

# **Track My Shop - A shops, products and services tracking system near specified location**



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**Session** 2019 - 2023

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BS(HONS)  
IN  
COMPUTER SCIENCE

**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE**  
**GC UNIVERSITY LAHORE**

# **Track My Shop**

**Submitted to GC University Lahore in partial fulfillment  
of the requirements for the award of degree of**

**BS(HONS)**

**IN**

**COMPUTER SCIENCE**

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## **Declaration**

I, Muhammad Zeeshan Yousaf and Fatima Yousaf students of **BS(Hons)** in the subject of **Computer Science** session **2019-2023**, hereby declare that the matter printed in this thesis titled, **Track My Shop** is my own work and has not been printed, published and submitted as research work, thesis or publication in any form in any University, Research Institution etc in Pakistan or abroad.

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**Signatures of Deponent**

# Research Completion Certificate

It is certified that the research work contained in this thesis titled **Track My Shop** has been carried out by **Muhammad Zeeshan Yousaf** Roll. No **0259-BSCS-19** and **Fatima Yousaf** Roll. No **0279-r-BSCS-19** under my supervision.

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Submitted Through

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**GC University Lahore**

## Acknowledgements

I am grateful to the Almighty Allah, Who blessed me with health, wisdom, knowledge, thoughts and opportunity to make some contribution in the form of present effort. I offer my humblest thanks from the deepest core of my heart to the **Holy Prophet Muhammad (Peace be upon him)**, the most perfect and excelled among and ever born on the surface of earth. The research work embodied in this dissertation was accomplished under the able guidance and affectionate supervision of **Assistant Professor Yahya Khurram**, GC University, Lahore. I will always remember his moral encouragement, skillful guidance, positive criticism and valuable advice throughout the course of my study. I also express my feelings of love and respect for my beloved parents that are the real asset of my life and gave me confidence and my best friend also deserve my thanks for their loving encouragement and prayers for my success.

## **Dedication**

*My research work is dedicated to my family and my honorable teacher prof Dr. Muhammad Waqas Anwar who encouraged and helped me to complete my research in the area of formal modeling and formal verification related to computer science.*

## *Abstract*

The "Track my Shop" project aims to address a significant issue prevalent in the digital era, where small businesses such as service providers, mini stores, and repair shops struggle to establish an online presence due to cost constraints. In response to this, we propose the development of a Web Application Software that acts as a centralized platform for local businesses to connect with their local customer base. By leveraging this application, shopkeepers can extend their reach and increase their earnings by reaching more customers online. Customers, in turn, can easily access and purchase products or avail services from nearby local shops within their specified geographical proximity. The project integrates an image recognition service, allowing sellers to effortlessly add products or services by simply uploading images. On the customer side, this service facilitates image-based search, enhancing the user experience and streamlining the purchasing process.

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# **Chapter 1**

## **Introduction**

### **1.1 Introduction**

In an era characterized by rapid technological advancements, businesses are constantly seeking efficient, automated, and precise solutions to streamline their operations. This paradigm shift has led to the creation of numerous software programs tailored to meet the diverse needs of different industries, facilities, and various workplaces. Historically, manual methods were employed for data management, but evolving preferences have spurred a transition to digital solutions. Recognizing the digital divide prevalent among small businesses, particularly those serving local communities, this project, "Track My Shop," endeavors to empower these enterprises and enable their seamless integration into the online marketplace.

In today's digital landscape, the majority of businesses across sectors have embraced online platforms to market and sell their products and services, swiftly reaching customers through home deliveries. However, smaller businesses such as service providers, mini stores, repair shops, and local vendors, including cobblers, barbers, milk shops, bakeries, and spare parts shops, often find it financially challenging to establish an online presence. The "Track My Shop" web application sets out to address this disparity by providing local shops a centralized online platform

to connect with their local customer base. Through this application, shopkeepers can significantly broaden their customer reach, attract a larger audience, and consequently, enhance their earnings with minimal effort of input.

The project envisions simplifying and modernizing operations for local businesses by integrating innovative features such as image recognition for effortless addition of products services, and image-based search capabilities for customers.

## 1.2 Project Overview

The proposed system, "Track My Shop," is a web-based application designed to facilitate the seamless creation of online shops for sellers. Utilizing image recognition technology, sellers can effortlessly add products or services to their online shop by capturing or uploading images. The system automatically identifies and categorizes the items, making them readily accessible to customers in the vicinity of the shop. Conversely, customers can easily browse and search for products or services using images, names, or proximity filters. They can initiate requests for product delivery or obtain directions to the seller's physical shop, enhancing their overall shopping experience.

## 1.3 Problem Statement

In the contemporary business landscape, small enterprises encounter a significant barrier in establishing an online platform for their operations due to prohibitive costs associated with web development and maintenance. The high financial investment required often restricts their ability to tap into the potential of the digital marketplace, limiting their growth and outreach.

Furthermore, the traditional method of manually inputting products and services into an online platform has become increasingly burdensome and time-consuming. This arduous process not only consumes valuable time but also poses a hindrance

to the efficient management and scaling of businesses, leading to decreased productivity and suboptimal user experiences.

In addition, both customers and local shops face challenges in connecting efficiently. The conventional approach of physically visiting or relying on word-of-mouth recommendations to discover shops or services is cumbersome and time-intensive. This lack of a seamless and convenient means to connect customers with local shops impedes the potential for increased business transactions and growth for these small enterprises. Therefore, an effective solution is imperative to address these pressing issues and bridge the existing gap between small businesses and their online presence while enhancing accessibility and connectivity for both customers and shops.

## 1.4 Study Limitations

The primary challenges that impeded the advancement of this project were time and financial constraints. The project involved various financial obligations, including expenses for software development, server deployment, image recognition technology, and geolocation features. Additionally, managing fieldwork, development tasks, and adhering to project timelines was demanding. Despite these constraints, we remained committed to ensuring the accuracy and effectiveness of the web application, striving to meet the expectations and needs of both sellers and customers.

## 1.5 Literature Review

"Track My Shop" embodies the essence of modern business augmentation through technology. In an era where online presence is paramount, this web application offers a cost-effective solution for small and local businesses to establish their digital footprint. By seamlessly integrating products and services using image

recognition and geolocation features, the application enhances accessibility and connectivity between customers and local shops. It paves the way for an intuitive and efficient shopping experience, bridging the gap between traditional brick-and-mortar stores and the vast digital market. The project encapsulates the vision of empowering businesses and customers alike, promoting growth, efficiency, and a seamless convergence of technology and commerce.

# **Chapter 2**

## **Requirement Specification**

### **2.1 Functional Requirements**

Function and features that derives to the end user of the system are following:

#### **2.1.1 Affordable Online Presence:**

Develop a cost-effective solution that enables small businesses to establish and maintain an online platform for their products and services without incurring prohibitive expenses, democratizing access to the digital marketplace.

#### **2.1.2 Streamlined Product/Service Integration:**

Create an automated system leveraging image recognition technology to simplify and expedite the process of adding products and services to the online platform, reducing manual effort and improving efficiency for business owners.

### **2.1.3 Enhanced Customer-Shop Connectivity:**

Facilitate easy and efficient connection between customers and local shops by providing a user-friendly interface that allows customers to search for products or services based on images, names, or location, thereby fostering a seamless shopping experience.

### **2.1.4 Geolocation Features:**

Implement geolocation features to enable customers to explore nearby shops and their offerings, aiding in quicker decision-making and fostering a stronger connection between customers and local businesses.

### **2.1.5 Delivery Request Mechanism:**

Integrate a system that allows customers to request product delivery from the respective sellers, promoting convenience and encouraging increased sales for the shops while enhancing customer satisfaction.

### **2.1.6 Navigation Assistance:**

Provide navigation features that guide customers to the physical locations of shops, improving accessibility and encouraging more foot traffic to the local businesses, ultimately boosting their visibility and sales.

### **2.1.7 User Experience Optimization:**

Prioritize an intuitive and appealing user interface and experience to ensure that both sellers and customers find the application easy to use and navigate, enhancing overall satisfaction and encouraging continued usage.

### **2.1.8 Search History Recording:**

Record customer searches to provide a history for their convenience and future reference.

### **2.1.9 Comprehensive Search Results:**

Ensure that search results include a wide array of products, services, and corresponding shops for a complete view of available offerings.

