

# CSE251 – " Project Report "

## 1. Project Title

**Smart Reverse Vending Machine with Gamification System**

## 2. Project Description

The proposed project aims to design and implement a smart reverse vending machine (RVM) that encourages university students to recycle plastic waste through gamification and rewards. Students scan their unique QR codes, deposit plastic recyclables, and earn points based on weight. The system creates multi-level competition (student vs. student, college vs. college) with leaderboards to drive engagement.

Points earned can be redeemed at the university cafeteria for food and beverages, creating a closed-loop incentive system. The RVM is powered by Raspberry Pi with integrated sensors (QR scanner, weight sensor, material classifier, liquid detector) and operates with offline capability, automatically synchronizing data when connectivity is restored.

**Material Classification:** AI-powered sensors automatically identify whether deposited items are plastic or non-plastic waste. Non-plastic materials are diverted to a separate waste compartment, preventing contamination of recyclable materials.

**Liquid Detection:** Advanced weight and tilt sensors detect liquid content inside plastic bottles. Bottles containing liquid are automatically rejected with clear instructions displayed to users to empty them first, ensuring recycling quality and preventing machine damage.

**The RVM includes a "Guest" button allowing unregistered campus members (doctors, TAs, faculty, staff, visitors) to contribute to recycling efforts without registration. Guest deposits contribute to overall campus sustainability metrics, promoting inclusive environmental responsibility across the entire university community.**

The system consists of a mobile application for students to view their QR codes, track points, check leaderboards, and redeem rewards. Administrators monitor system performance, manage inventory, view analytics through a web dashboard, and manage multiple RVM machines deployed across the university campus. The system automatically alerts administrators when machine capacity reaches 80% for timely maintenance and emptying. Administrators can also manage cafeteria rewards and view detailed reports on transactions, rankings, and environmental impact.

By combining IoT hardware, AI-based material validation, gamification, renewable energy awareness, and smart campus technologies, this project transforms waste management into an engaging, competitive, and eco-friendly campus service available to ALL campus members. **The system architecture follows SOLID principles to ensure maintainability, scalability, and extensibility.**

***"This project demonstrates the integration of IoT, AI validation, gamification, and sustainable practices into a scalable and eco-friendly campus recycling solution, designed with SOLID principles for robust software architecture and inclusive campus-wide participation."***

### 3. Team Members

ID	Name
23101608	Yasseen Ahmed El-Sayed
23101594	Mohamed Mustafa Awad
23101545	Ahmed Khaled Said
23101599	Marawan Khaled Ahmed
23101899	Mohamed Adel Abdulrahman

### 4. Database design:

#### Table + Relation Summary

**USER** is the parent for almost everything.

**AUTH\_SESSION** = active login sessions/JWTs (1 user → many sessions).

**AUTH\_TOKEN** = one-time tokens (email verification + password reset) (1 user → many).

**USER\_QR\_CODE** = user QR lifecycle (active/compromised/replaced). Self-reference via replaced\_by\_qr\_code\_id.

**QR\_SCAN\_EVENT** logs every scan (supports invalid/fake scans; user\_id nullable).

**MACHINE + MATERIAL + INVENTORY** = per-machine inventory by material (Machine 1→many Inventory; Material 1→many Inventory).

**TRANSACTION + TRANSACTION\_ITEM** = recycling workflow and items. user\_id nullable for guests with guest temp id.

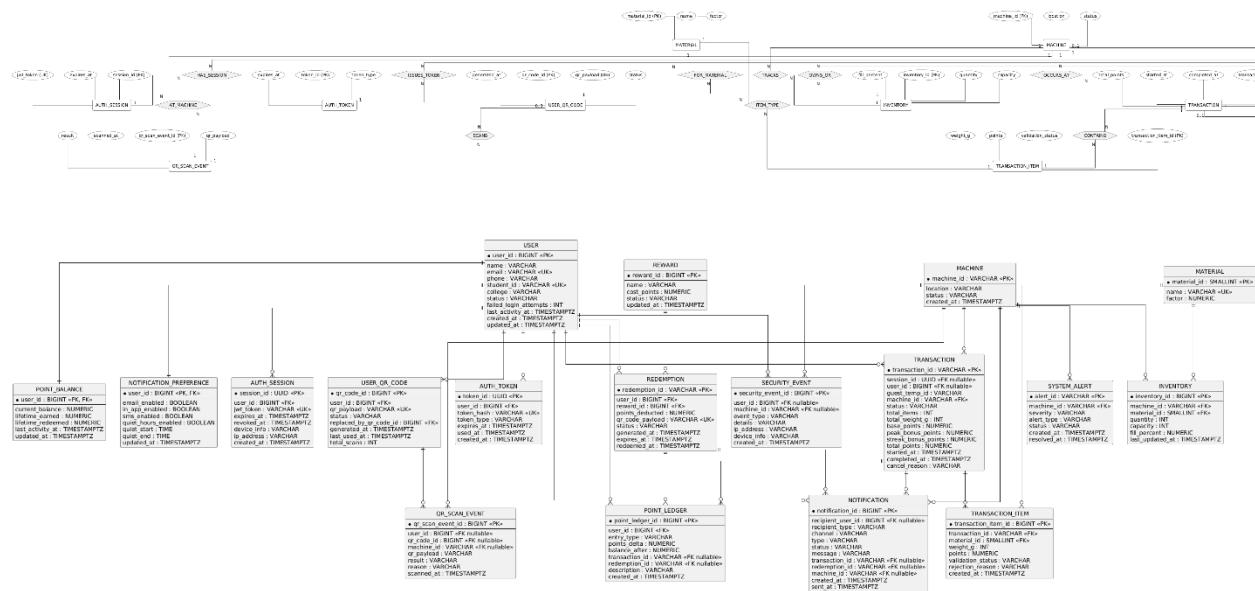
**POINT\_BALANCE** (1:1 with **USER**) + **POINT\_LEDGER** (1:many) = accounting-grade points tracking. Ledger rows can reference a transaction\_id or redemption\_id.

**REWARD + REDEMPTION** = reward catalog and redemption QR with expiry.

**NOTIFICATION\_PREFERENCE + NOTIFICATION** = user settings and notification history (notifications may reference transaction/redemption/machine).

**SYSTEM ALERT** = machine alerts (full, sensor failure, etc).

**SECURITY EVENT** = login failures, QR abuse, account lock, password changes, etc.



## Relationships (Diamonds) + cardinalities (write 1 / N)

Use these diamonds between rectangles:

USER — “has” — AUTH SESSION

## USER (1) — (N) AUTH<sup>—</sup> SESSION

USER — “receives” — AUTH TOK

USER (1) — (N) AUTH TOKEN

USER — “owns” — USER QR CODE

USER (1) — (N) USER OR CODE

USER(1) (P) USER\_QR\_CODE  
USER OR CODE — “scanned in” — OR SCAN H

**USER\_QR\_CODE** scanned\_in\_QR\_SCAN\_EVENT  
USER\_QR\_CODE (1) — (N) QR\_SCAN\_EVENT  
(QR SCAN EVENT may also exist without a valid QR in “fake QR” scenario — you can mark

**USER QR CODE optional)**

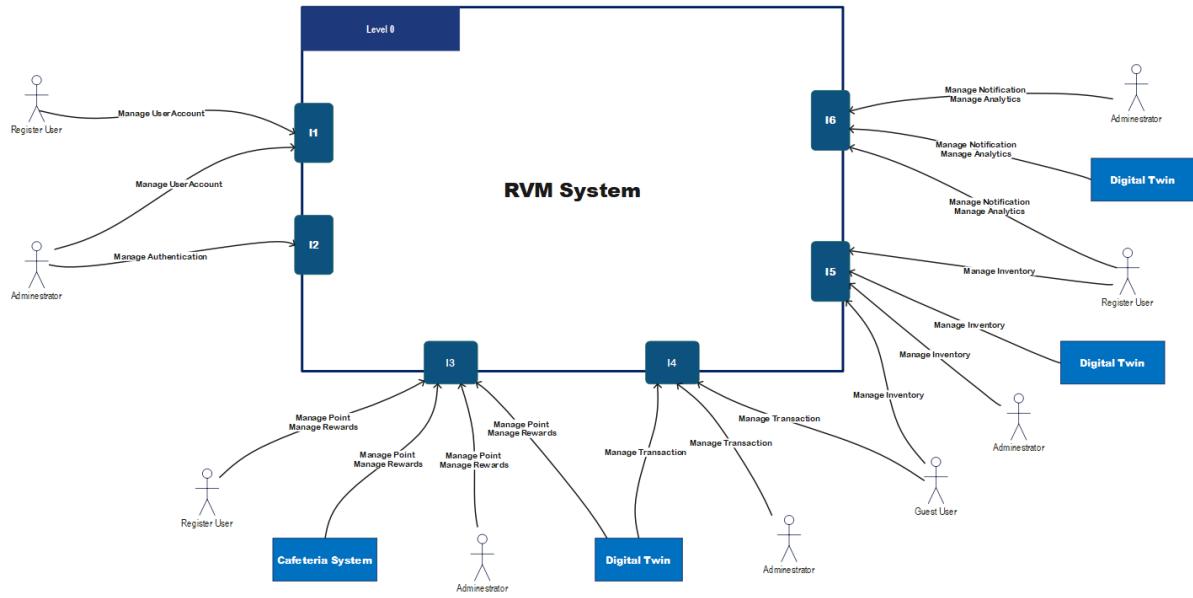
MACHINE = "records" = OR SCAN EVER

MACHINE (1) — (N) OR SCAN EVE

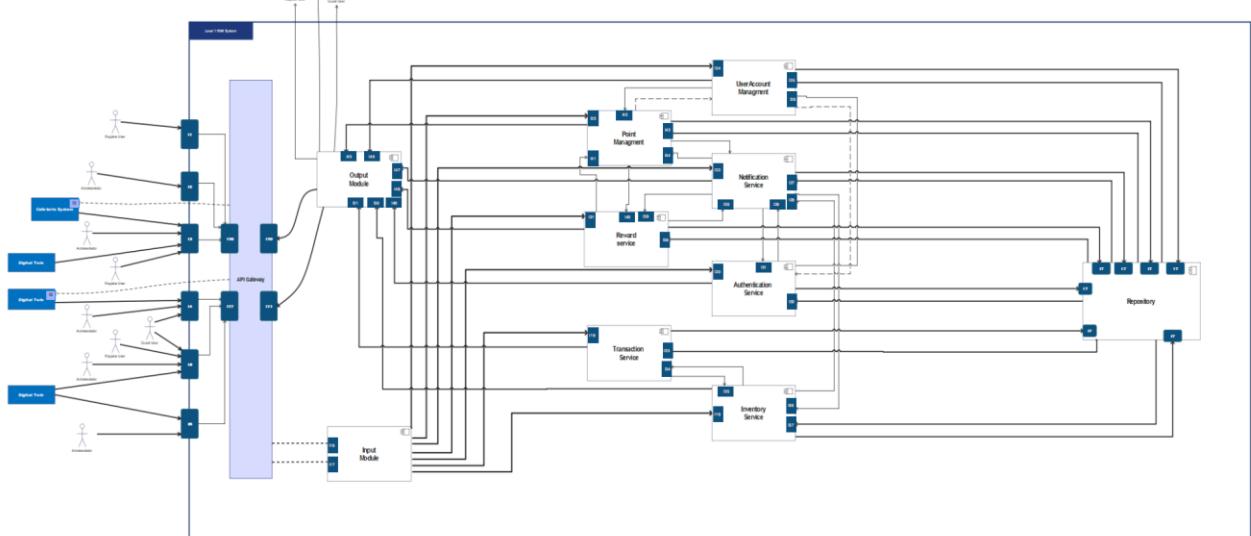
MACHINE (1) —— (N) INVENTORY  
MATERIAL — “categorized\_as” — INVENTORY  
MATERIAL (1) —— (N) INVENTORY  
USER — “performs” — TRANSACTION  
USER (1) —— (N) TRANSACTION  
(For guest: USER is optional; transaction has guest\_temp\_id)  
MACHINE — “occurs\_at” — TRANSACTION  
MACHINE (1) —— (N) TRANSACTION  
TRANSACTION — “contains” — TRANSACTION\_ITEM  
TRANSACTION (1) —— (N) TRANSACTION\_ITEM  
MATERIAL — “type\_of” — TRANSACTION\_ITEM  
MATERIAL (1) —— (N) TRANSACTION\_ITEM  
USER — “has” — POINT\_BALANCE  
USER (1) —— (1) POINT\_BALANCE  
USER — “has” — POINT\_LEDGER  
USER (1) —— (N) POINT\_LEDGER  
TRANSACTION — “generates” — POINT\_LEDGER  
TRANSACTION (1) —— (N) POINT\_LEDGER (earn entries)  
USER — “makes” — REDEMPTION  
USER (1) —— (N) REDEMPTION  
REWARD — “is\_redeemed\_in” — REDEMPTION  
REWARD (1) —— (N) REDEMPTION  
REDEMPTION — “creates” — POINT\_LEDGER  
REDEMPTION (1) —— (N) POINT\_LEDGER (redeem entries)  
USER — “receives” — NOTIFICATION  
USER (1) —— (N) NOTIFICATION  
USER — “configures” — NOTIFICATION\_PREFERENCE  
USER (1) —— (1) NOTIFICATION\_PREFERENCE  
MACHINE — “triggers” — SYSTEM\_ALERT  
MACHINE (1) —— (N) SYSTEM\_ALERT  
USER/MACHINE — “logs” — SECURITY\_EVENT  
USER (0/1) —— (N) SECURITY\_EVENT  
MACHINE (0/1) —— (N) SECURITY\_EVENT

## 5- The architecture models :

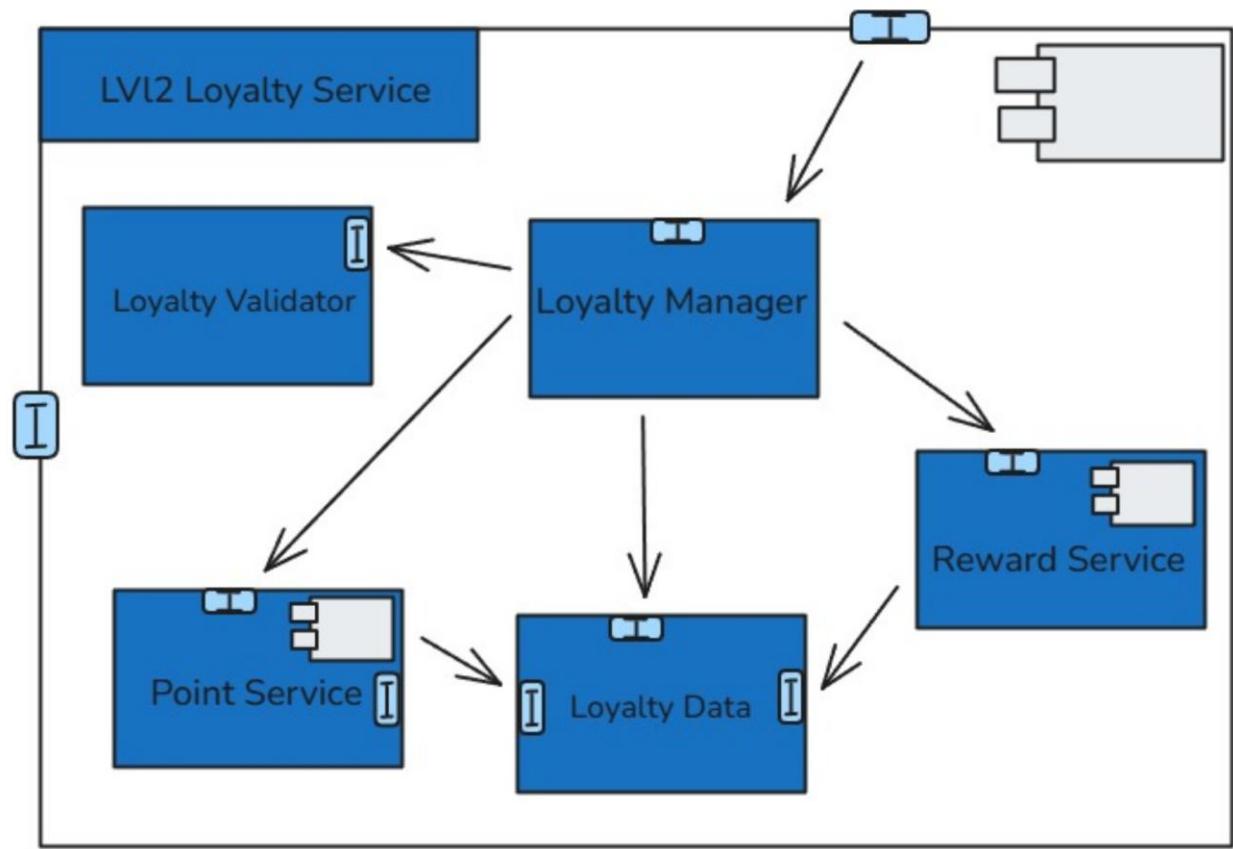
### Level 0 :

