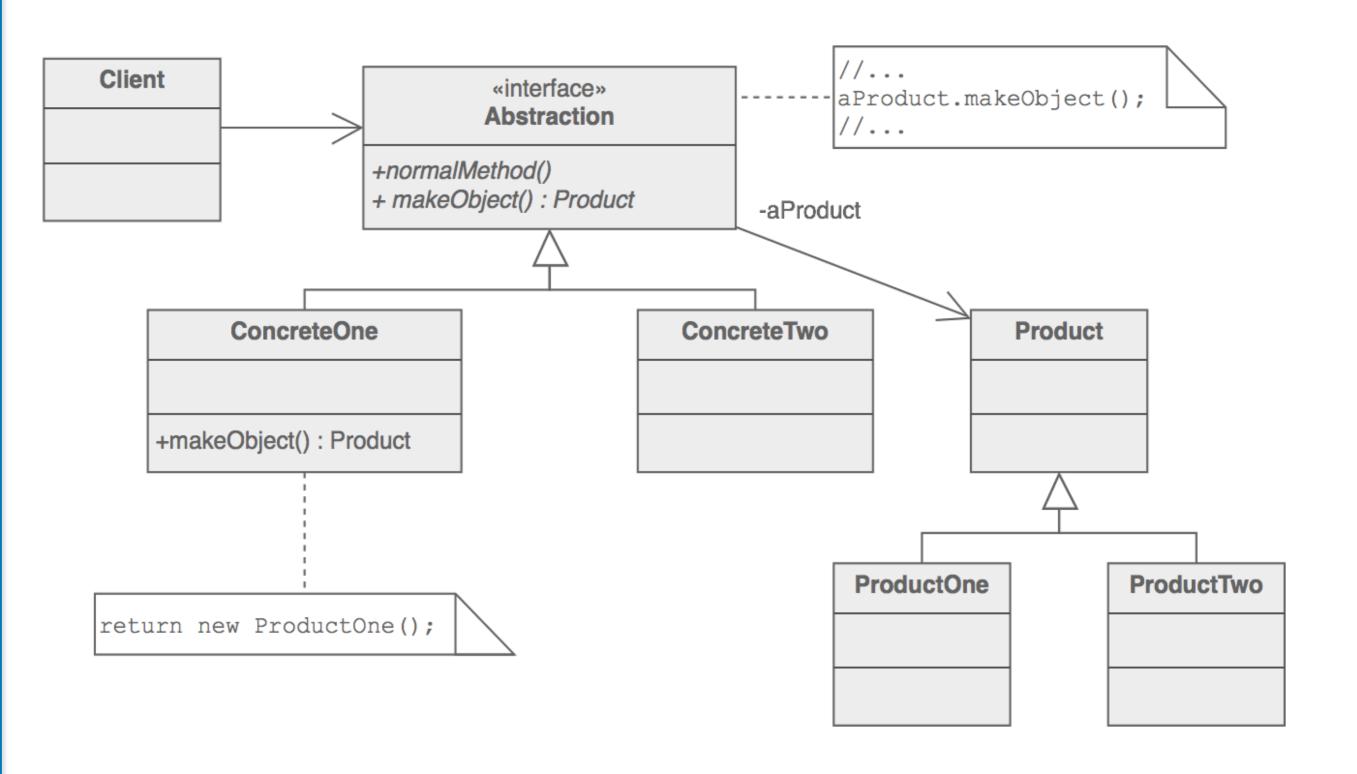
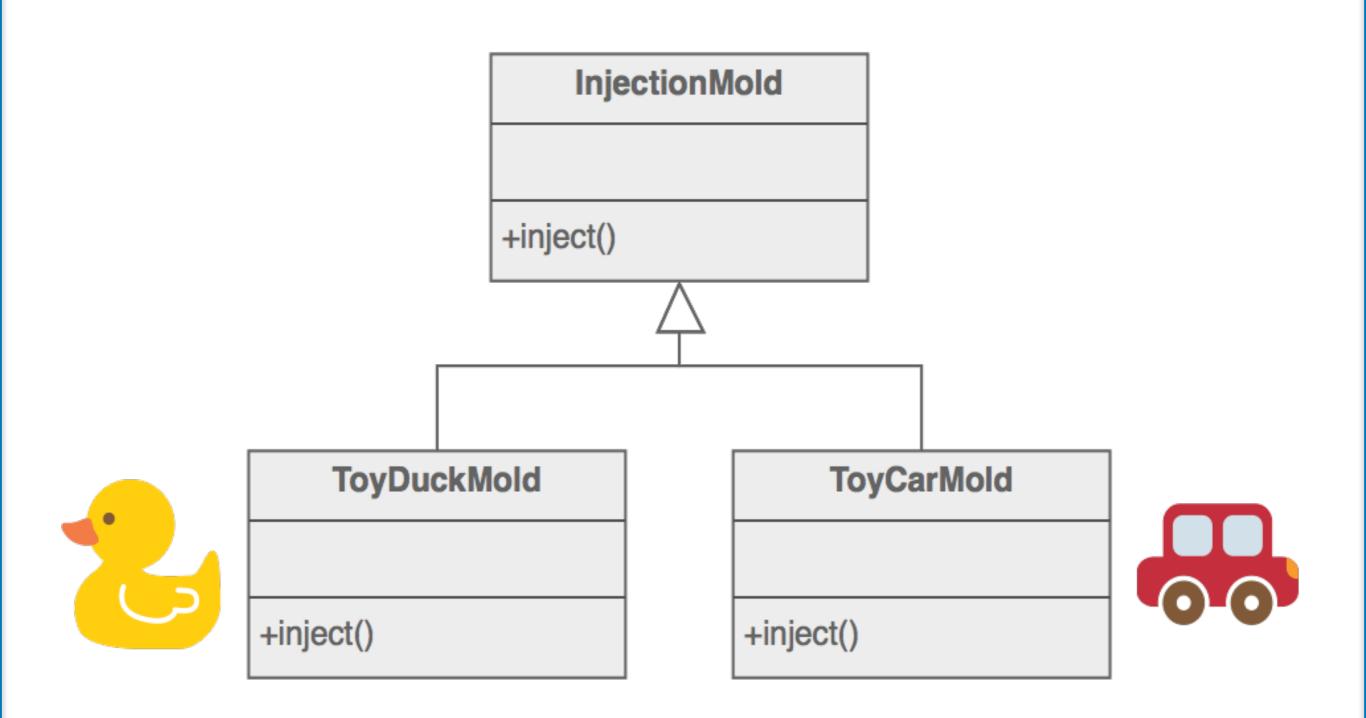
Nesneye Yönelik Yazılım Mühendisliği (376)

