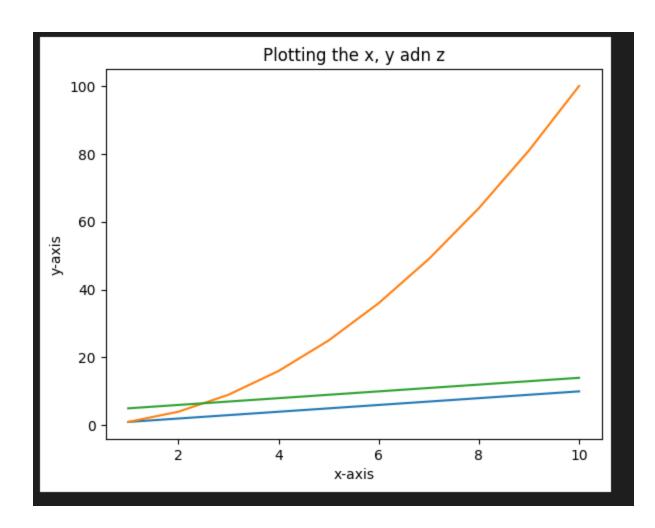
print(x)

plt.plot(x,y)
plt.xlabel('x-axis')
plt.ylabel('y-axis')
plt.title("y = x^2")
plt.show()
[1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10]
```



Exampel 03

```
import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      x = np.array((1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10))
      y = x^{**2}
       z = x + 4
      print(f"{x}\n{y}\n{z}")
       plt.plot(x,x)
       plt.plot(x,y)
       plt.plot(x,z)
      plt.xlabel('x-axis')
      plt.ylabel('y-axis')
       plt.title("Plotting the x, y adn z")
       plt.show()
62]
    [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10]
    [ 1 4 9 16 25 36 49 64 81 100]
    [ 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14]
```

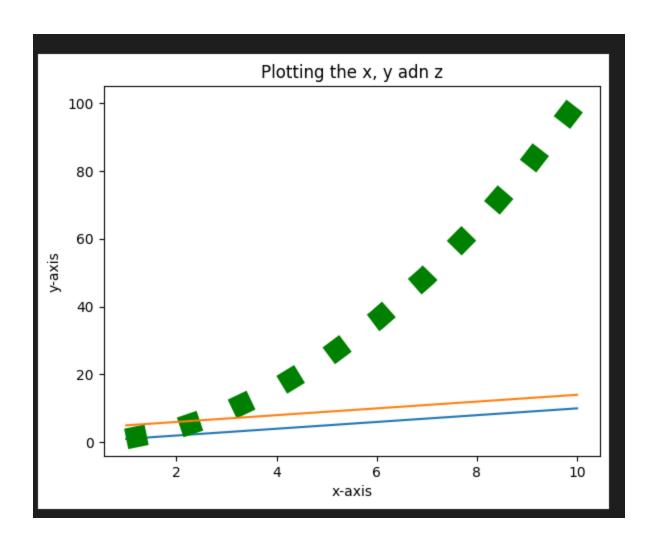


```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

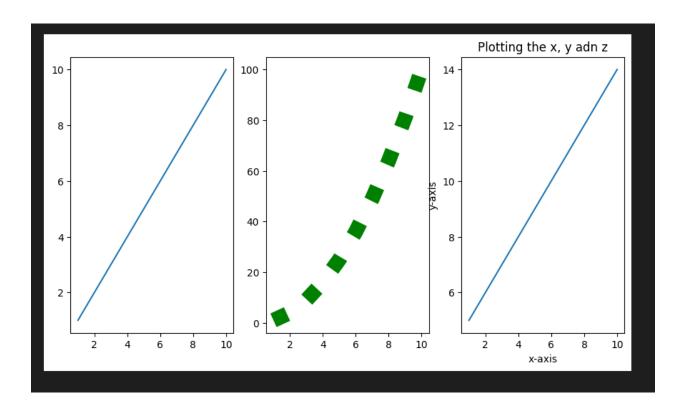
x = np.array((1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10))
y = x**2
z = x + 4

print(f"{x}\n{y}\n{z}")

plt.plot(x,x)
plt.plot(x,y, color='g', linestyle = ':', linewidth=15)
plt.plot(x,z)
plt.xlabel('x-axis')
plt.ylabel('y-axis')
plt.title("Plotting the x, y adn z")
plt.show()
```



