

Ex 13-3-2.

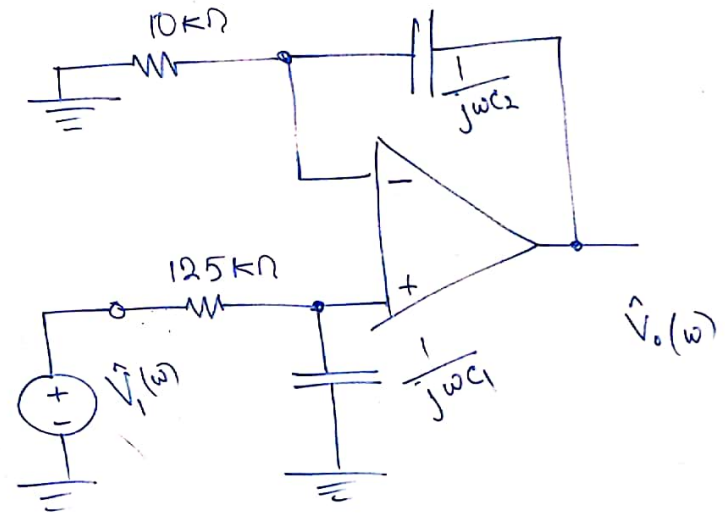
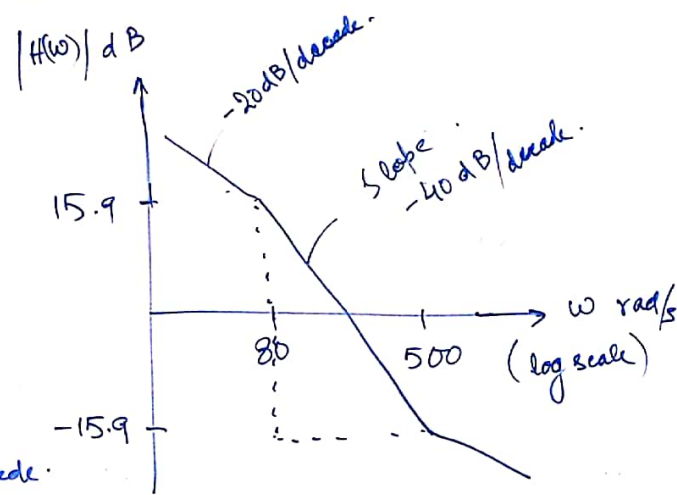
Step 1: Slope decreases at pole
therefore 80 rad/s is at pole.
Slope increases at zero
so 500 rad/s is at zero.

Step 2: Slope b/w 80 rad/s & 500 rad/s.

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{-15.9 - 15.9}{\log\left(\frac{500}{80}\right)} = -40 \frac{\text{dB}}{\text{decade}}.$$

Step 3: at low freq Slope = $-20 \text{ dB/decade} = -1 \times 20$

$$G(\omega) = \frac{K}{j\omega} \left(\frac{1 + j\omega \frac{500}{500}}{1 + j\omega \frac{80}{80}} \right)$$



Ex 13-3-2.

$$\hat{V}_2 = \frac{1/j\omega C_1}{125000 + \frac{1}{j\omega C_1}} \times \hat{V}_i = \frac{V_i}{(1 + j\omega C_1 \times 125000)} V_1$$

Applying KCL at node ① ($V_1 = V_2$)

$$\frac{V_1}{10000} + \frac{V_1 - V_0}{1/j\omega C_2} = 0$$

$$V_0 \times j\omega C_2 = \frac{V_1}{10000} + j\omega C_2 V_1 = V_1 \left(\frac{1}{10000} + j\omega C_2 \right)$$

$$V_0 = V_1 \left(\frac{1}{j\omega C_2 \times 10000} + 1 \right) = V_1 \left(\frac{1 + j\omega C_2 \times 10000}{j\omega C_2 \times 10000} \right)$$

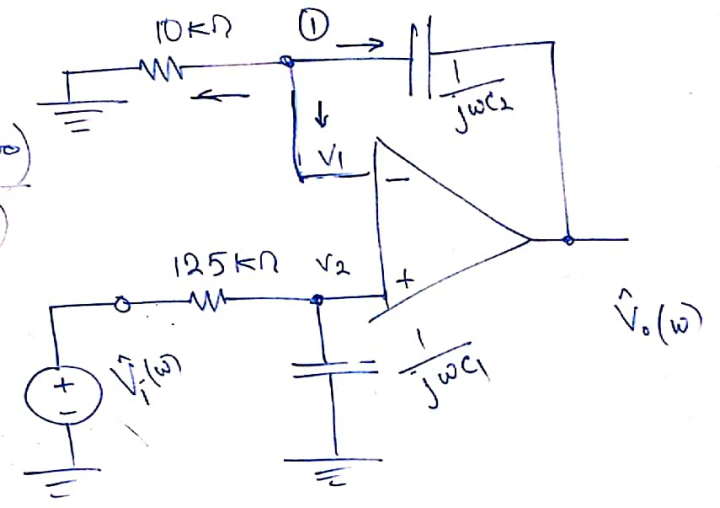
$$H(\omega) = \frac{V_0}{V_i} = \frac{1}{1 + j\omega C_1 \times 125000} \times \frac{(1 + j\omega C_2 \times 10000)}{(j\omega C_2 \times 10000)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(j\omega)(C_2 \times 10000)} \left(1 + \frac{j\omega}{1/10000 C_2} \right) \left(1 + \frac{j\omega}{1/125000 C_1} \right) \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Comparing (1) & (2)

$$10000 C_2 = \frac{1}{500} \Rightarrow C_2 = \frac{1}{500000} = 0.1 \mu F$$

$$125000 C_1 = \frac{1}{80} \Rightarrow C_1 = \frac{1}{80 \times 125000} = 0.1 \mu F$$



From Bode plot

$$H(\omega) = \frac{K}{j\omega} \left(1 + \frac{j\omega}{500} \right) \left(1 + \frac{j\omega}{80} \right) \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

Ex 13.3-3.