### **2.1.10 Flexible Result Filtering:**

Allow customers to filter search results based on various criteria such as price, ratings, shop proximity, or categories, enabling a personalized and efficient shopping experience.

### **2.1.11 Delivery Requests for Products:**

Implement a mechanism for customers to request product delivery, promoting convenience and seamless transactions.

### **2.1.12 Navigation to Shops:**

Enable customers to obtain directions to the physical shops offering the desired product or service, facilitating a smooth transition from online exploration to in-person shopping.

### **2.1.13 Category-Based Exploration:**

Provide an option for customers to explore products and services based on categories, allowing for effortless browsing without initiating a specific search.

## 2.2 Non-functional Requirements

Here are the non-functional requirements:

### 2.2.0.1 Performance

- The web application must have rapid response times and load efficiently.
- API calls for data fetching and processing should complete within milliseconds for a seamless user experience.
- The application should maintain high performance even during peak usage.

### 2.2.0.2 User Interface (UI) and User Experience (UX)

- The UI should be intuitive, aesthetically pleasing, and utilize vibrant colors with smooth animations.
- The design should be consistent and compatible across various screen sizes and devices.
- User interactions and transitions within the application should be smooth and visually appealing.

### 2.2.0.3 Compatibility

- The web application must be compatible with a wide range of browsers, ensuring consistent functionality and appearance across different platforms.

### 2.2.0.4 Scalability

- The architecture should allow for seamless scaling to accommodate a growing user base and increased data load.
- The application should be capable of handling increased traffic without compromising performance.

### **2.2.0.5 Accessibility**

- The application should adhere to accessibility standards to ensure usability for individuals with disabilities.
- Content and features should be easily navigable and understandable for users with basic English skills.

### **2.2.0.6 Image Storage**

- Images should be stored securely in AWS S3 buckets, ensuring data integrity and accessibility.
- The image storage system should handle image uploads, retrievals, and deletions in an efficient and organized manner.

### **2.2.0.7 Database Management**

- The database should be maintained automatically, including regular password changes for enhanced security.
- Database operations should be optimized to ensure data retrieval and modification are swift and efficient.

### **2.2.0.8 Response Time**

- The web application should have minimal loading time, providing near-instantaneous responses to user actions.

### **2.2.0.9 Reliability**

- The application should operate consistently without frequent crashes or downtimes, ensuring a reliable user experience by instantly report and monitor any bugs or errors, enhancing application reliability.

# Chapter 3

## Project Design

### 3.1 Methodology

The methodology adopted for designing the "Track My Shop" web application is an iterative process. The methodology encompasses various stages from project initiation to implementation, ensuring an organized and systematic approach as each stage is mentioned below:

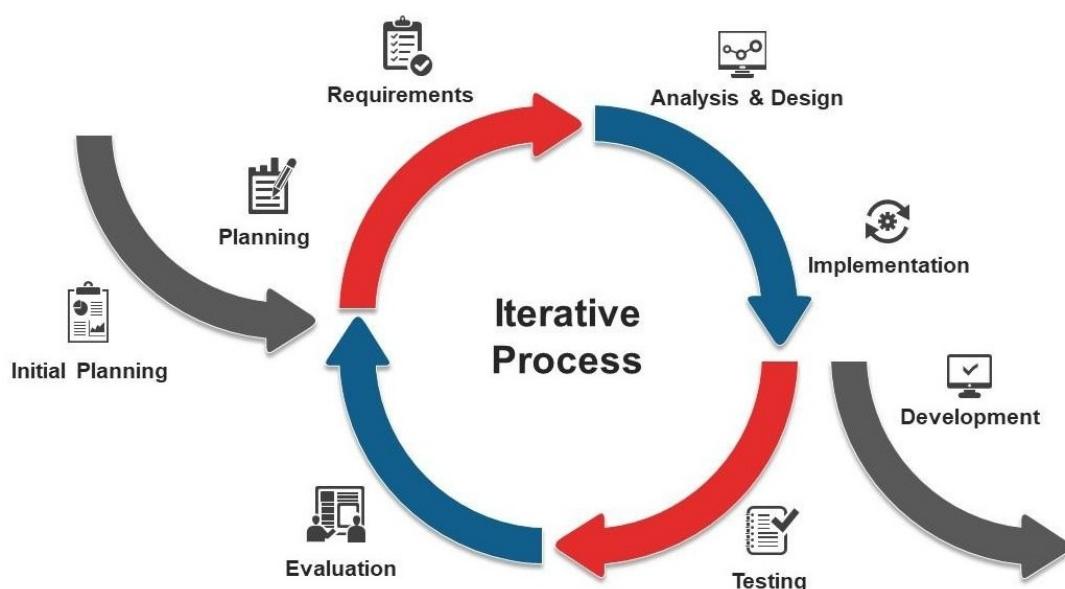


FIGURE 3.1: Iterative Process Model

### 3.1.1 Initial Planning

In this initial planning stage, the project goals and initial requirements are outlined. Key activities include:

**Defining Project Goals:** Setting the overall goals and vision for the "Track My Shop" application.

**Preliminary Requirement Analysis:** Performing an initial analysis of high-level requirements and constraints.

### 3.1.2 Planning

The planning stage involves planning the upcoming iteration and setting specific goals for it. Key activities include:

**Setting Iteration Goals:** Defining the objectives and outcomes for the current iteration.

**Identifying Resources:** Allocating the necessary resources, including manpower, technology, and tools, for the iteration.

### 3.1.3 Requirements Analysis and Design

In this stage, detailed requirements are gathered and analyzed, and the system's design is conceptualized. Key activities include:

**Requirements Refinement:** Analyzing and refining requirements based on feedback from previous iterations and stakeholders.

**System Design:** Conceptualizing the system's design and architecture based on the refined requirements.

### 3.1.4 Implementation and Development

The implementation stage involves writing code and developing the iteration. Key activities include:

**Coding and Development:** Writing the code based on the design and architecture defined in the previous stage.

**Integration:** Integrating the developed components and modules into a cohesive iteration.

### 3.1.5 Testing

The testing stage involves validating the functionality and performance of the developed iteration. Key activities include:

**Functional Testing:** Ensuring that the iteration meets the specified functional requirements.

**User Acceptance Testing (UAT):** Engaging users to validate the iteration against their expectations and requirements.

### 3.1.6 Evaluation

The evaluation stage involves assessing the outcomes of the iteration. Key activities include:

**Evaluation of Goals:** Evaluating whether the iteration goals were achieved and identifying areas for improvement.

### 3.1.7 Summary

The iterative process model is adopted in the development of the "Track My Shop" application, allowing for incremental development, feedback incorporation,

and continuous improvement. Each iteration adds new features, refines existing functionalities, and incorporates feedback for an improved and user-centric product.

