

## NEURAL NETWORKS - FINAL EXAM

- 1) Define the differences between Artificial Neural Networks(ANNs) and Cellular Neural Networks(CNNs). (10 p.)
- 2) For a Cellular Neural Network with  $r = 1$  neighborhood, give the state equations for all cells and define the nonlinear differential equation of this neural network in vector-matrix form. (20 p.)

$$T = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 & b & 0 \\ c & a & c \\ 0 & b & 0 \end{Bmatrix}$$

- 3) Consider the Hopfield Neural Network that described by the following set of differential equations :

$$\dot{x}(t) = -Ax(t) + Wf(x(t)) + W^T f(x(t-\tau)) + I$$

$$0 = -Ax^* + Wf(x^*) + W^T f(x^*) + I$$

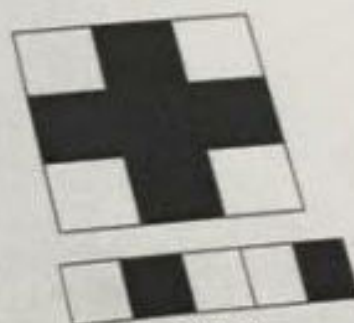
- a) Define the equilibrium equation for this neural network model. (10 p.)
- b) Shift the equilibrium point of the neural network system to the origin. (20 p.)
- 4) Consider the BAM Neural Network that trained by the following set of pattern pairs.



Pair(1)



Pair(2)

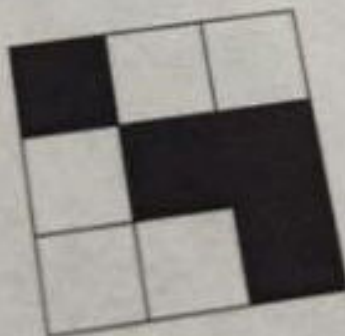


Pair(3)

- a) Give the general architectural graph of this BAM Neural Network. (10 p.)
- b) Find the weight matrix of the network after storage phase (15 p.)
- c) Process the retrieval phase by showing the steps of retrieval of pairs for the following key pattern: (15 p.)

$$\begin{matrix} 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -3 & 3 & -3 & -1 & 1 \\ 3 & -3 & 3 & -3 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{matrix}$$

Duration : 90 min.



# FINAL EXAM NEURAL NETWORK

3

SORU 2

For a Cellular Network with  $r=1$  neighborhood, give the state equations for all nodes and define the nonlinear differential equations of this neural network in vector matrix form. (20 Puan)

1. üyi 3. numaraya göre

$$T = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 & b & 0 \\ e & a & e \\ 0 & b & 0 \end{Bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} 3 & 5 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 9 & 8 & 9 \end{matrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{Bmatrix} \overset{1}{x_1} & \overset{2}{x_2} & \overset{3}{x_3} \\ \overset{4}{x_4} & \overset{5}{x_5} & \overset{6}{x_6} \\ \overset{7}{x_7} & \overset{8}{x_8} & \overset{9}{x_9} \end{Bmatrix} \rightarrow \dot{x}_1 \Rightarrow -x_1 + \overset{3. numara}{a \cdot y(x_2)} + e \cdot y(x_2) + b \cdot y(x_4) + v_1$$

→ Amaç, merkezdeki a harfini sırasıyla numaralı yerlerde konstant olarak gözüm bilmek.

$$\Rightarrow \begin{Bmatrix} \overset{1}{x_1} & \overset{2}{x_2} & \overset{3}{x_3} \\ \overset{4}{x_4} & \overset{5}{x_5} & \overset{6}{x_6} \\ \overset{7}{x_7} & \overset{8}{x_8} & \overset{9}{x_9} \end{Bmatrix} \rightarrow \dot{x}_2 \Rightarrow -x_2 + e \cdot y(x_1) + \overset{2. numara}{a \cdot y(x_2)} + e \cdot y(x_3) + b \cdot y(x_5) + v_2$$

üyi 2'ye göre de

⇒ diğerleri de bu şekilde numaralı yerlere yazacağız.

