

# CHAPTER 11

PS 11.1

(13)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -\pi < x < -\pi/2 \\ 1, & -\pi/2 < x < \pi/2 \\ 0, & \pi/2 < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx) \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left( \int_{-\pi}^{-\pi/2} 0 \, dx + \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} 1 \, dx + \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} 0 \, dx \right)$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left( 0 + x \Big|_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} + 0 \right)$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left( \frac{\pi}{2} - (-\pi/2) \right)$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left( \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi} (\pi) = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_{-\pi}^{-\pi/2} (0) \overset{\pi}{\underset{-\pi}{\cos nx}} dx + \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} (1) \cos nx dx + \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} (0) \cos nx dx \right\},$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \frac{\sin nx}{n} \Big|_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \right] = \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \left[ \frac{\sin n\pi/2}{n} - \frac{\sin (-n\pi/2)}{n} \right]$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \frac{2}{\pi} \sin(n\pi) - \frac{2}{\pi} \sin\left(n\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{n\pi} \left[ \sin\frac{n\pi}{2} + \sin\frac{n\pi}{2} \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{2 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)}{n\pi}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \sin nx \, dx = \boxed{0} \quad (\because \sin nx \text{ is odd})$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \frac{2 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)}{n\pi} \cdot \cos nx + (0) \sin nx \right)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \frac{2 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)}{n\pi} \cdot \cos(nx) \right)$$

$$\textcircled{22} \quad f(x) = x^2 \quad 0 < x < 2\pi$$

$$f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx) \quad -(1)$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} x^2 \, dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^{2\pi}$$

$$11 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[ \frac{8\pi^3}{3} - 0 \right]$$

$$a_0 = \frac{4\pi^2}{3}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} x^2 \cdot \cos nx \, dx$$

Integration by parts give

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \left( \frac{x^2 \cdot \sin nx}{n} + \frac{2x \cdot \cos nx}{n^2} - \frac{2 \sin nx}{n^3} \right)$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \left( (2\pi)^2 \cdot \frac{\sin n(2\pi)}{n} + 2(2\pi) \cdot \frac{\cos n(2\pi)}{n^2} - \frac{2 \sin(2n\pi)}{n^3} \right) - \left( (0) \cdot \frac{\sin n(0)}{n} + 2(0) \cdot \frac{\cos(n(0))}{n^2} - \frac{2 \sin(0)}{n^3} \right) \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ 4\pi^2 \cdot \frac{0}{n} + \frac{4\pi(1)}{n^2} - \frac{2(0)}{n^3} \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \frac{4\pi}{n^2} \right] = \frac{4}{n^2}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} x^2 \cdot \sin nx \, dx$$

$$b_n = -\frac{4\pi}{n}$$

$$(1) \Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{4\pi^2}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \frac{4}{n^2} \cos nx - \frac{4\pi}{n} \sin nx \right)$$

P.S 11.3

Q1

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -1 & -2 < x < 0 \\ 1 & 0 < x < 2 \end{cases}$$

$$P = 2L$$

$$4 = 2L$$

$$L = 2$$

Now

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2L} \int_{-L}^{L} f(x) dx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{4} \left( \int_{-2}^0 -1 dx + \int_0^2 1 dx \right)$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{4} \left[ (-x|_0^{-2}) + (x|_0^2) \right]$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{4} [(-0) - (-(-2)) + (2 - 0)]$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{4} [-2 + 2] = \boxed{0}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2} \left( \int_{-2}^2 f(x) \cos nx dx \right)$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \int_{-2}^0 (-1) \cdot \cos nx dx + \int_0^2 (1) \cos nx dx \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2} \left[ -\frac{\sin nx}{n} \Big|_{-2}^0 + \frac{\sin nx}{n} \Big|_0^2 \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2} \left[ -\frac{\sin(0)}{n} - \left( \underbrace{-\frac{\sin(-2n)}{n}} \right) + \frac{\sin 2n}{n} + \frac{\sin(0)}{n} \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{\sin(-2n)}{n} + \frac{\sin 2n}{n} + 0 \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2} \left[ -\cancel{\frac{\sin(2n)}{n}} + \cancel{\frac{\sin(2n)}{n}} \right]$$

