

Import Libraries

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

Load Dataset

```
df = pd.read_excel("/content/sample_data/Flipkart Sales Dataset.xlsx")
```

checking dataset

```
df.head()
```

	OrderDate	OrderID	Delivery Date	CustomerID	Customer Age	Customer Gender	Location	Zone	Delivery Type	Product Category	SubCategory	Product p
0	2020-05-31	5136486	2020-06-04	230569424	57	M	Western	Zone 3	Express	Fashion	Girl's fashion	Fashion Girl's Dress Kids Children Newborn Bab...
1	2020-05-31	5136457	2020-06-12	230568182	24	F	Western	Zone 3	Standard Delivery	Health and beauty	Medical supplies and Equipment	Blood Pressure Monitor Digital Wrist BP Pulse ...
2	2020-05-31	5136465	2020-06-10	230567584	31	M	Weija	Zone 2	Standard Delivery	Health and beauty	Medical supplies and Equipment	Portable Blood Pressure Monitor - White
3	2020-05-31	5136488	2020-06-05	230563788	62	F	Greater Accra	Zone 1	Express	Phones and Tablet	Mobile phones	Samsung A3 Core Dual SIM - 16GB HDD - 1GB RAM ...
4	2020-05-31	5136449	2020-06-10	230563726	18	F	Weija	Zone 2	Shipped from Abroad	Fashion	Boy's fashion	Boys Sneakers Casual Kids Sports Shoes-Gold

```
df.shape
```

```
(133503, 19)
```

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 133503 entries, 0 to 133502
Data columns (total 19 columns):
 #   Column           Non-Null Count  Dtype  
 --- 
 0   OrderDate        133503 non-null   datetime64[ns]
 1   OrderID          133503 non-null   int64  
 2   Delivery Date    133503 non-null   datetime64[ns]
 3   CustomerID       133503 non-null   int64  
 4   Customer Age     133503 non-null   int64  
 5   Customer Gender  133503 non-null   object  
 6   Location          133503 non-null   object  
 7   Zone              133503 non-null   object  
 8   Delivery Type    133503 non-null   object  
 9   Product Category 133503 non-null   object
```

```

10 SubCategory      133503 non-null object
11 Product          133503 non-null object
12 Unit Price       133503 non-null int64
13 Shipping Fee     133503 non-null int64
14 Order Quantity   133503 non-null int64
15 Sale Price       133503 non-null int64
16 Status           133503 non-null object
17 Reason           34981 non-null object
18 Rating           133503 non-null int64
dtypes: datetime64[ns](2), int64(8), object(9)
memory usage: 19.4+ MB

```

```
df.describe()
```

	OrderDate	OrderID	Delivery Date	CustomerID	Customer Age	Unit Price	Shipping Fee	Quan
count	133503	1.335030e+05		133503	1.335030e+05	133503.000000	133503.000000	133503.000000
mean	2018-07-03 08:44:06.951753984	5.087078e+06	2018-07-12 21:15:22.792746240	2.305156e+08	35.930129	99.919185	11.495607	5.33
min	2015-01-01 00:00:00	5.023455e+06	2015-01-03 00:00:00	2.304591e+08	17.000000	50.000000	3.000000	1.00
25%	2016-11-22 00:00:00	5.056844e+06	2016-12-03 00:00:00	2.304874e+08	28.000000	75.000000	7.000000	3.00
50%	2018-10-20 00:00:00	5.090226e+06	2018-10-29 00:00:00	2.305156e+08	35.000000	100.000000	11.000000	5.00
75%	2020-03-25 00:00:00	5.119800e+06	2020-04-03 00:00:00	2.305439e+08	43.000000	125.000000	16.000000	8.00
max	2020-12-31 00:00:00	5.136490e+06	2021-01-20 00:00:00	2.305721e+08	87.000000	150.000000	20.000000	10.00
std	NaN	3.442235e+04		NaN	3.262001e+04	11.029974	29.194562	5.188966
								2.92

```

df.columns = (
    df.columns
    .str.lower()
    .str.strip()
    .str.replace(" ", "_")
)

```

```
df.columns
```

```

Index(['orderdate', 'orderid', 'delivery_date', 'customerid', 'customer_age',
       'customer_gender', 'location', 'zone', 'delivery_type',
       'product_category', 'subcategory', 'product', 'unit_price',
       'shipping_fee', 'order_quantity', 'sale_price', 'status', 'reason',
       'rating'],
      dtype='object')

```

Checking and Removing Duplicate Records