Step 1 slope of the Bode plot decrease at 40 and 160 rad/s.

Step 2. At low freq slope is 1×20 dB/decade.
 \therefore write at term $K(j\omega)^1$

$$H(\omega) = \left(\frac{K j\omega}{\left(1 + j\frac{\omega}{40}\right)\left(1 + j\frac{\omega}{160}\right)} \right)$$

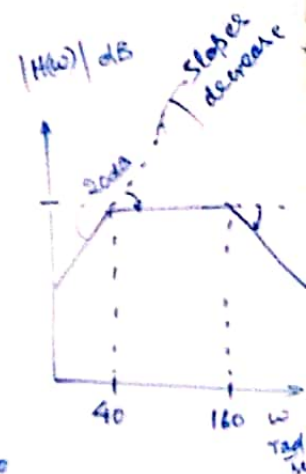
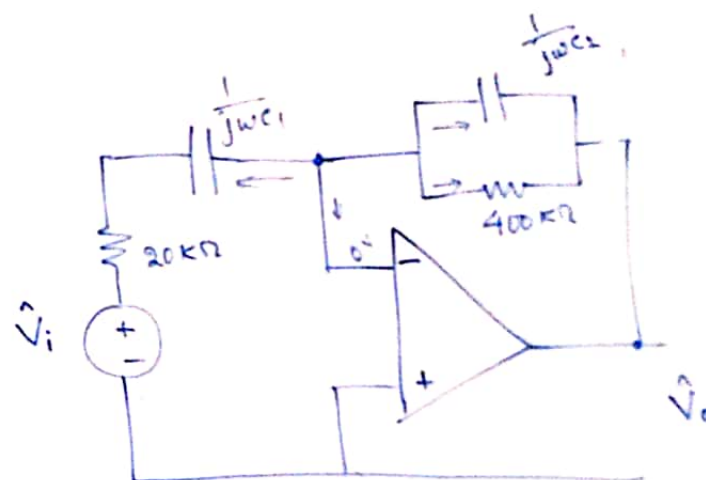
Now determine Network function from the circuit:

Applying KCL at (-)

$$-\frac{V_i}{20 + \frac{1}{j\omega C_1}} - \frac{V_o}{\frac{1}{j\omega C_2}} - \frac{V_o}{400000} = 0$$

$$\hat{H}(\omega) = \frac{V_o}{V_i} = \frac{-j\omega C_1 \times j\omega C_2}{\left(1 + j\omega C_1 \times 200000\right)\left(1 + j20\omega C_1\right)}$$

compare eq ① & ② to find C_1 & C_2



Applying KCL at (-) input -

$$\frac{0 - V_i}{20000 + \frac{1}{j\omega C_1}} + \frac{0 - V_o}{400000} + \frac{0 - V_o}{1/j\omega C_2} = 0$$

$$V_o \left(\frac{1}{400000} + j\omega C_2 \right) = \frac{-V_i}{20000 + \frac{1}{j\omega C_1}}$$

$$V_o \left(\frac{1 + j\omega C_2 \times 400000}{400000} \right) = - \frac{V_i j\omega C_1}{1 + j\omega C_1 \times 20000}$$

$$H(\omega) = \frac{V_o}{V_i} = - \frac{j\omega C_1 \times 400000}{(1 + j\omega C_1 \times 20000)(1 + j\omega C_2 \times 400000)}$$

$$= -C_1 \times 400000 \times j\omega$$

$$\left(1 + \frac{j\omega}{\frac{1}{20000C_1}} \right) \left(1 + \frac{j\omega}{\frac{1}{400000C_2}} \right)$$

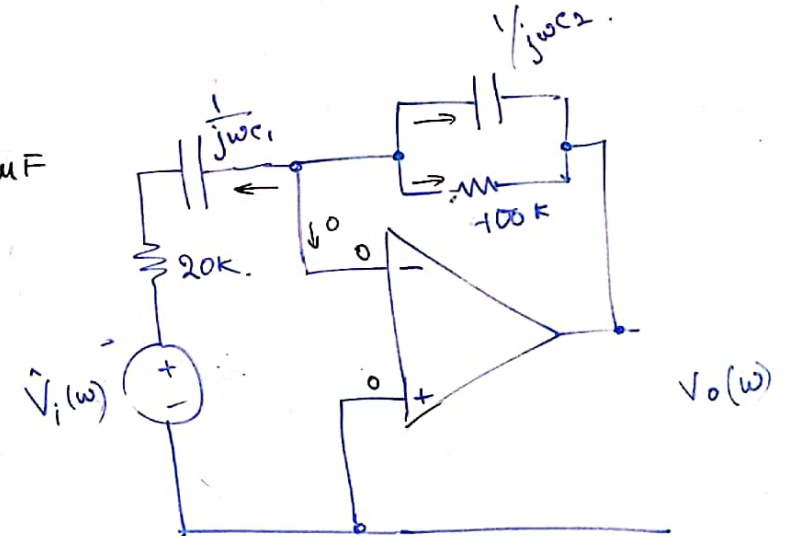
$$40 = \frac{1}{20000 C_1}$$

$$C_1 = \frac{1}{800000} = 1.25 \mu F$$

$$160 = \frac{1}{400000 C_2}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{1}{64000000}$$

$$= 15.625 \text{ nF}$$



Bode Plot: $H(\omega) = \frac{k j\omega}{\left(1 + \frac{j\omega}{40}\right) \left(1 + \frac{j\omega}{160}\right)}$