## 3.2 Architecture Overview

### 3.2.1 Entity Relationship Diagram (ERD)

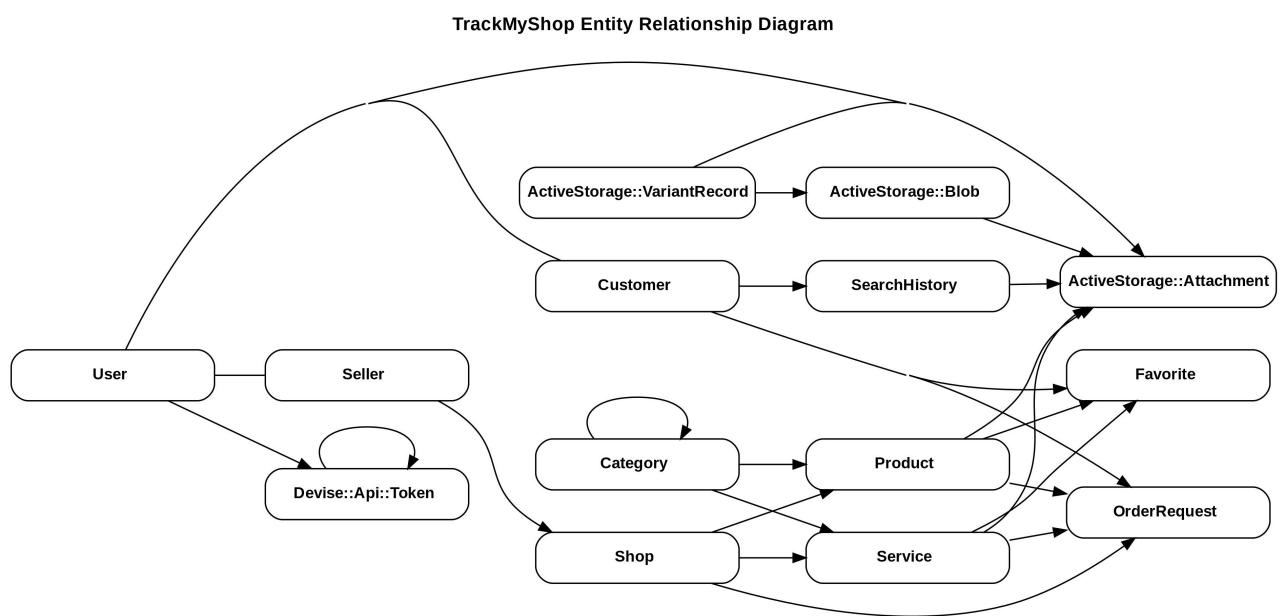


FIGURE 3.2: Track My Shop - Entity Relationship Diagram

### 3.2.3 Mathematical

A sample for mathematical writing

A team of three robots moving in an environment that is modelled by  $G$ . Motion primitives of robots are given by the transition system  $\mathbf{T}=(Q_T, q_T^0, \delta_T, \Pi_T, L_T, w_T)$ , where  $Q_T \subseteq V$ ,  $q_T^0$  is the initial vertex,  $\delta_T \subseteq e$  is a relation that models the

### 3.2.2 Class Diagram (UML)

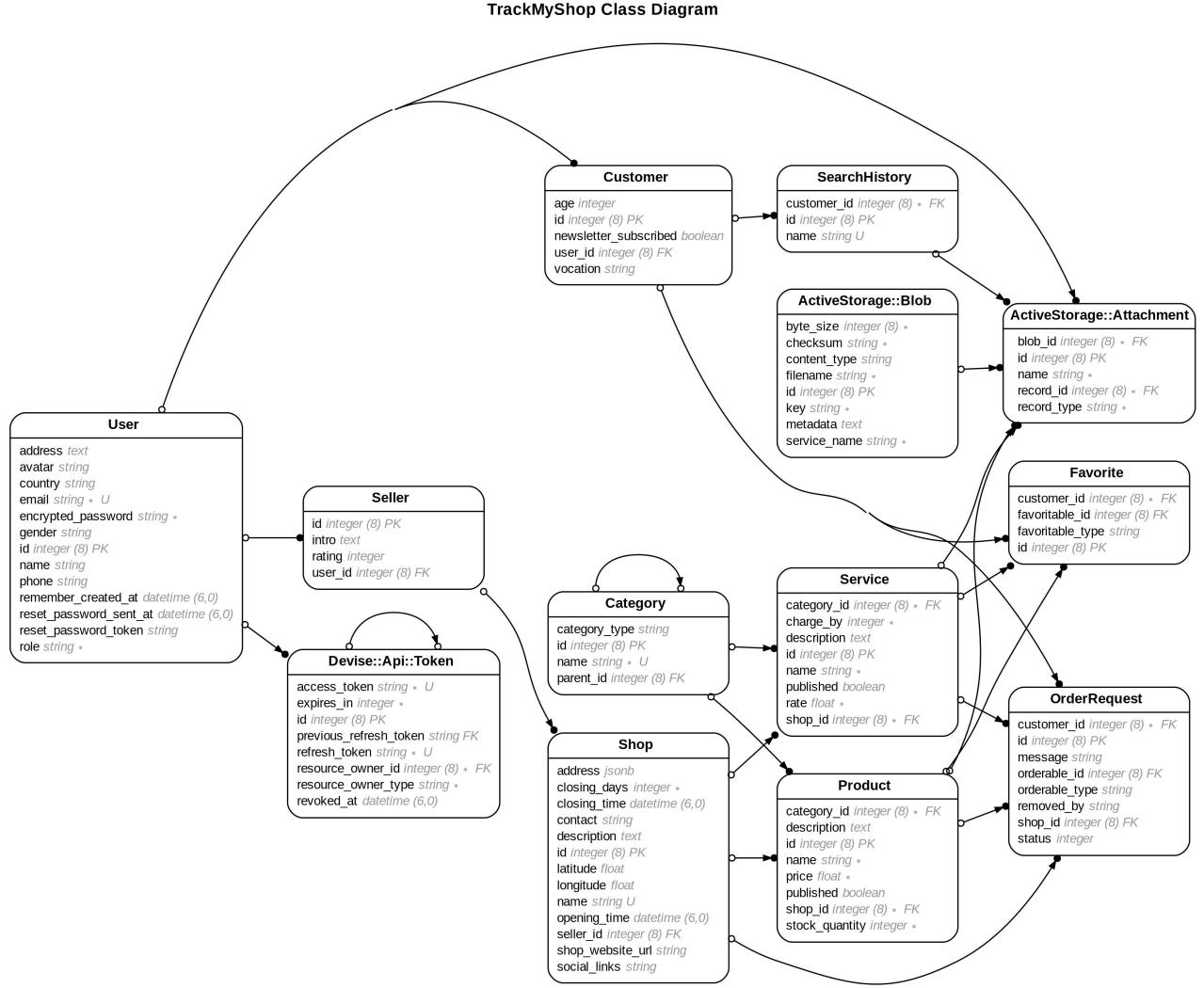


FIGURE 3.3: Track My Shop - Class Diagram

capabilities of robot to move along the vertices,  $\Pi_T \subseteq \Pi$  presents the set of propositions that a robot satisfies,  $L_T$  is mapping that how propositions are satisfied at some vertex and  $w_T$  is weight that a robot went from one vertex to another.

## 3.3 Design Description

Another format

$$\phi := \psi \wedge GF\sigma \quad (3.1)$$

# **Chapter 4**

## **Implementation and Evaluation**

### **4.1 Development Stages**

Following are the stages of development:

#### **4.1.1 Strategy Stage**

We designed our web application while keeping in mind the requirements of our end sellers and customers. In order to make it a success we planned each and everything beforehand. We have learned our users demand and then planned our project on it. We have designed it in such a way that it can be easy to use and handle. After jotting down our requirements we made diagrams so that it can give an outlook of our system. After this we worked on our database and later on its implementation. We also wrote the project code, then we integrated and tested our it to verify if its working.

### **4.2 Implementation**

Following is described about the implementation level things:

### 4.2.1 Tools and Technologies

1. Server-Side API Framework **Ruby on Rails**
2. Front-End Frameworks:
  - **Next.js** (framework built on REACT Js library)
  - **Bootstrap5** (CSS framework)
  - **Google Material UI** (for interactive components)
  - **Google Maps API**
3. DBMS **PostgreSQL**
4. Version Control System (VCS): **Git, Github**
5. Integrated Development Environment (IDE): **RubyMine, VS Code**
6. API and Web testing tool: **Postman**
7. Data Caching server: **Redis**
8. Hosting Service for API: **Heroku**
9. Hosting Service for Front-End App: **Amazon Static Hosting S3**
10. CI — CD tool: **Github Actions**
11. Media Storage Service: **AWS S3**
12. Image Recognition Service: **AWS Rekognition**
13. Domain Name Service: **AWS Route53**
14. Domain Platform: **Namecheap.me**
15. Bug Report Service: **Sentry**
16. Mailer Service: **Mailjet**

## 4.3 System Integration

System integration in the "Track My Shop" project is a critical process where all the individual components and modules of the system are combined and tested to ensure they function as a unified, cohesive unit. This integration involves merging the backend functionalities, including database management and server operations, with the frontend user interface to create a seamless and functional application. The integration process also incorporates third-party services, such as image recognition, mapping APIs and Deployment on AWS/Heroku, ensuring their proper interaction within the application. Rigorous testing and validation are conducted to confirm that the integrated system operates smoothly, with data flowing seamlessly between various components.

Achieving a successful integration is vital for delivering a reliable, efficient, and feature-rich web application that can be run on any environment and on any web browser, meets the needs and expectations of both sellers and customers.