```
df.duplicated().sum()
```

```
np.int64(20502)
```

```
df = df.drop_duplicates()
```

Handling missing values

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

	0
orderdate	0
orderid	0
delivery_date	0
customerid	0
customer_age	0
customer_gender	0
location	0
zone	0
delivery_type	0
product_category	0
subcategory	0
product	0
unit_price	0
Checking for outliers	0
shipping_fee	0

```
Q1 = df['sale_price'].quantile(0.25)
Q3 = df['sale_price'].quantile(0.75)
IQR = Q3 - Q1
```

```
lower_bound = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR
upper_bound = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR
```

```
rating      0
# df['sale_price'] = np.where(
#     df['sale_price'] > upper_bound,
#     upper_bound,
#     np.where(df['sale_price'] < lower_bound, lower_bound, df['sales']))
# )
```

EDA -Exploratory Data Analysis

```
total_cost = (df['unit_price'] * df['order_quantity']).sum()

total_sales_million = total_cost / 1_000_000

print("Total Cost is : ", f"${total_sales_million:.2f}M")
```

Total Cost is : \$60.23M

```
Revenue = (df['sale_price'] * df['order_quantity']).sum()

total_sales_million = Revenue / 1_000_000

print("Revenue is : ", f"${total_sales_million:.2f}M")
```

Revenue is : \$135.61M

```
profit = Revenue - total_cost

profit_million = profit / 1_000_000

print("Total Profit is : ", f"${profit_million:.2f}M")
```

Total Profit is : \$75.38M

```
total_orders = df['orderid'].count()
print("Total Orders is : ", total_orders)

total_product_sold = df['order_quantity'].sum()
print("Total Product Sold is : ", total_product_sold)
```

Total Orders is : 113001
Total Product Sold is : 602835

Revenue

```

revenue_by_year = df.groupby(df['delivery_date'].dt.year).apply(
    lambda x: (x['sale_price'] * x['order_quantity']).sum()
).reset_index(name='Revenue_Per_Year')

# The year column created by reset_index() might not be explicitly named 'delivery_date'.
# It often defaults to 'index' if the grouped series has no name, or takes the series' name.
# To ensure it's consistently named 'Year' for plotting, we'll rename the first column.
revenue_by_year = revenue_by_year.rename(columns={revenue_by_year.columns[0]: 'Year'})

norm = (revenue_by_year['Revenue_Per_Year'] - revenue_by_year['Revenue_Per_Year'].min()) / \
(revenue_by_year['Revenue_Per_Year'].max() - revenue_by_year['Revenue_Per_Year'].min())

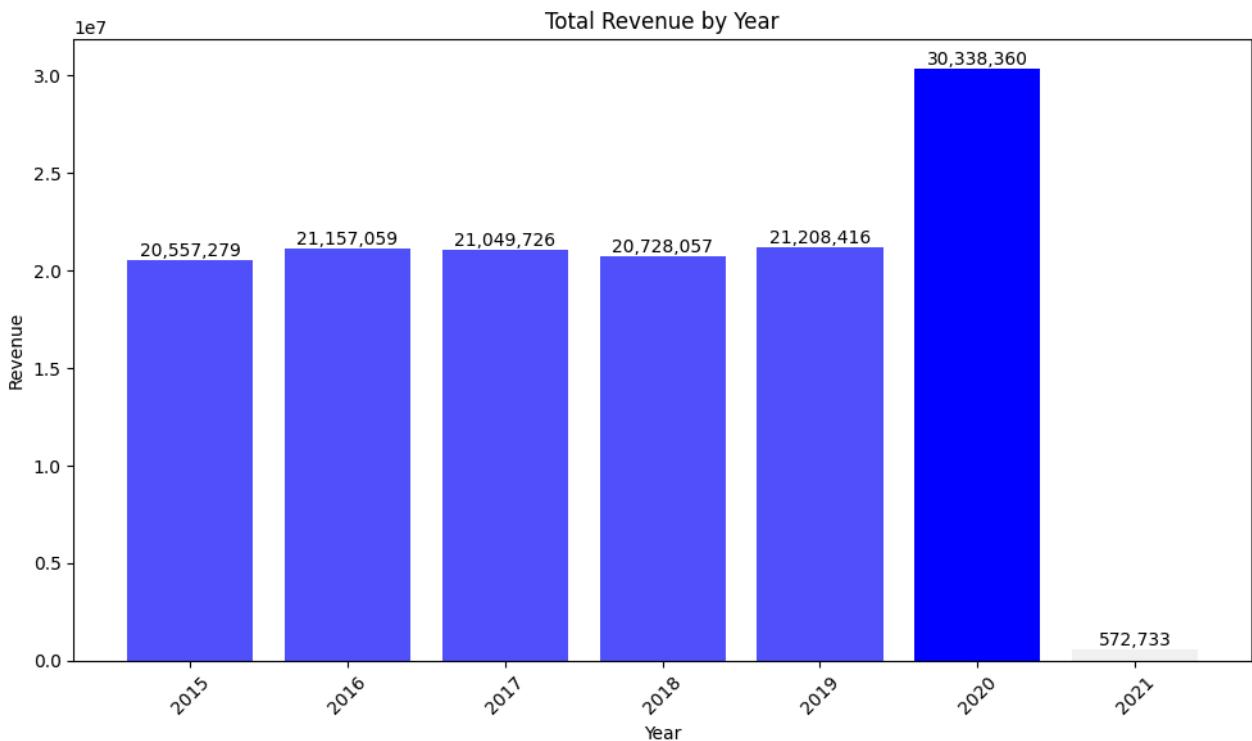
# Use a sequential color map (light → dark)
colors = sns.light_palette("blue", n_colors=len(revenue_by_year), reverse=False)
# Map colors based on normalized revenue
bar_colors = [colors[int(val * (len(colors)-1))] for val in norm]

