C++ (& C) Grab Bag

Final Project: Due in 2 Days Complete Something

Parent destructors

```
struct Buffer {
  Buffer(int s) { buf = new char[s]; }
 ~Buffer() { delete [] buf; }
  char *buf;
};
struct FBuffer : public Buffer {
  FBuffer(int s) : Buffer(s) {
    f = fopen("file", "w");
 ~FBuffer() { fclose(f); }
  void write() { fwrite(buf, 1, 40, f); }
  FILE *f;
```

```
struct Buffer {
   Buffer(int s);
   ~Buffer();
   char *buf;
};
```

```
struct FBuffer
: public Buffer {
  FBuffer(int s);
  ~FBuffer();
  void write();
  FILE *f;
};
```

```
Buffer *buf = new Buffer(128);
delete buf;
// ✓
```

```
struct Buffer {
   Buffer(int s);
   ~Buffer();
   char *buf;
};
```

```
struct FBuffer
: public Buffer {
    FBuffer(int s);
    ~FBuffer();
    void write();
    FILE *f;
};
```

```
FBuffer *fbuf = new FBuffer(128);
delete fbuf;
// ✓
```

Construction

Uninitialized

Buffer (buf)

Uninitialized

Buffer (buf)

FBuffer (f)

Destruction

Buffer (buf)

Buffer (buf)

FBuffer (f)

Uninitialized

Uninitialized

```
struct Buffer {
   Buffer(int s);
   ~Buffer();
   char *buf;
};
```

```
struct FBuffer
: public Buffer {
    FBuffer(int s);
    ~FBuffer();
    void write();
    FILE *f;
};
```

```
Buffer *fbuf = new FBuffer(128);
delete fbuf;
// *X only ~Buffer is called
```

```
struct FBuffer
struct Buffer {
    Buffer();
    virtual ~Buffer();
    char *buf;
};

struct FBuffer
    public Buffer {
    FBuffer();
    virtual ~FBuffer();
    void write();
    FILE *f;
};
```

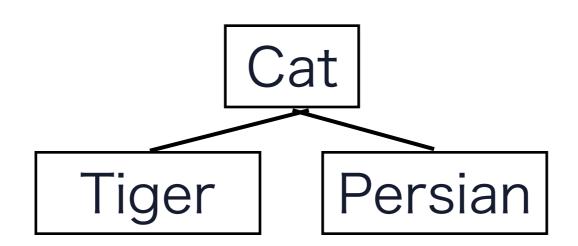
```
Buffer *fbuf = new FBuffer;
delete fbuf;
// √
```

C++ Casts

```
// C cast
char *buf = (char *) malloc(128);

// C-style cast
float b = 98.6;
int a = int(b);
```

```
// C-style cat casts
class Cat { };
class Tiger : public Cat { };
class Persian : public Cat { };
Cat *c = new Persian;
Tiger *t = (Tiger *)c; // whoops!
```



```
// valid up-cast

Tiger *t = new Tiger;

Cat *c1 = (Cat *)t;
Cat *c2 = static_cast<Cat *>(t);
Cat *c3 = dynamic_cast<Cat *>(t);
```

```
// almost valid down-cast
Cat *c = new Tiger;
Tiger *t1 = (Tiger *)c;
Tiger *t2 = static_cast<Tiger *>(c);
Tiger *t3 = dynamic_cast<Tiger *>(c); <</pre>
// compile error
```

```
// valid down-cast
class Cat { virtual void purr() { } };
class Tiger : public Cat { };
class Persian : public Cat { };
Cat *c = new Tiger;
Tiger *t1 = (Tiger *)c;
Tiger *t2 = static_cast<Tiger *>(c);
Tiger *t3 = dynamic_cast<Tiger *>(c);
```

```
// invalid down-cast
Cat *c = new Persian;
Tiger * (Tiger *)c;
Tiger * = static_cast<Tiger *>(c);
Tiger *t3 = dynamic_cast<Tiger *>(c);
// t1 & t2 are invalid pointers
// t3 is NULL
```

References

```
void swap(int *a, int *b) {
  int tmp = *a;
  *a = *b;
 *b = tmp;
int main() {
  int x = 2, y = 3;
  swap(&x, &y);
```

```
void swap(int &a, int &b) {
  int tmp = a;
  a = b;
  b = tmp;
int main() {
  int x = 2, y = 3;
  swap(x, y);
```

Hello, World!