## 4.4 User Interface

The user interface (UI) of the "Track My Shop" project is crafted to deliver a seamless and engaging experience for both sellers and customers. Sellers are provided with a comprehensive dashboard offering insights into their shops, order requests, and sales statistics. They can efficiently manage their shop listings, adding new products/services and updating existing ones. On the other hand, customers are greeted with an intuitive interface that allows effortless browsing of nearby shops and their offerings, categorized for easy exploration. The search functionality is versatile, enabling customers to search by text, images, or based on their preferences. Clear product/service details, interactive maps for shop locations, easy order request processes, and a user-friendly profile management system further enhance the overall usability. The UI is designed to be accessible and responsive to various type of devices and user needs, ultimately fostering a positive and satisfying interaction for all users.

#### 4.4.1 Login

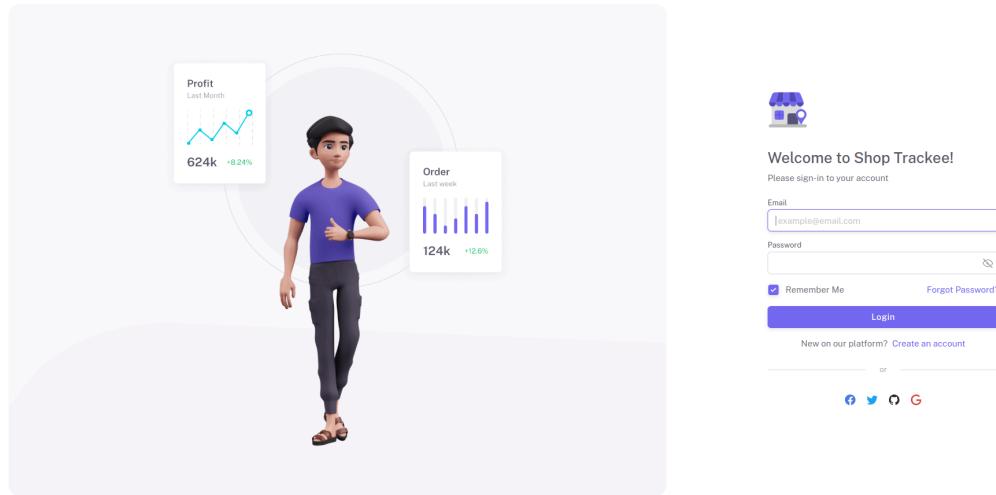


FIGURE 4.1: Shop Trackee - Login

#### 4.4.2 Register

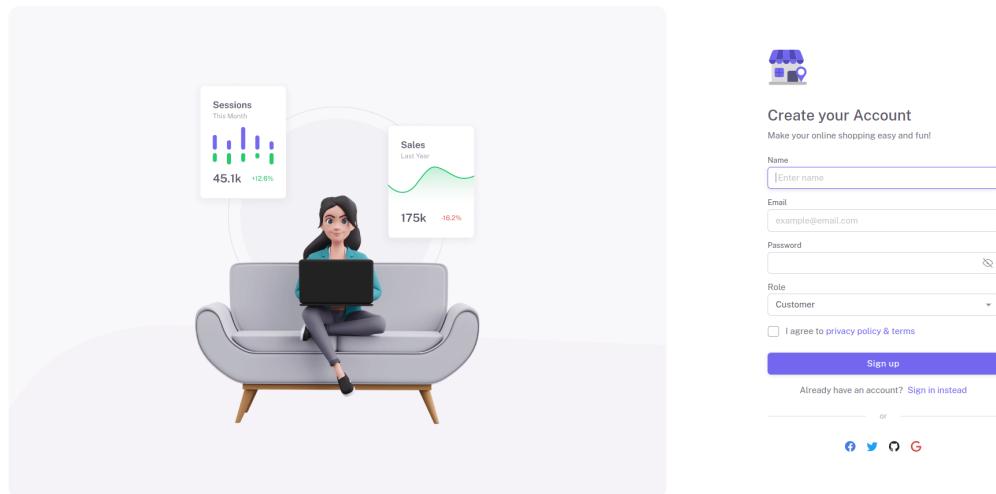


FIGURE 4.2: Shop Trackee - Register

#### 4.4.3 Forgot Password

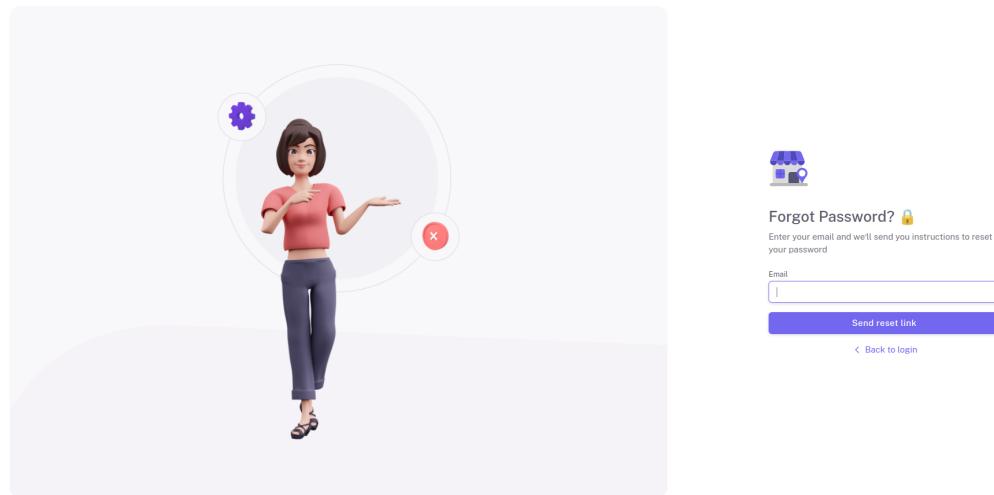


FIGURE 4.3: Shop Trackee - Forgot Password

#### 4.4.4 Profile

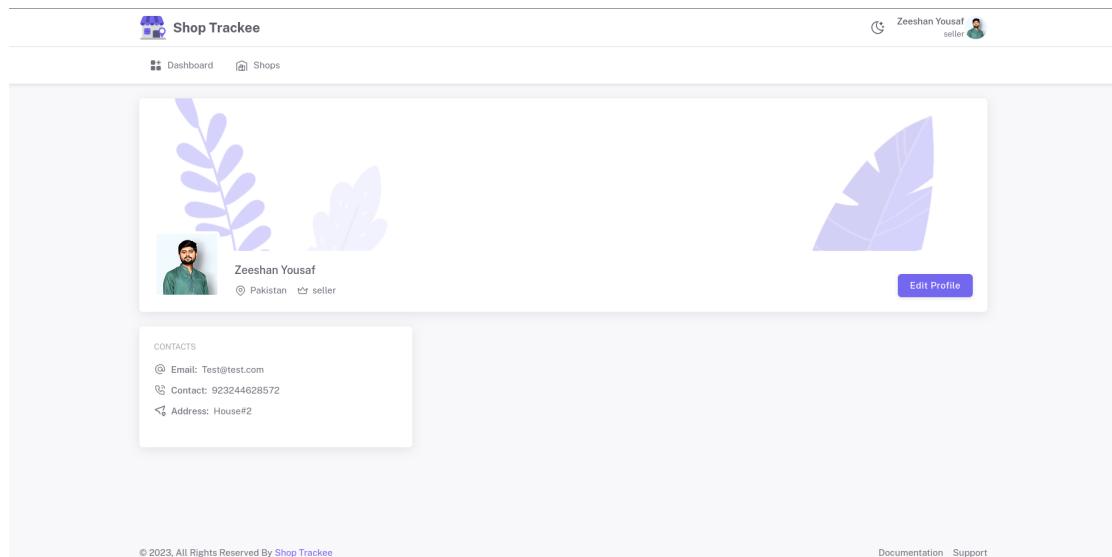


FIGURE 4.4: Shop Trackee - Profile

#### 4.4.5 Profile Edit

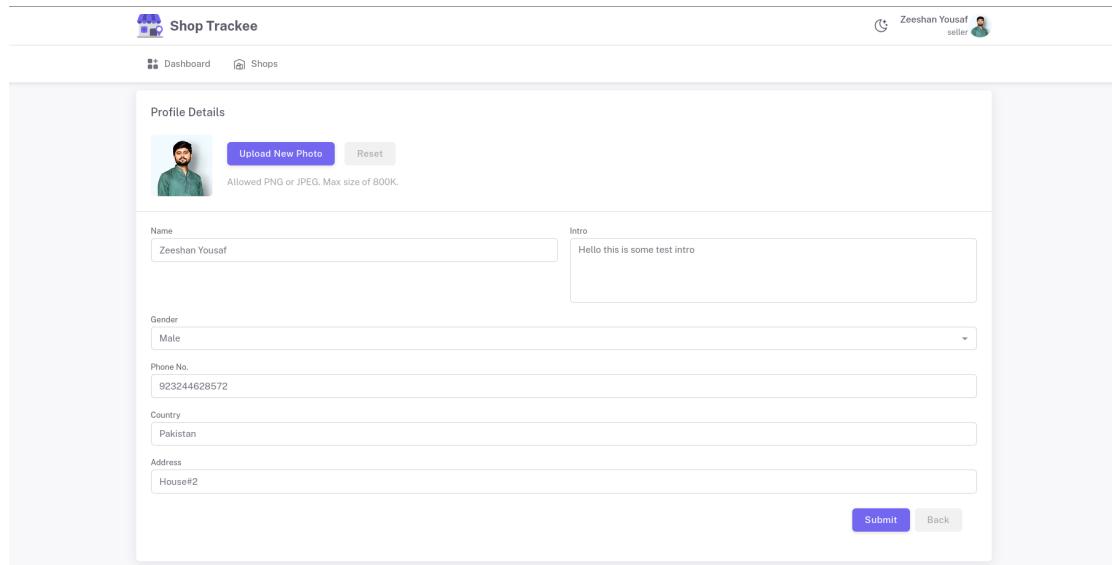


FIGURE 4.5: Shop Trackee - Profile Edit

#### 4.4.6 Seller Dashboard

The screenshot shows the Seller Dashboard of Shop Trackee. It includes the following sections:

- Welcome:** Welcome Zeeshan Yousaf to Shop Trackee.
- Statistics:** Updated 1 month ago. Shows 1 Customers, 6 Products, 4 Services, and \$1121 Revenue.
- Order Requests:** A table listing three pending delivery requests:

ITEM	SHOP	CUSTOMER	MESSAGE	CREATED AT	LOCATION	STATUS	ACTIONS
Running Shoe Product	Liberty Shop	Fatima	Can Deliver this one pair of Shk	Sun, 08 Oct 2023 7:11	Get Direction	Pending	Accept Reject
Wristwatch Product	Cavalry Shop	Fatima	I need a single wristwatch.	Sun, 08 Oct 2023 7:12	Get Direction	Pending	Accept Reject
Headphone Product	Cavalry Shop	Fatima	Could you deliver me one head	Sun, 08 Oct 2023 7:12	Get Direction	Accepted	Remove

At the bottom, it shows 1 row selected, Rows per page: 100, and 1-3 of 3.

FIGURE 4.6: Shop Trackee - Seller Dashboard

#### 4.4.7 Seller Shops

The screenshot shows the 'Shops' section of the Shop Trackee dashboard. It displays three cards for different sellers:

- Meri Dukan**: 03126789012. Status: Ye meri dukan hey aur mein hi isko chlata hun. Hours: 6:00 AM - 9:30 PM. Metrics: 10 Products, 10 Services, 10 Requests, 10 Orders. Buttons: Show, Chat.
- Liberty Shop**: 0324462756. Status: This is shop. Hours: 5:00 AM - 8:00 PM. Metrics: 10 Products, 10 Services, 10 Requests, 10 Orders. Buttons: Show, Chat.
- Cavalry Shop**: 03111222211. Status: This is shop. Hours: 12:00 AM - 6:30 PM. Metrics: 10 Products, 10 Services, 10 Requests, 10 Orders. Buttons: Show, Chat.

At the bottom, there are links for 'Documentation' and 'Support'.

FIGURE 4.7: Shop Trackee - Seller Shops

#### 4.4.8 Seller Shop Create

The screenshot shows the 'Add Shop Details' form for creating a new shop:

- Map**: A map of Lahore, Pakistan, showing various landmarks like Kot Lakhpat, Lahore General Hospital, and Minhas University.
- Address**: Chungi Amar Sadhu, Muff pura Gul Colony, Lahore, Pakistan.
- Name**: Shop Name: 031112345678
- Opening Time**: 6:00 AM
- Closing Time**: 10:00 PM
- Closing Days**: Friday, Sunday