# Plotting
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
bars = plt.bar(revenue_by_year['Year'], revenue_by_year['Revenue_Per_Year'], color=bar_colors)

for bar in bars:
    height = bar.get_height()
    plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width()/2, height, f'{int(height)}', ha='center', va='bottom', fontsize=10)

plt.title('Total Revenue by Year')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Revenue')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



```

# Ensure delivery_date is datetime
df['delivery_date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['delivery_date'])

# Extract Year, Month, and Quarter
df['Year'] = df['delivery_date'].dt.year
df['Month'] = df['delivery_date'].dt.month
df['Quarter'] = df['delivery_date'].dt.quarter

# Example: Yearly revenue
revenue_yearly = df.groupby('Year').apply(lambda x: (x['sale_price'] * x['order_quantity']).sum()).reset_index(name='Revenue')

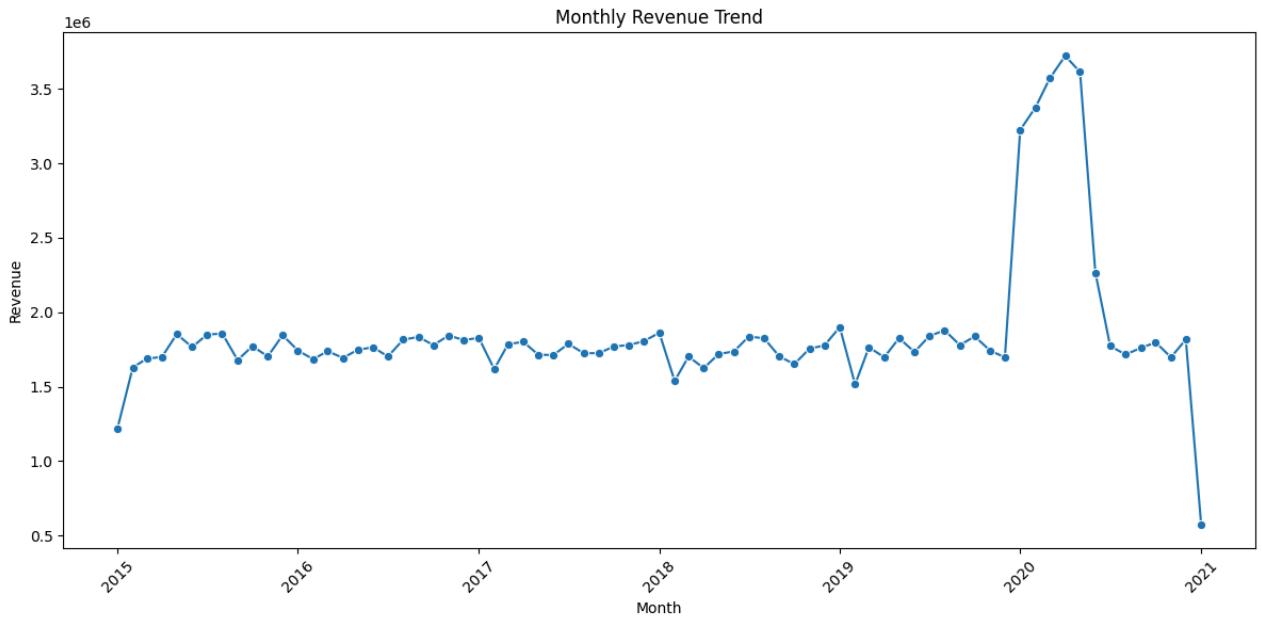
# Example: Quarterly revenue
revenue_quarterly = df.groupby(['Year', 'Quarter']).apply(lambda x: (x['sale_price'] * x['order_quantity']).sum()).reset_index(name='Revenue')