Dr. Öğr. Üyesi Ahmet Arif AYDIN

- * Aynı arayüzü (interface) kullanan neslerin oluşturulması ve yönetimini sağlar. Alt sınıflara göre class nesnesi oluşturulur. (*Define an interface for creating an object, but let subclasses decide which class to instantiate. Factory Method lets a class defer instantiation to subclasses*
- * Factory metodu bir method içerisinde ihtiyaç duyulan nesnenin oluşturulup kullanılması için uygun olan sınıfı seçer ve örneğini oluştur.
 - ❖ The Factory Method pattern encapsulates the functionality required to select and instantiate an appropriate class, inside a designated method referred to as a factory method
 - * The Factory Method selects an appropriate class from a class hierarchy based on the application context and other influencing factors. It then instantiates the selected class and returns it as an instance of the parent class type.





```
public class PC extends Computer {
        private String ram;
        private String hdd;
       private String cpu;
        public PC(String ram, String hdd, String cpu){
                this.ram=ram;
                this.hdd=hdd;
                this.cpu=cpu;
       @Override
                                                                      @Override
        public String getRAM() {
                return this.ram;
       @Override
                                                                      @Override
        public String getHDD() {
                return this.hdd;
       @Override
                                                                      @Override
        public String getCPU() {
                return this.cpu;
```

```
public class Server extends Computer {
    private String ram;
    private String hdd;
    private String cpu;

    public Server(String ram, String hdd, String cpu){
        this.ram=ram;
        this.hdd=hdd;
        this.cpu=cpu;
    }
    @Override
    public String getRAM() {
        return this.ram;
    }

    @Override
    public String getHDD() {
        return this.hdd;
    }

    @Override
    public String getCPU() {
        return this.cpu;
    }
}
```