- Social Links**: <https://www.facebook.com/100066264083076>
- Description**: Enter description
- Buttons**: Submit, Back

FIGURE 4.8: Shop Trackee - Shop Create

#### 4.4.9 Seller Add Product

**Edit Product**

Name Laptop	Price 120000
Category Electronics	Quantity 2
Description It is Electronics, which could be categorized as Technology and Computing.	

**Product Images**

Choose Files | No file chosen  
Capture photo

Recognize Image

Upload More

FIGURE 4.9: Shop Trackee - Add Product

#### 4.4.10 Seller Add Service

**Add Service**

Name Lighting	Rate 1000
Category Event Planning	Charge by day
Description We offer Lighting on Events, which is Home decor service for your events.	

**Service Images**

Choose Files | No file chosen  
Capture photo

Recognize Image

Upload More

FIGURE 4.10: Shop Trackee - Add Service

#### 4.4.11 Seller Products and Services Listing

The screenshot shows the 'Shops' section of the Shop Trackee seller dashboard. At the top, there are navigation tabs for 'Dashboard' and 'Shops'. A search bar labeled 'Filter By' with the option 'Both' is present. An 'Add' button is located in the top right corner. Below the header, there are four product/service cards arranged in a 2x2 grid:

- Computer Hardware:** An image of a Sony 4K TV. Description: It is Computer Hardware, which represents a Electronics and Hardware , which could be categorized as Technology and Computing. Price: Rs1 Category: Sports and Outdoors. Buttons: Show Details, Edit, Delete.
- Humidification Service:** An image of a Google Home smart speaker. Description: It is Healthcare, which is related to Technology and Healthcare. Category: Healthcare. Charge by: day Rate: 500. Buttons: Edit, Delete.
- Laptop:** An image of a Dell laptop. Description: It is Electronics , which could be categorized as Technology and Computing. Price: Rs12000 Category: Electronics. Buttons: Show Details, Edit, Delete.
- Lighting:** An image of a ceiling light fixture. Description: It is Lighting , which could be categorized as Home and Indoors. Category: Legal Services. Charge by: hour Rate: 4. Buttons: Edit, Delete.

FIGURE 4.11: Shop Trackee - Products and Services Listing

#### 4.4.12 Customer Home

The screenshot shows the customer home page of Shop Trackee. At the top, it displays a welcome message for 'Zeeshan Customer' and various statistics: 268 Searches, 890 Delivered, 62 Pending, and 1.2k Rejected. To the right is a map of a local area with several landmarks labeled, including Interchange Park, SAMANABAD TOWN, Gulshan e Iqbal Park, and Gaddaff Stadium. Below the map, there are sections for 'Products' and 'Services'.

**Products:** A grid of three items with 'Request Order' buttons:

- Wristwatch:** An image of a black leather strap watch. Description: It is Wristwatch, which could be categorized as Apparel and Accessories. It is measured as 94 percent wide and 99 percent large inside the image. Price: Rs99.
- Headphone:** An image of a Sony headphones. Description: It is Electronic Headphone, which is categorized as Technology and Computing. Price: Rs1500.
- Running Shoe:** An image of a black and blue running shoe. Description: It is Running Shoe, which represents a Clothing, Footwear, and Shoe. It could be categorized as Apparel and Accessories. It is measured as 79 percent wide and 53 percent large inside the image. Price: Rs2000.

**Services:** A list of service categories: Consulting, Healthcare, Repair, Beauty, Legal Services, Financial Consulting, Educational Services, Event Planning, Fitness and Wellness, Transportation Services, Cleaning Services. A 'View All' button is also present.