$$\boxed{a_n = 0}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^2 f(x) \cdot \sin nx dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \int_{-2}^0 g(x) n x dx + \int_0^2 g(x) n x dx \right]$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{\cos nx}{n} \Big|_{-2}^0 + \left( -\frac{\cos nx}{n} \Big|_0^2 \right) \right]$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{\cos 0}{n} - \frac{\cos(-2n)}{n} + \left( -\frac{\cos 2n}{n} - \left( -\frac{\cos 0}{n} \right) \right) \right]$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{n} - \frac{\cos 2n}{n} + \frac{\cos 2n}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \right]$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{2}{n} - 2 \frac{\cos 2n}{n} \right]$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \left( \frac{1}{n} - \frac{\cos 2n}{n} \right)$$

$$b_n = \frac{1 - \cos 2n}{n}$$

$$\therefore f(x) = 0 + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left( (0) \cos nx + \left( 1 - \frac{\cos 2n}{n} \right) \sin nx \right)$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left( \frac{1 - \cos 2n}{n} \right) \cdot \sin nx$$

PS. 11.3

⑪  $f(x) = \pi - |x| \quad -\pi < x < \pi$

$f$  is even  
 $\therefore b_n = 0$

$$P = 2\pi$$

$$L = \pi$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\pi - |x|) dx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \cdot 2 \int_0^{\pi} (\pi - |x|) dx \quad (\because f(x) \text{ is even})$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \int_0^{\pi} \pi dx - \int_0^{\pi} (+x) dx \right]$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \pi x \Big|_0^{\pi} - \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^{\pi} \right]$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \pi^2 - \frac{\pi^2}{2} \right]$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \frac{2\pi^2 - \pi^2}{2} \right] \Rightarrow a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{2} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (\pi - |x|) (\cos nx) dx$$

Given integrand is also even  
b/c even  $\times$  even = even.

$$\therefore a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi (\pi - x) \cdot \cos nx dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \left\{ \int_0^\pi \pi \cdot \cos nx - \int_0^\pi x \cdot \cos nx dx \right\}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \left\{ \pi \cdot \frac{\sin nx}{n} \Big|_0^\pi - \left( x \cdot \frac{\sin nx}{n} + \frac{\cos nx}{n^2} \right) \Big|_0^\pi \right\}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \left\{ \pi \cdot \frac{\sin nx}{n} - \cancel{\pi \cdot \frac{\sin(0)}{n}} - \left( \left( \pi \cdot \frac{\sin nx}{n} + \frac{\cos nx}{n^2} \right) - \left( \cancel{0 \cdot \frac{\sin(0)}{n}} + \frac{\cos(0)}{n^2} \right) \right) \right\}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \left[ \pi \cdot \frac{\sin nx}{n} - \left( \frac{\sin nx}{n} + \frac{\cos nx}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n^2} \right) \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \left[ \cancel{\pi \cdot \frac{\sin nx}{n}} - \cancel{\pi \cdot \frac{\sin nx}{n}} - \frac{\cos nx}{n^2} - \frac{1}{n^2} \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \left[ -\frac{\cos nx}{n^2} - \frac{1}{n^2} \right]$$

$$(24) \quad f(x) = x^2 \quad 0 < x < L$$

$$(a) \quad a_0 = \frac{1}{2L} \cdot \int_{-L}^L f(x) dx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2L} \cdot 2 \int_0^L x^2 dx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{L} \cdot \left. \frac{x^3}{3} \right|_0^L = \frac{1}{L} \cdot \frac{L^3}{3} = \boxed{\frac{L^2}{3}}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \cdot \cos nx dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{L} \cdot \int_0^L x^2 \cdot \cos nx dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{L} \left( \left. \left( \frac{x^2 \cdot \sin nx}{n} + \frac{2x \cdot (\cos nx)}{n^2} - \frac{2 \sin nx}{n^3} \right) \right|_0^L \right)$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{L} \left[ \left( \frac{L^2 \cdot \sin(nL)}{n} + \frac{2L \cdot (\cos(nL))}{n^2} - \frac{2 \sin(nL)}{n^3} \right) \right] -$$

$$\left( 0 + 0 - 2 \frac{\sin(0)}{n^3} \right) \Big]$$

$$Q_n = \frac{2}{L} \left[ L^2 \cdot \frac{\sin(nL)}{n} + 2L \cdot \frac{\cos(nL)}{n^2} - 2 \frac{\sin(nL)}{n^3} \right]$$

$$Q_n = \frac{2}{L} \left[ \underbrace{L^2 \cdot \sin(nL) \cdot n^2}_{n^3} - 2 \cdot \sin(nL) + \frac{2L \cdot \cos(nL)}{n^2} \right]$$