$$\rightarrow \dot{x}_3 \Rightarrow -x_3 + e \cdot y(x_2) + \overset{3. numara}{a \cdot y(x_3)} + b \cdot y(x_6) + v_3$$

$$\rightarrow \dot{x}_4 \Rightarrow -x_4 + b \cdot y(x_1) + \overset{4. numara}{a \cdot y(x_4)} + e \cdot y(x_5) + b \cdot y(x_7) + v_4$$

$$\rightarrow \dot{x}_5 \Rightarrow -x_5 + b \cdot y(x_2) + e \cdot y(x_4) + \overset{5. numara}{a \cdot y(x_5)} + e \cdot y(x_6) + b \cdot y(x_8) + v_5$$

$$\rightarrow \dot{x}_6 \Rightarrow -x_6 + b \cdot y(x_3) + e \cdot y(x_5) + \overset{6. numara}{a \cdot y(x_6)} + b \cdot y(x_9) + v_6$$

$$\rightarrow \dot{x}_7 \Rightarrow -x_7 + b \cdot y(x_4) + a \cdot y(x_7) + e \cdot y(x_8) + v_7$$

$$\rightarrow \dot{x}_8 \Rightarrow -x_8 + b \cdot y(x_5) + e \cdot y(x_7) + a \cdot y(x_8) + e \cdot y(x_9) + v_8$$

$$\rightarrow \dot{x}_9 \Rightarrow -x_9 + b \cdot y(x_6) + e \cdot y(x_8) + a \cdot y(x_9) + v_9$$

Vector-Matrix Formu

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{y}(\mathbf{x}) + \mathbf{v}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \\ \dot{x}_4 \\ \dot{x}_5 \\ \dot{x}_6 \\ \dot{x}_7 \\ \dot{x}_8 \\ \dot{x}_9 \end{bmatrix} = - \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \\ x_6 \\ x_7 \\ x_8 \\ x_9 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} a & e & 0 & b & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ e & a & e & 0 & b & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e & a & 0 & 0 & b & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ b & 0 & 0 & a & e & 0 & b & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & b & 0 & e & a & e & 0 & b & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & b & 0 & e & a & 0 & 0 & b \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & b & 0 & 0 & a & e & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & b & 0 & e & a & e \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & b & 0 & e & a \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} y(x_1) \\ y(x_2) \\ y(x_3) \\ y(x_4) \\ y(x_5) \\ y(x_6) \\ y(x_7) \\ y(x_8) \\ y(x_9) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \\ v_4 \\ v_5 \\ v_6 \\ v_7 \\ v_8 \\ v_9 \end{bmatrix}$$

⇒ Bu şekilde gösterip bitiriyoruz - - - -

4. Sorunun (b) sıkkını devamıdır - - - -

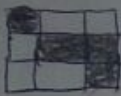
→ bulduğumuz  $a^2(b^1)^T + a^3(b^2)^T + a^5(b^3)^T$  matrislerini topluyoruz ve  $(W)$  buluyoruz.

$W =$    
 (Weight Matrix)   
 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -3 & 3 & -3 & -1 & 1 \\ 3 & -3 & 3 & -3 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 3 & -3 & 3 & -1 & 1 \\ -3 & 3 & -3 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}_{9 \times 5}$$

$W^T \Rightarrow$    
 (Lazım olursa)   
 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 3 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 3 & -3 & 1 \\ -1 & 3 & -3 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -3 & 3 & -1 \\ 1 & -3 & 3 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 3 & -3 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -3 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}_{5 \times 9}$$

b sıkkı cevabıdır

(2) Bu sıkkı bize key patterni setil olarak vermiş bunu matrise dönüştürüyoruz



$a^1 = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]^T$  key pattern   
  $(3 \times 9)$

$b^2 = \text{sgn}(W^T \cdot a^1) \Rightarrow W^T \text{ ile } a^1 \text{ matrisini } \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{Sgn işlemi olduğundan pozitiflere "1", negatiflere "-1" yazılır.} \Rightarrow b^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}_{(5 \times 1)}$

$a^3 = \text{sgn}(W \cdot b^2) \Rightarrow W \text{ ile } b^2 \text{ matrisini } \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow a^3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}_{(5 \times 1)}$

$b^4 = \text{sgn}(W^T \cdot a^3) \Rightarrow W^T \text{ ile } a^3 \text{ matrisini } \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ -12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ -12 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow b^4 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}_{(5 \times 1)}$

Sonucu :  $b^2 \rightarrow a^3 \rightarrow b^4 \rightarrow a^5 = \begin{cases} b^2 \text{ ile } b^4 \text{ eşit çıkarsa } a^3 \text{ ile } a^5 \text{ 'de eşit olur.} \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow b^2 = b^4, a^3 = a^5$

$\Rightarrow$  2. örüntü çiftini key pattern için çağırdı diyeceğiz.