FIGURE 4.12: Shop Trackee - Customer Home

#### 4.4.13 Customer Searching Around

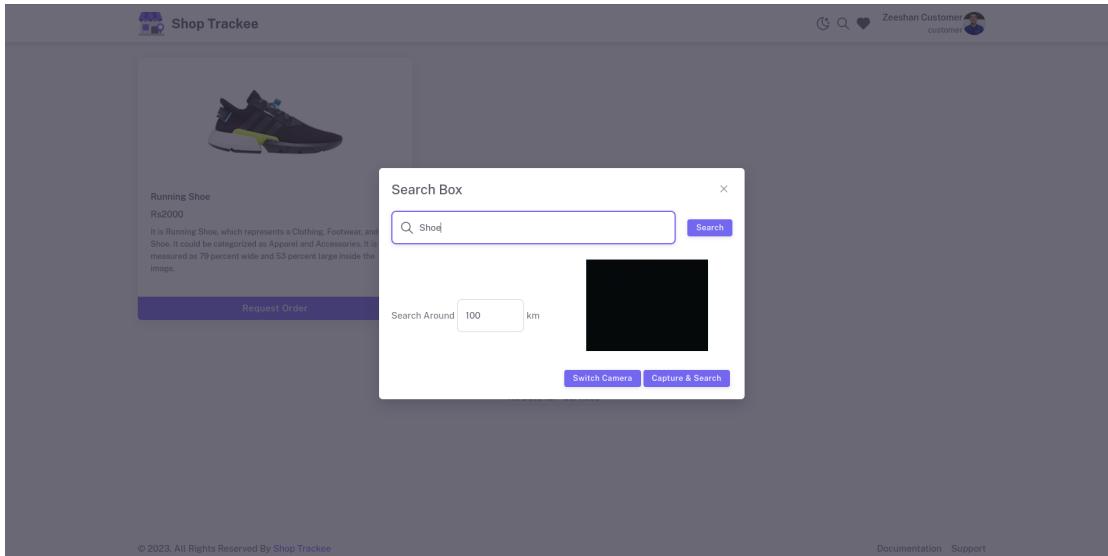


FIGURE 4.13: Shop Trackee - Customer Searching Around

#### 4.4.14 Customer Requesting Order

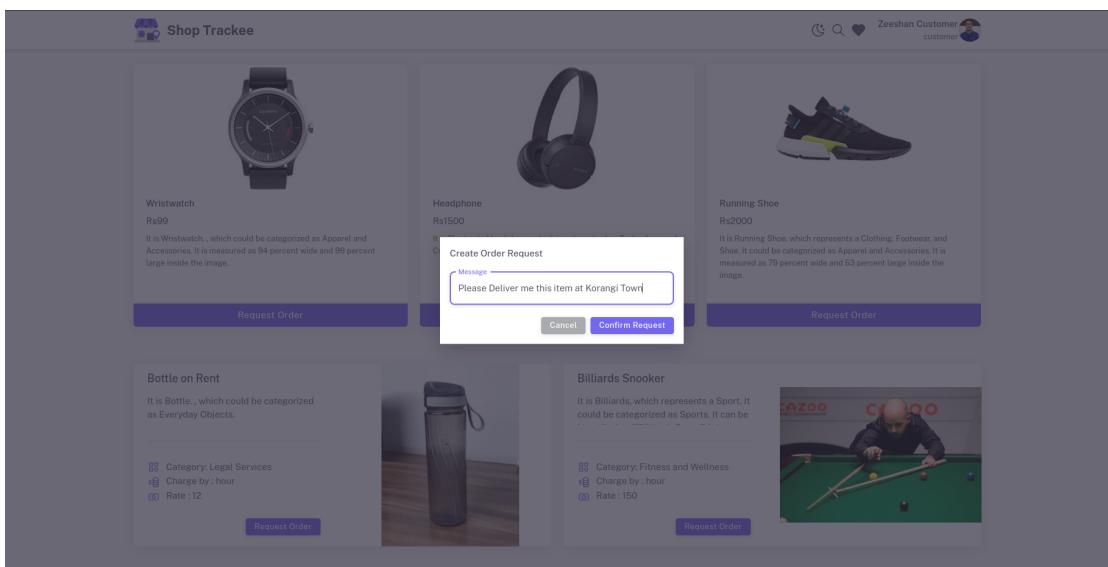


FIGURE 4.14: Shop Trackee - Customer Requesting Order

#### 4.4.15 Customer Order Requests History

Order Requests						
ITEM	SHOP	MESSAGE	CREATED AT	STATUS	ACTIONS	
Wristwatch Product	Cavalry Shop	Please deliver this watch!	Sat, 07 Oct 2023 5:29 PM	Rejected	<button>Remove</button>	
Running Shoe Product	Liberty Shop	My Request for shoes.	Sat, 07 Oct 2023 1:26 PM	Accepted	<button>Remove</button>	
Billiards Snooker Service	Liberty Shop	Service request	Sat, 07 Oct 2023 12:15 AM	Accepted	<button>Remove</button>	
Running Shoe Product	Liberty Shop	Can Deliver this one pair of Shoes to my Locat	Sun, 08 Oct 2023 7:11 PM	Pending	<button>Cancel</button>	
Wristwatch Product	Cavalry Shop	I need a single wristwatch.	Sun, 08 Oct 2023 7:12 PM	Pending	<button>Cancel</button>	
Headphone Product	Cavalry Shop	Could you deliver me one headphone here at T	Sun, 08 Oct 2023 7:12 PM	Accepted	<button>Remove</button>	
Wristwatch Product	Cavalry Shop	Please Deliver me this item at Korangi Town	Sun, 08 Oct 2023 8:36 PM	Pending	<button>Cancel</button>	

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FIGURE 4.15: Shop Trackee - Customer Order Requests History

#### 4.4.16 Customer Favorites

Furniture
Food and Beverages
Materials

F
Congratulation Flora! 🎉
Today

New user registered. 5 hours ago Yesterday

New message received 🤝 You have 10 unread messages 11 Aug

Received Payment 25 May

Received Order 📦 New order received from John 19 Mar

[View All](#)

[View All Favorites](#)

FIGURE 4.16: Shop Trackee - Customer Favorites

#### 4.4.17 Dark Mode

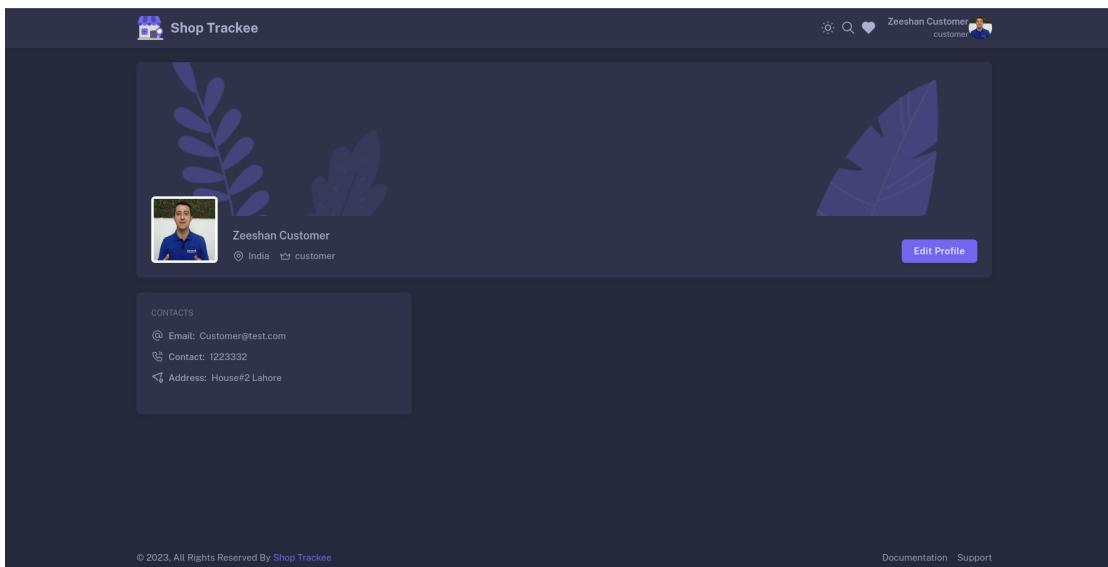


FIGURE 4.17: Shop Trackee - Dark Mode

## 4.5 Hardware Interface

The "Track My Shop" web application is primarily a software-based system that relies on internet connectivity and web browsers to function. However, there are a few essential hardware components and interfaces that enable its operation:

- Computer Systems (Desktops, Laptops, Tablets)
- Smartphones and Mobile Devices
- Stable Internet Connection
- Cameras (for Image Capture)
- Global Positioning System (GPS) and Location Services
- Input Devices (Keyboards, Mouse, Touchscreens)

### 4.5.1 Hardware Requirements

Here are some minimal requirements of hardware to run this Web Application:

- Pentium 4 - 1.9Ghz
- RAM 1 GB+
- System Storage (minimum 1 GB)
- Windows, Linux, Mac, Andriod, IOS
- Browsers (Chrome 64+, Edge 79+, Firefox 67+, Opera 51+, Safari 12+)
- GPS WGS 84 (World Geodetic System 1984) datum for Google Maps

## 4.6 Evaluation

Each element of our website is meticulously designed based on the findings of Market Shop Sellers and Customer Research, which takes into account criteria such as technical knowledge, and comprehension. The user is given a seamless experience, allowing them to easily see, update, upload, and manage their data. While designing the website, Human Computer Interaction concepts were taken into account, allowing the user to see where they are presently working and easy to use. Before releasing the website, we make sure that all of the tabs and buttons are visible and double-checked and everything is working properly. Once the website is ready for the user, it will be extensively tested and any necessary changes will be done. Hence the website is user friendly and unambiguous.