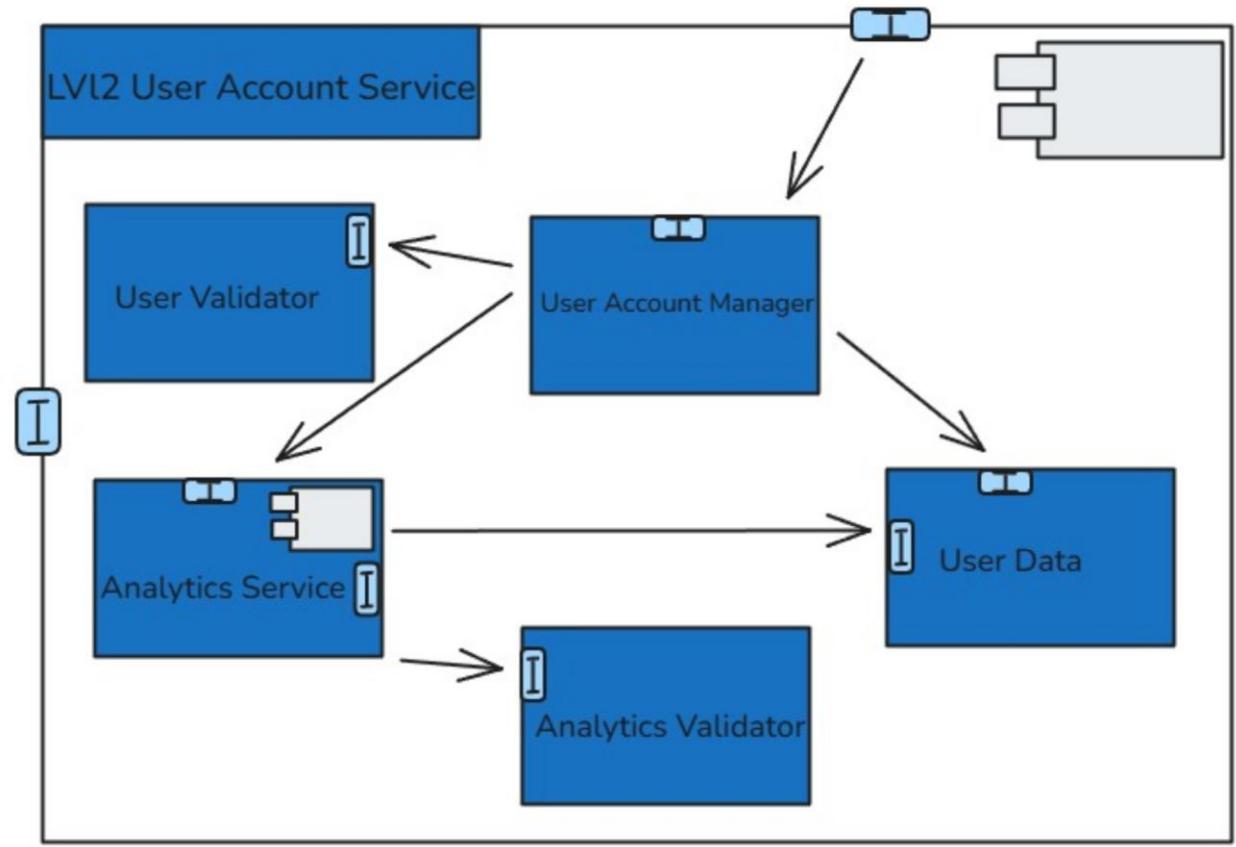


### Level 1 :

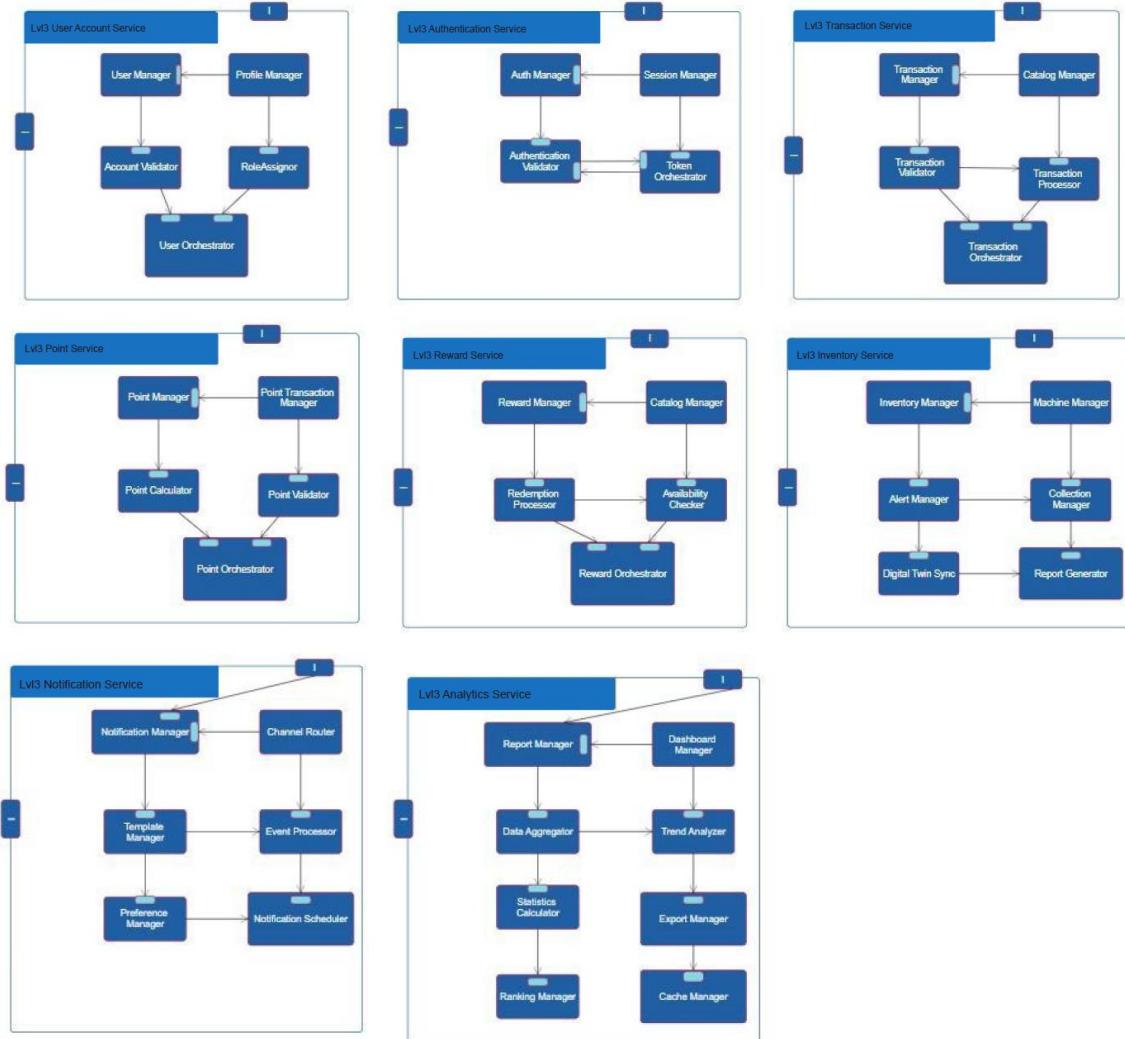


Level 2 :





## Level 3:



## 6- List interfaces description :

### List Description Diagram:

#### Interface 1 (I1): Manage User

- (1) public boolean registerUser(String username, String password, String email);
- (2) public boolean loginUser(String username, String password);
- (3) public boolean logoutUser(int userId);
- (4) public User getUserProfile(int userId);
- (5) public boolean updateUserProfile(int userId, String email, String phone);
- (6) public boolean deleteUserAccount(int userId);
- (7) public boolean resetPassword(String email);
- (8) public List<User> getAllUsers(String role);
- (9) public boolean assignUserRole(int userId, String role);
- (10) public boolean activateUserAccount(int userId);
- (11) public boolean deactivateUserAccount(int userId);

#### Interface 2 (I2): Manage Point, Rewards

- (1) public int getUserPointBalance(int userId);
- (2) public boolean addPoints(int userId, int points, String reason);
- (3) public boolean deductPoints(int userId, int points, String reason);
- (4) public List<PointTransaction> getPointHistory(int userId);
- (5) public List<Reward> getRewardCatalog();
- (6) public Reward getRewardDetails(int rewardId);
- (7) public boolean redeemReward(int userId, int rewardId);
- (8) public boolean addRewardToCatalog(String name, String description, int pointCost);
- (9) public boolean updateReward(int rewardId, String name, String description, int pointCost);
- (10) public boolean deleteReward(int rewardId);
- (11) public List<RedemptionHistory> getRedemptionHistory(int userId);
- (12) public boolean validateRedemption(int userId, int rewardId);

## List Description Diagram:

### Interface 3 (I3): Manage Authentication

```
① public AuthToken authenticateUser(String username, String password);
② public boolean validateToken(String token);
③ public boolean refreshToken(String token);
④ public boolean revokeToken(String token);
⑤ public boolean changePassword(int userId, String oldPassword, String newPassword);
⑥ public boolean verifyUserRole(int userId, String requiredRole);
⑦ public List<String> getUserPermissions(int userId);
⑧ public boolean enableTwoFactorAuth(int userId);
⑨ public boolean verifyTwoFactorCode(int userId, String code);
⑩ public boolean logSecurityEvent(int userId, String eventType, String description);
⑪ public List<SecurityLog> getSecurityLogs(int userId, Date startDate, Date endDate);
```

### Interface 4 (I4): Manage Inventory

```
① public InventoryStatus getMachineInventoryLevel(int machineId);
② public boolean recordItemDeposit(int machineId, String itemType, int quantity);
③ public boolean updateInventoryLevel(int machineId, int currentLevel, int capacity);
④ public List<Machine> getAllMachines();
⑤ public Machine getMachineDetails(int machineId);
⑥ public boolean setInventoryAlert(int machineId, int thresholdPercentage);
⑦ public List<InventoryAlert> getInventoryAlerts();
⑧ public boolean recordCollection(int machineId, int collectedQuantity, Date collectionDate);
⑨ public List<CollectionHistory> getCollectionHistory(int machineId);
⑩ public boolean updateMachineStatus(int machineId, String status);
⑪ public InventoryReport generateInventoryReport(Date startDate, Date endDate);
⑫ public boolean syncWithDigitalTwin(int machineId, InventoryData data);
```

## Interface 5 (I5): Manage Notification, Analytics

### Notification Functions

- ① public boolean sendNotification(int userId, String message, String channel);
- ② public boolean sendTransactionNotification(int userId, Transaction transaction);
- ③ public boolean sendPointUpdateNotification(int userId, int points, String reason);
- ④ public boolean sendRewardRedemptionNotification(int userId, Reward reward);
- ⑤ public boolean sendSystemAnnouncement(String message, List<Integer> userIds);
- ⑥ public boolean sendInventoryAlert(int adminId, int machineId, String alertType);
- ⑦ public List<Notification> getNotificationHistory(int userId);
- ⑧ public boolean updateNotificationPreferences(int userId, NotificationPreferences prefs);

### Analytics Functions

- ⑨ public AnalyticsReport generateUserActivityReport(Date startDate, Date endDate);
- ⑩ public AnalyticsReport generateTransactionReport(Date startDate, Date endDate);
- ⑪ public AnalyticsReport generateRecyclingTrendsReport(Date startDate, Date endDate);
- ⑫ public Dashboard getAdminDashboard();
- ⑬ public Map<String, Integer> getUserStatistics();
- ⑭ public Map<String, Double> getPointDistribution();
- ⑮ public List<TopUser> getTopRecyclers(int limit);
- ⑯ public FinancialReport generateFinancialReport(Date startDate, Date endDate);
- ⑰ public boolean exportReportToFile(Report report, String format);

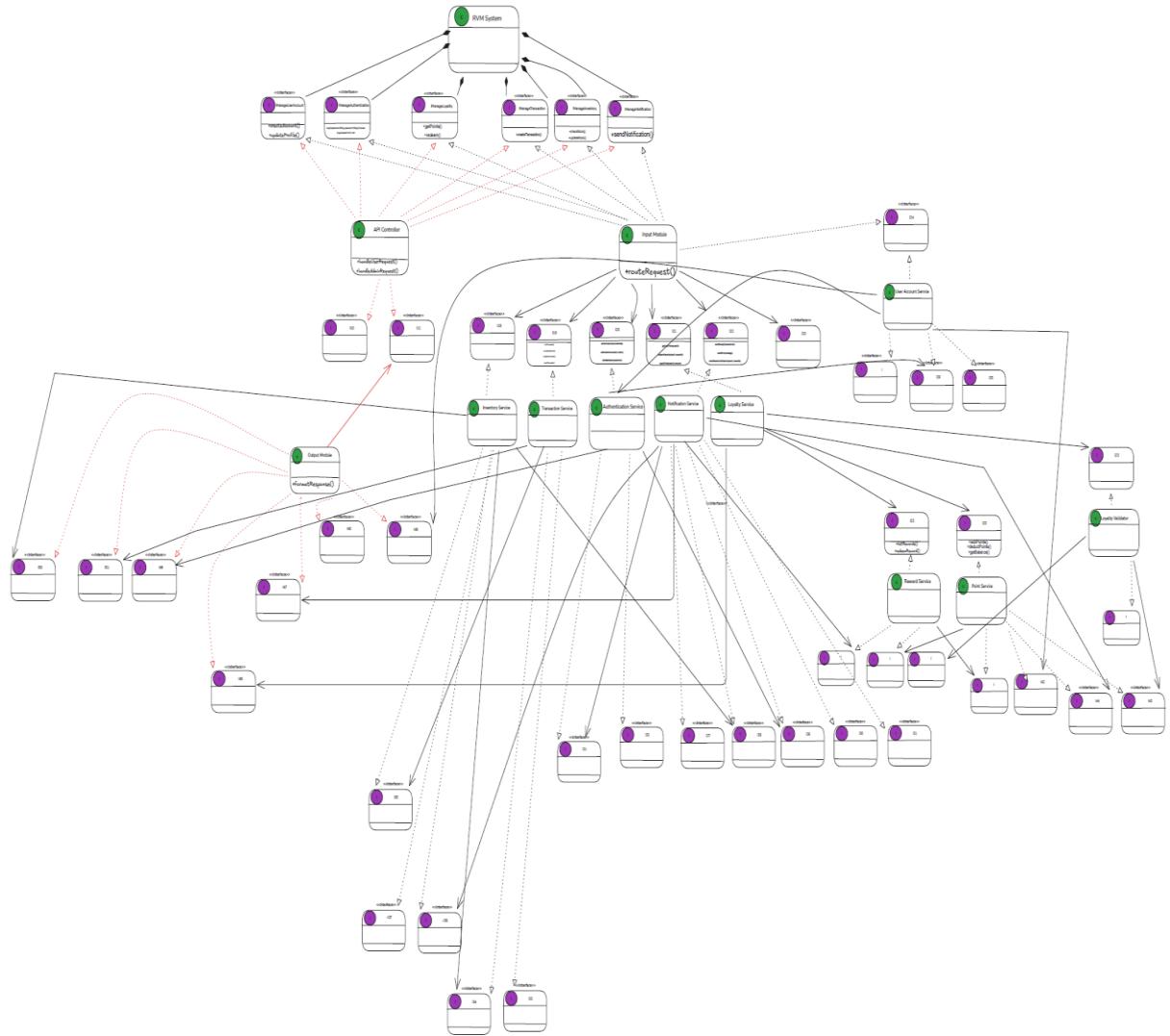
## Interface 6 (I6): Manage Transaction

- ① public Transaction createGuestTransaction(int machineId, String itemType, int quantity);
- ② public Transaction createUserTransaction(int userId, int machineId, String itemType, int quantity);
- ③ public boolean processTransaction(Transaction transaction);
- ④ public Transaction getTransactionDetails(int transactionId);
- ⑤ public List<Transaction> getTransactionHistory(int userId);
- ⑥ public List<Transaction> getAllTransactions(Date startDate, Date endDate);
- ⑦ public boolean validateTransaction(Transaction transaction);
- ⑧ public boolean cancelTransaction(int transactionId, String reason);
- ⑨ public boolean recordRedemptionTransaction(int userId, int rewardId, int pointsUsed);
- ⑩ public TransactionSummary getTransactionSummary(int userId);