```
kun ali =x Clear ali Outputs
Example 05
     import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     x = np.array((1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10))
     y = x^{**}2
     z = x + 4
     print(f"{x}\n{y}\n{z}")
     plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
     plt.subplot(1,3,1)
     plt.plot(x,x)
     plt.subplot(1,3,2)
     plt.plot(x,y, color='g', linestyle = ':', linewidth=15)
     plt.subplot(1,3,3)
     plt.plot(x,z)
     plt.xlabel('x-axis')
     plt.ylabel('y-axis')
     plt.title("Plotting the x, y adn z")
     plt.show()
```

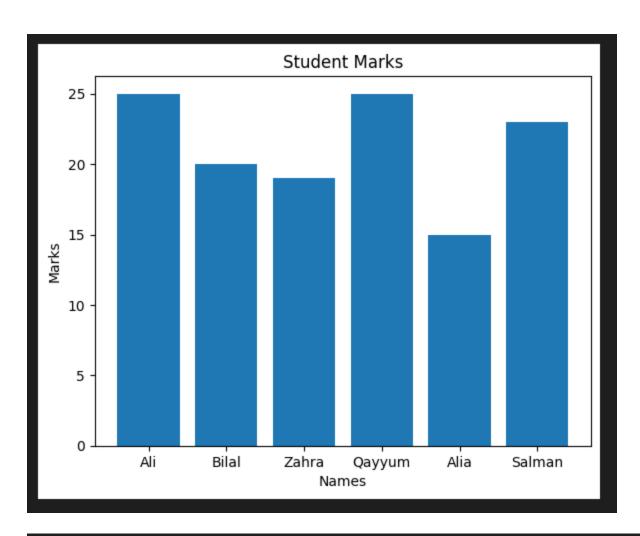


```
stuMarks = {"Ali": 25, "Bilal": 20, "Zahra": 19, "Qayyum": 25, "Alia": 15, "Salman": 23}
print(stuMarks)

k = stuMarks.keys()
v = stuMarks.values()

plt.title("Student Marks")
plt.xlabel("Names")
plt.ylabel("Marks")
plt.bar(k,v)
plt.bar(k,v)
plt.show()

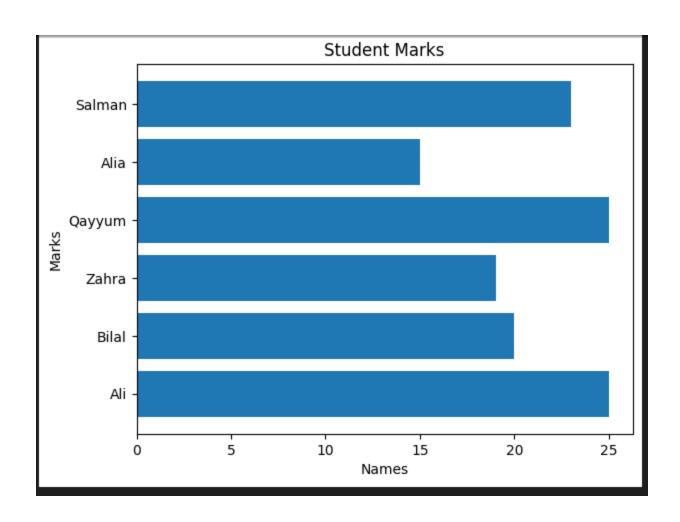
{'Ali': 25, 'Bilal': 20, 'Zahra': 19, 'Qayyum': 25, 'Alia': 15, 'Salman': 23}
```



```
stuMarks = {"Ali": 25, "Bilal": 20, "Zahra": 19, "Qayyum": 25, "Alia": 15, "Salman": 23}
print(stuMarks)

k = list(stuMarks.keys())
v = list(stuMarks.values())

plt.title("Student Marks")
plt.xlabel("Names")
plt.ylabel("Marks")
plt.barh(k,v)
plt.show()
```



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

stuMarks = {"Ali": 25, "Bilal": 20, "Zahra": 19, "Qayyum": 25, "Alia": 15, "Salman": 23}
print(stuMarks)

k = stuMarks.keys()
v = stuMarks.values()

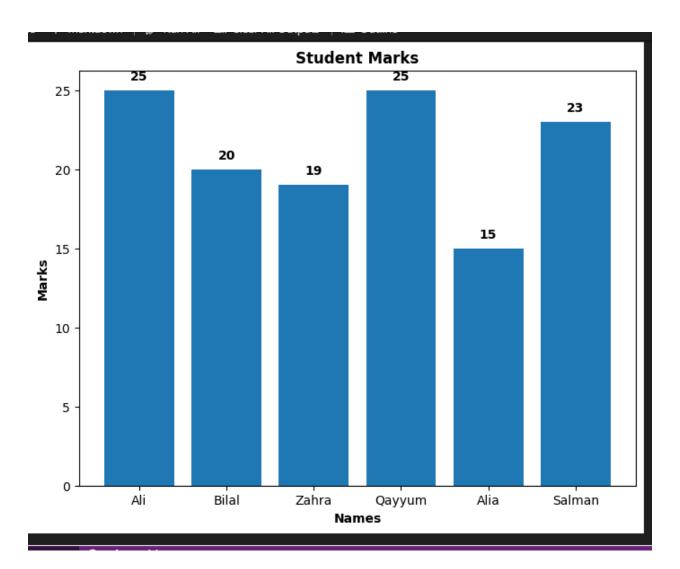
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6)) # Set the figure size

# Plot the bar chart
plt.bar(k, v)

# Customize the plot
plt.title("Student Marks", fontweight="bold") # Make the title bold
plt.xlabel("Names", fontweight="bold") # Make xlabel bold
plt.ylabel("Marks", fontweight="bold") # Make ylabel bold

# Annotate the values on top of the bars
for key, value in stuMarks.items():
    plt.text(key, value + 0.5, str(value), ha='center', va='bottom', fontweight='bold')

plt.show()
```