```

```
# Example: Monthly revenue
revenue_monthly = df.groupby(['Year', 'Month']).apply(lambda x: (x['sale_price'] * x['order_quantity']).sum()).reset_index()

# Monthly revenue trend example
plt.figure(figsize=(12,6))
sns.lineplot(x=pd.to_datetime(revenue_monthly[['Year','Month']].assign(DAY=1)),
             y='Revenue', data=revenue_monthly, marker='o')
plt.title('Monthly Revenue Trend')
plt.xlabel('Month')
plt.ylabel('Revenue')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

```
/tmp/ipython-input-2100779528.py:10: DeprecationWarning: DataFrameGroupBy.apply operated on the grouping columns. This behavior is deprecated.
revenue_yearly = df.groupby('Year').apply(lambda x: (x['sale_price'] * x['order_quantity']).sum()).reset_index(name='Revenue')
/tmp/ipython-input-2100779528.py:13: DeprecationWarning: DataFrameGroupBy.apply operated on the grouping columns. This behavior is deprecated.
revenue_quarterly = df.groupby(['Year', 'Quarter']).apply(lambda x: (x['sale_price'] * x['order_quantity']).sum()).reset_index(name='Revenue')
/tmp/ipython-input-2100779528.py:16: DeprecationWarning: DataFrameGroupBy.apply operated on the grouping columns. This behavior is deprecated.
revenue_monthly = df.groupby(['Year', 'Month']).apply(lambda x: (x['sale_price'] * x['order_quantity']).sum()).reset_index(name='Revenue')
```



▼ Order Details Analysis

```
completed_orders = df[df['status'] == 'Delivered']

top_products = completed_orders.groupby('product')['order_quantity'].sum().reset_index()
top_products = top_products.sort_values(by='order_quantity', ascending=False).head(7)

print(top_products)

# Plot top 7 products
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
sns.barplot(x='order_quantity', y='product', data=top_products, palette='Blues_r')
plt.title('Top 7 Products by Quantity Sold')
plt.xlabel('Total Quantity Sold')
plt.ylabel('Product')
plt.show()
```

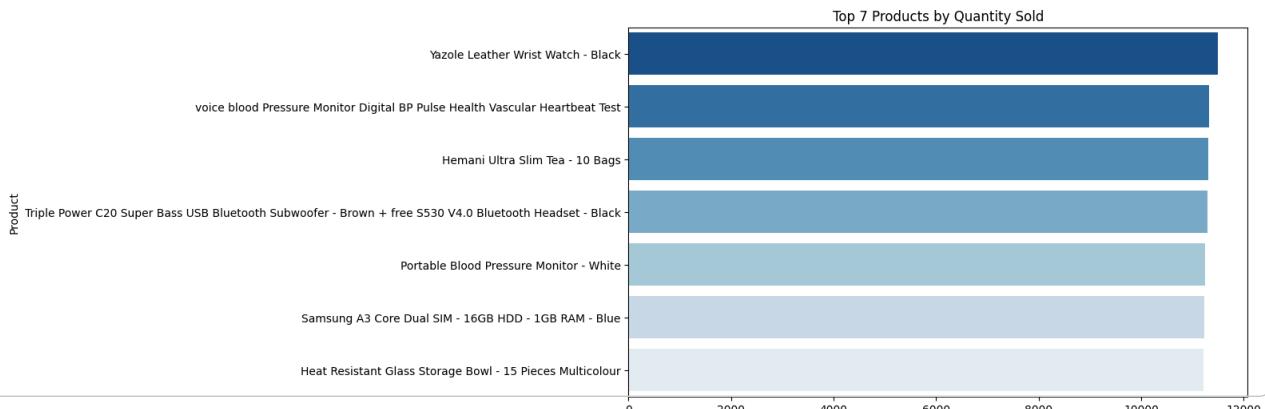
```