## Internal Interface:

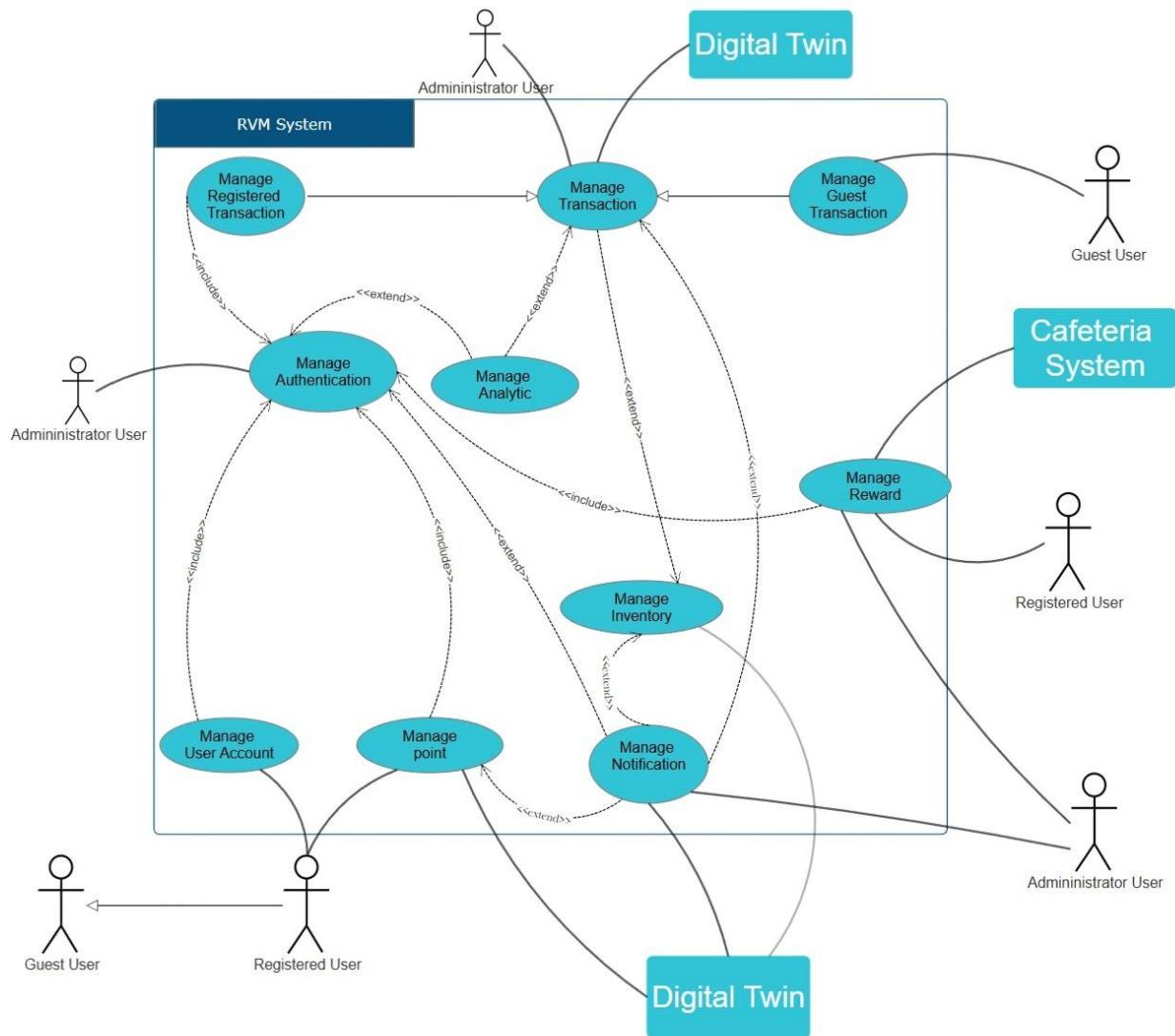
Interface Name	Type	Source Component	Target Component	Protocol/Method	Description	Data Format
IAuthManager	Service Interface	API Controller	Authentication Service	Method Calls	Manages user authentication and authorization	JSON Objects
ISessionManager	Service Interface	Authentication Service	DataLayer	Method Calls	Handles session creation, validation, and termination	Session Objects
ITokenOrchestrator	Service Interface	Authentication Service	API Controller	JWT/OAuth	Generates and validates authentication tokens	JWT Tokens
IUserManager	Service Interface	API Controller	User Account Service	Method Calls	Core user account CRUD operations	User DTOs
IProfileManager	Service Interface	User Account Service	DataLayer	Method Calls	Manages user profile information	Profile Objects
IRoleAssignor	Service Interface	User Account Service	Authentication Service	Method Calls	Assigns and manages user roles and permissions	Role Objects
IManagePoint	Service Interface	API Controller	Point Service	Method Calls	Handles point accumulation, balance, and transactions	Point Objects
IManageReward	Service Interface	API Controller	Reward Service	Method Calls	Manages reward catalog and redemption process	Reward Objects
IManageTransaction	Service Interface	API Controller	Transaction Service	Method Calls	Processes and records all system transactions	Transaction DTOs
IInventoryManager	Service Interface	API Controller	Inventory Service	Method Calls	Manages overall inventory tracking and updates	Inventory Objects
IMachineManager	Service Interface	Inventory Service	DataLayer	Method Calls	Manages RVM machine configurations and status	Machine Objects
IDigitalTwinSync	Service Interface	Inventory Service	External RVM Devices	IoT Protocol	Synchronizes virtual and physical RVM data	IoT Messages
IAlertManager	Service Interface	Inventory Service	Notification Service	Event-Driven	Triggers alerts for low inventory and issues	Alert Objects
IReportGenerator	Service Interface	Inventory Service	Analytics Service	Method Calls	Generates inventory and system reports	Report Objects
IManageNotification	Service Interface	Multiple Services	Notification Service	Event Queue	Sends push notifications and alerts to users	Notification Objects
IAnalyticsService	Service Interface	API Controller	Analytics Service	Method Calls	Processes and analyzes system data	Analytics DTOs
IUserData	Data Interface	Multiple Services	DataLayer	ORM/SQL	Provides data persistence for user information	Database Records
ILoyaltyData	Data Interface	Point/Reward Services	DataLayer	ORM/SQL	Provides data persistence for loyalty and points	Database Records

## 6- Class Diagram:

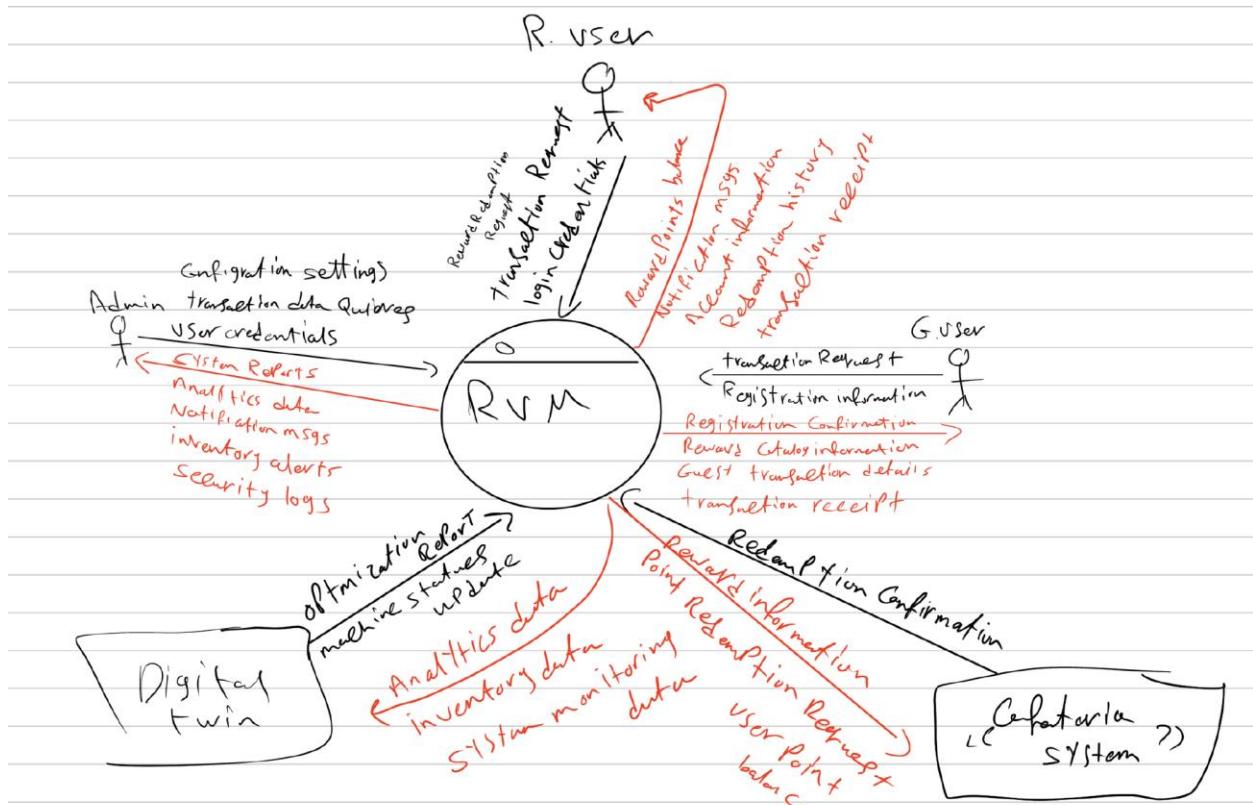
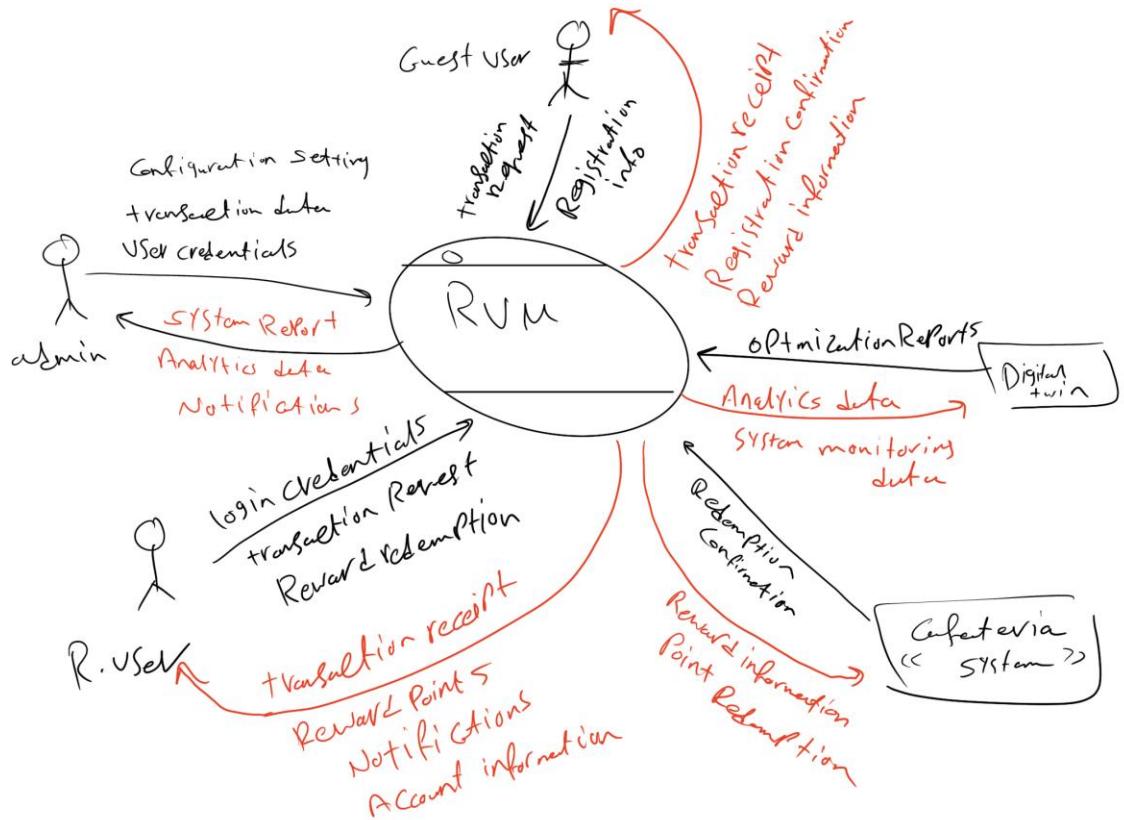


## 6- Diagrams :

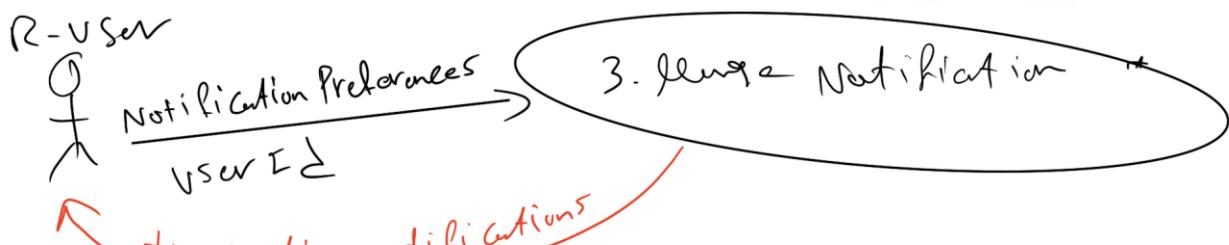
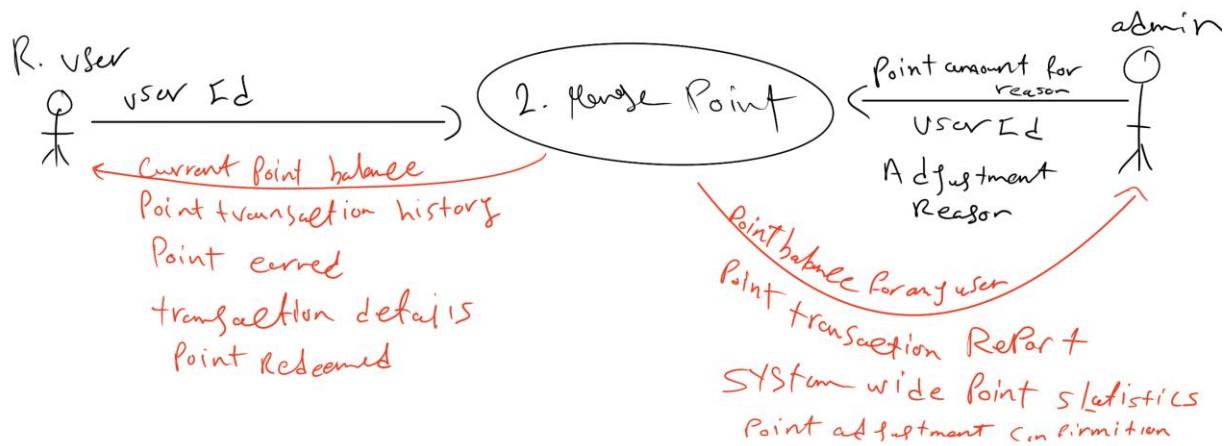
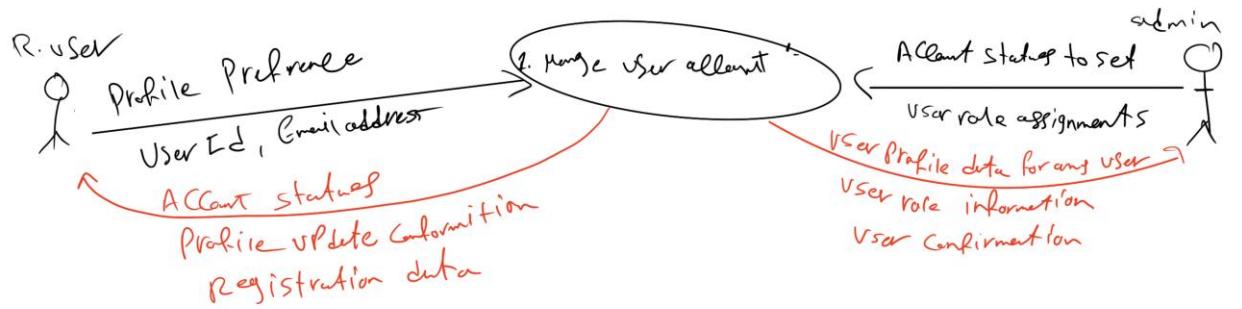
Usecase Diagram:



DFD Level 0:



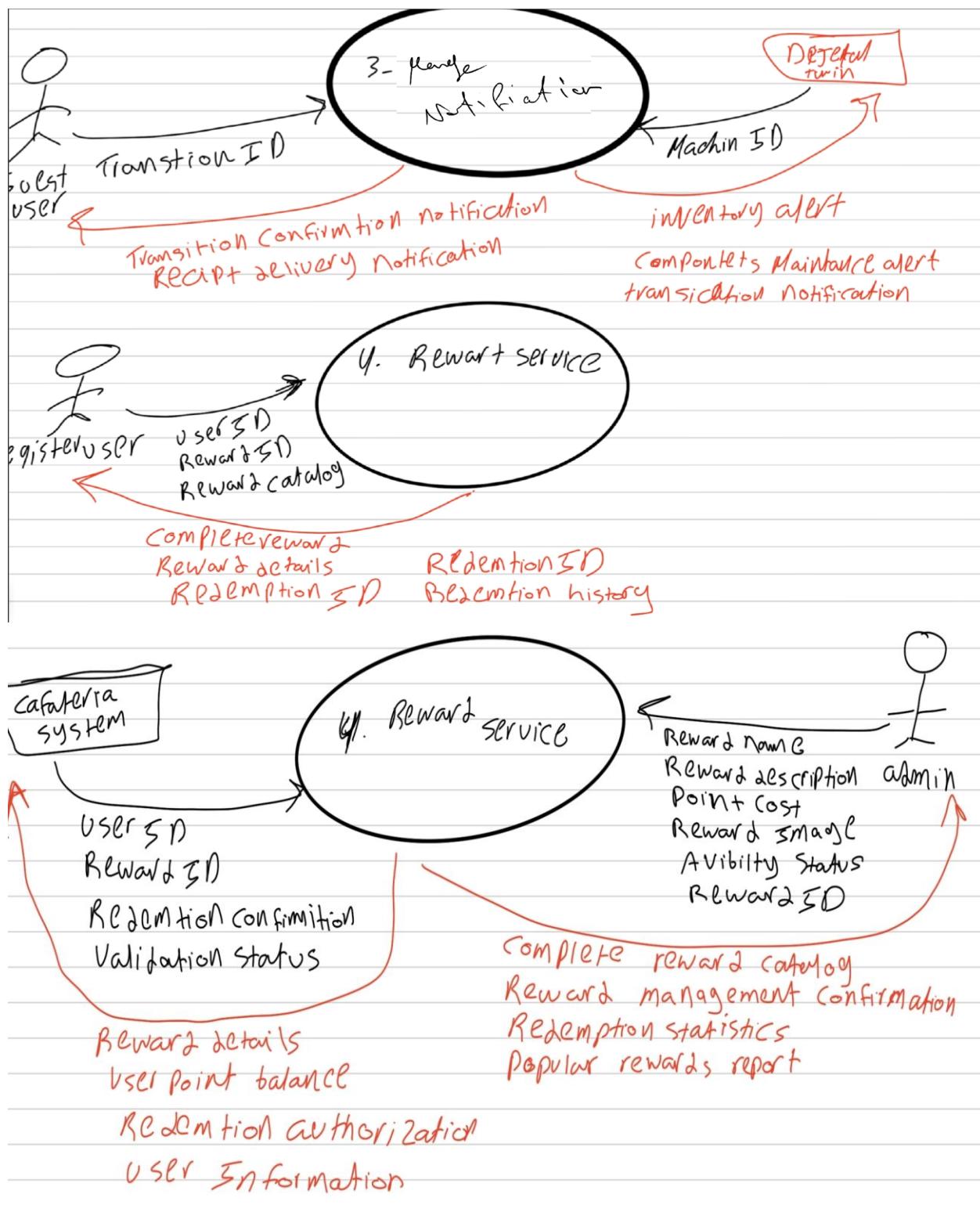
DFD Level 1

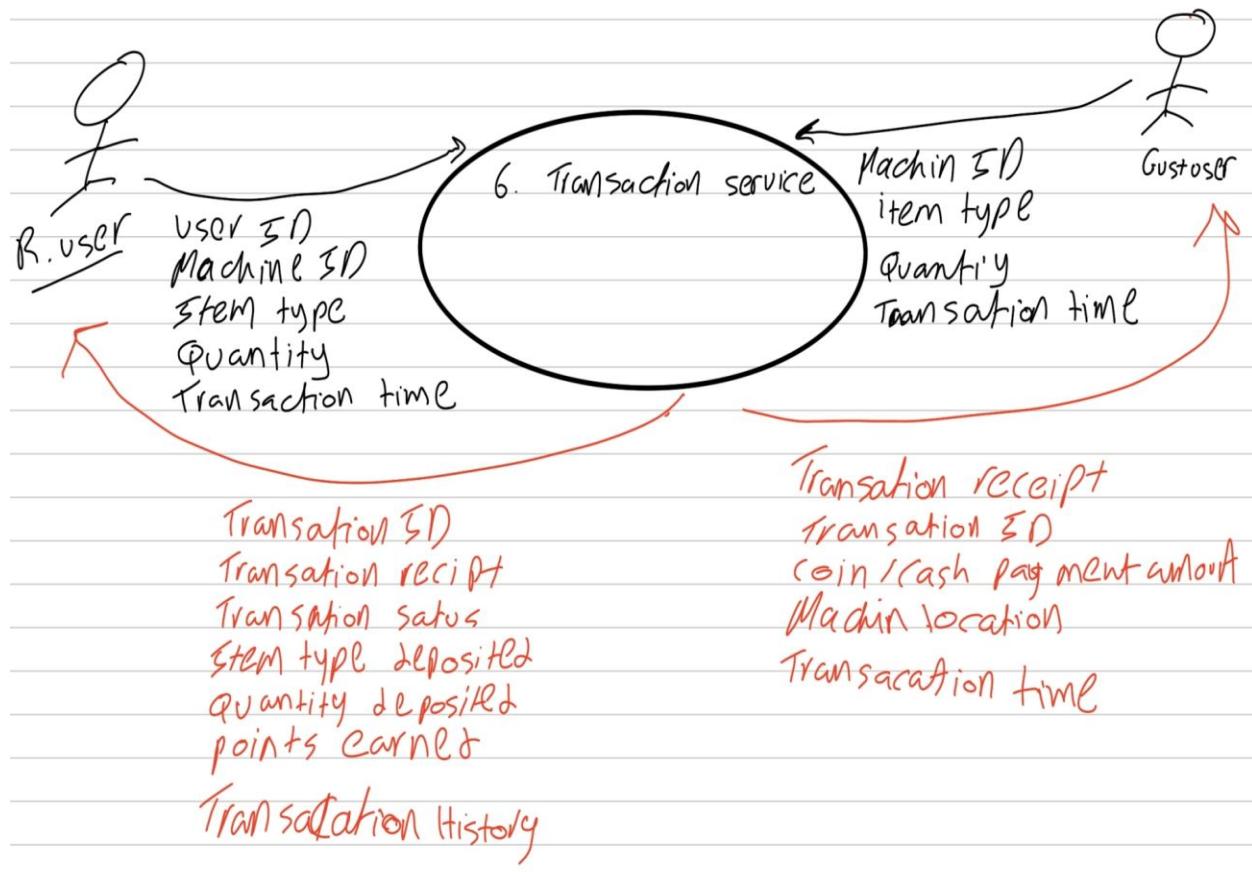
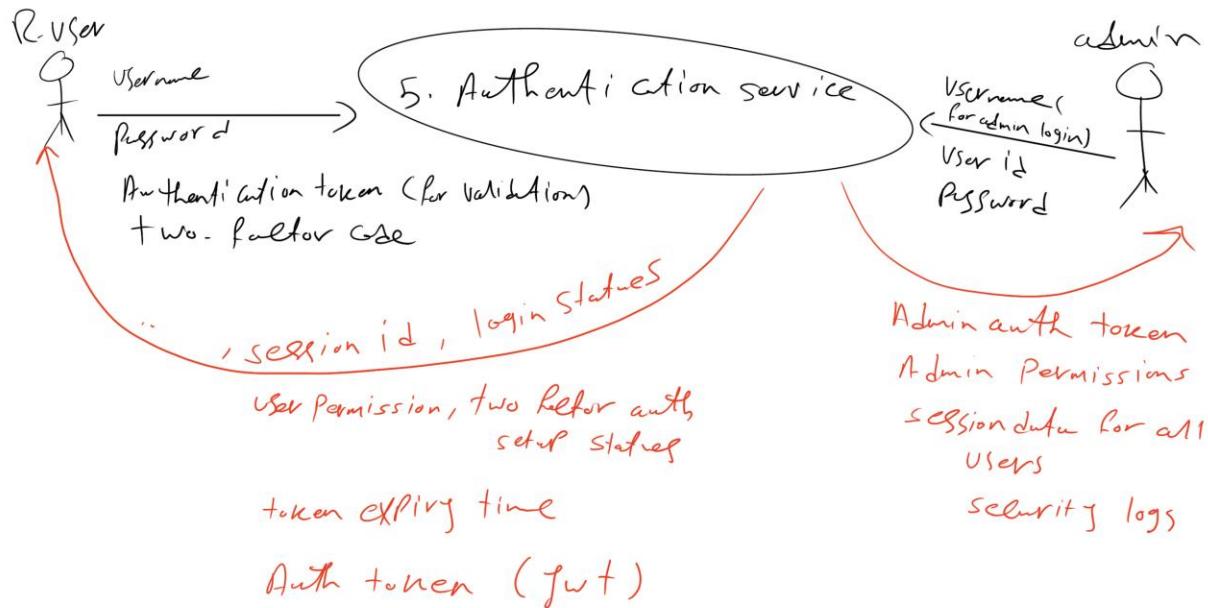


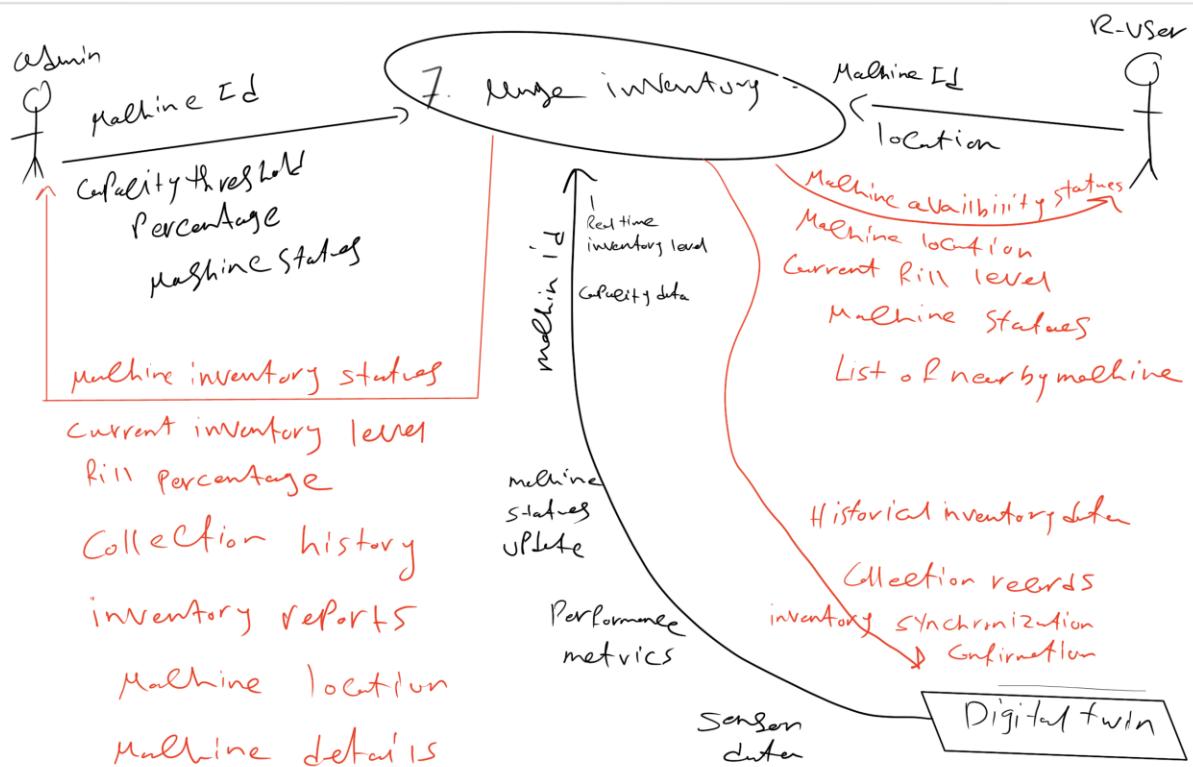
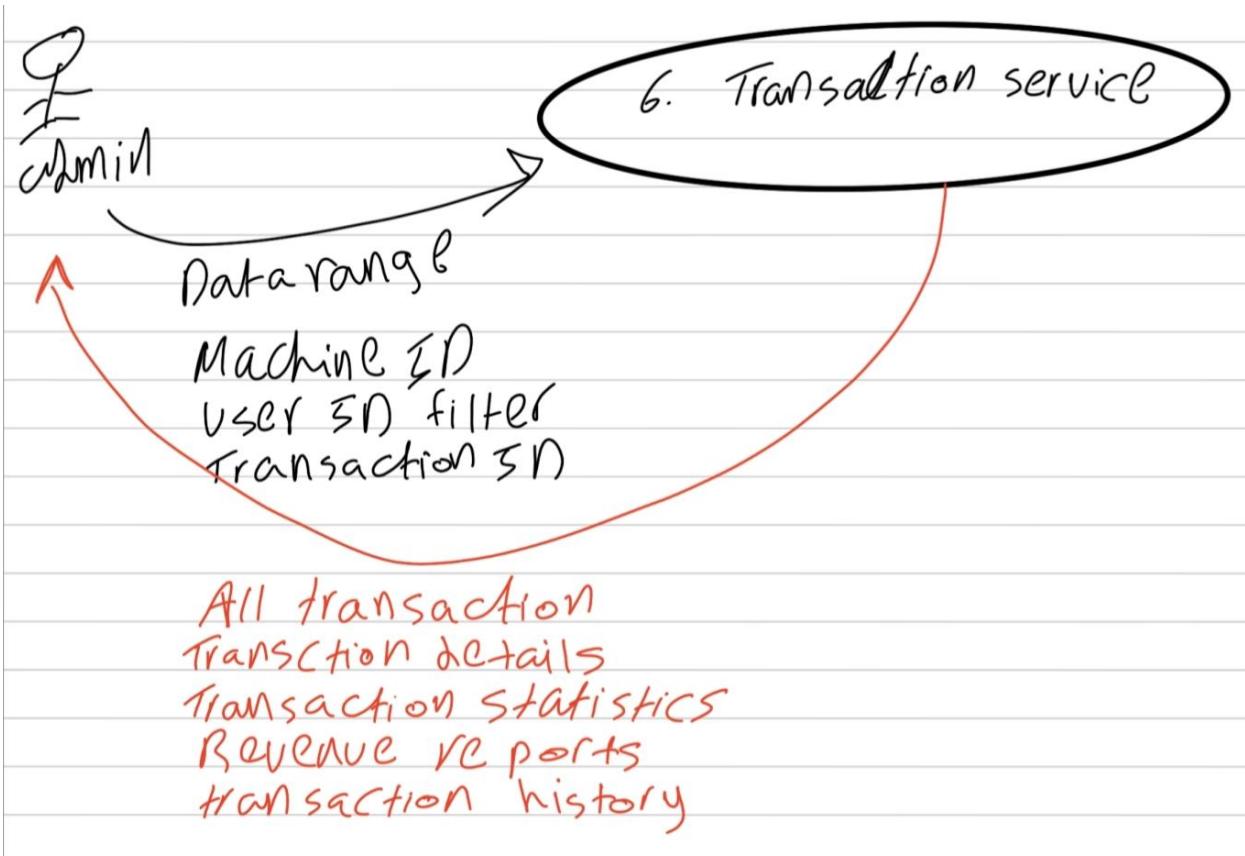
transaction notifications  
 Notification history  
 Promotional messages  
 Point update Notifications

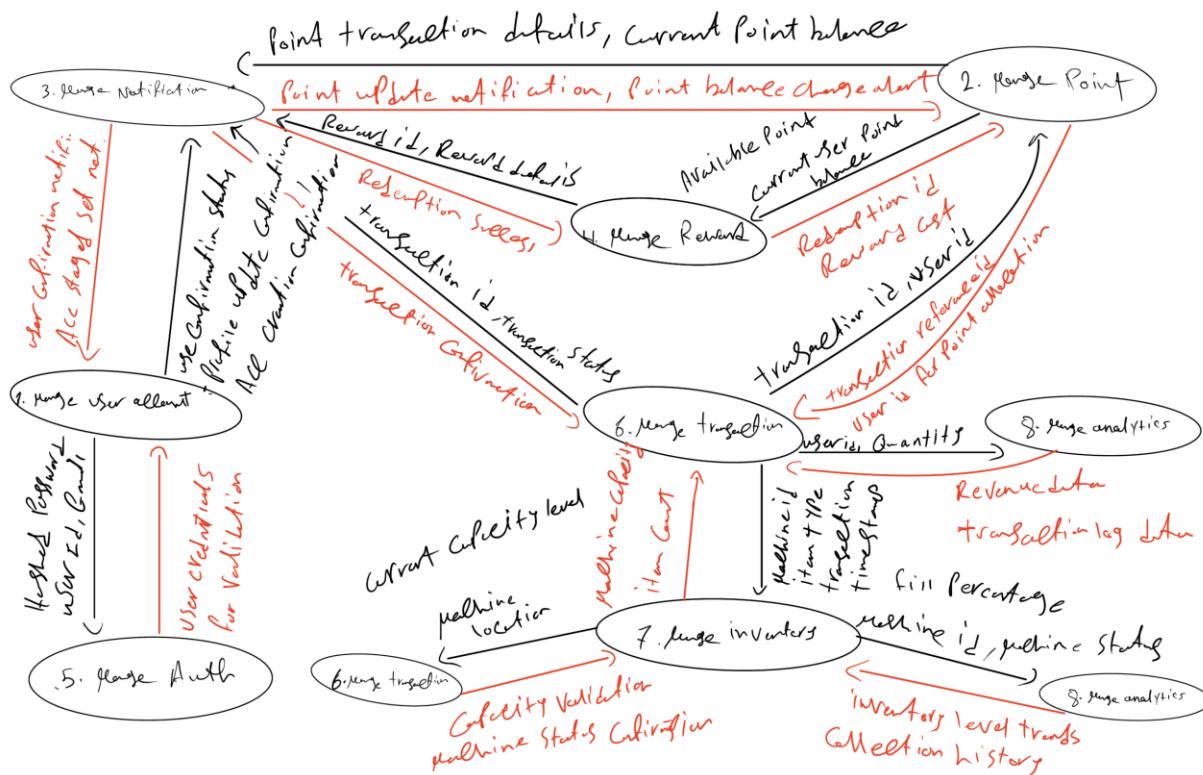
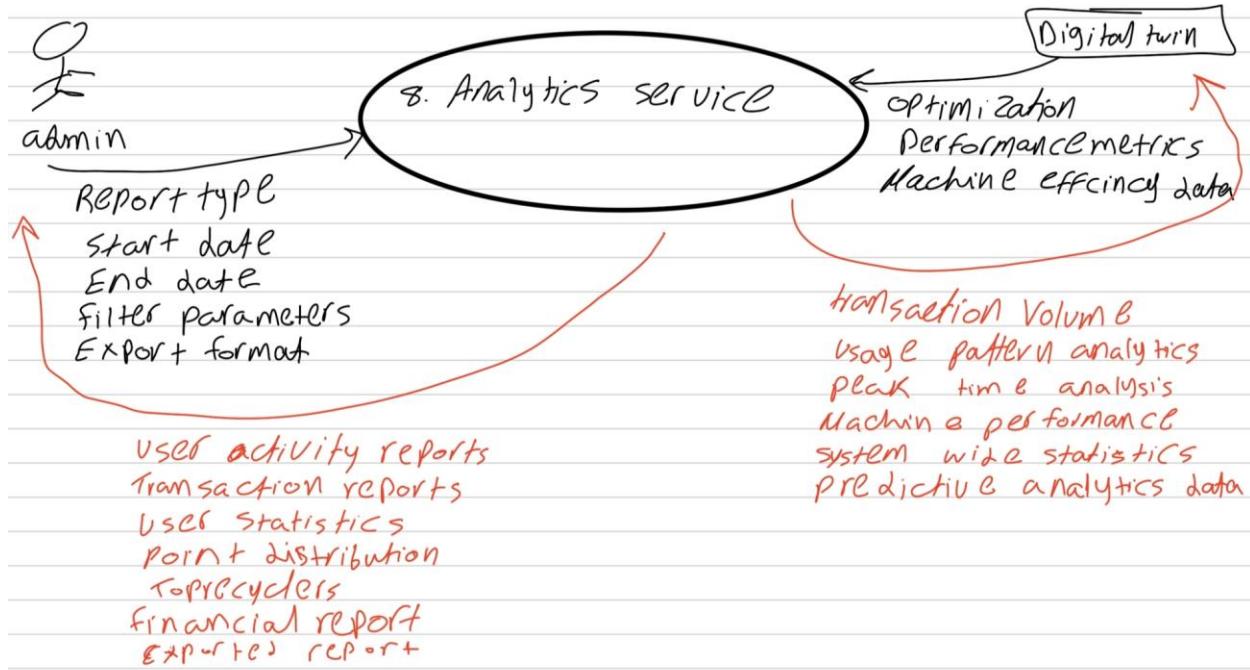
Reward Redemption Notifications