## 4.7 Unit Testing

## 4.8 Functional Testing

### 4.8.1 Testing Requirements

## 4.9 Requirements

### Some more samples of tables

Another sample for Table

**Algorithm 1:** Group-TS

**Input:** Transition system of each member  $\{T_1, T_2, T_3\}$ .

**Output:** Combined Transition System of members that is  $\mathbf{T}$ .

1. Let  $m = 1, 2, 3$
2.  $q_T^0 = q_m^0$ .
3. recursive search on  $\mathbf{T}$  starting from initial state ( $q_T^0$ ).
4.  $q_m \in q$ .
5. The transition of  $T_m$  is defined as  $\rightarrow_m$ . where  $\rightarrow_m = (q, q')$
6.  $\tau$  : set of possible transitions and  $\rightarrow_m \in \tau$  then do.
7.  $\omega$  = minimum weight of  $\rightarrow_m$  when the robot finds some region.
8. Find new state of transition system that is  $q'$  and if  $q'$  not exists then.
9. Insert the state  $q'$  to  $\mathbf{T}$ .
10. Insert new transition to  $\delta_T$  with assigning the weight  $\omega$ . where  $\delta_T$  is the set of transitions.
11. prolong search from new state  $q'$
12. else if there is no transition for  $(q, q')$  then
13. Include transition that is from  $(q, q')$  to  $\delta_T$  with assigning the weight  $\omega$

TABLE 4.1: (a) Results after running the Transition System

$\mathbb{T}$	0	2	3	4	6	8	10	...
$r*_{group}$	$q_0, q_0, q_0$	$q_1, q_1, q_1$	$q_1 q_0 1, q_2, q_3$	$q_0, q_1, q_2$	$q_1, q_0, q_3$	$q_0, q_1, q_2$	$q_1, q_0, q_3$	...
$L_T(.)$	.	$p_1, p_2, p_4, \sigma$	$p_3, p_5$	$p_2, p_6, \sigma$	$p_1, p_5, \sigma$	$p_2, p_6, \sigma$	$p_1, p_5, \sigma$	...
$r_1^*$	$q_0$	$q_1$	.	$q_0$	$q_1$	$q_0$	$q_1$	...
$r_2^*$	$q_0$	$q_1$	$q_2$	$q_1$	$q_0$	$q_1$	$q_0$	...
$r_3^*$	$q_0$	$q_1$	$q_3$	$q_1$	$q_0$	$q_1$	$q_0$	...

We assume in Table 4.1 the first row shows the time when the transition occurs, second row represents the run  $r*_{group}$ , third row corresponds to the satisfied propositions, and last three rows shows the separate run of these three robots. We observed in the optimal run that  $(q_0, q_0, q_0)$ ,  $(q_1, q_1, q_1)$ ,  $(q_1 q_0 1, q_2, q_3)$  is prefix and  $(q_0, q_1, q_2)$ ,  $(q_1, q_0, q_3)$  is suffix cycle and that will be repeated an infinite number of times. The given time which satisfies the  $\sigma$  is  $\mathbb{T}^\sigma = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, \dots\}$  and the function defined in (3.2) is  $C(\mathbb{T}) = 2$ .

Now, the time sequence when  $\sigma$  is repeatedly satisfied is  $\mathbb{T}^\sigma = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, \dots\}$  and cost function is given as;

$$\begin{aligned} C(\mathbb{T}) &= \lim_{k \rightarrow +\infty} (\mathbb{T}(k+1) - \mathbb{T}(k)) \\ &= \mathbb{T}(k+1) - \mathbb{T}(k) \\ &= 4 - 2 = 2 \end{aligned}$$

As  $C(\mathbb{T}) = 2$  is the obtained function where the  $\sigma$  is repeatedly satisfied. At  $t=3$ , robot2 has reached at  $q_2$  while the robot1 is still moving from  $q_1$  to  $q_0$ , therefore  $r_1^*$  has no correlated state to  $t=3$ .

#### 4.9.1 Accurate Specified Run

In Algorithm.2 the exact solution is summarized and it shows that a particular solution is given to a specified problem for that case where robots have exact time

information.

**Algorithm 2:** Accurate-Run

**Input:**  $\{T_1, T_2, T_3\}$  & LTL formula  $\phi$ .

**Result:** Different runs of each system in the form  $\{r_1^*, r_2^*, r_3^*\}$  that satisfies  $\phi$ .

1.  $n = 1, 2, 3$
2. Model the group transition system  $\mathbf{T}$ .
3. Now search runs  $r*_{group}$  for the system as done in Table.1.
4. Trace runs  $r*_{group}$  on the transition systems  $T_n$  to obtain the runs  $r_n^*$ .
5. Then find obtained function where  $\sigma$  is satisfied.

As the grouped transition system  $\mathbf{T}$  is constructed by using Algorithm.1 to model the team. After that we obtain a run  $r*_{group}$  on  $\mathbf{T}$  that satisfies the LTL formula.

TABLE 4.2: (b) Results after running the Transition System

$\mathbb{T}$	0	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	...
$r*_{group}$	$q_0, q_0, q_0$	$q_1, q_1, q_1$	$q_1 q_0 1, q_2, q_3$	$q_0, q_1, q_2$	$q_0 q_1 1, q_2, q_3$	$q_1, q_1, q_1$	$q_1 q_0 1, q_2, q_3$	$q_0, q_1, q_2$	$q_0 q_1 1, q_2, q_3$	...
$L_T(.)$	.	$p_1, p_2, p_4, \sigma$	$p_3, p_5$	$p_2, p_6, \sigma$	$p_3, p_5$	$p_1, p_2, p_4, \sigma$	$p_3, p_5$	$p_2, p_6, \sigma$	$p_3, p_5$	...
$r_1^*$	$q_0$	$q_1$	.	$q_0$	.	$q_1$	.	$q_0$	.	...
$r_2^*$	$q_0$	$q_1$	$q_2$	$q_1$	$q_2$	$q_1$	$q_2$	$q_1$	$q_2$	...
$r_3^*$	$q_0$	$q_1$	$q_3$	$q_1$	$q_3$	$q_1$	$q_3$	$q_1$	$q_3$	...

Now similarly in Table 4.2 the first row shows the time when the transition occur, second row represents the run  $r*_{group}$ , third row corresponds to the satisfied propositions, and last three rows shows the separate run of three robots. As we observed in the optimal run that  $(q_0, q_0, q_0)$ ,  $(q_1, q_1, q_1)$  is the prefix and  $(q_1 q_0 1, q_2, q_3)$ ,

$(q_0, q_1, q_2), (q_0 q_1 1, q_2, q_3), (q_1, q_2, q_3)$  is the suffix cycle and that will be repeated an infinite number of times. The given time which satisfies the  $\sigma$  is  $\mathbb{T}^\sigma = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, \dots\}$  and the function defined in (3.2) is  $C(\mathbb{T}) = 2$ .

Now as we done in Table 4.1 similarly the same procedure for this run shown in Table 4.2, the time sequence when  $\sigma$  is repeatedly satisfied is  $\mathbb{T}^\sigma = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, \dots\}$  and cost function is given as;

$$C(\mathbb{T}) = \lim_{k \rightarrow +\infty} (\mathbb{T}(k+1) - \mathbb{T}(k))$$

$$= \mathbb{T}(k+1) - \mathbb{T}(k)$$

$$= 4 - 2 = 2$$

As  $C(\mathbb{T}) = 2$  is the obtained function where the  $\sigma$  is repeatedly satisfied.