product    order_quantity
42      Yazole Leather Wrist Watch - Black      11501
43 voice blood Pressure Monitor Digital BP Pulse ...      11316
21          Hemani Ultra Slim Tea - 10 Bags      11303
38  Triple Power C20 Super Bass USB Bluetooth Subw...      11292
31      Portable Blood Pressure Monitor - White      11241
33  Samsung A3 Core Dual SIM - 16GB HDD - 1GB RAM ...      11230
20  Heat Resistant Glass Storage Bowl - 15 Pieces ...      11214
/tmpp/ipython-input-822897545.py:11: FutureWarning:

```

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and

```
sns.barplot(x='order_quantity', y='product', data=top_products, palette='Blues_r')
```



```

# Ensure orderdate is datetime
df['orderdate'] = pd.to_datetime(df['orderdate'])

# Extract month
df['Month'] = df['orderdate'].dt.month

# Filter delivered orders
df_delivered = df[df['status'] == 'Delivered']

# Total products sold per month
monthly_sales = df_delivered.groupby('Month')['order_quantity'].sum().reset_index()

# Plot bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
sns.barplot(x='Month', y='order_quantity', data=monthly_sales, palette='Blues_d')

# Add data labels on top
for index, row in monthly_sales.iterrows():
    plt.text(row['Month']-1, row['order_quantity'] + 5, f"{int(row['order_quantity']):,}", ha='center')

plt.title('Total Products Sold per Month')
plt.xlabel('Month')
plt.ylabel('Total Quantity Sold')
plt.xticks(ticks=range(0,12), labels=['Jan', 'Feb', 'Mar', 'Apr', 'May', 'Jun', 'Jul', 'Aug', 'Sep', 'Oct', 'Nov', 'Dec'])
plt.show()

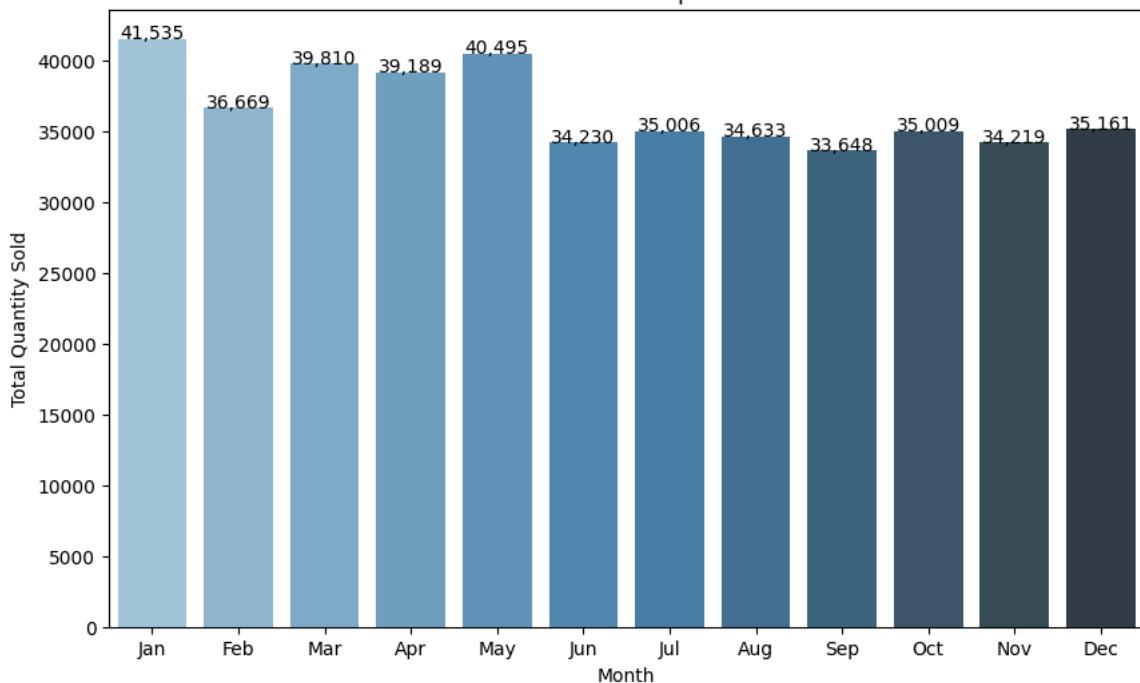
```

```
/tmp/ipython-input-2839187876.py:15: FutureWarning:
```

```
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and
```

```
sns.barplot(x='Month', y='order_quantity', data=monthly_sales, palette='Blues_d')
```

Total Products Sold per Month



Product Analysis