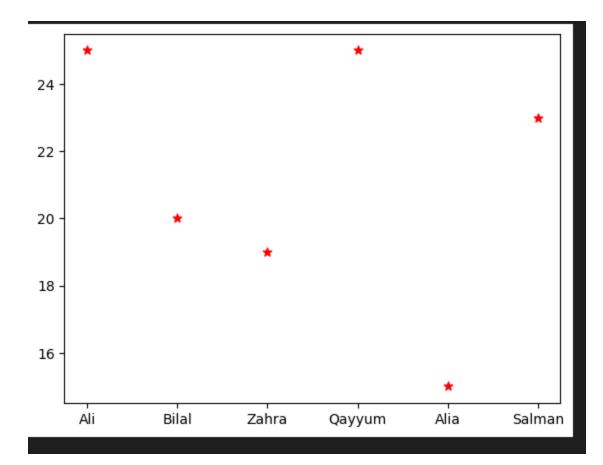
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

stuMarks = {"Ali": 25, "Bilal": 20, "Zahra": 19, "Qayyum": 25, "Alia": 15, "Salman": 23}
print(stuMarks)

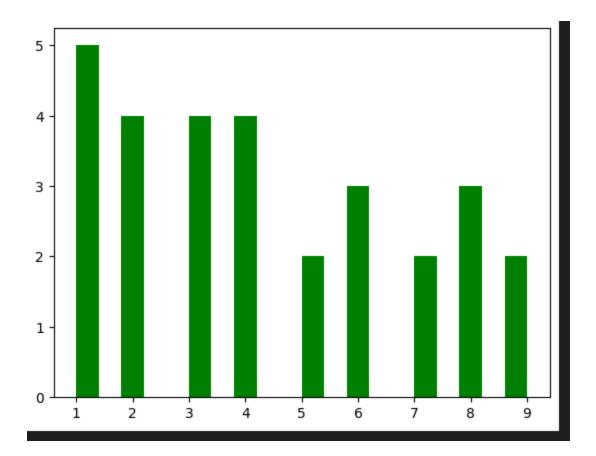
k = stuMarks.keys()
v = stuMarks.values()

plt.scatter(k,v, color = 'r', marker="*", s = 40)
plt.show()

{'Ali': 25, 'Bilal': 20, 'Zahra': 19, 'Qayyum': 25, 'Alia': 15, 'Salman': 23}
```



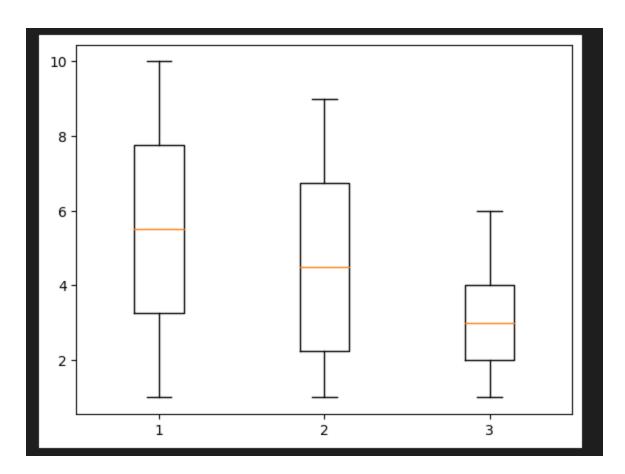
```
a = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,4,6,8,2,3,1,1,6,8,9,3,4,2,1,1,2,3,4,5,7]
plt.hist(a, bins=20, color='g')
plt.show()
```



