LAPORAN BINARY SEARCH TREE KELOMPOK 4

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```
Start here X Binary Search Tree.cpp X
                                                                                                                                return true;
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                                                                                                              else {
                                                                                                                                return false;
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                                                       // fungsi untuk menambahkan node baru
void insertNode(TreeNode * new_node) {
                                                                        // jika root masih kosong
if (root == NULL) {
                                                                                      return:
                                                                                                                            lese if ((new_node -> value < temp -> value) && (temp -> left == NULL)) {
  temp -> left = new_node;
  cout << "Value Inserted to the left!" << endl;</pre>
                                                                                                                            cout < "value income of the property of the pr
                    62
```

```
Start here X Binary Search Tree.cpp X
                        -- want 1 = SPACE; i < space; i
cout << " ";
cout << r -> value << "\n";
// proses anak kiri 7
                              for (int i = SPACE; i < space; i++)
                    // proses anak kiri 7
print2D(r -> left, space);
}
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     100
                    // simpul saat ini, kiti, kanan
void printPreorder(TreeNode * r){
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     if (r == NULL)
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                        return;
                return:

// mainsa muncul kambali di anak kiri
printInorder(r -> left);

// kemudaan cakak data di simual
cout << r -> value << " ";

// sakaisan muncul kambali di anak kanan
printInorder(r -> right);

}
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                     // kiri, kanan, akar
void printPostorder(TreeNode * r)
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Read/Write default
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    800
 Start here × Binary Search Tree.cpp ×
     125 | ( if (r -- NULL)
               return:

// Darkama muncul kambali di aukmahan kiri
printPostorder(r -> left);

// kamudian muncul kambali di aukmahan kanan
printPostorder(r -> right);

// Sakatanu samakai danaan aimual
cout << r -> value << " ";
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             TreeNode * iterativeSearch(int v) {
    if (root == NULL) {
        return root;
    } else {
        TreeNode * temp = root;
    while (temp! == NULL) {
        return temp;
    } else if (v < temp -> value) {
        return temp;
    } else if (v < temp -> root;
    }
}
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                   + F
                             return NULL;
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             TreeNode * recursiveSearch(TreeNode * r, int val) {
    if (r == NULL || r -> value == val)
    return r;
```

CAUSers/LENOVO B40/Downloads/Binary Search Tree.cpp C/C++ Windows (CR+LF) WINDOWS-1252 Line 125, Col 4, Pos 3342 Insert Read/Write default

```
Start here X Binary Search Tree.cpp X
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                      return r;
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                   else if (val < r -> value)
                      return recursiveSearch(r -> left, val);
             return recursiveSearch(r -> right, val);
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           int height(TreeNode * r) {
                   if (r == NULL)
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                      return -1;
           return -1;
else (
// Linux Komputat satu sama lein | Doissaman Linux sampul kanan | Mili
int lheight = height(r -> left);
int rheight = height(r -> right);
                    // menagunakan yang terbesar
if (lheight > rheight)
  return (lheight + 1);
else return (rheight + 1);
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           void printGivenLevel(TreeNode * r, int level) {
   if (r == NULL)
     return;
   else if (level == 0)
     cout << r -> value << " ";</pre>
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Start here X Binary Search Tree.cpp X
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                   else
                   printGivenLevel(r -> left, level - 1);
printGivenLevel(r -> right, level - 1);
}
   void printLevelOrderBFS(TreeNot
int h = height(r);
for (int i = 0; i <= h; i++)
    printGivenLevel(r, i);
}</pre>
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          TreeNode * minValueNode(TreeNode * node) {
    TreeNode * current = node;
    201 // marulangan untuk mengmukan daun peling kiri
202 | while (current -> left != NULL) (
                   current = current -> left;
    203
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               return current;
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            L,;
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210 = int main() {
                    //Mengubah nama class meniadi obiek
    211
                   BST ob1:
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                    int pilihan, nilai;
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                        cout << "---- Menu ---- << endl;
                     cout << "0. Keluar Program" << endl;
cout << "1. Masukkan Simpul" << endl;
    217
```

```
Start here X Binary Search Tree.cpp X
                               cout << "1. Masukkan Simpul" << endl;
cout << "2. Mencetak Nilai BFS" << endl;
cout << endl;</pre>
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                              cin >> pilihan;
                             // mangubah variable;
TreeNode * new_node = new TreeNode();
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                                    itch (pilihan) {
    case 0:
        break;
    case 1:
        cont << "Magnukkan Angka : ";
        cin >> nilai;
        new node -> value = nilai;
        obj.root = obj.insertRecursive(obj.root,new_node);
        cont << endl;
    break;
    case 2:
        cont << "Gatak" << endl;
        obj.print2D(obj.root, 5);
        cont << endl;
        cont << "Mannatak Level Order BFS: \n";
        obj.print2DvodredFBFS(obj.root);
        cont << "\n\n";
        break;
    default:
        cont << "Nomox yang anda masukkan tidak sasuai";</pre>
                              switch (pilihan) {
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                                             cout << "Nomor yang anda masukkan tidak sesuai";
                             }
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                         while (pilihan != 0);
                         return 0;
```

Hasil Ouput

