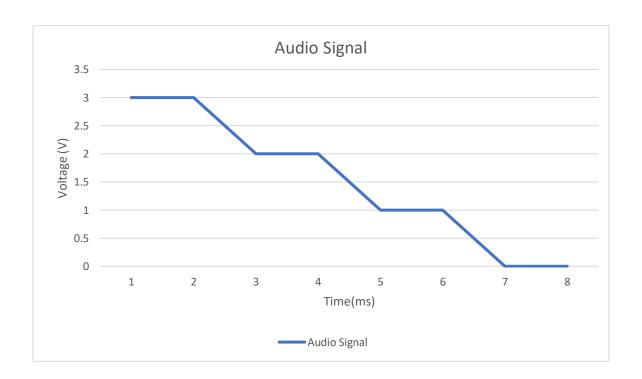
HOMEWORK 1

Muhammed Eyüp

1801042679

1. Assume that 0 V is encoded as 00, 1 V as 01, 2 V as 10, and 3 V as 11. You are given a digital encoding of an audio signal as follows: 1111101001010000. Plot the re-created signal with time on the x-axis and voltage on the y-axis. Assume that each encoding's corresponding voltage should be output for 1 millisecond.



2. Convert the following binary numbers to decimal numbers:

a.
$$000011 = 1x2^{0} + 1x2^{1} + 0x2^{2} + 0x2^{3} + 0x2^{4} + 0x2^{5} = 3$$

b.
$$1111 = 1x2^0 + 1x2^1 + 1x2^2 + 1x2^3 = 15$$

c.
$$11110 = 0x2^{0} + 1x2^{1} + 1x2^{2} + 1x2^{3} + 1x2^{4} = 30$$

d.
$$111100 = 0x2^{0} + 0x2^{1} + 1x2^{2} + 1x2^{3} + 1x2^{4} + 1x2^{5} = 60$$

e.
$$0011010 = 0x2^{0} + 1x2^{1} + 0x2^{2} + 1x2^{3} + 1x2^{4} + 0x2^{5} + 0x2^{6} = 26$$

3. Convert the following binary numbers to hexadecimal:

4. Convert the following hexadecimal numbers to decimal:

a.
$$10 = 0x16^0 + 1x16^1 = 16$$

b.
$$4E3 = 3x16^0 + 14x16^1 + 4x16^2 = 1251$$

c.
$$FF0 = 0x16^{0} + 15x16^{1} + 15x16^{2} = 4080$$

d.
$$200 = 0x16^0 + 0x16^1 + 2x16^2 = 512$$

5. Encode the following words into bits using the ASCII encoding table in Figure 1.9.

- a. LET = 01001100 01000101 01010100
- b. RESET! = 01010010 01000101 01010011 01000101 01010100 00100001