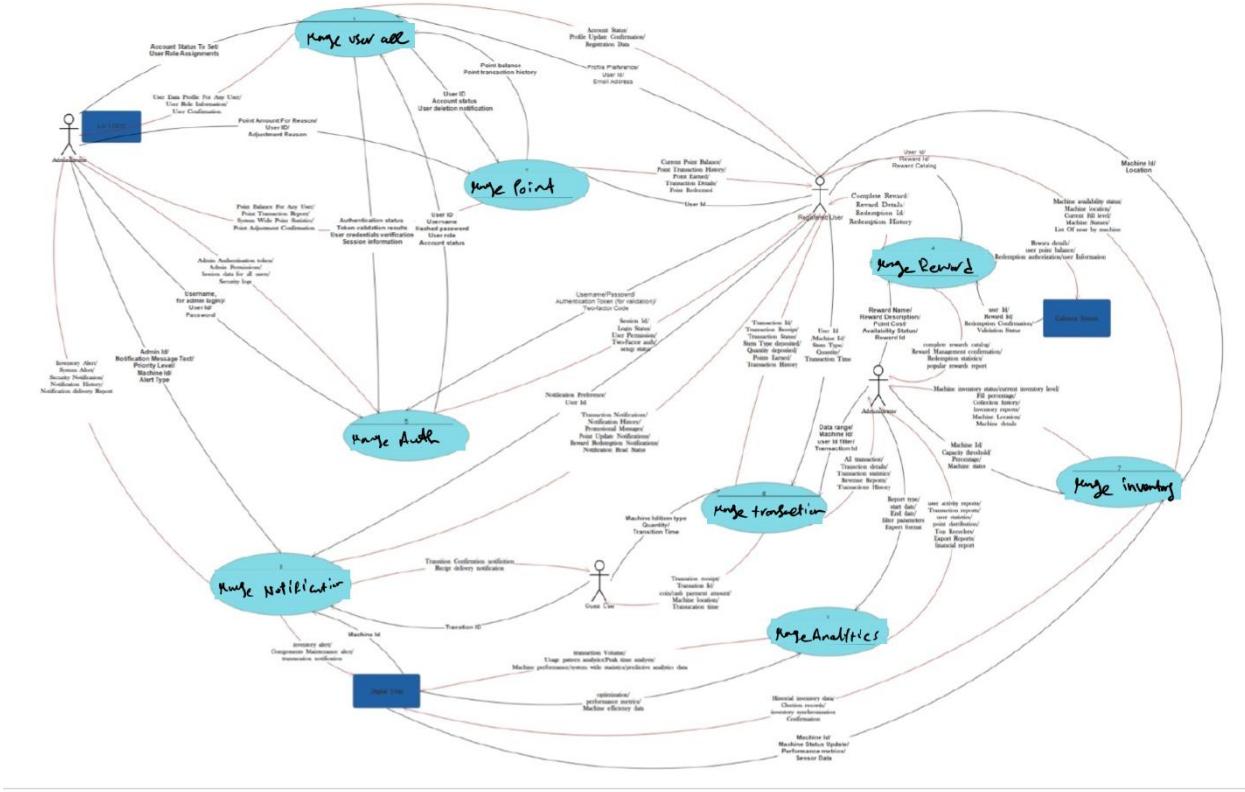
Notification Read status





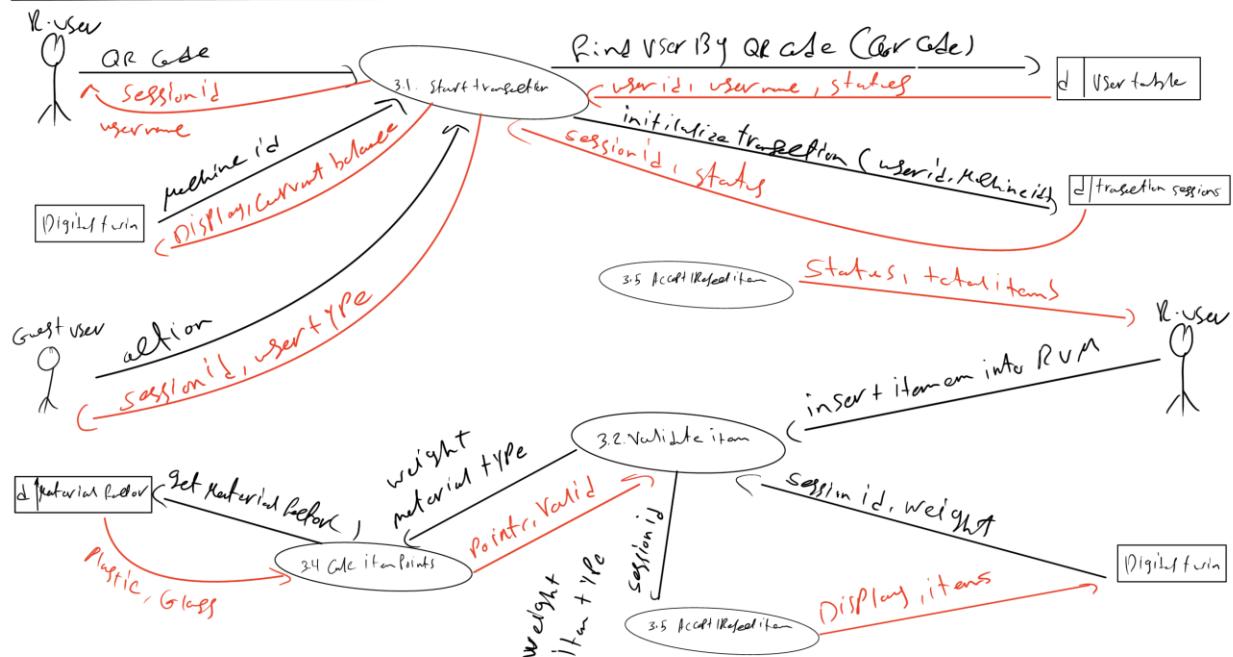


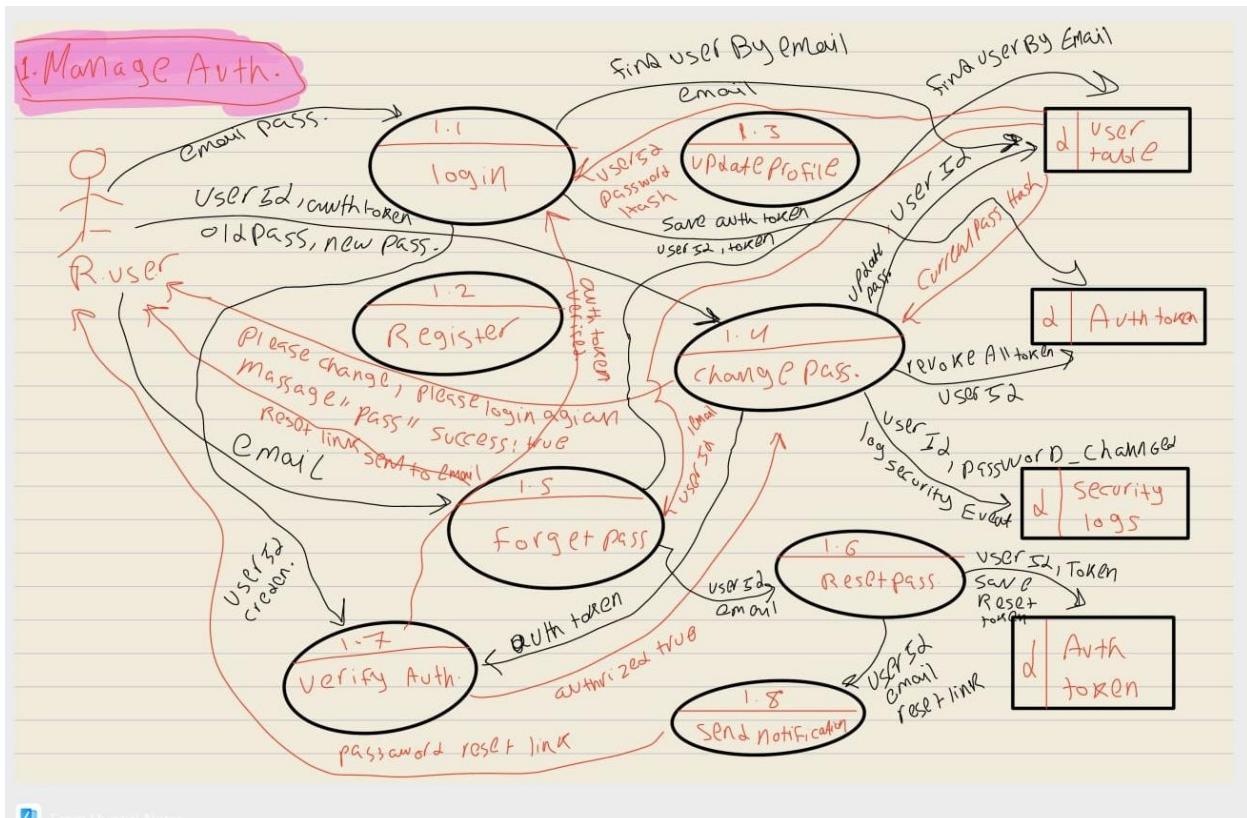
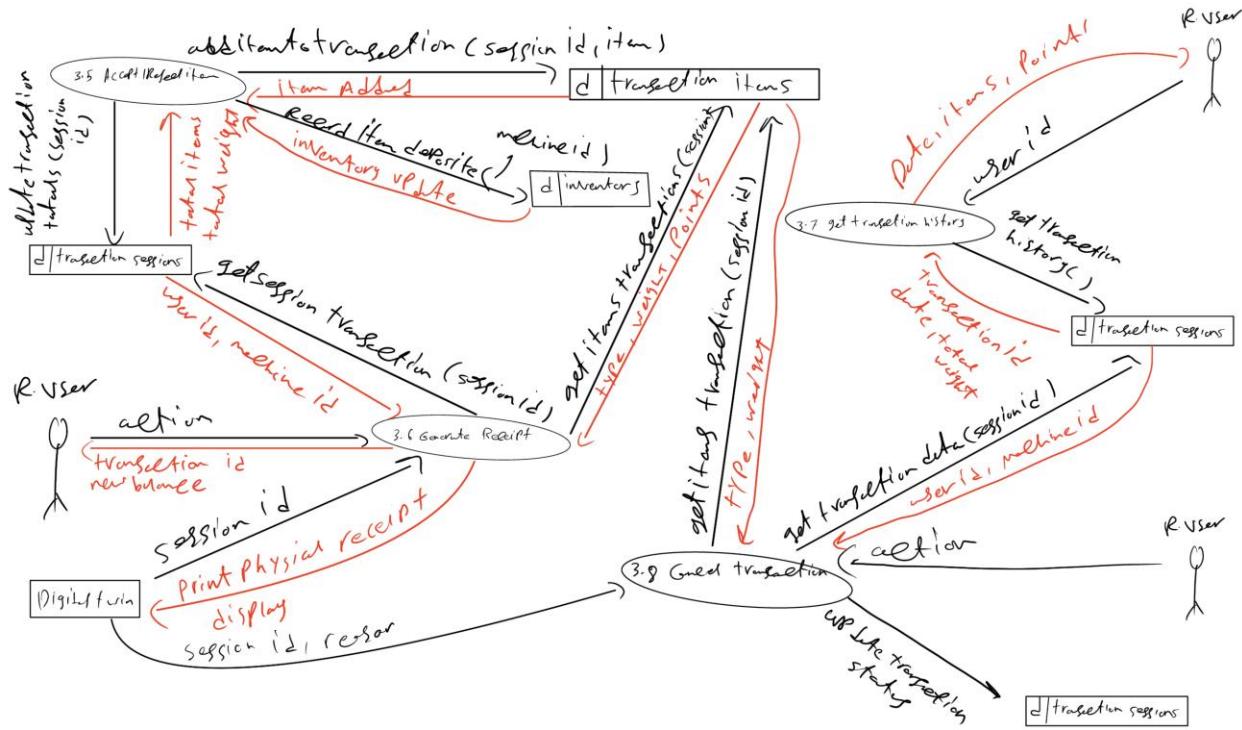