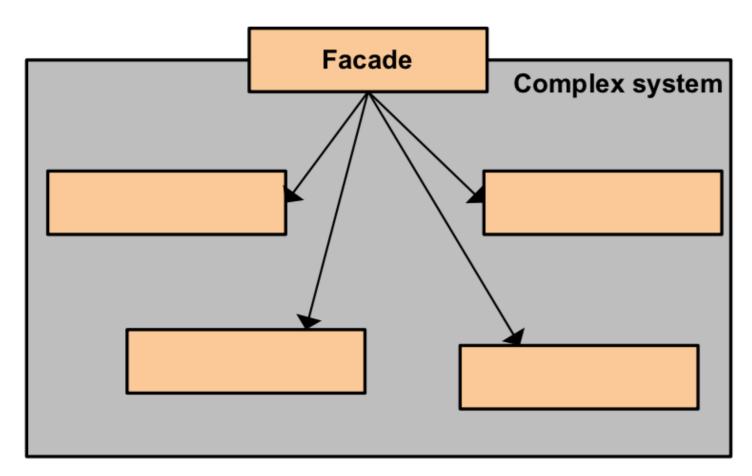
```
import com.journaldev.design.model.PC;
import com.journaldev.design.model.PC;
import com.journaldev.design.model.Server;
public class ComputerFactory {
    public static Computer getComputer(String type, String ram, String hdd, String cpu){
        if("PC".equalsIgnoreCase(type))
            return new PC(ram, hdd, cpu);
        else if("Server".equalsIgnoreCase(type))
            return new Server(ram, hdd, cpu);
        return null;
    }
}
```

```
public class PC extends Computer {
        private String ram;
        private String hdd;
        private String cpu;
        public PC(String ram, String hdd, String cpu){
                this.ram=ram;
                this.hdd=hdd;
                this.cpu=cpu;
        @Override
        public String getRAM() {
                return this.ram;
        @Override
        public String getHDD() {
                return this.hdd;
        @Override
        public String getCPU() {
                return this.cpu;
```

```
public class Server extends Computer {
        private String ram;
        private String hdd;
        private String cpu;
        public Server(String ram, String hdd, String cpu){
                this.ram=ram;
                this.hdd=hdd;
                this.cpu=cpu;
        @Override
        public String getRAM() {
                return this ram;
        @Override
        public String getHDD() {
                return this.hdd;
        @Override
        public String getCPU() {
                return this cpu;
```

* Karmaşık olan bir sistemin kullanıcılara basit ve anlaşılır olarak sunulmasını sağlayan tasarım kalıbıdır. (*Provide a unified interface to a set of interfaces in a subsystem. Facade defines a higher-level interface that makes the subsystem easier to use.*)

- * Karmaşık olan bir sistemi basit bir arayüz yardımıyla kullanıcılara sunulma imkanı saglar (Wrap a complicated subsystem with a simpler interface
- * Bu tasarım kalıbı yardımıyla programlama becerisi olmayan kişilere hazırlayacağınız arayüzler yardımızla istek doğrultusunda düzenlenebilir (customizable) arayüzler sunma imkanı saglar.