Namespaces

```
SNDFILE *open(const char *);
count_t seek(SNDFILE *, count_t);
int error(SNDFILE *);
```

```
SNDFILE *sf_open(const char *);
count_t sf_seek(SNDFILE *, count_t);
int sf_error(SNDFILE *);
```

```
namespace sf {
    SNDFILE *open(const char *);
    count_t seek(SNDFILE *, count_t);
    int error(SNDFILE *);
}
```

```
std::cout << "Hello, World!"</pre>
           << std::endl;
using namespace std;
cout << "Hello, World!"</pre>
     << endl;
using std::cout;
using std::endl;
cout << "Hello, World!"</pre>
     << endl;
```

g++ -E hello.cpp

iostream

```
namespace std {
  extern istream cin;
  extern ostream cout;
  extern ostream cerr;
}
```

```
namespace std {
  extern istream cin;
  extern ostream cout;
  extern ostream cerr;

class ActionLawsuit {
  };
}
```

```
extern istream cin;
extern ostream cout;
extern ostream cerr;

class ActionLawsuit {
}:
```

```
namespace super {
  namespace std {
    extern istream cin;
    extern ostream cout;
    extern ostream cerr;
    class ActionLawsuit {
super::std::ActionLawsuit;
```

extern

iostream

```
namespace std {
  extern istream cin;
  extern ostream cout;
  extern ostream cerr;
}
```

iostream cout;

```
main.c

#include <iostream> #include <iostream>

int main() {
   cout << "i";
   foo();
}</pre>
int foo() {
   cout << "Phone";
}</pre>
```

```
main.c (preprocessed) foo.c (preprocessed) -
                       ostream cout;
ostream cout;
int main() {
                       int foo() {
  cout << "i";
                         cout << "Phone";
  foo();
                       foo.o
main.o
        cout
                                cout
                                foo
        main
```

ld: 1 duplicate symbol for architecture x86_64

```
main.c (preprocessed) foo.c (preprocessed)
extern ostream cout; extern ostream cout;
int main() {
                       int foo() {
  cout << "i";
                         cout << "Phone";
  foo();
                       foo.o
main.o
                                foo
        main
           <standard library>
                    cout
```

Operator Overloading

```
struct vec2 {
      vec2(float x, float y)
         : x(x), y(y) \{ \}
      float x, y;
    int main() {
      vec2 a(1, 0);
      vec2 b(1, 3);
      vec2 c = a + b; // compile error
vec.cpp: In function 'int main()':
```

vec.cpp:12: error: no match for 'operator+' in 'a + b'

```
vec2 vec2::add(const vec2 &o) {
  return vec2(x + o.x, y + o.y);
}
int main() {
  vec2 a(1, 0), b(1, 3);
  vec2 c = a.add(b);
}
```

```
vec2 vec2::operator +(const vec2 &o) {
  return vec2(x + o.x, y + o.y);
int main() {
  vec2 a(1, 0), b(1, 3);
  vec2 c = a + b;
 vec2 d = a.operator+(b);
```

```
vec2 operator +(vec2 &v, const vec2 &o) {
  return vec2(x + o.x, y + o.y);
}
int main() {
  vec2 a(1, 0), b(1, 3);
  vec2 c = a + b;
}
```

```
a + b
            a != b
            a && b
a * b
            a || b
            a & b
a / b
            a | b
a % b
a < b
a <= b
            a << b
            a >> b
a == b
            a, b
a >= b
a > b
            a[b]
```

vec2 operator+(const vec2 &o);

```
+a
-a
++a
a++
--a
a--
!a
~a
*a
&a
```

```
a = b
           a \&= b
           a |= b
a += b
           a ^= b
a = b
        a <<= b
a *= b
a /= b
        a >>= b
          a = (b += c)
a %= b
 vec2 &vec2::operator+=(const vec2 &o)
   X += 0.X;
                       (this is a pointer
   y += 0.y;
                        to the object)
   return *this;
```

Streams

```
struct Foo {
  char *str() const {
    return "Foo!";
ostream &
operator<<(ostream &os, const Foo &f) {
  return os << f.str();
int main() {
  Foo f;
  std::cout << f << std::endl;</pre>
```

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