```
# Consider only delivered orders
df_prod = df[df['status'] == 'Delivered']

# Product performance table
product_performance = df_prod.groupby('product').agg(
    total_quantity_sold=('order_quantity', 'sum'),
    total_revenue=('sale_price', lambda x: (x * df_prod.loc[x.index, 'order_quantity']).sum()),
    avg_unit_price=('unit_price', 'mean')
).reset_index()

product_performance.head()
```

	product	total_quantity_sold	total_revenue	avg_unit_price	grid icon
0	10.1" Business Tablet with MT6582 Quad-Core P...	11209	2534479	100.756851	
1	100% Cotton 4 Piece Short Sleeve T-Shirts - Mul...	11141	2492681	98.896142	
2	6030 3.1 Bluetooth Home Theatre With Remote Co...	9492	2131357	100.800230	
3	8 Cubes Plastic Wardrobe - Blue/White	10992	2467301	99.379500	
4	Aichun Beauty Eight Pack Essential Oil - 30ml	9165	2075433	98.550581	

Next steps: [Generate code with product_performance](#) [New interactive sheet](#)

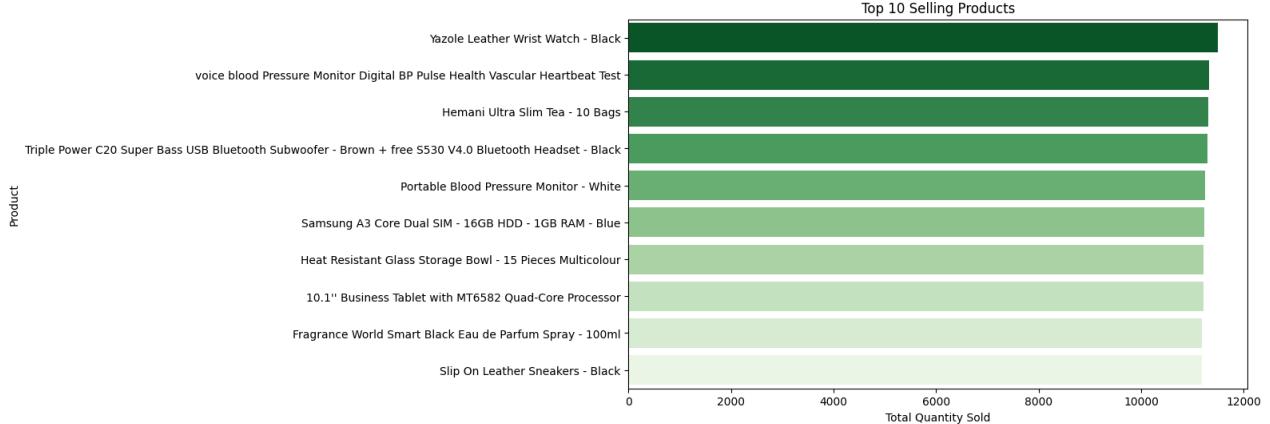
```
top_products = product_performance.sort_values(
    by='total_quantity_sold', ascending=False
).head(10)

# Plot
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
sns.barplot(
    x='total_quantity_sold',
    y='product',
    data=top_products,
    palette='Greens_r'
)
plt.title('Top 10 Selling Products')
plt.xlabel('Total Quantity Sold')
plt.ylabel('Product')
plt.show()
```

```
/tmp/ipython-input-3594092204.py:7: FutureWarning:
```

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and

