

# Project Milestone-3

**Group:** CS311S20PID-G58

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**Project Name:** Plagiarism Checker Tool

**Language:** C# (Desktop Application)

**Algorithm:** Rabin-Karp (with some of our modification + using hash tables)

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**Algorithm Analysis is given on below pages**

## Pseudo Code

**string ReadFile()**

```
{  
    int N = total.number.of.files ;           //Number of Files  
    string file_array [N] = { } ;             //array for storing read file  
    for ( int i = 0 ; i-to-N ; i++ )          //Reading files from 1-to-N.files  
    {  
        file_array[i] = file.i ;  
    }  
    return file_array[];  
}
```

**int GenerateHashTables( string array[N] )**

```
{  
  
    HT_array[N] ;                //array for storing hashtables  
    for( int i=0 ; i-to-file_array ; i++ )    //for loop upto N-files  
    {  
        hashtable HT(i) = new hashtable() ;    //creating hashtables  
        HT_array[i] = HT(i) ;  
    }  
    return HT_array[] ;  
}
```

**string MatchingData( int HT\_array )**

```
{  
  
    int var = 0 ;                //variable for indexing matching array  
    string MatchedArray[] ;      //string array for storing matched words  
    string miniTable = HT.Smallest ;  
    /* using smallest file hashtable to compare the matching text  
    of it with every other file hash table */  
    for(int x=1 ; x-to-last.file ; x++ )    //loop goes upto all files  
    {  
        for( int i=0 ; i-to-end.of.file(x) ; i++ )
```

```

                                /*loop goes upto all words of file x */
                                {

                                if( word[x] == word.of.hashtable[i] )
                                {
                                    MatchedArray[var] = word[x] ;

                                    /*if the word matches then it is
                                    stored in the matchedarray */

                                    var++ ;
                                }
                                else
                                    continue ;

                                }

                                }

                                return MatchedArray[] ;

                                }

```

## Algorithm Correctness and Analysis

### string ReadFile()

#### 1.Initialization:

We are using a string function to give an input file/s to our code.

#### 2.Maintenance:

If the invariant holds at the beginning of an arbitrary loop iteration, then it must also hold at the end of that iteration. It means that we simply load that number of file which are present in our folder

### 3. Termination:

The loop always terminates.

### 4. Correctness:

Whenever the loop invariant and the loop exit condition both hold, then P must hold because every times we load files the loop meets its ends.

## **int GenerateHashTables( string array[N] )**

### 1.Initialization:

We are giving an array of words to our function.It generates hash tables according to by creating their hash functions .

### 2. Maintenance:

The loop invariant varies according to our need of the input file which is to be saved in hash table.

### 3 . Termination:

After adding every word it checks the loop invariant and if terminates at the end.

### 4. Correctness:

It holds correct because every time we create an hashtable it return us the hashtable and all the words processed.

## **string MatchingData( int HT\_array )**

**Initialization:** There is an array for the matching content of the files data (which should be string data)

**2. Maintenance:** If the file exists and its not empty then loop must check the matching data. Otherwise move to next file.

**3. Termination:** Nested loop is terminated after examining the all files through it.

**4. Correctness:** Final array of the matching content should be returned and it holds the common data among all the files.