



T.C.
İSTANBUL ÜNİVERSİTESİ
Mühendislik Fakültesi
Bilgisayar Mühendisliği Bölümü



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This class definition is used in questions 1-4.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Parent
{
protected:
    int pint;
};

class Child : public Parent
{
public:
    int getPval() { return pint; }
    void setPval(int v) { pint = v; }
private:
    int cint;
};
```

1. (10p) Add necessary code lines to Parent and Child class to be able to write this Stranger class.

```
class Stranger
{
public:
    void setP(Parent &p, int v) { p.pint = v; }
    void setC(Child &c, int v) { c.cint = v; }
};
```

Parent: **friend Stranger;**

Child : **friend Stranger;**

2. (10p) How can you disable other programmers to generate a copy of Parent class but allow to generate copies of Child class in other class implementations?

Ex: in main:

Parent p1; //Forbidden

Child c1; //Allowed

Write necessary code lines for Parent & Child classes in brackets.

```
Parent:    protected:    //By hiding Default constructor
            Parent(){} //or you can crate a pure virtual function in Parent
Child:     public:
            Child(){} //Make child constructor available for everyone
```

3. (15p) Write necessary code lines for Child class to give this functionality?

```
int main()
{
    Child c1(5), c2(10);
    c1 = c1 + c2;
    cout << "c1.pint:" << c1.getPval();    // returns 15
}
```

In Child class:

```
public:
    Child(int a) { setPval(a); }
    Child operator+(Child &c2) { return Child(getPval() + c2.getPval()); }
```

4. (15p) Write necessary code lines for Parent and Child class to give this functionality? Change any function if necessary.

```
class ChildType2 : public Parent{ };
int main()
{
    Child c1, c2;
    ChildType2 ct2;
    cout << Parent::count;    // Gives 3 as output
}
```

```
class Parent
{
protected:
    int pint;
    Parent() { count++; }
public:
    static int count;
};
int Parent::count = 0;
```

5. (20p) Write a function to find any given char in a char array. If the array does not include the given char your function must throw a custom exception that you implemented and you must catch this exception where you call this function in main.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
bool finder(char * str , char key)
{
    for (int i = 0; str[i] != '\0' ; i++)
    {
        if (str[i] == key)
            return true;
    }
    throw exception(("There is no copies of"+ key + (string)" in " + str).c_str() );
}
int main()
{
    char arr[] = "Hello is there any of ! in me :P";
    char key = '?';
    bool not_enough = false;
    try {
        not_enough = finder(arr, key);
    }
    catch (std::exception)
    {
        cerr << "failed to find a copy in string" << endl;
    }
    cout << "result: " << not_enough;
    return 0;
}
```

6. (30p) Create a class that can store any type of objects (int , float or your data types) and has the functionalities below.

```
int main()
{
    Storage<int> myStorage;
    myStorage.add(10);    myStorage.add(20);    myStorage.add(10);
    cout << myStorage.size() << endl; // Output : 3
    if (myStorage.remove(30))
        cout << "We cleaned all 30 in storage" << endl; //NOT printed
    if (myStorage.remove(10))
        cout << "We cleaned all 10 in storage" << endl; //PRINTED
    cout << myStorage.size() << endl; // Output : 1
}
```

```

#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
template<typename T>
class listNode
{
public:
    T value;
    listNode * next;
    listNode(T v) : value(v) { next = NULL; }
};

template<typename T>
class Storage {
private:
    listNode<T> * head;
    int listSize = 0;
public:
    Storage() { head = NULL; }
    void add(T node) {
        listNode<T> *newNode = new listNode<T>(node);
        newNode->next = head;
        head = newNode;
        listSize++;
    }
    int size() {
        return listSize;
    }
    bool remove(T node) {
        listNode<T> *ptr = head, *prev = NULL;
        bool occurs = false;
        while (ptr != NULL )
        {
            prev = ptr;
            ptr = ptr->next;
            if (prev->value == node)
            {
                head = ptr;
                listSize--;
                occurs = true;
            }
            else if(ptr != NULL && ptr->value == node)
            {
                prev->next = ptr->next;
                ptr = ptr->next;
                listSize--;
                occurs = true;
            }
        }
        return occurs;
    }
};

```