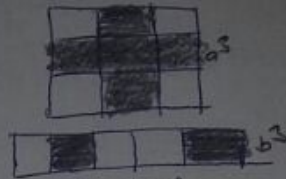
4) Consider the BAM Neural Network that trained by the following set of pattern pairs.



Pair (1)



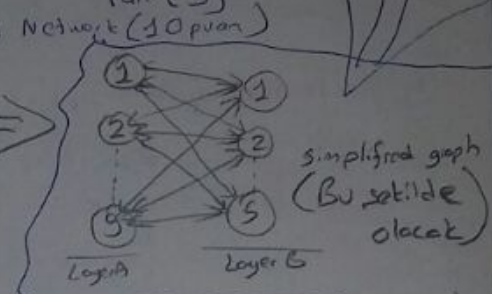
Pair (2)



Pair (3)

a) Give the general architectural graph of this BAM Neural Network (10 Puan)

$\Rightarrow a_i: 1, 2, \dots, n \rightarrow n=9 \rightarrow$  number of neurons of Layer A  
 $b_j: 1, 2, \dots, m \rightarrow m=5 \rightarrow$  number of neurons of Layer B



b) Find the weight matrix of the network storage phase? (15 Puan)

Pair (1)  $\Rightarrow a^1 = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]^T$  / Pair (2)  $\Rightarrow a^2 = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]^T$   
 $b^1 = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]^T$   $b^2 = [-1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]^T$

Pair (3)  $\Rightarrow a^3 = [-1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]^T$   
 $b^3 = [-1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]^T$

$W = \sum_{i=1}^P a^{(i)} (b^{(i)})^T$

$a^1(b^1)^T + a^2(b^2)^T + a^3(b^3)^T \Rightarrow W$

BUNU BULANLILIR.

$a^1(b^1)^T \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$a^2(b^2)^T \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

$a^3(b^3)^T \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

$\Rightarrow W = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Weight matrixini 9x5 boyutunda oluşturalar.

3.  $\dot{x}(t) = -Ax(t) + Wf(x(t)) + W'f(x(t-\tau)) + I$  Vector Matrix Form

a. Equilibrium equation? (10 Puan)

$\Rightarrow 0 = -Ax^* + Wf(x^*) + W'f(x^*) + I$  (  $\begin{matrix} x(t) \text{ yenne} \\ x(t-\tau) \text{ yenne} \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \text{equilibrium point} \\ x^* \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} y_0, y_0, \dots \end{matrix} \end{span}$

b. Shift the equilibrium point of the neural network system to the origin? (20 Puan)

$z(t) = x(t) - x^*$   
 $\dot{z}(t) = \dot{x}(t)$   
 $x(t) = z(t) + x^*$   
 $I = Ax^* - Wf(x^*) - W'f(x^*)$

$\Rightarrow \dot{x}(t) = -Ax(t) + Wf(x(t)) + W'f(x(t-\tau)) + I$  Vector Matrix Form

$\dot{z}(t) = -A(z(t) + x^*) + Wf(z(t) + x^*) + W'f(z(t-\tau) + x^*) + (Ax^* - Wf(x^*) - W'f(x^*))$

Bu denlem edelim

$\dot{z}(t) = -Az(t) - Ax^* + W[f(z(t) + x^*) - f(x^*)] + W'[f(z(t-\tau) + x^*) - f(x^*)] + Ax^* - Wf(x^*) - W'f(x^*)$

$g(z(t)) \qquad g(z(t-\tau))$

$\dot{z}(t) = -Az(t) + W(g(z(t)) + W'(g(z(t-\tau))))$

$\Rightarrow$  CEVABI BUDUR