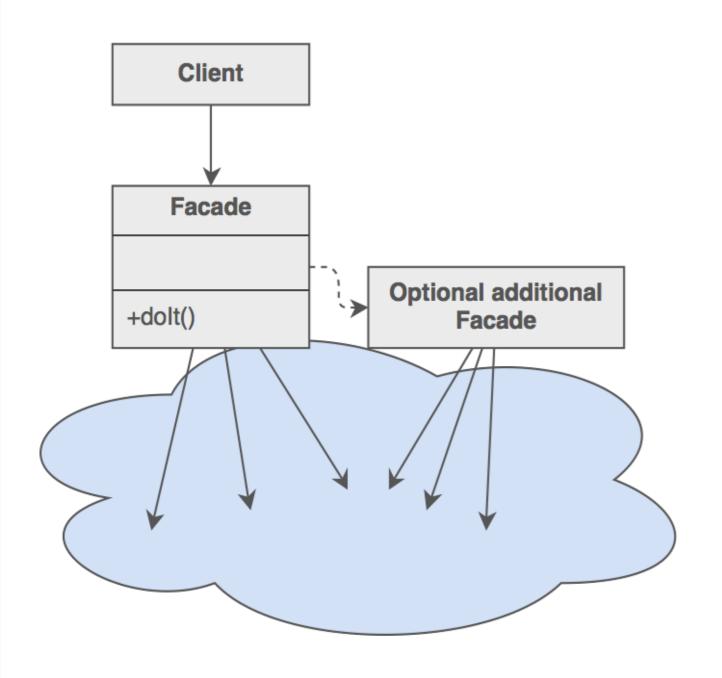


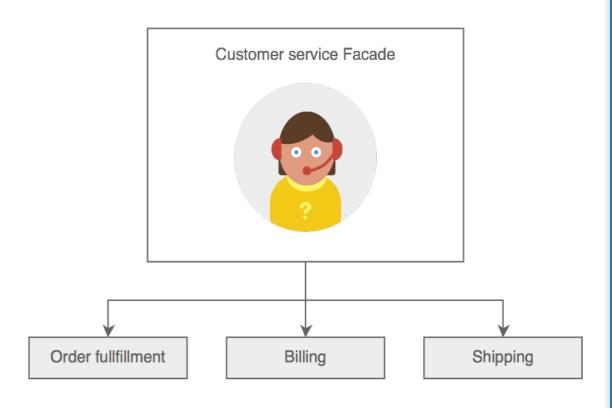
Facade

Type: Structural

What it is:

Provide a unified interface to a set of interfaces in a subsystem. Defines a high-level interface that makes the subsystem easier to use.

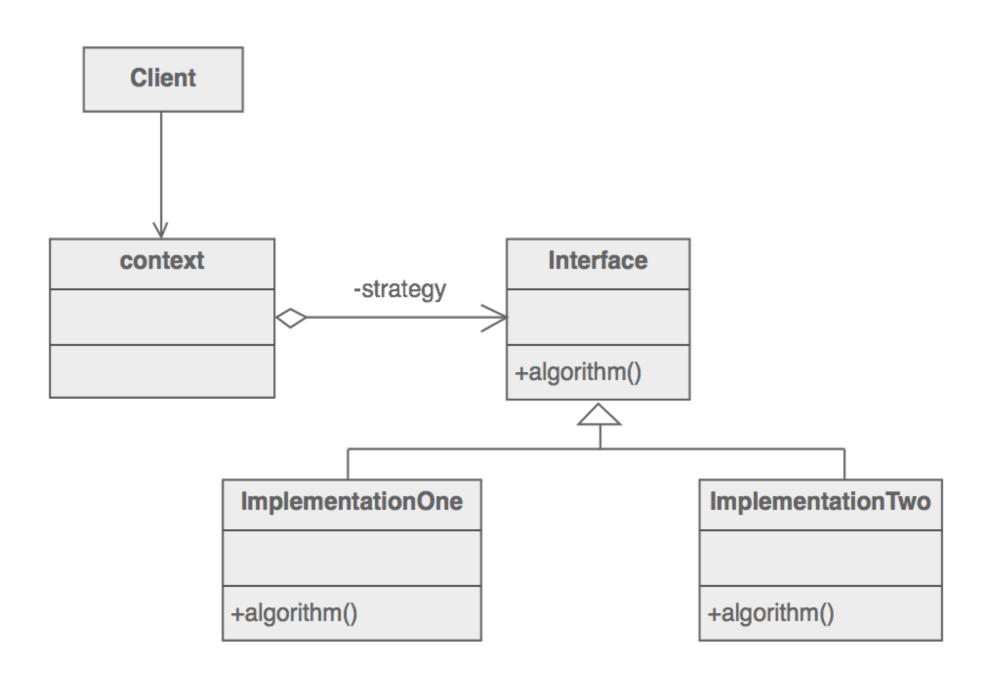




```
public class ScheduleServerFacade {
    private final ScheduleServer scheduleServer;
    public ScheduleServerFacade(ScheduleServer scheduleServer){
        this.scheduleServer = scheduleServer;
    public void startServer(){
        scheduleServer.startBooting();
        scheduleServer.readSystemConfigFile();
        scheduleServer.init();
        scheduleServer.initializeContext();
        scheduleServer.initializeListeners();
        scheduleServer.createSystemObjects();
    public void stopServer(){
        scheduleServer.releaseProcesses():
        scheduleServer.destory();
        scheduleServer.destroySystemObjects();
        scheduleServer.destoryListeners();
        scheduleServer.destoryContext();
                                            public class TestFacade {
        scheduleServer.shutdown();
                                                public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                        ScheduleServer scheduleServer = new ScheduleServer();
                                                        ScheduleServerFacade facadeServer =
                                                                new ScheduleServerFacade(scheduleServer );
                                                        facadeServer.startServer();
                                                        System.out.println("Start working.....");
                                                        System.out.println("After work done....");
                                                        facadeServer.stopServer();
```

