LAB#5



Spring 2023

COA Lab

Submitted by: Abdul Rasheed

Registration No: 21PWCSE2063

Class Section: B

"On my honor, as student of University of Engineering and Technology, I have neither given nor received unauthorized assistance on this academic work."

Student Signature: _____

Submitted to:

Dr.Bilal Habib

Department of Computer Systems Engineering
University of Engineering and Technology, Peshawar

COA

DCSE, UET Peshawar

LAB 5 MIPS:

Q NO 1: Write a program to check whether a number input by user is prime or not.

Enter a Number: 13 Number is Prime

```
.text
.globl main
main:
       li $v0, 4
       la $a0, num
       syscall
       li $v0, 5
       syscall
       move $t0, $v0
       li $t1, 2
       div $t4, $t0, $t1
again:
       div $t0, $t1
       mfhi $t3
       beq $t3, $zero, not_prime
       addi $t1, $t1, 1
       ble $t1, $t4, again
prime:
       li $v0, 4
       la $aO, Prime
       syscall
```

```
beq $t3, $zero, not_prime
        addi $t1, $t1, 1
        ble $t1, $t4, again
prime:
        li $v0, 4
       la $aO, Prime
        syscall
        j exit
not_prime:
       li $v0, 4
       la $aO, new
       syscall
       j exit
exit:
        li $v0, 10
        syscall
num: .asciiz"Enter a number if it is Prime or not: "
Prime: .asciiz"The given number is Prime. "
new: .asciiz"The given number is not_prime. "
```

Output:

```
Enter a number if it is Prime or not: 4
The given number is not_prime.
-- program is finished running --
```

Q NO 2: Repeat the above problem and display the largest two prime numbers lower than itself. Hint: If a user enters 20, then program displays 19 and 17.

Code:

.text

main:

li \$v0, 4

la \$a0, msg_input

syscall

li \$v0, 5

syscall

```
sub $t0, $v0, 1
li $t1, 0
loop:
beq $t1, 2, end
move $a0, $t0
jal is_prime
beq $v0, 0, not_prime
li $v0, 4
la $a0, msg_prime
syscall
li $v0, 1
move $a0, $t0
syscall
addi $t1, $t1, 1
not_prime:
sub $t0, $t0, 1
j loop
end:
li $v0, 10
syscall
is_prime:
li $t2, 2
li $v0, 1
```

```
check:
bge $t2, $a0, ret
rem $t3, $a0, $t2
beq $t3, 0, fail
add $t2, $t2, 1
j check
fail:
li $v0, 0
ret:
jr $ra
.data
msg_input: .asciiz "Enter a number:\n "
msg_prime: .asciiz "\nPrevious prime:\n "
Output:
 Enter a number:
Previous prime:
Previous prime:
```

Q NO 3: Write a program which takes two limits from user and display prime numbers between the two limits (if user enter lower limit 10 and upper limit 30 then display prime numbers between 10 and 30).

	Enter the lower limit: 10
	Enter the upper limit: 30
11	is Prime
13	is Prime
17	is Prime
19	is Prime
23	is Prime
29	is Prime

Code;

```
data
msgl: .asciiz "Enter the lower number: "
msg2: .asciiz "Enter the upper number: "
msg3: .asciiz "Prime numbers between the given numbers: "
newline: .asciiz "\n"
.text
is_prime:
   li $v0, 1
    li $t0, 2
loop_check:
   beq $t0, $a0, exit
    div $a0, $t0
    mfhi $tl
    beqz $t1, not_prime
    addi $t0, $t0, 1
    j loop_check
not_prime:
   li $v0, 0
    j exit
```

```
main:
   li $v0, 4
   la $a0, msgl
   syscall
   li $v0, 5
   syscall
   move $s0, $v0
   li $v0, 4
   la $a0, msg2
   syscall
   li $v0, 5
   syscall
   move $s1, $v0
   # Print the message
   li $v0, 4
   la $a0, msg3
   syscall
  # Loop to find and display prime numbers
  loop:
      beq $s0, $s1, end
      move $a0, $s0
      jal is_prime
      beq $v0, 1, prime
      j lower_limit
      prime:
           # Print the prime number
           move $a0, $s0
           li $v0, 1
```

syscall li \$v0, 4

syscall

lower_limit:

j loop

la \$a0, newline

addi \$s0, \$s0, 1