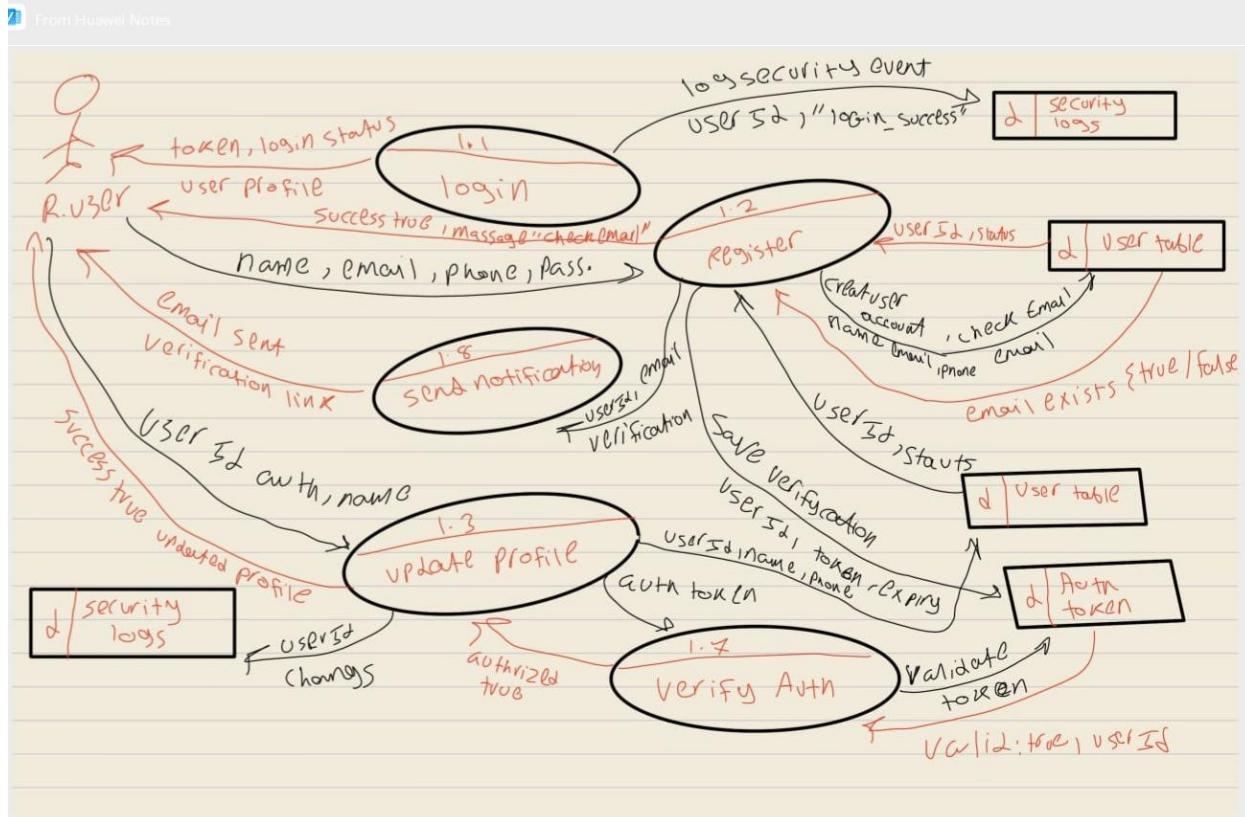
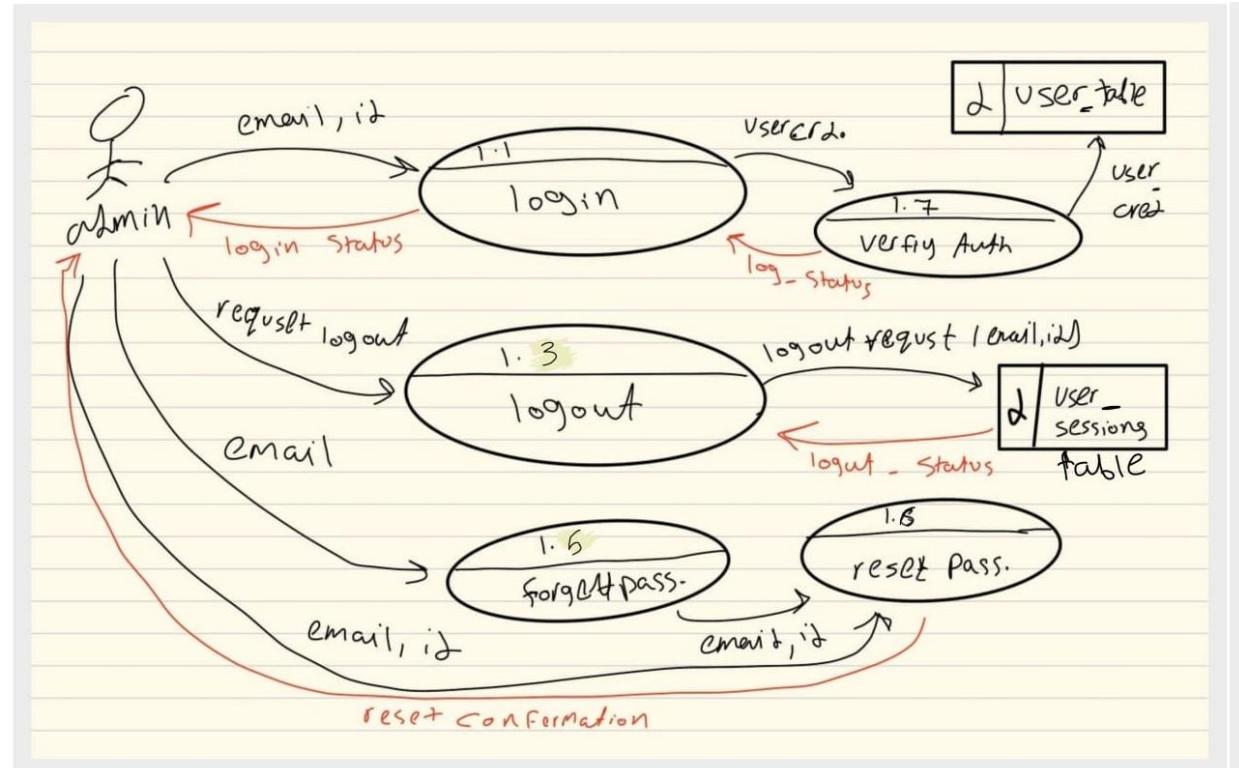


## DFD Level 2 :

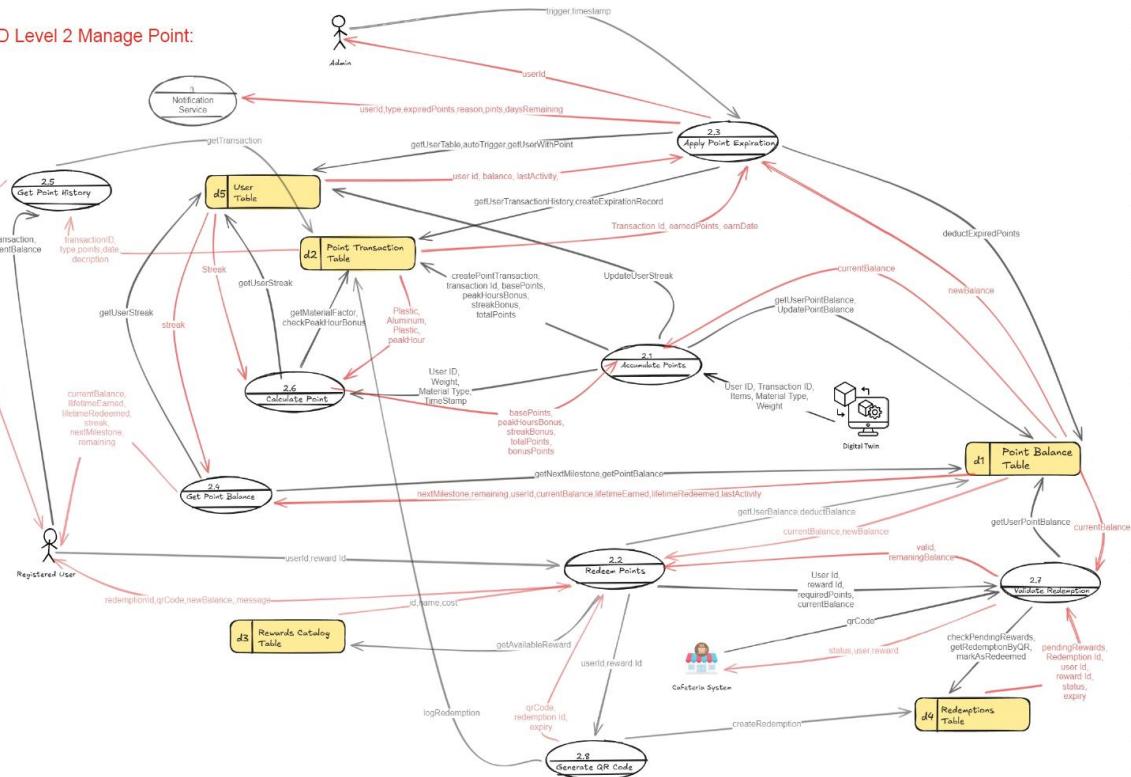
DFD level 2 : 3. Manage transaction



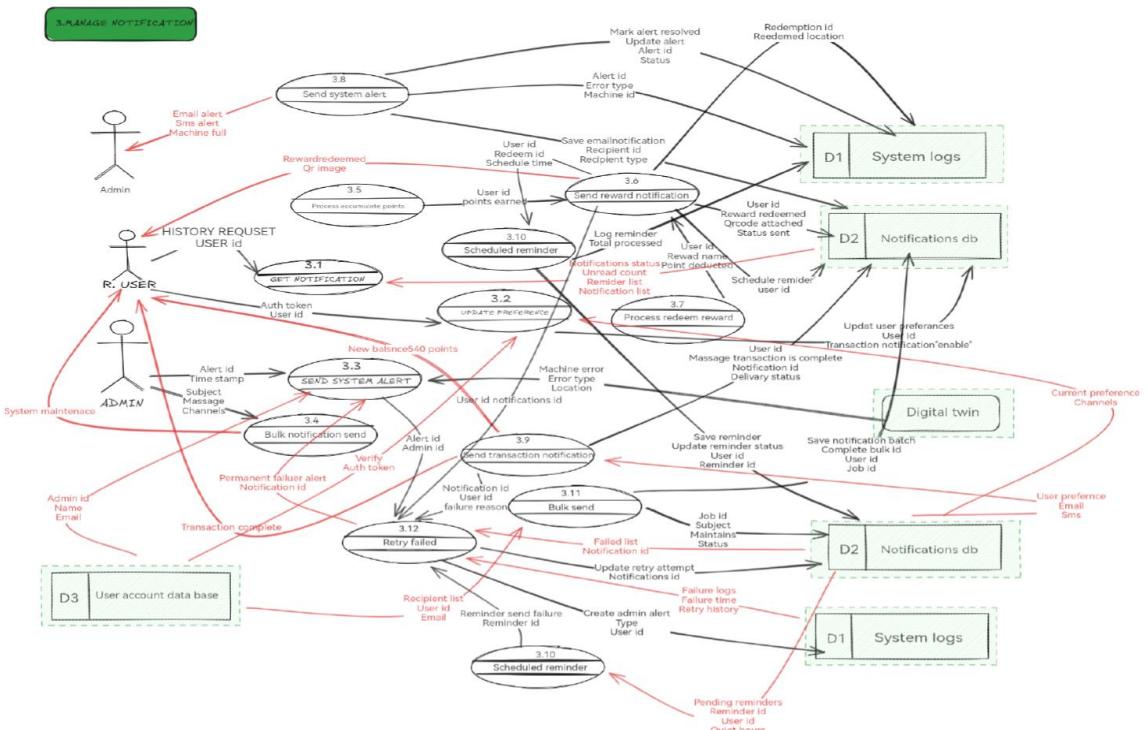




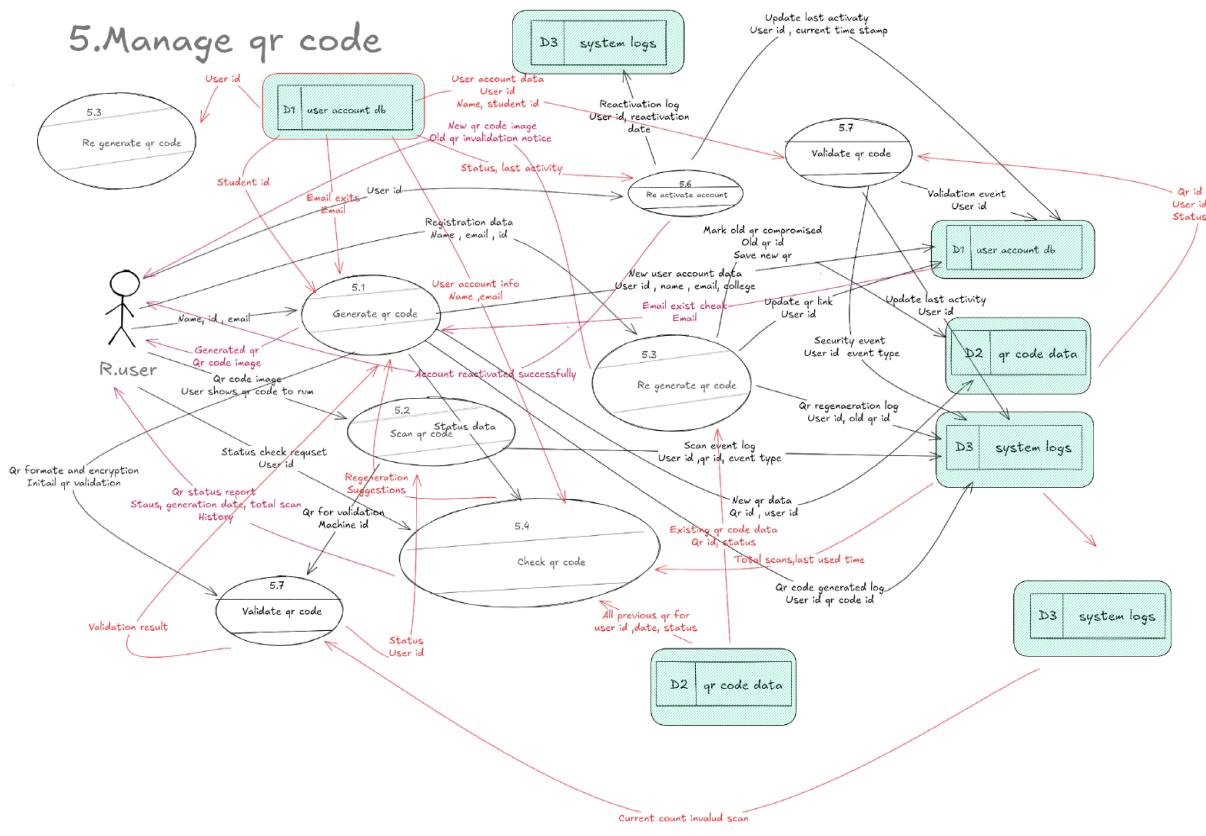
### DFD Level 2 Manage Point:



### MANAGE NOTIFICATION



## 5. Manage qr code



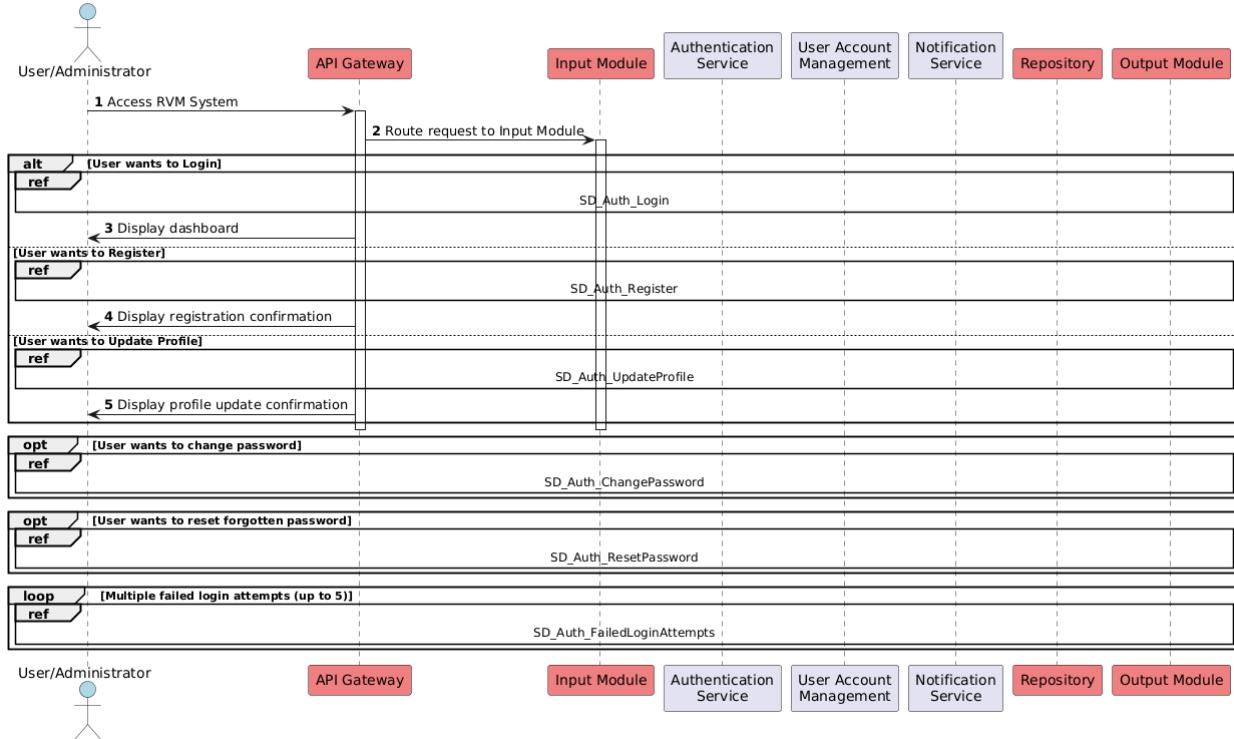
## 7- Tracibility :