For some applications including new states and corresponding transitions to the structure of the robotic system may indicate to introducing advance stages or motion commands at some lower level. So the proper way in which the changes of these models are strictly application specific and we do not consider such details in our work. Assuming that these changes can be implemented in future.

#### 4.9.2 Synchronized Specification

If there is a situation in which robots are moving at uncertain time and  $\phi$  is not satisfied then we consider individual synchronization run for the robots that helps in guarantee the correctness of the model. In Algorithm.3 the protocols which is followed by the robots for synchronization in the field.

**Algorithm 3:** Synchronized-Move

**Input:**  $r_i$  and sequence  $s_i$  of  $robot_i$

**Result:** Simple synchronized moves for each robot that satisfies  $\phi$ .

- Initialized z at 0 and while True do
  - 1. report all the members.
  - 2. wait until all members received their information message.
  - 3. after satisfying propositions at  $r_i^z$  create a transition to  $r_i^{z+1}$ .
  - 4.  $z = z + 1$ .

## **Chapter 5**

## **Conclusion & Future Work**

Background command executed:  
spin -p -s -r -X -v -n123 -l -g -k methodology/trail -u1000 methodology

Mode	A Full Channel	Output Filtering (reg. exps.)	(Re)Run
<input type="radio"/> Random, with seed:	123	<input checked="" type="radio"/> loses new messages <input type="radio"/> blocks new messages <input type="radio"/> queue ids:	Stop
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Interactive (for resolution of all nondeterminism)			Rewind
<input type="radio"/> Guided, with trail: methodology.trail	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> browse	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MSC+stmt	Step Forward
initial steps skipped:	0	MSC max text width: 20	Step Backward
maximum number of steps:	10000	MSC update delay: 25	track scaling:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Track Data Values (this can be slow)			

Save in: msc.js  
RL4  
111

```

4 chan leave_loc = [2] of [chan];
5 chan Find_loc = [2] of [chan];
6 chan Find_desit = [2] of [chan];
7 int Formula;
8 int Prop;
9 int Pick;
10 int Drop;
11 int Robot_pick;
12 int Robot_drop;
13 active prototype R1(chan move, srch)
14 {
15   rchan now move;
16 }

```

[variable values, step 7]

```

Drop = 0
Formula = 0
GroupTS(7):states = 10
Pick = 0
Prop = 0
Robot_drop = 0
Robot_pick = 0

```

transition failed  
spin: trail ends after 7 steps  
#processes: 8

```

7. proc 7 (GroupTS) methodology/60 (state 18)
7. proc 6 (R3) methodology/41 (state 10)
7. proc 5 (R2) methodology/27 (state 7)
7. proc 4 (R1) methodology/19 (state 2)
7. proc 3 (init) methodology/84 (state 6)
7. proc 2 (R3) methodology/42 (state 1)
7. proc 1 (R2) methodology/27 (state 7)
7. proc 0 (R1) methodology/17 (state 3)
8 processes created
Exit_Status 0

```

[queues, step 7]

```

q 1 :: (Leave_loc);
q 2 :: (Find_loc);
q 3 :: (Find_desit);
q 4 :: (Robot_source);
q 5 :: (Robot_desit);

```

FIGURE 5.1: Result after simulation

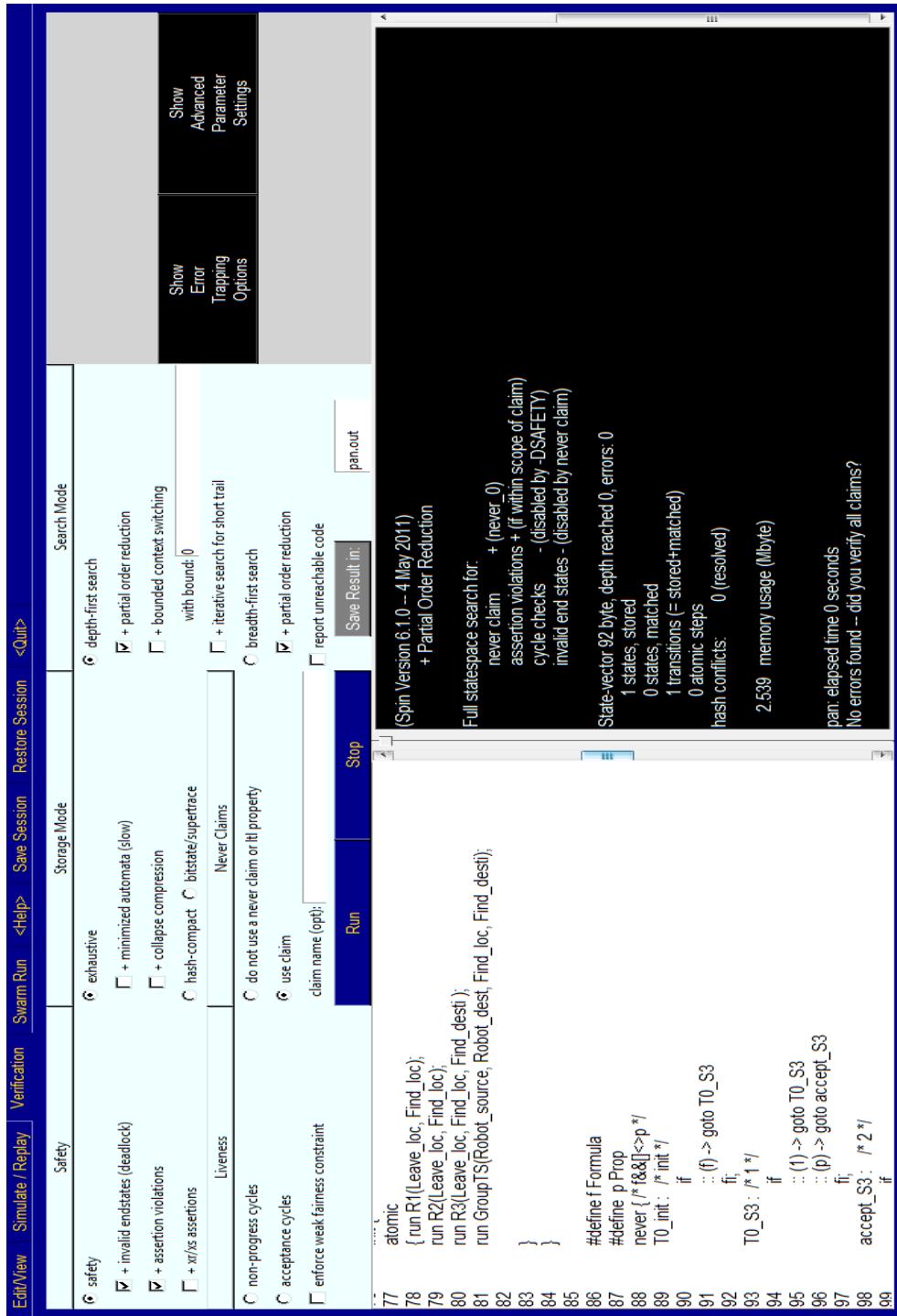


FIGURE 5.2: Result after verification

## 5.1 Conclusion

A method is presented in this work for modeling the concurrent activities of a group of robots using temporal logics. The specifications are expressed in LTL formula and an algorithm is provided to model the transition system for the group of robots. Our method is optimal in a computational way as compared to previous methods, in which they constructed a model that captures all group members and their mission specification. The main drawback is the complexity of previous models that are time consuming processes.

Our approach is optimal to handle such cases where robots can take an action after confirmation of path availability according to the plan, and in some applications they has practical value where a series of different tasks performed by multiple robots in an environment. For some applications including new states and corresponding transitions to the structure of the robotic system may indicate to introducing advance stages or motion commands at some lower level. So the proper way in which the changes of these models are strictly application specific and we do not consider such details in our work. Assuming that these changes can be implemented in future.

# **Appendix A**

## **Appendix Title Here**

Write your Appendix content here.

# Bibliography

[1] <http://scribd.com>.

# Index

Computer Science, [i](#)

sample, [1](#)