* Birbirinin yerine dönüşümlü olarak kullanılabilecek olan algoritma veya yöntemleri tanımlamak için kullanılan tasarım kalıbıdır. *defines a family of algorithms, encapsulating each one, and making them interchangeable*

Strateji tasarım kalıbı algoritmaların kullanıcıdan bağımsız olarak çeşitilik göstermesini saglar *Strategy lets the algorithm vary independently from the clients that use it*



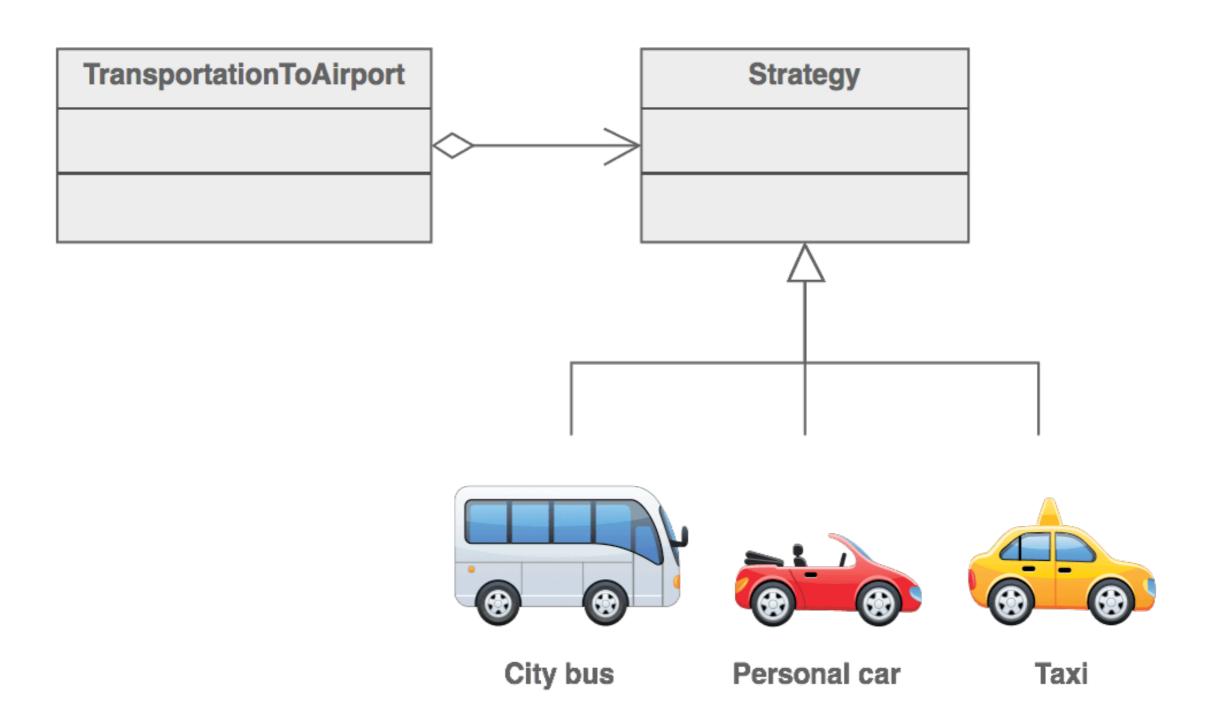
```
public interface TextFormatter {
    public void format(String text);
}
```

```
public class ArialTextFormatter implements TextFormatter {
    @Override
    public void format(String text) {
        System.out.println("[ArialTextFormatter]: "+text);
    }
}
```

```
public class LowerTextFormatter implements TextFormatter{
    @Override
    public void format(String text) {
        System.out.println("[LowerTextFormatter]: "+text.toLowerCase());
    }
}
```

```
public class CapTextFormatter implements TextFormatter{
    @Override
    public void format(String text) {
        System.out.println("[CapTextFormatter]: "+text.toUpperCase());
    }
}
```

```
public class TestStrategyPattern {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        TextFormatter formatter = new CapTextFormatter();
        TextEditor editor = new TextEditor(formatter);
        editor.publishText("Testing text in caps formatter");
        formatter = new LowerTextFormatter();
        editor = new TextEditor(formatter);
        editor.publishText("Testing text in lower formatter");
    }
}
```



Concrete strategies (options)