### Mapping Modeling Matrix: Use Cases to Design Entities

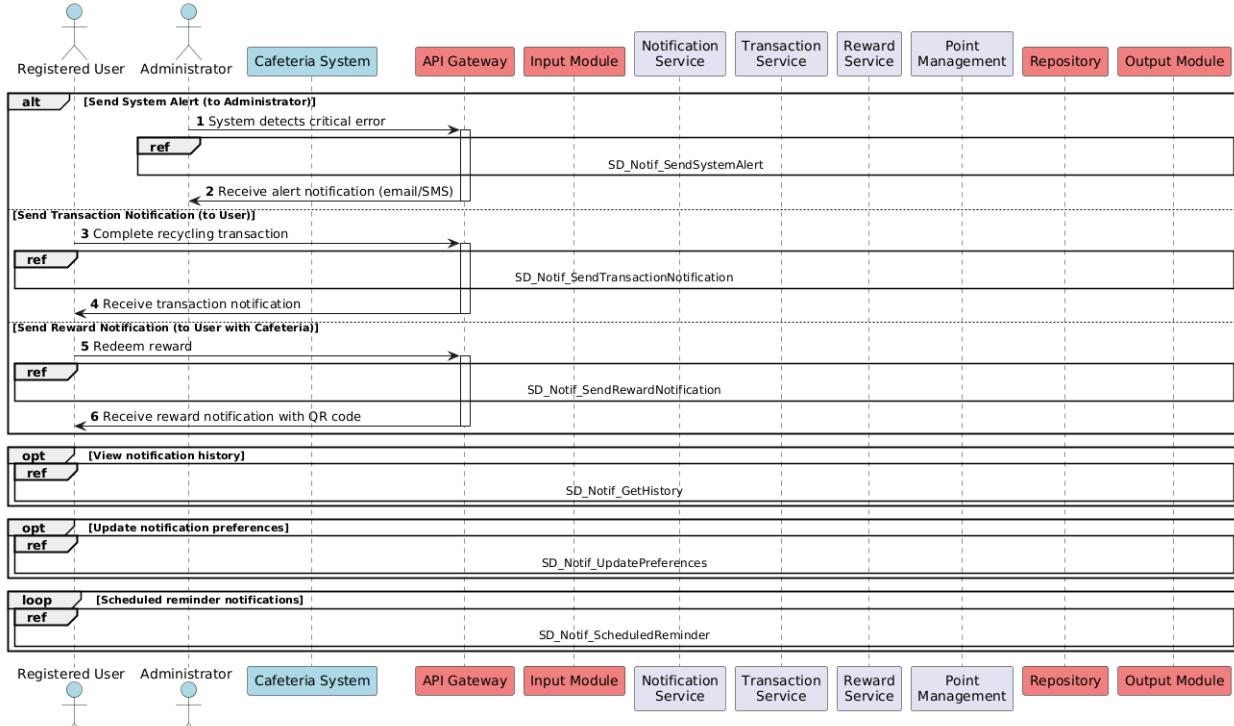
Use Case \ Design Entity	UserAccount	Authentication	Point	Reward	Transaction	Inventory	Machine	Notification	Analytics	Admin
UC_ManageAuth	✓	✓						✓		✓
UC_ManageAccount	✓	✓						✓		✓
UC_ManagePoint	✓		✓					✓	✓	
UC_ManageReward	✓		✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	
UC_ManageTransaction	✓		✓		✓	✓		✓	✓	
UC_ManageInventory						✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
UC_ManageMachine						✓	✓	✓		✓
UC_ManageNotification	✓							✓		✓
UC_ManageAnalytics	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓
UC_ManageReport					✓	✓			✓	✓
UC_ManageAlert						✓	✓	✓		✓
UC_DigitalTwinSync						✓	✓		✓	
UC_ManageRole	✓	✓								✓
UC_ManageSession	✓	✓								

## 8- Sequence Diagram :

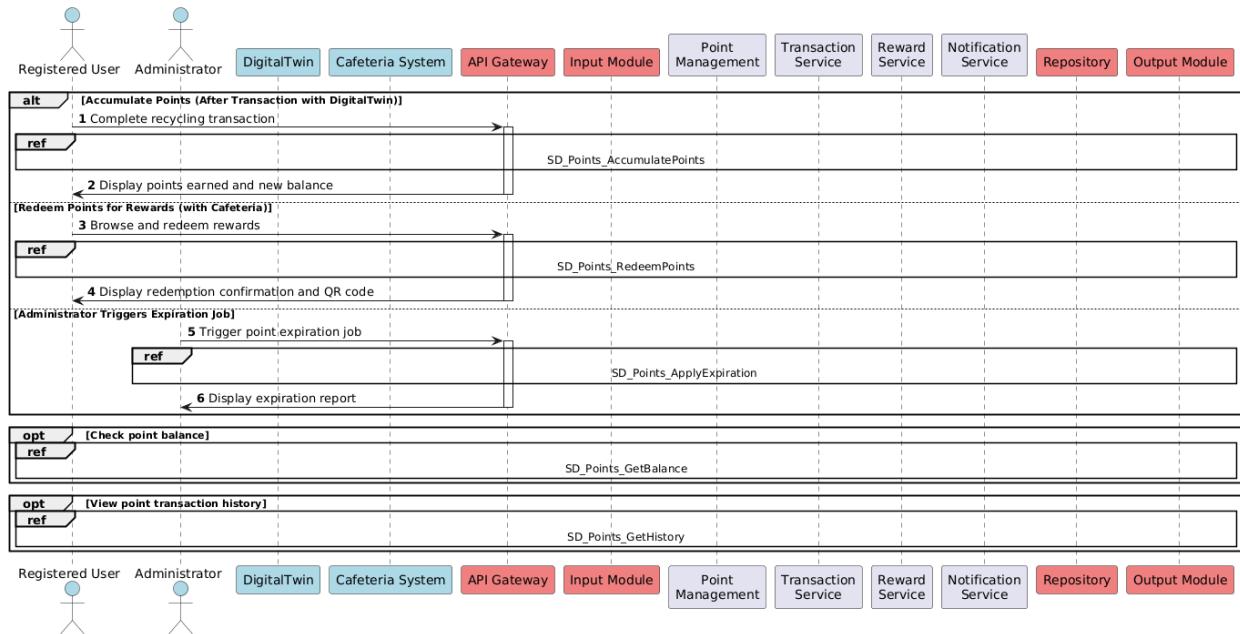
### USE CASE: MANAGE AUTHENTICATION - Main Flow (with References)



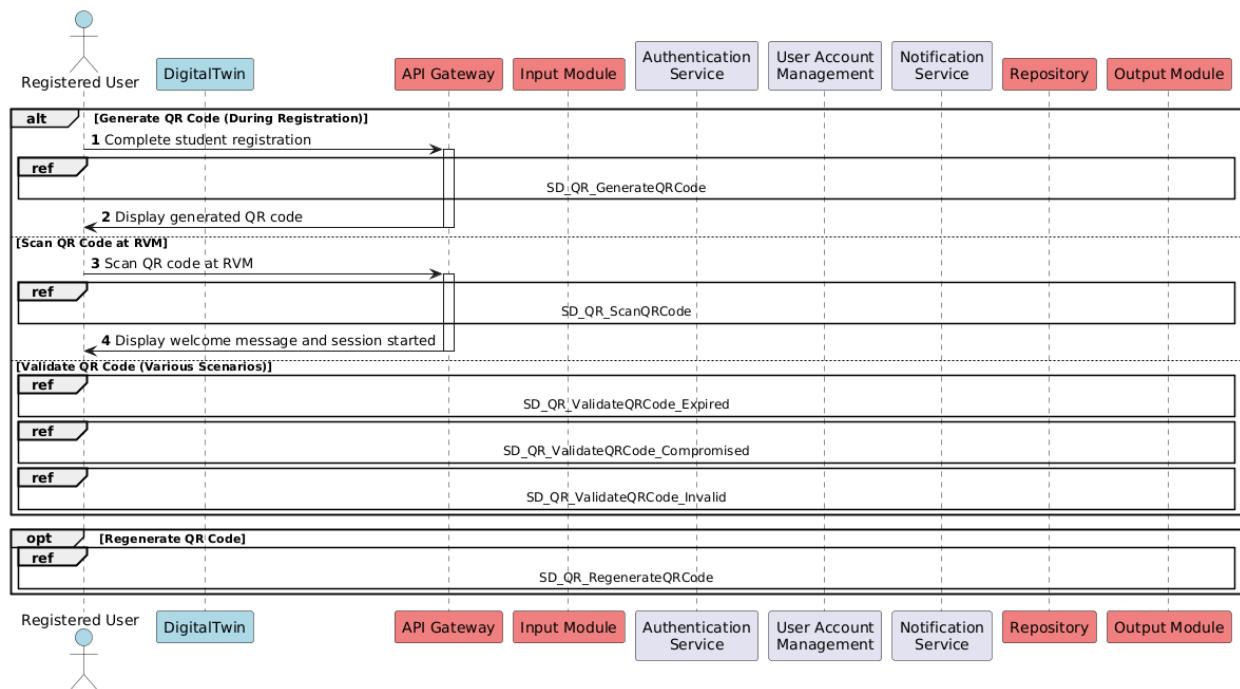
### USE CASE: MANAGE NOTIFICATIONS - Main Flow (with References)

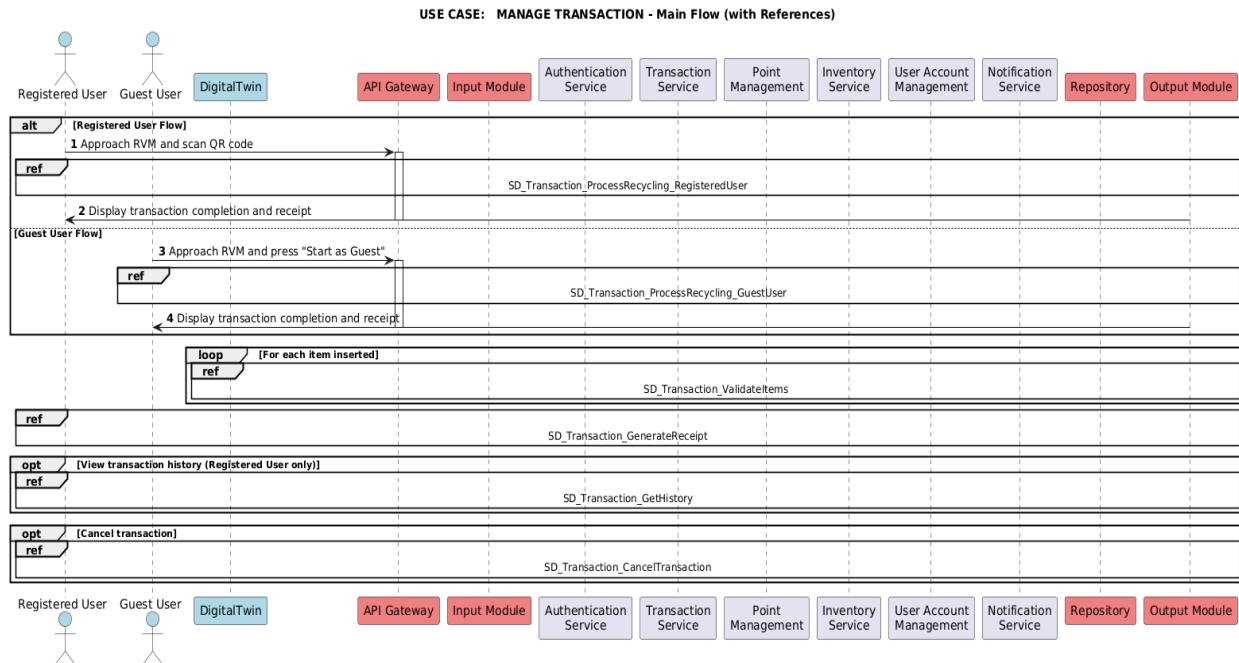


#### USE CASE: MANAGE POINTS - Main Flow (with References)



#### USE CASE: MANAGE QR CODE - Main Flow (with References)





# RVM System — Use Case Estimation (Fibonacci / Planning Poker)

*Team size: 5 • Project duration so far: ~3 months • Estimation style: Fibonacci story points*  
*This document provides a professional, report-ready use case estimate based on your RVM use case diagram (actors, modules, and relationships).*

*Story points are relative size; a conversion to calendar time is included using a stated assumption.*

## 1. Scope & Assumptions

**Scope.** Reverse Vending Machine (RVM) System core modules: Authentication, User Account, Transactions (registered/guest), Points, Rewards, Inventory, Notifications, Analytics; plus integrations with Digital Twin and Cafeteria System.

**Estimation method.** Planning Poker / Fibonacci: {1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13} story points (SP).

**Time conversion assumption (editable).** With 5 members and expected focus factor, schedule is estimated with an effective capacity (see summary).

If your course uses a different conversion (e.g., 1 SP = 2 days), tell me and I'll regenerate the doc instantly.

## 2. Main Actors & External Systems

Actor / System	Role	Key Interactions
<b>Administrator User</b>	Manages users, configurations, monitoring, and reporting	Manage Authentication, Manage Inventory, Manage Analytics, Manage Rewards (admin ops)
<b>Registered User</b>	Uses account features; earns & redeems points	Manage User Account, Manage Registered Transaction, Manage Points, Manage Rewards, Notifications
<b>Guest User</b>	Performs recycling transaction without account	Manage Guest Transaction, Receipts/outputs
<b>Digital Twin System</b>	Telemetry, optimization, monitoring for machine/inventory	Inventory signals, analytics inputs, machine status synchronization
<b>Cafeteria System</b>	Partner redemption channel	Reward redemption confirmation, catalog sync (if applicable)

## 3. Complexity Scale (Fibonacci)

Story Points	Complexity	Typical Indicators
1	Very Small	Simple CRUD, minimal rules, no integrations
2	Small	Some validation, small branching, basic persistence
3	Medium	Multiple steps, moderate rules, error handling, audit logs
5	Large	Multi-entity workflows, role checks, reporting, retries
8	Complex	Integration-heavy, concurrency/consistency needs, complex state
13	Very Complex	Hard-to-estimate scope, many edge cases, non-trivial performance/security

## 4. Use Case Estimation Table

Derived from your RVM use case diagram. Use cases are phrased in “Manage ...” form for consistency with your diagram.

UC ID & Name	Primary Actor(s)	Complexity Drivers	Story Points
<b>UC-01 — Manage Authentication</b>	Administrator, Registered User	Credential validation, session/token lifecycle, password reset,	8

		lockouts, audit/security events	
<b>UC-02 — Manage User Account</b>	Registered User, Administrator	Profile updates, account status changes, role management, linkage to notifications/security history	5
<b>UC-03 — Manage Registered Transaction</b>	Registered User	End-to-end transaction workflow, item validation loop, receipt generation, points calculation, persistence	13
<b>UC-04 — Manage Guest Transaction</b>	Guest User	Transaction without account, reduced identity context, receipt generation, inventory + analytics updates	8
<b>UC-05 — Manage Points</b>	Registered User, Administrator	Ledger integrity, earn/redeem/expire, reconciliation with transactions and rewards, reporting	8
<b>UC-06 — Manage Rewards</b>	Registered User, Administrator	Catalog management, redemption rules, integration with Cafeteria (optional), fraud checks	5
<b>UC-07 — Manage Inventory</b>	Administrator, Digital Twin	Machine status + capacity thresholds, telemetry ingestion, inventory synchronization, alerts	8
<b>UC-08 — Manage Notifications</b>	Registered User	Preference management, event triggers (tx/points/rewards), delivery retries, templates	5
<b>UC-09 — Manage Analytics</b>	Administrator, Digital Twin	Aggregation, filters, export formats, dashboards, KPI definitions, performance considerations	8

Note: If your instructor expects separate estimates for “includes/extends” (e.g., transaction includes authentication), we can split UC-03 into smaller stories.

## 5. Effort & Schedule Summary

### How to interpret this section

- Story points are relative size and require a conversion to estimate time.
- This report provides 3 effort scenarios (different “days per point”) in the Effort Summary section below, matching your sample format.
- The Mermaid Gantt chart is a visual plan; the Word document includes a durations/dependencies table for grading.

If you want a schedule aligned with the “~3 months already worked”, we can present this as remaining work / completed work,

but I need your current completion percentage (e.g., 60% done).

## 6. User Stories Breakdown (Low-Level)

The 6 high-level features are decomposed into low-level user stories with acceptance criteria, similar to your example.

### Feature 1: Infrastructure (Total: 5 Pts)

**1.1 Database Configuration** Est: 3 Pts As a System Admin, I need to configure and save the database connection settings, so that the RVM system can persist users, transactions, and points reliably. Acceptance Criteria System can connect to the database using the stored configuration. Core entities (User, Transaction, Points) can be created and retrieved successfully. Configuration persists after restarting the application.

**1.2 External Integration Setup** Est: 2 Pts As a Developer, I need to configure integration endpoints/keys (Digital Twin and Cafeteria), so that the system can authenticate requests and exchange data securely. Acceptance Criteria System can store and retrieve integration configuration (URLs/keys) securely. A connectivity check returns “Connected” or a clear error reason. Access to integration calls is restricted to authorized roles.

As a **System Admin**, I need to configure and save the database connection settings, so that the RVM system can persist users, transactions, and points reliably.

#### Acceptance Criteria

1. System can connect to the database using the stored configuration.
2. Core entities (User, Transaction, Points) can be created and retrieved successfully.
3. Configuration persists after restarting the application.

As a **Developer**, I need to configure integration endpoints/keys (Digital Twin and Cafeteria), so that the system can authenticate requests and exchange data securely.

#### Acceptance Criteria

4. System can store and retrieve integration configuration (URLs/keys) securely.
5. A connectivity check returns “Connected” or a clear error reason.
6. Access to integration calls is restricted to authorized roles.

## Feature 2: Authentication & Accounts (Total: 13 Pts)

**2.1 Login / Register / Token Handling**  
Est: 8 Pts  
As a Registered User, I need to register and log in, so that I can access my account and earn points during recycling transactions.  
**Acceptance Criteria**  
User can register with unique username/email and receive a successful confirmation response.  
User can log in with valid credentials and receives a session/token with expiry.  
Invalid credentials trigger a safe error response and a security event is recorded.

**2.2 Manage Profile & Roles**  
Est: 5 Pts  
As an Administrator, I need to manage user profiles and roles, so that access to administrative modules is controlled.  
**Acceptance Criteria**  
Admin can view/search user profiles and change status (active-disabled).  
Role changes take effect immediately for protected endpoints.  
All administrative changes are logged with timestamp and actor.

As a **Registered User**, I need to register and log in, so that I can access my account and earn points during recycling transactions.

### Acceptance Criteria

7. User can register with unique username/email and receive a successful confirmation response.
8. User can log in with valid credentials and receives a session/token with expiry.
9. Invalid credentials trigger a safe error response and a security event is recorded.

As an **Administrator**, I need to manage user profiles and roles, so that access to administrative modules is controlled.