```
sns.barplot(
```



```
least_products = product_performance.sort_values(
    by='total_quantity_sold', ascending=True
).head(10)
```

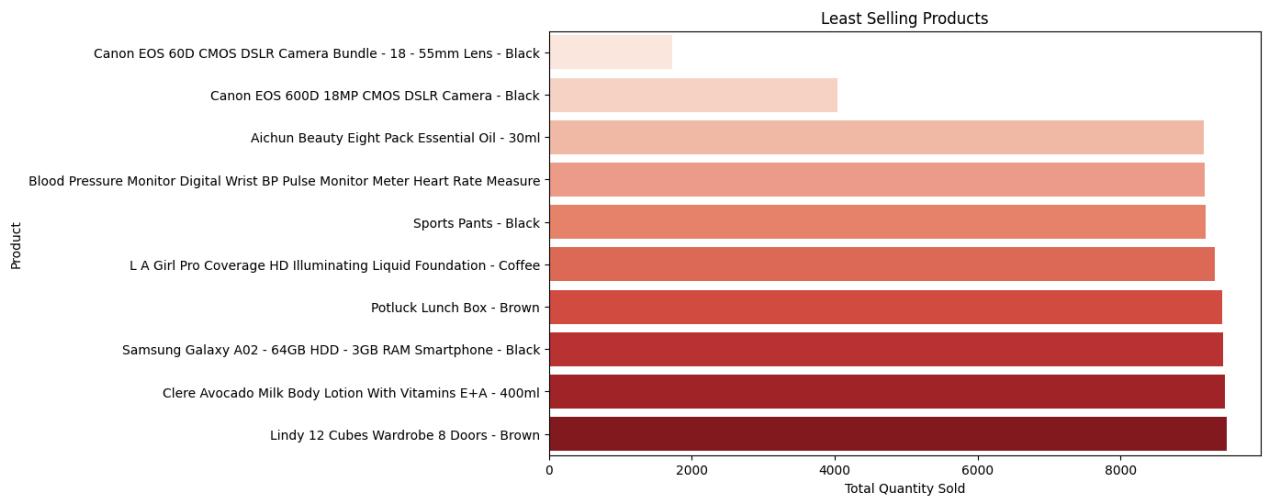
```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
sns.barplot(
    x='total_quantity_sold',
    y='product',
    data=least_products,
    palette='Reds'
)
```

```
)  
plt.title('Least Selling Products')  
plt.xlabel('Total Quantity Sold')  
plt.ylabel('Product')  
plt.show()
```

```
/tmp/ipython-input-4286192045.py:6: FutureWarning:
```

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and

```
sns.barplot(
```



```
category_performance = df_prod.groupby('product_category')['order_quantity'].sum().reset_index()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
sns.barplot(
```

```

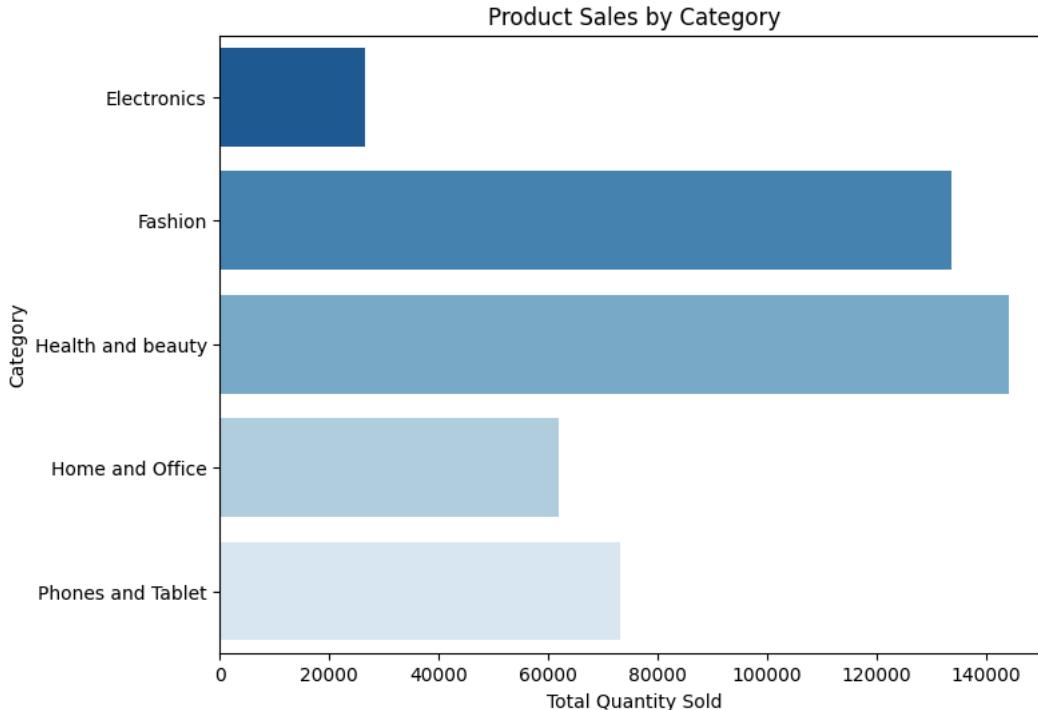
        x='order_quantity',
        y='product_category',
        data=category_performance,
        palette='Blues_r'
    )
plt.title('Product Sales by Category')
plt.xlabel('Total Quantity Sold')
plt.ylabel('Category')
plt.show()

```

/tmp/ipython-input-3888166944.py:4: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and

sns.barplot(



