CSE 241-501 Final Examination Mulammed Bedir I hereby pledge that I will strictly adhere to ULUGAY adhere to ULUGAY academic integrity codes and the work done 1801042687 Milligar on this examination is solely my own and I will not receive /give any help from/to anybody or source during this examination. Set is a templated abstract base C++ class to present a set It and defines (not implement) regular set functions - add - contains Element Set A and SetC are derived concreate classes that implements all these -intersection (Kesismu) Admotions. Set A is on adopter class and and uses Suitable STL classes to keep the elements. Set Cuses regular Corroys to keep the set elements. - Wik the fer Set closs - Write a mein to test your closser - Design and implement SetA class # ifnde / Set Holefine Set template < close T>

# ifnote | Set

Holefine Set

template < closs T >

closs Set &

public:

virtual bool add (T element) = 0;

virtual bool cotoins Element (T element) const = 0;

virtual void intersection (Set \*s) = 0;

virtual int set Size() const = 0

virtual void set Size() = 0;

virtual void set Size() = 0;

virtual void set Size() = 3;

virtual void set Size() = 3;

Forder

# Ifo def SetA # define SetA #include ¿ vector > templote & closs T> private : vector (T> but fer; class SetA: public Set<T> } public : Set A(); ~ SetA(); bool add (Telement) & if ( !contains (element))? buffer. push-back (elevent)? return true; return false? bool contains (Telement) & for (Int T=0; T < buffer - Size(); ++E)} If (buffer [i] == T) & 3 return true; return folse; int get Size () } return buffer size (); } void set Size (Int size) ? rector(T) top = buffer; vector(T) tmp2(size) buffer = tmp2; for (inti=0; t < buffer. size 1); ++i buffer [c] = tmp[c]; void intersection (Set s) ? 3 1/I don't know implementation # endiffSetA

```
# stodel SetC
#define SetC
   template < class T>
   class SetC: public Set<T> {
         private?
           To buffer;
           ant used;
        Public?
            Seta) ??
            Set (int size): size (size), used (0) }
                buffer = (+*) malloc (size of (T) + stze);
           Set C (Seta & seta): size (seta. size), used (seta. used) &
              buffer (T*) molloc (Size of (T) Size);
              for (int == 0) I ( used ; ++ E) }
                  buffer [I] = setc. buffer [I];
          ~ Set ( ) 2 delete [ ] buffer ? 3
          SetC operator = (SetC & setc) ?
               if ( & setc = this) }
                   T* tmp = (T*) malloc (size of (T) * setc. size);
                    Size = setesize;
                    Used = setc-used)
                    for (inti=0; i kused; ++i)
                        typ[i] = setc. buffer[i];
                    delete [] buffer;
                    buffer = tmp?
                return of this?
```

1/ Set C devon Int getSize() { return size } int set Size (int size) & this size = size; void intersection (Set \$ 5) ? 3 11 I don't know implementation bool contains Element (T element) const & for (int coo; Exused; ++E) ? if ( buffer [ [] == element) return true; return folse? bool add (Telement) ? If (used < size) buffer [used] = element; else & cout ex " This array full "exend; 3 return folse? Used ++? return true; 3 // End of Class Set C Hendity // SetC int main () } SetA setAcint> ? set A. add (5); set A. add (3); If (setA.contoins Element (4)) couter "true" exemple Set C set C2 < into 7 set \$2. set Size (7); SetC setCemts (9); setCoodd(7); setCodd(3); if last C. contoins (3)) coutre "tive" reend! set A interaction ( & set C); cout ac set A set Steels: return 09