### Acceptance Criteria

10. Admin can view/search user profiles and change status (active-disabled).
11. Role changes take effect immediately for protected endpoints.
12. All administrative changes are logged with timestamp and actor.

## Feature 3: Transactions (Total: 13 Pts)

**3.1 Registered Transaction Workflow**  
Est: 8 Pts  
As a Registered User, I need to start a transaction, validate deposited items, and complete the process, so that I receive points and a receipt.  
**Acceptance Criteria**  
System creates a transaction with status lifecycle (started → completed/cancelled).  
Each scanned item is validated and recorded as a transaction item.  
Completing a transaction generates a receipt and stores the final totals.

**3.2 Guest Transaction + Receipt**  
Est: 5 Pts  
As a Guest User, I need to complete a transaction without an account, so that I can recycle items and receive a receipt.  
**Acceptance Criteria**  
Guest transactions can be created and completed without a user profile.  
Receipt is generated and can be displayed/printed for the guest.  
Transaction still contributes to inventory counters and analytics metrics.

As a **Registered User**, I need to start a transaction, validate deposited items, and complete the process, so that I receive points and a receipt.

### Acceptance Criteria

13. System creates a transaction with status lifecycle (started → completed/cancelled).
14. Each scanned item is validated and recorded as a transaction item.
15. Completing a transaction generates a receipt and stores the final totals.

As a **Guest User**, I need to complete a transaction without an account, so that I can recycle items and receive a receipt.

#### Acceptance Criteria

16. Guest transactions can be created and completed without a user profile.
17. Receipt is generated and can be displayed/printed for the guest.
18. Transaction still contributes to inventory counters and analytics metrics.

### Feature 4: Points & Rewards (Total: 13 Pts)

**4.1 Points Ledger (Earn / Expire)** Est: 8 Pts  
As a **Registered User**, I need points to be calculated and recorded in a ledger, so that my balance and history are correct over time.  
Acceptance Criteria  
Points are added when a transaction completes and appear in balance/history. Each ledger entry references its source transaction and timestamp. Expired points are handled consistently and visible in history.

**4.2 Reward Catalog + Redemption** Est: 5 Pts  
As a **Registered User**, I need to redeem rewards using points, so that I can exchange points for benefits (e.g., cafeteria redemption).  
Acceptance Criteria  
User can view the reward catalog with required points and availability status. Redemption decreases points balance and records a redemption transaction. Redemption triggers a notification and produces a redemption confirmation reference.

As a **Registered User**, I need points to be calculated and recorded in a ledger, so that my balance and history are correct over time.

#### Acceptance Criteria

19. Points are added when a transaction completes and appear in balance/history.
20. Each ledger entry references its source transaction and timestamp.
21. Expired points are handled consistently and visible in history.

As a **Registered User**, I need to redeem rewards using points, so that I can exchange points for benefits (e.g., cafeteria redemption).

#### Acceptance Criteria

22. User can view the reward catalog with required points and availability status.
23. Redemption decreases points balance and records a redemption transaction.
24. Redemption triggers a notification and produces a redemption confirmation reference.

### Feature 5: Inventory & Digital Twin (Total: 8 Pts)

**5.1 Machine Inventory Synchronization** Est: 5 Pts  
As an **Administrator**, I need the inventory state of each machine to be tracked and synchronized, so that collection/maintenance decisions are accurate.  
Acceptance Criteria  
System stores per-machine inventory levels and status updates. Inventory updates are applied when transactions add items. Admin can retrieve a current inventory report per machine/location.

**5.2 Telemetry Thresholds & Alerts** Est: 3 Pts  
As a **System**, I need to detect threshold breaches (capacity, errors) and generate alerts, so that issues are handled quickly.  
Acceptance Criteria  
Threshold rules can be configured (e.g., 80% capacity). System creates a system alert when the threshold is exceeded. Alerts are visible to administrators with severity and timestamp.

As an **Administrator**, I need the inventory state of each machine to be tracked and synchronized, so that collection/maintenance decisions are accurate.

### **Acceptance Criteria**

- 25. System stores per-machine inventory levels and status updates.
- 26. Inventory updates are applied when transactions add items.
- 27. Admin can retrieve a current inventory report per machine/location.

As a **System**, I need to detect threshold breaches (capacity, errors) and generate alerts, so that issues are handled quickly.

### **Acceptance Criteria**

- 28. Threshold rules can be configured (e.g., 80% capacity).
- 29. System creates a system alert when the threshold is exceeded.
- 30. Alerts are visible to administrators with severity and timestamp.

## **Feature 6: Notifications & Analytics (Total: 16 Pts)**

**6.1 Notification Preferences & Delivery**  
Est: 5 Pts  
As a **Registered User**, I need to configure notification preferences, so that I receive relevant updates (transactions, points, rewards).  
Acceptance Criteria  
User can enable/disable notification channels (email/SMS/push) in preferences. System sends a notification on key events (transaction complete, redemption). Delivery failures are retried or recorded with a clear status.

**6.2 Admin Analytics Dashboard**  
Est: 8 Pts  
As an **Administrator**, I need analytics dashboards (KPIs, trends), so that I can monitor usage, recycling volume, and system performance.  
Acceptance Criteria  
Admin can view key metrics over a date range (transactions, items, points). Filters apply correctly and results match stored transaction data. Dashboard load time is acceptable for typical date ranges.

**6.3 Export Reports (CSV/PDF)**  
Est: 3 Pts  
As an **Administrator**, I need to export analytics reports, so that I can share results and archive project evidence.  
Acceptance Criteria  
Admin can export a selected report type for a chosen date range. Export includes headers and matches the displayed metrics. Generated file is downloadable and named with timestamp.

As a **Registered User**, I need to configure notification preferences, so that I receive relevant updates (transactions, points, rewards).

### **Acceptance Criteria**

- 31. User can enable/disable notification channels (email/SMS/push) in preferences.
- 32. System sends a notification on key events (transaction complete, redemption).
- 33. Delivery failures are retried or recorded with a clear status.

As an **Administrator**, I need analytics dashboards (KPIs, trends), so that I can monitor usage, recycling volume, and system performance.

### **Acceptance Criteria**

- 34. Admin can view key metrics over a date range (transactions, items, points).
- 35. Filters apply correctly and results match stored transaction data.
- 36. Dashboard load time is acceptable for typical date ranges.

As an **Administrator**, I need to export analytics reports, so that I can share results and archive project evidence.

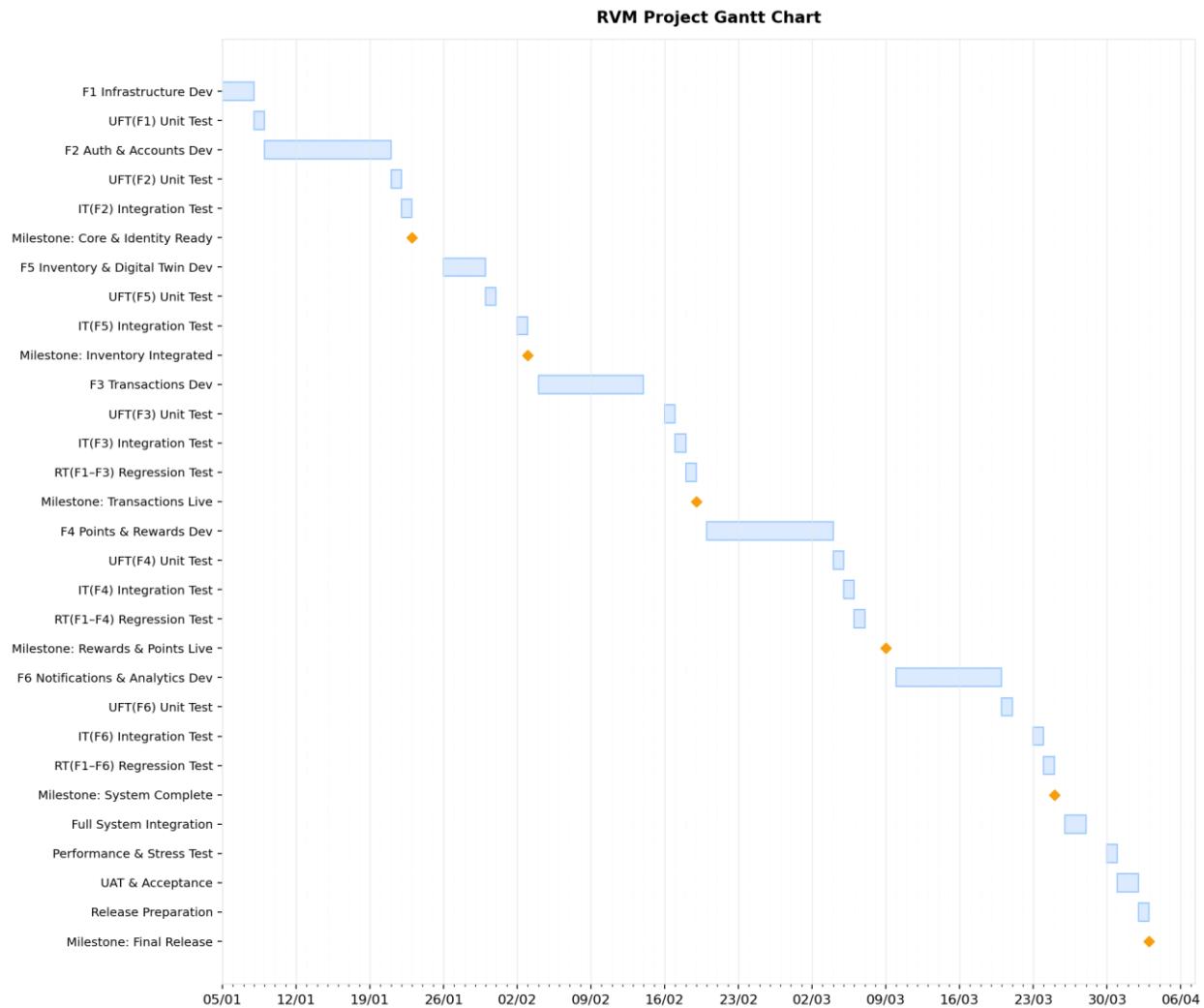
### **Acceptance Criteria**

- 37. Admin can export a selected report type for a chosen date range.

38. Export includes headers and matches the displayed metrics.
39. Generated file is downloadable and named with timestamp.

## 7. Gantt Chart (Rough Schedule)

The chart below is a **detailed plan** in the same style as your example:  
 feature development + unit tests (UFT) + integration tests (IT) + regression tests (RT) + milestones and release.  
 It is sized to approximately **6.5 sprints** ( $\approx$  65 working days). Start date is editable.



### Task Durations & Dependencies (for Word/PDF readability)

Activity	Duration (days)	Dependencies
<b>F1 Infrastructure Dev</b>	3	—

<b>UFT(F1) Unit Test</b>	1	F1
<b>F2 Auth &amp; Accounts Dev</b>	8	UFT(F1)
<b>UFT(F2) Unit Test</b>	1	F2
<b>IT(F2) Integration Test</b>	1	UFT(F2)
<b>Milestone: Core &amp; Identity Ready</b>	1	IT(F2)
<b>F5 Inventory &amp; Digital Twin Dev</b>	4	Milestone: Core & Identity Ready
<b>UFT(F5) Unit Test</b>	1	F5
<b>IT(F5) Integration Test</b>	1	UFT(F5)
<b>Milestone: Inventory Integrated</b>	1	IT(F5)
<b>F3 Transactions Dev</b>	8	Milestone: Inventory Integrated
<b>UFT(F3) Unit Test</b>	1	F3
<b>IT(F3) Integration Test</b>	1	UFT(F3)
<b>RT(F1–F3) Regression Test</b>	1	IT(F3)
<b>Milestone: Transactions Live</b>	1	RT(F1–F3)
<b>F4 Points &amp; Rewards Dev</b>	8	Milestone: Transactions Live
<b>UFT(F4) Unit Test</b>	1	F4
<b>IT(F4) Integration Test</b>	1	UFT(F4)
<b>RT(F1–F4) Regression Test</b>	1	IT(F4)
<b>Milestone: Rewards &amp; Points Live</b>	1	RT(F1–F4)
<b>F6 Notifications &amp; Analytics Dev</b>	8	Milestone: Rewards & Points Live
<b>UFT(F6) Unit Test</b>	1	F6
<b>IT(F6) Integration Test</b>	1	UFT(F6)
<b>RT(F1–F6) Regression Test</b>	1	IT(F6)
<b>Milestone: System Complete</b>	1	RT(F1–F6)
<b>Full System Integration</b>	2	Milestone: System Complete
<b>Performance &amp; Stress Test</b>	1	Full System Integration
<b>UAT &amp; Acceptance</b>	2	Performance & Stress Test
<b>Release Preparation</b>	1	UAT & Acceptance
<b>Milestone: Final Release</b>	1	Release Preparation

If you want the Gantt to reflect “team size = 5 over ~3 months already”, tell me whether this schedule is your remaining work or the full project plan, and your completion %.

## 8. Effort Summary (3 Scenarios)

This section mirrors the style of your sample: total points → person-days → working days → calendar days → sprints.

### Feature Summary

High Level Feature	Low Level Stories Included	Total Complexity
--------------------	----------------------------	------------------

<b>F1: Infrastructure</b>	1.1 Database Configuration, 1.2 External Integration Setup	5 Pts
<b>F2: Authentication &amp; Accounts</b>	2.1 Login/Register/Token Handling, 2.2 Manage Profile & Roles	13 Pts
<b>F3: Transactions</b>	3.1 Registered Transaction Workflow, 3.2 Guest Transaction + Receipt	13 Pts
<b>F4: Points &amp; Rewards</b>	4.1 Points Ledger (Earn/Expire), 4.2 Reward Catalog + Redemption	13 Pts
<b>F5: Inventory &amp; Digital Twin</b>	5.1 Machine Inventory Synchronization, 5.2 Telemetry Thresholds & Alerts	8 Pts
<b>F6: Notifications &amp; Analytics</b>	6.1 Notification Preferences & Delivery, 6.2 Admin Analytics Dashboard, 6.3 Export Reports	16 Pts
<b>Total Project</b>	—	68 Points

### Scenario A (Optimistic)

- Total Effort:  $68 \text{ pts} \times 5 \text{ days/pt} = 340 \text{ Person-Days}$
- Duration (Working Days):  $340 / 5 \text{ members} = 68 \text{ Working Days}$
- Duration (Calendar):  $68 \text{ working days} \div 5 \text{ days/week} \times 7 \approx 95 \text{ Calendar Days} (\approx 3.2 \text{ months})$
- Sprints:  $68 \text{ working days} \div 10 \text{ days/sprint} = 6.8 \text{ Sprints}$

### Scenario B (Most Likely — Matches Sample Style)

- Total Effort:  $68 \text{ pts} \times 7 \text{ days/pt} = 476 \text{ Person-Days}$
- Duration (Working Days):  $476 / 5 \text{ members} = 95.2 \text{ Working Days}$
- Duration (Calendar):  $95.2 \div 5 \times 7 \approx 133 \text{ Calendar Days} (\approx 4.4 \text{ months})$
- Sprints:  $95.2 \div 10 = 9.5 \text{ Sprints}$

### Scenario C (Conservative)

- Total Effort:  $68 \text{ pts} \times 9 \text{ days/pt} = 612 \text{ Person-Days}$
- Duration (Working Days):  $612 / 5 \text{ members} = 122.4 \text{ Working Days}$
- Duration (Calendar):  $122.4 \div 5 \times 7 \approx 171 \text{ Calendar Days} (\approx 5.7 \text{ months})$
- Sprints:  $122.4 \div 10 = 12.2 \text{ Sprints}$

If your instructor mandates a specific conversion (e.g., 1 pt = 7 days), we'll keep only that scenario.

## 9. Risks & Contingency (Professional Add-on)

Key risks commonly associated with systems like RVM (matching your lecture slides):

- Requirements change: changes in reward/points rules can introduce redesign (mitigation: baseline rules + change control).
- Technology/integration risk: Digital Twin / Cafeteria integrations may require retries and reconciliation (mitigation: contract tests).
- Estimation risk: transaction edge cases and device behavior uncertainty (mitigation: split UC-03 into smaller stories + spike).
- People risk: team availability fluctuations (mitigation: buffer 15–25%).

Recommended contingency: add 15–25% schedule buffer for integration and testing.

## 10. Traceability (Use Cases → Modules)

Module	Mapped Use Cases
Authentication	UC-01
User Account	UC-02
Transactions	UC-03, UC-04
Points	UC-05
Rewards	UC-06
Inventory	UC-07
Notifications	UC-08
Analytics	UC-09

## Appendix A — Notes to Customize

- Tell me your preferred conversion: 1 SP = 1 day or 1 SP = 2 days.
- If you have a deadline date, I can compute required velocity and a Gantt schedule that matches.
- If you want “perfect”, send completion % of the project after 3 months (e.g., 70% done).

## 11. Validation & Verification

### 11.1 Forward Traceability

- All functional requirements map to system components
- All components have defined interfaces
- All interfaces support specific use cases

### 11.2 Backward Traceability

- All interfaces trace back to requirements
- All components fulfill specific functional requirements
- No orphaned interfaces or components

### 11.3 Completeness Check

- Requirements Coverage: 100% (15/15)
- Component Coverage: 100% (10/10)
- Interface Documentation: 100% (25+/25+)

Test Case Planning: 0% (0/15 executed)