```
l1 = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
l2 = [3,4,5,6,7,1,2,8,9,1]
l3 = [1,2,3,4,1,2,3,4,5,6]

data = list([l1,l2,l3])

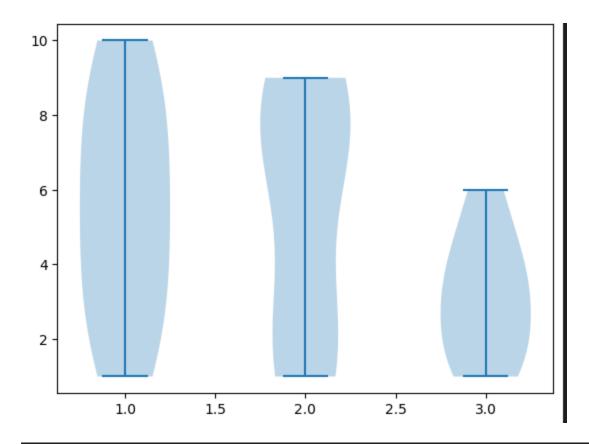
plt.boxplot(data)
plt.show()
```



```
l1 = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
l2 = [3,8,9,6,7,1,2,8,9,1]
l3 = [1,2,3,4,1,2,3,4,5,6]

data = list([l1,l2,l3])

plt.violinplot(data)
plt.show()
```



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

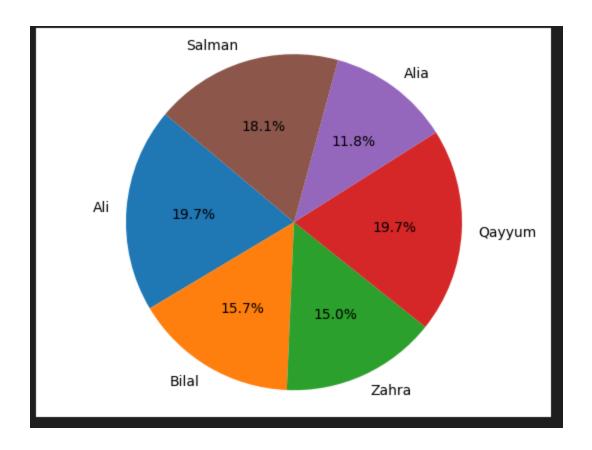
stuMarks = {"Ali": 25, "Bilal": 20, "Zahra": 19, "Qayyum": 25, "Alia": 15, "Salman": 23}
print(stuMarks)

k = stuMarks.keys()
v = stuMarks.values()

plt.pie(v,labels=k, autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=140)
plt.axis('equal')

plt.show()

{'Ali': 25, 'Bilal': 20, 'Zahra': 19, 'Qayyum': 25, 'Alia': 15, 'Salman': 23}
```



Dr. A. Q. Khan Institute of Computer Sciences & Information Technology, (KICSIT) Department of Computer Engineering

Artificial Intelligence Lab All Rubrics of Microprocessor & Interfacing Lab CLO 1

Marks	1	2	3	4	
Coding	The code is not as per guidelines and requirements are not met	Some section of code is correct	Most section of code is correct and understands it well	The code is properly written, and have good understanding about it	
CLO 2					
Marks	1	2	3	4	

Marks	1	2	3	4
Model Implementation	The model is not implemented as per guidelines and requirements are not met	Some section of model is correctly implemented	Most section of model is correctly implemented and understands it well	The model is properly implemented, and have good understanding about it

CLO 3

Marks	1	2	3	4
Data Pre- processing	The data is not pre- processed as per guidelines and requirements are not met	Some section of data pre-processing is correct	Most section of data pre-processing is correct and understands it well	The data pre-processing is done properly, and have good understanding about it
	•			

CLO₄

Marks	1	2	3	4
Team Work	Rarely listens to, shares with, and supports the efforts of others. Often is not a good team member.	Often listen to, shares with and supports the efforts of others, but sometimes is not good team member.	Usually listen to, shares with, and supports the efforts of others. Usually, respectful and listening actively	Almost always listens to, shares with and supports the efforts of others. Tries to keep people working well together.

ab Report Rubric: must be submitted in next lab.

Marks	1	2	3	4
	The lab report does not	Presents some sections	Presents most sections	Presents all the sections
Lab Report	follow the guidelines for formatting.	of the lab in the correct order. Three or more	of the lab in the correct order, one or two	of the lab in the correct order with correct
		sections are not in the correct order; missing heading or title;	sections may not be in the correct order; heading or title missing	formatting: includes correct heading, section headings and title of lab;
			or not complete;	