```

# Create price ranges
bins = [0, 175, 200, 225, 250, 301] # Adjusted bins to be monotonically increasing and cover the actual sale_price range (many values)
labels = ['Low', 'Mid', 'Upper-Mid', 'High', 'Premium']

df_prod['price_range'] = pd.cut(df_prod['sale_price'], bins=bins, labels=labels)

price_range_sales = df_prod.groupby('price_range')['order_quantity'].sum().reset_index()

plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
sns.barplot(
    x='price_range',
    y='order_quantity',
    data=price_range_sales,
    palette='Purples_d'
)
plt.title('Product Sales by Price Range')
plt.xlabel('Price Range')
plt.ylabel('Total Quantity Sold')
plt.show()

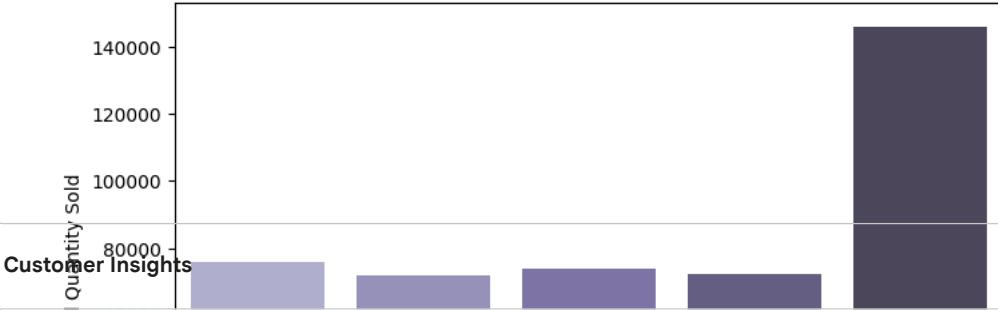
```

```
/tmp/ipython-input-806328235.py:5: SettingWithCopyWarning:  
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.  
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead  
  
See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view  
df_prod['price_range'] = pd.cut(df_prod['sale_price'], bins=bins, labels=labels)  
/tmp/ipython-input-806328235.py:7: FutureWarning: The default of observed=False is deprecated and will be changed to True in  
price_range_sales = df_prod.groupby('price_range')['order_quantity'].sum().reset_index()  
/tmp/ipython-input-806328235.py:10: FutureWarning:
```

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and

```
sns.barplot(
```

Product Sales by Price Range



```
bins = [15, 30, 45, 60, 80]  
labels = ['15-30', '30-45', '45-60', '60-80']
```

```
df['age_group'] = pd.cut(df['customer_age'], bins=bins, labels=labels, right=True)
```

```
age_group_counts = df.groupby('age_group')[ 'customerid'].nunique().reset_index()  
age_group_counts.rename(columns={'customerid': 'number_of_customers'}, inplace=True)
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))  
sns.barplot(  
    x='age_group',  
    y='number_of_customers',  
    data=age_group_counts,  
    palette='Blues_d'  
)
```

```
# Data labels  
for index, row in age_group_counts.iterrows():  
    plt.text(index, row['number_of_customers'], row['number_of_customers'], ha='center', va='bottom')
```

```
plt.title('Customer Distribution by Age Group')  
plt.xlabel('Age Group')  
plt.ylabel('Number of Customers')  
plt.show()
```

```
/tmp/ipython-input-3364322749.py:6: FutureWarning: The default of observed=False is deprecated and will be changed to True in  
age_group_counts = df.groupby('age_group')[ 'customerid'].nunique().reset_index()  
/tmp/ipython-input-3364322749.py:10: FutureWarning:
```

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and

```
sns.barplot(
```

Customer Distribution by Age Group

